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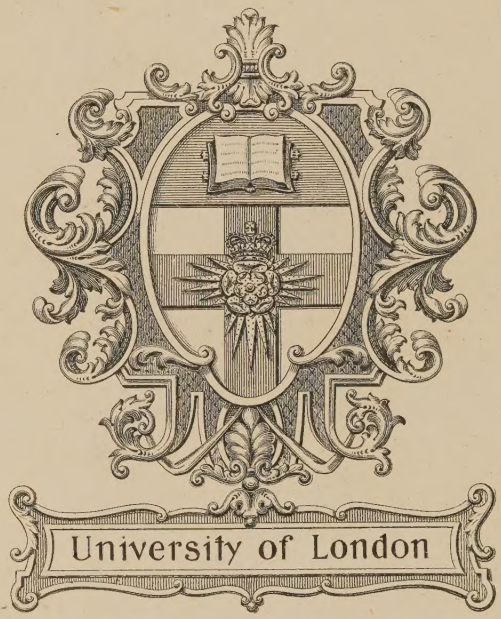
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REPORTS

FROM

COMMISSIONERS:

TWENTY-TWO VOLUMES.

—(10.)—

CUSTOMS; INLAND REVENUE; POST OFFICE;
PUBLIC RECORDS.

Session

1 *February* —— 10 *August* 1866.

VOL. XXVI.

REPORTS FROM COMMISSIONERS:

1866.

TWENTY-TWO VOLUMES:—CONTENTS OF THE

TENTH VOLUME.

N. B.—*THE* Figures *at the* beginning of the line, *correspond with the* N° *at the foot of each* Report; *and the* Figures *at the* end of the line, *refer to the* MS. Paging *of the Volumes arranged for The House of Commons.*

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OF

THE COMMISSIONERS OF HER MAJESTY'S CUSTOMS

ON

THE CUSTOMS.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

REFORM CLUB
PALL MALL

LONDON:
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TENTH REPORT.

TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY.

My Lords,

The most remarkable event in the commercial history of the year 1865 has undoubtedly been the termination of the protracted Civil War in America. Events of the year 1865.

The sudden and unexpected conclusion of this disastrous struggle in the month of April, by releasing large quantities of cotton from detention, contributed greatly to the success of the efforts which have been made for some time past by other nations, to supply the demand for that article in this country. Both causes combined, have now succeeded in relieving us from the pressure of what has been popularly called "the cotton famine," a calamity which, it is believed, has, in the course of the past four years, inflicted upon one class alone a loss of from 60 to 70 millions sterling.*

The removal at the same time of the restrictions which war imposes upon commerce immediately led, as we shall presently show, to a most extraordinary increase in our exportations to the United States, which have been carried on, during the last two months of 1865 in particular, on a scale of unprecedented magnitude.

In addition to, and concurrently with, the operation of these external influences, the general prosperity of the trade and industry of this country, which has prevailed with but little interruption throughout the year, the tendency on all sides to an advance in the rate of wages, and the absence of any commercial failures of importance, have all contributed to give a more favourable character to the returns of exports, imports, and home consumption, which we annually present to your Lordships, than might have been expected after the unusually large increase in our commercial transactions presented by the returns of 1863 and 1864, as recorded in our last two reports.

The exports of the produce and manufactures of the United Kingdom, which in 1864 showed an increase in value of 14 millions, or 9 per cent. when compared with Exports. British and Irish Values.

* Circular of Messrs. Ellison and Haywood, of Liverpool, published in the "Economist," March 10, 1866.

those of 1863, and of 23 millions, or 18 per cent. in 1863 when compared with 1862, still give in 1865 a further rise of more than five millions, or $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

The figures are as follows :—

Appendix A.

	£
1862 - - -	123,992,264
1863 - - -	146,602,342
1864 - - -	160,449,053 *
1865 - - -	165,862,402

The principal increase has been in the articles of cotton yarn (1,250,000*l.*), cotton manufactures (1,105,000*l.*), linen manufactures (nearly 1,000,000*l.*), and woollen and worsted manufactures (1,563,000*l.*)

The values of haberdashery, hardware, and of iron and unwrought steel, have remained almost stationary, and those of other metals have slightly declined.

The increase in the *quantities* of cotton yarn and cotton manufactures exported would be found to be still larger than would be represented by the *values* here given, since the average price of these articles (in which there has been an extraordinary amount of fluctuation at different periods of the year 1865) has exhibited a decline below the price of 1864 of from $7\frac{1}{8}d.$ to $8\frac{1}{4}d.$ per lb. in the yarn, and of $5d.$ to $6\frac{1}{2}d.$ in the manufactured goods. The same remark will apply, though not so strongly, to the *quantities* of linen manufactures, of which, with the exception of thread, the average prices have also declined.

Dividing the British and Irish exports between those to foreign countries and to British possessions, we find that on the former there has been an increase of nearly nine millions, against which we have to set a falling off on the latter of nearly three millions and a half.

The figures are —

British and Irish Exports.

	To Foreign Countries. £	To British Possessions. £
1864 -	108,734,635	- - 51,714,418
1865 -	117,639,540	- - 48,222,862
	Increase £8,904,905	Decrease £3,491,556

* The amounts of quantity, value, &c. given in this Report for the year 1864 will in many instances be found to differ (though seldom to any considerable extent) from those which appeared in our Report of last year ; such differences are explained by the fact that at the time when that Report was published, the accounts of 1864 had not undergone the final process of revision and adjustment. The like cause will affect the figures now presented for the year 1865.

Half the total increase on the foreign account has been in our exports to the United States, the rise in which has amounted to 4,500,000*l.* in round numbers. The most remarkable feature of this additional demand is that it has arisen and has been provided for entirely in the last two months of the year. Up to the 31st October the values of our British and Irish exports to the United States amounted only to 14,844,704*l.*, as compared with 15,403,017*l.* in 1864. In the months of November and December, however, instead of an addition of about 1,300,000*l.* to the amount, as took place in 1864, no less than 6,400,000*l.* were added, bringing up the total values for the year to 21,235,790*l.*, against 16,708,505*l.* in 1864. The rapidity with which this increased demand, arising no doubt from the reaction consequent upon the cessation of the war, has been taken advantage of in spite of severely restrictive tariffs * and of doubts about the solvency of their customers, is a striking proof of the energy and enterprize of the British merchants. Nor must it be supposed that this is merely an apparent increase in values owing to a rise of prices. It represents, on the contrary, a genuine increase in quantities. To America. Appendix O. No. 1.

Thus the quantities of coals exported to the United States in December 1865, were more than fourfold those of December 1864. The quantities of cotton goods exported in November and December 1865, as compared with the same two months in 1864, were 50,000,000 yards against 3,000,000 in round numbers; of linen manufactures the quantities in the same periods were 30,000,000 yards against 10,000,000; of iron and unwrought steel they were 59,000 tons against 12,000; of woollen and worsted manufactures 1,770,000 yards against 148,000 yards; and of worsted stuffs 21,000,000 yards against 1,500,000 yards.

Besides the great increase in our exports to the United States, greater demands have been made upon our manufacturers in 1865 than in 1864, by China, Japan, Russia, Sweden, Denmark, Prussia, France, Belgium, the Hanse Towns, and Holland, the four last countries exhibiting the largest To other Foreign Countries.

---

* In consequence of the prohibitory nature of the tariff adopted in America on 30th June 1864, the American Secretary of the Treasury is reported to have said that a loss would take place in their Customs duties of 6,000,000*l.* per annum.

rise, after that to the United States, viz., an increase in round numbers of—

£		
600,000	-	to Belgium.
800,000	-	to France.
1,200,000	-	to Holland.
1,600,000	-	to the Hanse Towns.

To France. Appendix Q. No. 1.

The increase in the exports to France, though small as compared with that realized during the years 1861 and 1862, is yet satisfactory when contrasted with the falling off, to the extent of nearly a million, which we had to record for the intervening years 1863 and 1864. It has brought up the values again to within 170,000*l.* in round numbers of the values in 1862, the year of the greatest demand in France for our products since the ratification of the commercial treaty. The whole increase in the values in 1865, compared with 1860, is as follows:—

	£
1860 - - - -	5,249,980
1865 - - - -	9,034,883
Increase - -	3,784,903

The articles of our produce and manufactures that have been most in demand in France are woollen yarns and manufactures, the values of which have risen in 1865 as compared with 1864, by nearly 500,000*l.*, viz., from 1,659,839*l.* to 2,106,993*l.* Linen yarn and goods, cotton yarn and goods, coals and seed oil also show a slight advance in values.

On the other hand, Italy has taken less of our produce and manufactures by 200,000*l.*, Turkey by 300,000*l.*, the South American Republics by 500,000*l.* and the Foreign West Indies by 1,000,000*l.*

To the British possessions.

Of the decrease of 3,491,556*l.* in our exports to the British Possessions, India must be charged with more than a million and a half; the remainder is distributed amongst all the smaller colonies, the largest falling off being to British North America, to the British West India Islands (owing partly no doubt to the disturbed state of Jamaica), to Bermuda (which is conjoined with the Bahamas) in consequence of the cessation of blockade running from Nassau, and to the Cape of Good Hope. Australia forms this year a remarkable exception to the other

colonies, having increased her demand upon us to the amount of nearly a million and a half.

Foreign and Colonial Exports.

The exports of Foreign and Colonial merchandise show a rise in value of upwards of 800,000*l.* The fact that this increase is the smallest since 1854, (with the exception of 1858, when there was a falling off of about the same amount), would be more than sufficiently accounted for by the decline in the price of cotton wool, consequent on the cessation of the war in America; but it may in another way also be connected with that event, inasmuch as, by the return of peace, that country has been enabled to resume her direct trade with other Foreign countries instead of employing English ports and English shipping. The figures are—

Foreign and Colonial Exports.

	£
1864 - -	52,170,561
1865 - -	52,995,914
Increase -	825,353

Appendix A.

Looking at *quantities* we find that the largest increase has been in coffee (20 millions of lbs.) in tea (5 millions of lbs.); and in wool (26 millions lbs.) Cotton, hemp and jute, spirits, sugar, tobacco, and wine, have also been exported in rather larger quantities than in 1864.

To America and France. Appendix R. No. 1 and No. 2.

Turning to Appendix R. No. 1 and R. No. 2, we find the values of Foreign and Colonial merchandise exported to the United States of America and to France in 1865 to have been—

£ £

3,943,464 and 16,156,615 respectively, as against 3,475,061 and 15,638,042 in 1864,

showing a decided increase this year in the case of both countries. This is the more remarkable in the case of the United States, inasmuch as the value of the cotton exported to that country has declined from 1,171,048*l.* to 103,455*l.* only, a large difference, which is made up by the rise in other articles. France, on the other hand, appears to have required nearly as much cotton from this country as she did in 1864 and 1863—the values being 5,199,893*l.* as against 5,240,421*l.* and 5,317,543*l.* respectively.

Imports. Values.

In the values of the imports we find, for the first time since 1858, a falling off of between three and four millions, the figures being—

Appendix A.

	£
1864 - - - -	274,952,172
1865 - - - -	271,134,969

Again, as in the exports, the decrease is on our trade with our own possessions, and not in that with foreign countries.

The values above given are divided as follows:—

Imports from Foreign Countries.

	£
1864 - -	181,207,678
1865 - -	198,269,902
showing an increase of	17,062,224

Imports from British Possessions.

	£
1864 - -	93,744,494
1865 - -	72,865,067
showing a decrease of	20,879,427
Deduct increase as above	17,062,224
Net decrease on total imports	3,817,203

From British possessions.

Of the large falling off of more than 20,000,000 in our imports from British Possessions, 14,900,000*l.* appear to be the proportion assignable to India alone, the value of the imports from that country being reduced to 37,300,000*l.* as compared with 48,400,000*l.* in 1863 and 52,200,000*l.* in 1864, though it still remains much higher than it was in 1862.

Cotton, hemp, indigo, rice, sugar, and wool appear to be the staple commodities, the importation of which from British India has diminished.

The other British Possessions showing also a considerable decrease are the British West India Islands, including the Bahamas, of 2,000,000*l.* nearly (for the same reasons as are given in our remarks upon the exports), Hong Kong of upwards of 2,000,000*l.*, and British North America of 500,000*l.* On the other hand, the imports from Australia, Singapore, Ceylon, and the British Possessions in South Africa, all show an increase in 1865 as compared with 1864.

We have explained in previous reports the discrepancy that will always be found to exist between the values of imports and exports. It is, nevertheless, a somewhat startling fact, and deserving of comment, that, whereas the values of the exports to our colonies have decreased in 1865 as compared with 1864 by 3,000,000*l.* only, those of the imports from them have in the same period fallen off by 20,000,000*l.* and upwards. Fourth Report, page 3.

This deficiency in the aggregate values of the imports from British Possessions in 1865, as compared with 1864, is, however, almost wholly accounted for by the decrease under the single head of cotton wool, a decrease referable, partly indeed to the diminished quantity transmitted to us directly from, or circuitously through, our own territories, but principally to the reduced price of the article in 1865.

The comparison stands thus:—

Values of Cotton Wool imported.

	1864. £	1865. £
From B. India -	38,214,723	25,005,856
Hong Kong -	2,570,600	532,059
Bermuda -	1,916,982	233,678
Bahamas -	2,967,522	1,145,660
British N. America	142,607	6,160
Total -	45,812,434	26,923,413

showing a deficiency in 1865, as compared with 1864, of 18,889,021*l.*, and leaving, therefore, a difference between the values of all other articles imported smaller even than we have shown to exist between the values of the exports of 1864 and 1865.

Looking next at the values of the imports from different foreign countries, we find an increase from nearly all the most important sources of our supply. The following countries, however, form the exception; China, which shows a falling off of more than 4,000,000*l.*, almost entirely in the values of cotton; Japan of 800,000*l.*; Spain and the foreign West Indies of more than a million each. On the other hand, the imports from America have increased by 3,600,000*l.*, those from France by 6,000,000*l.*, those from Egypt (owing to the large quantities of silk grown in China now brought to this country by way of Suez and Alexandria) by more than 2,000,000*l.*, and those From Foreign Countries.

from Holland, the Hanse Towns, and Belgium by nearly 1,000,000*l.* each.

From America.

If we turn to Appendix O. No. 2., the special return of the imports from the United States, and compare it with the same return given in former years, we find, going back to a period previous to the commencement of the war, the figures to be as follows:—

Imports from the United States.

	£
1860 - - -	44,727,202
1861 - - -	49,389,602
1862 - - -	27,715,157
1863 - - -	19,572,010
1864 - - -	17,923,592
1865 - - -	21,549,115

The recovery, therefore, owing to the conclusion of the war, has not only brought up the value of the imports in 1865 to a point exceeding those of 1864 by 3,600,000*l.*, but has also surpassed the return for 1863 by nearly 2,000,000*l.* In so short a time as has elapsed more could not have been expected, but we look forward with sanguine hopes to the next year's return as likely not only to arrive at the amount shown in 1862, the first year when the pressure of the war was felt, but to show a still nearer approximation to the prosperous state of our trade with the United States before the commencement of the war.

We are, we think, justified in this expectation by the state of the export trade. We have already spoken of the unusual stimulus that has been given to our enterprize in the last two months of 1865. We now give the whole return of exports for the same number of years as for the imports beginning before the war.

Exports of British Produce and Manufactures to the United States.

Appendix O. No. 1.

	£
1860 - - -	21,667,065
1861 - - -	9,064,504
1862 - - -	14,327,870
1863 - - -	15,344,392
1864 - - -	16,708,505
1865 - - -	21,235,790

By this return it appears that we have approached

already, although but nine months have expired since the conclusion of the war, to within 450,000*l.*, in round numbers, of the values of our exports *before the war began*.

Placing then the imports from and exports to the United States in 1865 in juxtaposition, we find that the accounts approximate much more closely than we usually find to be the case on a comparison of imports and exports. We are, therefore, led to the conclusion either that American deposits, which have been largely made in this country during the war, have been appropriated in payment of this increased supply of our produce and manufactures, or rather, as we are inclined to believe, that our merchants have given very extensive credit to their customers across the Atlantic to be liquidated next year by a very considerable increase in the importations.

We must once more draw attention to Appendix O. to point out that the remarkable recovery, that we have just shown to have taken place, is all owing to our trade with the Southern States, who were always our best customers before the war. While the imports from the Northern States and from the ports on the Pacific have declined by more than 1,000,000*l.*, and are indeed now at a lower point than they have ever reached before ; the trade from the Southern ports, assisted (as will be seen in a subsequent page of this Report) by the release of cotton from detention, has in nine months brought up the values of the imports to this country from 365,314*l.* to **£5,121,977.** Appendix O. No. 2.

Appendix Q. No. 2. gives the detail of the articles imported from France with the exception of corn and flour. Those which show the largest rise in value, as compared with 1864, are butter (one million), raw and waste silk (more than two millions), and silk manufactures (nearly a million). The import of sugar also, which exhibited a large increase in 1864 as compared with 1863 (as mentioned in our last report), has again risen in the last year by about the same amount, viz., 400,000*l.* From France.

It may be interesting to note, on the authority of the French official returns of commerce, that our supply of sugar from France in 1865 included, in addition to the refined article, a very large proportion of raw beetroot sugar, the indigenous product of the French soil.

If we now make the same comparison of the import and export trade with France that we have made with the United States, taking 1860 (the year of the commercial treaty) as our starting point, and including the articles

of corn and flour, we find that the values of the imports and exports stand as follows:—

Imports from France, including Corn and Flour.

	£
1860 - - -	17,774,037
1861 - - -	17,826,646
1862 - - -	21,675,516
1863 - - -	24,025,717
1864 - - -	25,640,733
1865 - - -	31,645,210
Increase in 1865 over 1860 -	78 per cent.

Appendix Q. No. 1.

British Exports to France.

	£
1860 - - -	5,249,980
1861 - - -	8,895,588
1862 - - -	9,209,367
1863 - - -	8,673,309
1864 - - -	8,187,361
1865 - - -	9,034,883
Increase in 1865 over 1860 -	72 per cent.

Not only, therefore, has the demand for British goods in France increased in 1865, as compared with 1864, to the amount of nearly 1,000,000*l.*, and almost reached again that of the highest year 1862, after the temporary falling off in 1863 and 1864, but the increase in the exports of these articles in the five years that have elapsed since the conclusion of the treaty bears a close proportion to the increase in the imports of French goods into this country, the latter having risen from 17,000,000*l.* to 31,000,000*l.*, or 78 per cent., and the former from 5,000,000*l.* to 9,000,000*l.*, or 72 per cent.

This cannot but be considered a very satisfactory result for both countries, and may perhaps be admitted as a proof of the equitable nature of the obligations imposed on both by the treaty.

The remarks we have just made upon the trade with the United States of America and France are independent altogether of the amount of exports of foreign and colonial merchandise to these countries. We have already stated them to amount, in the case of the United States, to 3,943,464*l.*, and of France to 16,156,615*l.* In the case of the United States the addition of this amount to the exports will only strengthen our argument in anticipating a large rise in imports next year; and, as

Page 9.

regards France, it will bring up the values of the exports to a closer approximation to the large amount of imports, and the disparity still existing will be further modified by the addition of the exports and imports of bullion, &c. to both sides of the account. Appendix I.

The figures, therefore, showing the balance of our trade with each of these two great countries in 1865, will finally stand thus :—

	United States of America.	France.
	£	£
General Imports -	21,549,281	31,645,210
Imports of Bullion, Specie, &c. -	4,534,560	1,161,876
Total -	£26,083,841	32,807,086
Exports of British and Irish Produce to -	21,235,790	9,034,883
Exports of Bullion to	65,918	4,962,865
Exports of Foreign and Colonial Produce to - -	3,943,464	16,156,615
	£25,245,172	£30,154,363
Total values of Trade both Import and Export - -	51,329,013	62,961,449

Imports.

Quantities.

We give this year in a tabular form the quantities of the principal articles of import brought into the country in 1865, as compared with 1864, showing separately those in which there has been an increase, and those in which there has been a decrease.

Increase.

Quantities of the principal articles imported in 1864 and 1865 which show an increase :—

Articles.	1864.	1865.	Increase per cent.
Coffee - - - lbs.	109,277,382	138,187,452	26 per cent.
Cotton - - - cwts.	7,975,935	8,731,949	9 „
Corn and flour - - „	47,016,557	49,489,188	5 „
Flax - - - „	1,842,947	1,913,132	4 „
Hemp, and jute - - „	3,059,129	3,186,519	4 „
Silk (raw) - - - lbs.	5,655,401	7,723,450	36 „
Timber (hewn and sawn) - loads	3,466,479	3,767,646	8 „
Wool (sheep or lambs) - lbs.	203,809,018	209,413,249	2 „

We have a few remarks to make about some of these articles.

Coffee.—The importation of this article, which fell off in 1864, as compared with 1863, from 117,000,000 lbs. to 109,000,000 lbs., has been the largest in 1865 that has ever been known, and shows (with the exception of the article of silk) the greatest augmentation. We shall see, when we come to the quantities taken for home consumption, that the demand for coffee in this country has not kept pace with this great increase in the quantities imported.

Appendix H.

Cotton.—For further particulars as to the increased import of this article we must turn to Appendix H., which gives us the various countries from which we derive our supply. We find there, on a comparison with the same return for 1864, that Hanover, the Channel Islands, Fernando Po, East Coast of Africa (Native States), Persia, Siam, and the Society Islands appear for the first time in the list as contributors, though it is but to a small amount. Of India, Egypt, China, and Brazil, the four countries which have been most affected by the demand for cotton at high prices in this country during the last five years, two, India and China, show a decrease (in the latter case amounting to more than half the supply), and two, Egypt and Brazil, an increase, the former of 450,000 cwts., and the latter of 150,000 cwts. The four countries taken collectively show, however, a falling off of 376,347 cwts. There is also a decrease in the supply from the Bahamas, which is more an apparent than a real loss, as the quantity hitherto imported from those Islands, instead of coming from Nassau, as was the case during the war, is included in that received from the Southern Ports of the United States now released from blockade. The whole of the small deficiencies, appearing in these and other less important countries included in the return, are amply made up for by the sudden recovery of the American supply from 126,322 cwts. to 1,212,790 cwts. It must, however, still remain a matter of uncertainty what amount of cotton we may expect to receive from America in the current year (1866), owing to so little being as yet known as to the quantity remaining in the Southern States, and the probable extent to which cotton is now in the course of production in those countries.

Corn.—The larger import of this article, as compared with 1864, is no doubt owing to the harvest of 1865 having been rather below than above the average. It still falls very short however of the importation of 1863, which nearly reached 60,000,000 cwts. Russia has sent us more

wheat than in 1864 by nearly 3,000,000 cwts. France by 1,600,000 cwts., and Prussia by nearly 500,000 cwts., while our supply from America has fallen off in the year from 7,900,000 cwts. of wheat (in round numbers) to 1,178,000 cwts., and that from British North America from 1,200,000 cwts. to 300,000 cwts.

Wool.—The increase in the supply of this article is due to the shipments from Australia and the British Possessions in South Africa, which show a rise of 20,000,000 lbs. nearly in equal proportions. On the other hand those from Europe (principally from the Hanse Towns), and from British India exhibit a considerable falling off. Nearly two-fifths of the large quantity imported is re-exported, under the head of Foreign and Colonial merchandize. Some goes to the Hanse Towns, some to the United States, but the largest quantity to France and Belgium.

To turn to those articles in the quantities of which there is a decrease, the following is the list, the number being five as compared with eight in the other return. Decrease.

QUANTITIES of Principal Articles imported which show a Decrease.

ARTICLES.		1864.	1865.	Decrease per cent.
Spirits - - -	galls.	11,736,444	11,729,581	·05 per cent.
Sugar, viz.:				
Refined - - -	cwts.	945,663	819,577	13 „
Unrefined - -	„	10,754,453	10,250,524	4¾ „
Tea - - -	lbs.	124,359,243	121,271,219	2½ „
Tobacco - - -	„	67,621,372	66,959,544	Nearly 1 „
Wine - - -	galls.	15,451,594	14,269,752	7½ „

Spirits.—We have often spoken of the constant and almost unaccountable fluctuations in the imports of the different kinds of spirits.

Rum has in 1865 been in the ascendant, 6,898,599 galls. having been imported against 5,499,872 galls. in 1864; whilst brandy has fallen from 4,907,771 galls. to 3,122,576 galls., a diminution of more than one-third. The best reason may probably be found in the fact that the importations of 1864 showed exactly the opposite result, brandy having then risen from 3,000,000 galls. to nearly 5,000,000 galls., and rum having declined from 7,000,000 galls. to 5,000,000 galls. as compared with the return for 1863.

The import of geneva remains almost stationary, having been,—

	Galls.
In 1864 - - -	215,687
In 1865 - - -	217,027

Adding the quantities of these three principal kinds of spirits together as in former years, we find a falling off—

Galls.	
From 10,623,330 - - -	in 1864
to 10,238,202 - - -	in 1865

Or about $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

There has been, however, a large increase in the supply of other unsweetened spirits, (chiefly from the Hanse Towns and Prussia,) the quantity imported having been—

	Galls.
In 1864 - - -	913,814
In 1865 - - -	1,413,130

and by this means the falling off in 1865, as compared with 1864, in spirits of all kinds taken collectively, is reduced, as above given, to a scarcely appreciable amount.

Sugar.—The stock of sugar in bond at the close of 1864 was very largely in excess of that in 1863. The importations in 1865 have consequently fallen off both in the raw and refined article. As however the consumption has been very rapid and well sustained throughout the year, and the greatly increased production of beetroot sugar on the continent, will probably diminish the importation from Mauritius into France in the current year, we may confidently look forward to an increased quantity of the raw article finding its way to this country from that quarter. At the same time it is probable that the American demand will, as in 1865, tend to shorten our supplies from Cuba and Manilla, as long as the sugar cultivation in the Southern States remains in an unsatisfactory and disorganized condition.

The returns from the various sugar producing countries show that the supply from the British West Indies and Guiana has increased by about 300,000 cwt., and that the quantity received from British India has fallen off by about the same amount. The import from the Mauritius has remained almost stationary, the greatest deficiency having been in that from Cuba and Porto Rico, which has amounted to upwards of 850,000 cwts.

Tea.—The importations of tea continue to show, as they did in 1864, the effect of the unusually large supply received in 1863, when the quantity was suddenly augmented

by 22,000,000 of lbs. The advance in consumption, as we shall see further on, has been so rapid, in consequence of the reduction of the duty, that the stocks in hand in the bonded warehouses were, at the conclusion of 1865, unusually low; being only 95,000,000 of lbs., as against 105,000,000 at the close of 1864, and 99,000,000 in 1863. We may therefore reasonably expect a considerable augmentation of the import in the current year. The export has been unusually large, amounting to 32,000,000 of lbs. as against 27,000,000 and 26,000,000 in 1864 and 1863 respectively.

Tobacco.—The import of this article in the unmanufactured state shows an increase of 3,256,195 lbs. over that in 1864, the quantities being—

	lbs.
1864 - -	61,042,667
1865 - -	64,298,862

It will be seen by a reference to Appendix V. that the falling off of 1,800,000 lbs., in round numbers, in the supply from all other countries, except the United States, taken collectively, has been more than compensated by a rise of more than 5,000,000 lbs. in the consignments from the United States themselves. The quantity, indeed, which they have sent us in 1865 exceeds the import of 1860, the year before the war began, by 4,379,364 lbs., the actual figures being— Appendix V.

1860.	1865.
40,484,405 lbs.	44,863,769 lbs.

We have, moreover, so far benefited by the war, as regards our tobacco supply, that, owing to the stimulus applied to the production of other countries, we are by their means now able to add to the above amount received from the United States a supply from other sources of 19,435,093 lbs. instead of (as in 1860) 8,452,066 lbs. only, and thus to exhibit a rise in five years in the import of leaf tobacco, from—

48,936,471 lbs.
to 64,298,862 ,, or 31 per cent.

The importation of manufactured tobacco and snuff has fallen off in 1865 as compared with 1864 from 6,578,705 lbs. to 2,660,682 lbs. The supply of 1864 was, however, unusually large, in consequence of the expectation that the reduction of the duty in 1863 would greatly increase the demand.

Wine.—The importations of wine have not been equal to the exceptional quantities brought in 1864, owing chiefly to the stock in hand at the close of that year being in excess by nearly 2,000,000 gallons of that in 1863. They, however, continue to be very large, and still exceed the supply of any other year. There has been an increase from two of the great producing countries, Portugal and France, and a falling off from Spain, in consequence of the very large quantities imported from that country in 1864, which (as stated in our last report) were more than double those received from either of her great rivals in that year. Notwithstanding, however, this decrease, which we shall see is considerable and is entirely in the white wine (the red, on the contrary, having increased), Spain still retains a decided pre-eminence over both Portugal and France, as the following figures will show :—

		1864.	1865.
		Galls.	Galls.
Spain	Red	709,854	944,217
	White	7,081,171	4,947,305
	Total	7,791,025	5,891,522
Portugal	Red	3,303,099	3,708,753
	White	41,773	31,825
	Total	3,344,872	3,740,578
France	Red	1,781,653	1,955,146
	White	941,580	960,209
	Total	2,723,233	2,915,355

The progress of the importations from France is steady, and has lately varied but little from year to year. The greatest increase took place in 1860 immediately after the conclusion of the treaty, when the quantities rose at once from 1,010,888 gallons to 2,445,151 gallons or more than double those brought in 1859. The return just given for 1865 shows that instead of a falling off, as might almost have been expected from so vast and sudden a rise, a further addition of 470,000 gallons has now been made to the quantities received.

The wines from South Africa and the Hamburgh mixtures have rallied considerably from the great depression they exhibited in 1864. Their import has been as follows:—

	1864.	1865.
British Possessions in South Africa -	29,475	93,301
Hamburgh - -	285,981	355,629

The import of wine from Italy, Naples, and Sicily has slightly fallen off.

Home consumption. Quantities. Increase.

If we turn now to our most important return, as affecting both the revenue and the well-being of the country, viz., that of the quantities of the principal articles entered for home consumption, we find that out of eleven principal articles, nine show an increase in 1865, as compared with 1864.

The consumption of corn and flour has risen 5 per cent.

,,	cocoa -	- 3	,,
,,	currants -	- 8	,,
,,	raisins -	- 1	,,
,,	sugar (unrefined)	- 11	,,
,,	spirits of all sorts	- 7	,,
,,	tea - -	- 10	,,
,,	tobacco -	- 2	,,
,,	wine -	- 5	,,

The consumption of tea continued slightly to progress during the three first months of the year; but in April it appeared as if some suspicion had arisen that some further reduction in the duty might be proposed in the Budget, the quantity entered having suddenly fallen from 7,700,000 lbs., the total of the previous month, to 5,900,000 lbs. (in round numbers), as compared with 7,500,000 lbs. in April 1864.

The announcement of the contemplated reduction was made on the 27th April, and the entries for the month of May fell at once from 5,900,000 lbs. (as above stated) to 600,000 lbs. only (in round numbers), as compared with 7,000,000 lbs. in 1864. On the 1st of June the reduction from one shilling to sixpence per pound came into operation, and the average entries for the month were immediately more than doubled, the quantities rising in that month from 600,000 lbs. to 19,000,000 lbs., as compared with 7,000,000 lbs. in 1864. Appendix D.

In July the trade again resumed its natural dimensions, though the consumption continued at an advanced scale throughout the year, with the single exception of the month of December, and averaged 8,000,000 lbs. for each

of the remaining six months. The total consumption of the year was thus brought up to—

Appendix P. No. 2.

97,921,944 lbs.
against 88,637,099 ,,

an increase of more than 9,000,000 lbs., or (as we have stated above) of 10 per cent.

The consumption of tobacco and wine goes on steadily increasing.

The rise in tobacco in 1865, unlike that in 1864, is in the unstemmed leaf and in the manufactured article; the stemmed or stripped tobacco showing a falling off of 800,000 lbs. in round numbers. The stock remaining in hand in the bonded warehouses at the close of 1865 is the largest ever known, notwithstanding the increased demand that has prevailed throughout the year.

There has been a steady progressive increase in the consumption of wine. The demand for French wines has in 1865 been more active (in proportion to the quantity consumed) than that for the wines of either Spain or Portugal, as may be seen by the following return.

Quantities of wine entered for home consumption :—

Countries.	1864.	1865.	Increase per cent.
	Galls.	Galls.	
French - - - -	2,305,756	2,609,639	13 per cent
Portuguese - - -	2,831,163	2,890,349	2 ,,
Spanish - - - -	4,975,646	5,193,149	4 ,,

There has been rather an increased demand for the German wines (imported from Holland), and for the wines of Italy. The Madeira wines still continue to decline.

Gallons.
The total quantities of all sorts are 12,061,386 in 1865,
against 11,456,531 in 1864,

and they are divided amongst the classes according to the degrees of strength, as follows :—

——	Red.	White.
	Galls.	Galls.
Under 26 degrees - - - -	1,508,727	268,556
,, 42 ,, - - - -	3,633,048	5,534,132
42 degrees and upwards - - -	10,128	29,473
In bottles, under 42 degrees - -	186,139	891,183
Total - -	5,338,042	6,723,344
	6,723,344	
Total red and white - - -	12,061,386	

The consumption, therefore, of the stronger wines amounts in round numbers to upwards of 9,000,000 of gallons out of a total consumption of 12,000,000 gallons.

Sugar (unrefined).—We last year made some special observations on the consumption of sugar, and extended our survey to the end of March 1865 for the purpose of ascertaining correctly the effect of the reduction of duty in 1864. We have only now to add that the increase in the consumption of unrefined sugar was steadily maintained throughout the year, averaging more than 80,000 cwts. per month beyond the consumption of 1864, notwithstanding a small falling off in June and in the last two months of the year.

Refined sugar.—The consumption of refined sugar has (like the import) naturally declined, owing to the extraordinary increase of 220 per cent. in 1864 over 1863, as remarked upon last year, in consequence of the reduction of the duty, and the great importations from France and Holland. The decrease, however, is only 9 per cent., and the quantities consumed still show an advance of 190 per cent over those of 1863. The figures being in cwts., Decrease.

1863.	1864.	1865.
250,912	802,467	728,472

Coffee.—This and the last article (refined sugar) are in 1865 the only two in which we have to record a decrease of consumption out of the eleven principal articles we generally select.

The reasons for the falling off in coffee are not attributable, to such an extent as last year, to the increasing consumption of chicory, for we find that the demand for that article has rather fallen off, viz., from 97,074 cwts. to 95,266 cwts., but rather to the vast increase in the consumption of tea. In October the Ceylon planters drew the attention of the Government to the fact that the consumption of coffee had been steadily declining for many years, and did not now in 1865 reach the amount it showed in 1845, twenty years ago. They attributed this fall entirely to the duty, and argued that the per-centage which the duty bore to the average price of the article in bond amounted to 35 per cent., while that on tea was only 17 per cent. This statement was, however, wholly erroneous, and we prepared a return in answer to it, proving that the per-centage of the tea duty to the price was in reality 35 per cent. as aganist 37 per cent. for coffee. The actual decrease

in the consumption of coffee in 1865, as compared with 1864, is only 3 per cent., and 7 per cent. as compared with 1863.

REVENUE. The aggregate gross receipt of Customs duties for the years 1864 and 1865, and the net receipt, after the deduction of drawbacks and repayments, stands, as follows:—

	1864.	1865.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£	£	£	£
Aggregate gross receipt - -	22,498,210	21,799,972	—	698,238
Appendix E. Deduct drawbacks and repayments	204,707	225,106	20,399	—
Aggregate net receipt - -	22,293,503	21,574,866	—	718,637

The decrease therefore in the net receipt of duties is but 718,637*l.*, though the loss on tea alone, by the reduction of the duty in June from 1*s.* to 6*d.*, has been 1,242,586*l.* The difference between these two sums, with the exception of a very small amount attributable to the increased charge on sugar cane juice, which was not, however, imposed till September, is entirely accounted for by the prosperous state of the country, and the consequent increase in the consumption of every important article given in Appendix E., with the exception of chicory, coffee, and rum.

Nor has the loss on tea itself approached the sum total of the revenue apparently given up. The difference between 1*s.* and 6*d.* per lb., calculated on the consumption of 1864, would have shown in the course of a year from the 1st June 1865, when the alteration was made, a loss in the receipt of 2,214,981*l.*, and $\frac{7}{12}$ths of this amount, or 1,292,067*l.*, supposing the consumption to have remained only the same as in 1864, would have been lost in the year we are now considering, viz., that ended 31st December 1865. Comparing this sum, then with the actual loss of 1,242,598*l.* we have a recovery of revenue by increased consumption on one article alone of nearly 50,000*l.* in seven months or at the rate of 85,714*l.* per annum.

Appendix T.

Supplement to Appendix E. We annex this year for the first time a supplement to Appendix E., specifying the articles that appear under one head as "other articles" in that Appendix, and showing the rates of duty to which they are subjected, and the reasons for levying such duty in each case. Where

these reasons are stated in the table they require no further explanation. There is however one exception, viz., in the case of the duty charged upon Dice, which seems to call for some remark. The article of dice has been since 1862 inadvertently left in the Tariff as subject to a duty. It was clearly the intention of the legislature to repeal the import duty simultaneously with the repeal of the Inland Revenue duty on dice made in the United Kingdom, which took place in September 1862, and on our representing this omission to your Lordships in November 1863, we received your authority to abstain from charging the duty in future. It is therefore now not levied. The repeal will be included in the next Customs Bill.

From Appendix F, which gives the net receipt of revenue divided into quarterly periods, we find that the falling off in the revenue derived from tea, has been the least in the Midsummer quarter (immediately after the reduction of the duty) and the highest in the next or Michaelmas quarter; that in the two last quarters the deficiency on tea alone more than doubled the total loss on all articles, the difference being made up by the rise in nearly every other article; while in the Midsummer quarter, when, as we have just stated, the loss on tea was the smallest, the general account is still further reduced by a falling off in the consumption of sugar, which however was again more than made up by the end of September. It is necessary also to observe an increase on the first quarter of 1865 as compared with the corresponding one of 1864, in spite of the important reductions effected in that year, and even more so to remark that the total receipt of the last quarter of 1865 has been larger than that of any one of the three first quarters of 1864, before the last great reduction of the tea duty could even have been determined on. Appendix F.

Adopting the same method, in stating the reduction of duties and the recovery of the revenue in 1865, as we have in former years, we find the following result:—

	£	£
Net revenue of 1864 - - -		22,293,503
Amount of duties reduced in 1864, viz., tea - -	2,214,981*	
Deduct duty augmented viz., sugar cane juice - -	1,576*	
		2,213,405*

Appendix T.

* These amounts are calculated on the consumption of 12 months, and the above duties not having been altered till 1st June and 1st September, the whole loss or gain

Leaving the estimated revenue for 1865 -	20,080,098
Recovery in 1865 - - -	1,494,768
Net revenue in 1865 - - - -	21,574,866
Balance of amount of duties taken off and reduced in 1860–1864, over duties imposed and augmented - - -	6,260,148
Do. do. in 1865 as above -	2,213,405
Total amount remitted in six years -	8,473,553

Ninth Report, page 24.

The recovery of the revenue from increased consumption in the five years up to the end of 1864, has been stated at -	3,668,614
And in 1865 it is - - - -	1,494,768
Total recovery in the six years - -	5,163,382

equal to 64 per cent. of the amount of duty surrendered.

Appendix G.

Cost of collection.

The cost of collecting the customs revenue, taking, as usual, the financial year ending 31st March, has risen from 3*l.* 2*s.* 11*d.* per cent. on the gross receipt, and 3*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.* per cent. on the net produce, to 3*l.* 6*s.* and 3*l.* 7*s.* 5*d.* respectively. This we fully anticipated in our last year's report, and it is owing partly to the reductions of duty that had then taken place, and which have since been carried so much further in the case of tea, partly to the increase of trade at various ports, and partly to the expense we have been put to for additional officers, without any addition to our receipts, in consequence of the transfer of the British spirits to our warehouses from those of the Inland Revenue. We shall at a subsequent page of this report explain to what a much greater extent this latter cause has been in operation during the last year.

As to the general question of the cost of collection, a subject which gives rise to constant mistakes and misapprehensions amongst unthinking persons, we can only briefly repeat what we have stated in previous reports, viz.:—

1st. That as long as customs duties are retained on any article of general demand, the reduction of the duty dimi-

---

would not in strictness be applicable to the revenue of the year ending 31st December. It is, however, more convenient, in comparing several successive non-financial years, to appropriate to each the whole of the reduction decided upon by the Legislature in that year, in preference to dividing the loss or gain to the revenue between broken periods of two different years; and, as this plan has been adopted in our previous reports, we propose to continue it, the general result on a comparison of several years being perfectly correct.

nishes the receipt, but makes but little difference in the trouble and cost of collecting it, while the rapid progress of trade, by multiplying transactions, is daily increasing the expenditure necessary to provide for them.

2ndly. That as long as a temptation to smuggle exists, by the retention of high duties on even a few articles in great demand, the expense of a preventive and detective force is hardly affected by the liberation from duty of other articles that may be made a vehicle for smuggling.

3rdly. That if this department were relieved from the amount of extraneous work imposed upon it, from which no revenue is derived, the real cost of collection, calculated on the basis adopted in Appendix G., would then be reduced, on the actual gross customs revenue at the present day, to 2*l.* 0*s.* 7*d.* per cent., a charge which would be still further diminished were the sums received by our officers under the head of British spirits, during the financial year, added to the gross customs revenue.

See Fourth Report, page 28.

See Appendix C.

We have stated the gross receipt of customs revenue in the year ending 31st December 1865 to have been 21,799,972*l.* This sum is divided amongst the different ports as follows:—

Appendix B.

	£
London - - -	10,942,913
Liverpool - - -	2,767,510
Other ports in England -	3,328,471
Ports in Scotland - -	2,749,475
Ports in Ireland - -	2,011,603

Fluctuation of trade at different ports.

London, as usual, contributing more than half the total revenue.

The falling off, in 1865 as compared with 1864, in London and at Liverpool is as nearly as possible the same, and amounts to not quite 5 per cent.

In Scotland it is 3 per cent., and in Ireland nearly 2 per cent.; while the English ports, exclusive of London and Liverpool, actually show an increase of 89,269*l.*, or more than 2 per cent. on the revenue collected in 1864. 52 of these 84 English ports show an increase, and 32 a decrease. The proportion in Scotland of ports showing an increase to ports showing a decrease is 9 to 18, and in Ireland 7 to 11.

Appendix C.

Of the English ports Hull shows the largest increase (38,097*l.*), derived principally from sugar; though, in every respect, the trade at that port may be said to be improving. Southampton has added 22,978*l.* to her re-

ceipt, in consequence of a sugar refinery, which was closed in 1864, having been again in full work in 1865; Leeds, where we pointed out last year that the trade was fast increasing, has contributed an addition of 9,301*l.*; Goole, of 7,446*l.*, mostly on sugar; Grimsby, of 6,477*l.*, from corn and timber; Chester, of 5,916*l.*, from spirits and tobacco, supplied chiefly to the mining districts of North Wales; Newhaven, of 5,390*l.*, from sugar and flour, nearly doubling, indeed, the receipts of 1864 at that port; and Hartlepool and Harwich, each of more than 5,000*l.* On the other hand, Manchester, Exeter, Sunderland, and Preston show the largest falling off, which, at the first port, is owing to a refiner having ceased to pay duty on sugar; at the second and third is owing to the reduction of duty on tea; and at the fourth, to large quantities of tobacco having been removed there duty paid, by which the demand on the tobacco bonded at that port has been diminished.

In Scotland we find a very large increase at Greenock of 167,644*l.*, from sugar. The only other addition to the receipts of any moment are of 7,430*l.* on the general trade, at Dundee, and of 6,746*l.*, from tobacco, at Kirkcaldy. Glasgow shows a large falling off of 239,184*l.*, arising, as at Southampton, from the closing of two sugar refineries, and the total revenue of this port now falls short of that of her great rival, Greenock, by nearly 500,000*l.* The decreases at Aberdeen of 7,173*l.*, at Port Glasgow of 6,543*l.*, and at Leith of 2,251*l.*, are owing entirely to the reduction of duty on tea and sugar.

In Ireland, Waterford and Belfast, notwithstanding a large falling off in the tea duty, still show an increase of 7,413*l.* and of 2,898*l.* respectively on almost every other article, but chiefly on tobacco; while a decrease in the manufacture and consumption of the same article has inflicted a loss upon Limerick of 14,939*l.*, on Dundalk of 7,826*l.*, and on Wexford of 5,605*l.* Dublin shows a larger decrease, however, than either of these latter ports, owing entirely to the reduction of the duty on tea.

British spirits. Appendix C.

Before we conclude our remarks upon Appendix C. we must, with reference to what we have said above about the cost of collection, draw attention for a moment to a column, inserted for the first time into that Appendix, which gives the amount of revenue collected on British spirits during the past year at each port, and afterwards transferred by us to the account of the Inland Revenue.

It will be seen that at nearly every port* in the United Kingdom, where British spirits are bonded in Customs warehouses, there is an increase of receipt in 1865 as compared with 1864. We may sum up the return in the following brief tabular statement:—

Ports.	Duty on British Spirits received 1864.	Duty on British Spirits received 1865.	Increase.
	£	£	£
London - - - -	1,029	6,172	5,143
Liverpool - - - -	32,848	98,035	65,187
Other ports in England - -	34,698	123,157	88,459
Ports in Scotland - - -	33,406	133,614	100,208
Ports in Ireland - - -	66,613	352,293	285,680
Total - -	168,594	713,271	544,677

This shows that the amount of revenue collected in 1865 by our officers on behalf of the Inland Revenue was no less than 713,271*l.*, and exceeded that collected in 1864 by 544,677*l.*, having more than quadrupled itself in one year. This is owing to the transfer of these spirits to our warehouses from those of the Inland Revenue, which has taken place to a considerable extent in the course of the last year. Manchester, Newcastle, and Sunderland in England, Glasgow and Leith in Scotland, Belfast, Cork, Newry and Sligo in Ireland, are the ports where the revenue collected on these spirits is most considerable, and has increased most rapidly in the last year. At Belfast alone the Customs officers have received and transferred no less a sum than 275,534*l.* on this account in the single year 1865.

In Appendices L., M., and N. will be found as usual the shipping returns. Returns of shipping. Appendix L., M., and N.

They show, 1st, that, in addition to the increase in British tonnage which appears to take place regularly every year, and for the last three years has averaged about 900,000 tons per annum, the foreign tonnage entering and clearing at our ports, which fell off in 1864, as compared with 1863, by 300,000 and 400,000 tons, respectively also exhibits in 1865 an increase of 200,000 tons and 300,000 tons.

2ndly. That the number of new ships registered in the British empire in 1865 has been 2,949 of 976,850 tons

* The only exception worth mentioning is at Londonderry, where there is a falling off of more than 4,000*l.*

as against 2,789 ships and 971,198 tons in 1864, an increase of 160 ships and 5,652 tons; and, 3rdly, that the total number of ships standing on the registry of the British empire in 1865 is—

	Ships.	Tons.	Men.	
	40,842	7,249,160	346,579	
against	39,644*	6,843,461*	327,941*	in 1864
An increase of	1,198	405,699	18,638	

LONDON.

Outdoor department.

We now proceed to lay before your Lordships the usual details connected with the trade of the port of London, and the duties devolving upon our officers both in the outdoor and indoor departments.

Trade.

The number of vessels arriving in the port has been—

In 1864 - -	11,206
In 1865 - -	11,690
Increase -	484

Out of which the steamers numbered—

In 1864 - -	2,839
In 1865 - -	3,122
Increase -	283

Water-guard duties.

The number of officers boarded on vessels inwards has been—

In 1864 - - - -	19,307
In 1865 - - - -	17,503
Showing a decrease of -	1,804

This is to be accounted for by the increase above given in the number of steam vessels, each of which takes three officers to guard it, who are obliged to remain longer on board than they would be in the case of sailing vessels, which require only two and frequently but one. It has also been necessary from time to time to retain a larger number of officers than usual on board steam ves-

* These were the figures given in Appendix N. last year, and form the only proper basis of comparison with the figures as yet received for 1865, several returns being still wanting. Those of 1864 have now been corrected to the figures given this year in Appendix N., and those of 1865 will be also subject to the same correction.

sels in consequence of attempts at or information of smuggling. The detention of the officers in both these cases diminishes, *pro tanto*, the number available for the general duty of boarding vessels on their first arrival at Gravesend, and consequently affects the numbers given in the above return.

The number of officers boarded on vessels outwards has been—

In 1864 - - - -	4,986
In 1865 - - - -	4,967
Decrease - -	19

The number boarded on lighters in the river, has been—

In 1864 - - - -	15,674
In 1865 - - - -	14,071
Decrease - -	1,603

These officers are principally in charge of transhipment goods, and the number of transactions is dependent on the requirements of the merchants. These have not been so numerous as last year in this branch of the trade, and the falling off may no doubt be attributed to the cessation of the American war, which has, as we have already stated, re-opened the direct trade between the United States and other countries.

The number of nightly visits paid by superior officers to men boarded on vessels or on lighters has been—

In 1864 - - - -	12,061
In 1865 - - - -	11,535
Showing a decrease of -	526

This decrease is, however, only apparent. So many vessels have worked during the night, under the supervision of superior officers, that the visits made have really been many more, but the return here given is only for special visits made when the vessels are not at work and those working over hours are not included. Some estimate, however, may be made of the number of cases in which this privilege has been granted, from the fact that the allowances for extra hours paid by the merchants to the Gravesend officers alone has amounted in the past year to 665*l*. We trust, however, that the record of the

attendance of our officers at night to superintend the discharge of vessels will, in the present year (1866), show a considerable diminution in the number of instances in which they have been called upon to perform a duty harassing to themselves, injurious to the interests of the service, and dangerous to the revenue, inasmuch as, in consequence of the rapidly growing demand for this indulgence on insufficient grounds, we found it necessary in November last to issue an order, the object of which was to limit the discharge of goods after daylight strictly to cases of undoubted emergency, arising from vessels being delayed on the voyage by stress of weather, unavoidable accident, or other unexpected contingency.

The number of vessels rummaged at Gravesend has been—

In 1864 - - - -	1,040
In 1865 - - - -	1,086

from which 396 officers were cleared who were at once available for other duty. By this arrangement the travelling expenses of the officers on their return from London is saved and the revenue is better protected, very few instances of attempts to smuggle contraband goods having been discovered on board sailing vessels in the course of the past year.

The number of vessels which could not be boarded at Gravesend for want of officers was 2,157. This can be accounted for by large arrivals on certain days before the officers who had gone up to London could return. It is also owing to the increased size of the vessels generally, in consequence of which more time is occupied in their discharge, and to the detention of men on board in all cases, where tobacco forms part of the cargo. Only such vessels however are allowed to pass unguarded as from the nature of the cargo and the ports from whence they come are not likely to expose the revenue to risk. Many of these are also looked after and rummaged by different officers in their way to the docks or other places of discharge.

Waterside duties.

The packages reweighed and repacked in the bonded warehouses have amounted.

In 1864 to - -	917,227
In 1865 to - -	848,099
showing a decrease of	69,128 packages.

These operations are contingent on the requirements of the merchants, and therefore subject to much fluctuation from year to year.

On the other hand the packages of bonded and drawback goods shipped for exportation by the searchers, have largely increased, having been—

In 1864	-	4,062,373
and in 1865	-	4,846,979 showing an
Increase of	-	784,606

The quantity of timber measured has been—

	Loads.		Pieces.
1864 -	240,776	representing	409,431
1865 -	246,883	„	464,764
Increase	6,107	- -	55,333

The abolition of the timber duties having taken place this year (1866), our officers will be relieved in future from the duty of measuring, and the Crown will be saved the expense of providing a force for that purpose.

The samples of sugar assessed for duty have considerably diminished.

	Samples.		Packages.
In 1864 -	345,748	representing	1,632,863
In 1865 -	287,040	„	1,490,137
Decrease	58,708	and	142,726

The quantities depend on and vary with the importations, which, at an earlier page of this Report, we have shown have fallen off in the past year as compared with 1864.

The number of packages of refined sugar crushed and packed for exportation on drawback at the various sugar refineries also show a slight decrease for the same reason, being—

In 1864 -	30,946	packages, weighing	55,050	cwts.
In 1865 -	30,744	„ „	54,874	„
Decrease	202	„ „	176	„

Passengers and baggage. 9th Report, page 29.

The number of passengers arriving by river and railway in 1864 was 84,569 passengers with 207,484 packages. In 1865 there were,

	Passengers.	Packages.
Examined at Thames Haven	2,652	5,073
,, Gravesend - -	499	1,622
On board steamers coming up the river - - - -	37,033	67,480
At the various docks and wharves	11,847	43,492
At Charing Cross and Victoria station - - - - -	37,557	89,959
	89,588	207,626

This increase may probably be attributed to the opening of Victoria Railway Station for the examination of baggage in 1865, to which we shall allude in a later page of this Report.

Importation of cattle, &c.

The total number of animals brought into the port of London from abroad, and inspected by our cattle inspectors during the past year has been as follows :

Whence imported.	Beasts.	Calves.	Sheep.	Pigs.
Germany - -	8,103	91	123,750	21,143
Holland - -	55,988	24,620	280,888	31,676
Belgium - -	1,507	2,858	27,971	741
Portugal - -	1,152	—	—	—
Spain - -	3,187	—	13	—
Denmark - -	40,551	4	53,281	75
France - -	3,229	398	17,582	22,735
Sweden - -	1,247	44	2,074	1,033
Norway - -	124	—	—	—
	115,088	28,015	505,559	77,403
Landed at Thames Haven - -	13,513	2,978	18,955	872
Making a total of -	*128,601	30,993	524,514	78,275

Comparing these totals with the same return for 1864, we find that the increase in the total number of animals, namely from 537,196 head to 762,383 head, is owing principally to the importations of sheep and pigs, the former being 524,514 against 339,511 in 1864, and the latter 78,275 against 50,716. The beasts and calves have

* These figures do not exactly agree with those given in Appendix S. for the port of London, inasmuch as the latter, being taken from the entries, probably include some animals not actually landed and examined in 1865.

however also increased in number from 117,008 and 29,961 to 128,601 and 30,993 respectively. Two new countries, Sweden and Norway, appear for the first time in the returns this year, the former as contributing to our supply a total of 4,398 animals, and the latter of 124.

The three first countries appearing in this return viz., Germany, Holland, and Belgium, do not necessarily represent the country of which the animals are the produce but only the country in which the port of shipment is situated. This remark applies especially to Holland as many animals of all descriptions, that are brought by railway from very remote parts of the continent, are shipped from ports in Holland to this country. We believe, however, that the animals set down in the return, as coming from the other six countries, are actually bred and reared in those countries.

Out of the numbers above given there were detained and slaughtered, in consequence of disease or injury, the following :—

	Beasts.	Calves.	Sheep.	Pigs.
Condemned and destroyed in London - - -	196	74	338	421
Condemned and destroyed at Thames Haven -	44	—	87	4
	240	74	425	425
Slaughtered, and meat passed as fit for human food - - - - -	1,451	57	755	2,519
Total -	1,691	131	1,180	2,944

The per-centage of the London animals affected with any disease whatever has been smaller than in former years, only amounting, in the case of the pigs, to 3 per cent.; of the beasts, to 1·3 per cent.; of the calves, to ·42 per cent.; and of the sheep, to ·22 per cent.

It will be seen from the general return that the total number of animals imported into the United Kingdom shows a very large increase over that given in our last report. The comparison is, as follows :— Appendix S.

Year.	Oxen and Bulls.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep.	Lambs.	Swine and Hogs.
1864 -	150,601	28,906	52,226	478,347	17,896	85,362
1865 -	188,326	39,202	55,743	894,524	19,646	132,943

The principal increase being in the number of sheep and pigs, which show an augmentation of 87 per cent. and 55 per cent. respectively, while an increase of 22 per cent. only appears in the cattle.

Cattle Plague.

We do not propose to enter in this Report upon the origin of the rinderpest or cattle plague (a question that has been much discussed, and has baffled the inquiries of all the persons best qualified to form a judgment upon it), or to inquire whether it was originally imported from Russia or Poland, the countries where it has been said to have existed in previous years, or whether it originated in the London cowhouses, where it certainly first made its appearance. We may indeed mention that the careful inquiries, instituted by the Cattle Plague Commissioners,* resulted in a complete refutation of the theory, which was for some time entertained, that the disease had been first imported into this country through the instrumentality of a cargo brought from Revel into the port of Hull in the month of May. Without, however, any further reference to this subject it is sufficient for us to say, that, as soon as the first symptoms of the disease appeared in this country, we appointed veterinary surgeons, or, where the services of veterinary surgeons were not to be procured, well qualified butchers, to inspect all cattle imported, not only at ports where importations had up to that time taken place (for at those places we had always been provided with inspecting officers from the date of the first importation of cattle into this country), but at all the ports, without exception, in the United Kingdom, so as to provide for any future importation, however small, that might possibly take place.

Precautionary measures.

These inspectors have been unremitting in their attention and careful in the discharge of their duty, and though, in the case of a disease where the period of incubation has been found to be so unusually long and uncertain, it is impossible to say that animals containing the germs of such a disease, though showing no sign of it on their arrival, may not have been admitted into the country, we can state distinctly that from the commencement of the outbreak up to the end of the year only one case of rinderpest was discovered on importation into London. That was the case of a cow which arrived at Blackwall

Number of Cases on Importation.

* See First Report of Cattle Plague Commissioners, page 6; and Second Report, page 4.

in the month of September, more than two months after the first outbreak of the disease in London, having been smuggled with two others surreptitiously on board the vessel "Maas" at Rotterdam, without the knowledge of the agents or the master of the vessel. The three animals were immediately seized under the Customs law for being illegally landed, the infected cow was slaughtered at once, and the two others were kept in quarantine and perfectly distinct from the rest of the cargo. Subsequently, though the disease was communicated by the infected cow to her two companions, (who did not, however, show any signs of it till after a quarantine of 13 and 21 days respectively, and were then destroyed), the rest of the animals (oxen) that came in the "Maas" were all reported to be perfectly healthy, and, though of course they were not allowed to be removed but were slaughtered as soon as possible on the wharf, their flesh was delivered in a perfectly sound condition to the several consignees.

With this exception no case of rinderpest occurred on importation at any of the cattle wharves in the port of London in 1865. There was one instance, however (of two cows), in a cargo landed at Thames Haven, where many animals have arrived for the London market. The only cases that occurred at the out-ports during the year, notwithstanding the large increase in the number of the cattle, and in the number of ports to which they were brought (viz., from 28 to 38 ports), were four in number, viz., two at Newcastle, (in one of which a single cow, and in the other eight oxen and twelve cows were affected,) one of two oxen at Harwich, and one of one cow only at Hartlepool. All these cases occurred in the latter part of the year, and long after the first outbreak of the disease in the London cowhouses.

Other diseases.

The other diseases which have prevailed among the foreign cattle have been the same as in former years, viz., eczema, or "foot and mouth" disease, puerperal fever, and pleuro-pneumonia—the latter two diseases to a very small extent. The sheep have been affected with the scab, with eczema, and occasionally with pneumonia, but not one case of variola ovina, or sheep-pox, has been discovered in London.

As a rule, the animals have been unusually healthy during the past year, and, with the exception of those

from Sweden and Norway, have been brought to this country in excellent condition. The French animals especially, both cattle, sheep, and pigs, have, in some instances, almost equalled those of our own best breeds.

Pressure upon the Out-door Establishment.

The decrease apparent in some of the statistics connected with the waterguard branch of our outdoor department, which we have recorded above, is owing to the fact that the establishment of examining officers is often insufficient for the work required to be done, and outdoor officers from the waterguard branch have to be supplied to take their place. This is principally in consequence of the outdoor duties of the port being distributed over a larger area than formerly by the constant approval of new wharves and warehouses. Every merchant requires to be attended to at once, and the officers must be kept on the station to which they have been sent, although in many cases they may not be fully employed, either from want of space in the warehouses, or from other causes within the control of the dock companies and wharfingers. This has naturally reduced the number of waterguard officers available for their regular duty, and it may indeed be said that nearly every approval of a new place for the landing, shipping, or bonding of goods causes a further demand on this class of officers, and withdraws men, who can but ill be spared, from the proper duties of the waterguard.

Approval of new wharves, &c.

In consequence, however, of the rapidly increasing trade of the port of London, and the growing inclination to ship, land, and warehouse goods along the river side in preference to the docks, the demands for fresh accommodation, and for the approval of new wharves, floors, warehouses and vaults have been more numerous in 1865 than in any previous year.

Amongst the list of such new approvals, we find the following:—

2 rooms at Trinity Bonded Warehouses, Coopers' Row.
2 floors and 3 rooms, Cotton's and Depôt Wharf, Southwark.
1 floor, Hay's Wharf, Southwark.
2 lofts, Metropolitan Bonded Warehouses, Crutched Friars.
2 floors, Chamberlain's Wharf, Southwark.
1 warehouse, Barber's Wharf, Coopers' Row.
3 floors, Smith's Wharf, Queenhithe.

All approved for the bonding of tea.
And 1 floor and 1 vault at St. Dunstan's Bonding Warehouse.
Gracechurch Street Bonded Vaults.
Messrs. Duckworth's Bonding Vaults, Thames Street.
Barber's Warehouse, Cooper's Row, and 1 floor at St. Katharine's Docks.
All approved for the bonding, vatting, and bottling of wines and spirits.

The following wharves, &c. have received sufferance privileges, that is, have been approved for the landing and shipping of various goods:

Old Swan Wharf, Upper Thames Street
Harrison's Wharf, East Smithfield.
Smith's Wharf, Queenhithe.
Bull Wharf, Upper Thames Street.
St. Andrew's Wharf, Wapping.
Lucas and Spence Wharf, Bermondsey Wall.
Newcastle Steam Wharf, High Street, Wapping.
Butter's Wharf, Shad Thames.
Bethel's Wharf, East Greenwich.
British and Foreign Steam Wharf, East Smithfield.
Metropolitan Wharf.
Pickle Herring Wharf.
Canada Wharf, Rotherhithe.
And a tidal basin at the Victoria Docks.

While re-approvals have been granted to—
Fenning's Wharf,
Iron Gate Steam Wharf,
Three Cranes and Red Lion Wharves,
and Hudson's Wharf at the Victoria Docks on change of ownership or alteration of premises.

Indoor Departments.

The work of nearly all the indoor departments in London continues steadily to increase.

Long room.

In the Long room the number of ships' reports received has been—

In 1864	-	11,206
In 1865	-	11,690
Increase	-	484

The number of entries passed and bonds made out has risen from 922,257 in 1864 to 930,910 in 1865.

The particulars are as follows:—

	1864.	1865.
Duty entries, 1st branch - - - {Sugar, Tobacco, Wine, and Spirits.}	311,022	325,637
2nd „ - - Tea -	407,401	403,641
Free entries - - - - -	104,078	100,245
Warehousing ditto - - - - -	48,666	49,469
Bonds for exportation and removal - - -	51,090	51,918
Total - - - - - -	922,257	930,910

The general removal bonds entered into, as mentioned in our last report, are not included in the above return, but have numbered 123 against 116 in 1864. The decrease in the number of tea entries is owing to larger quantities having been included in each entry since the reduction of the duty. In addition to all the documents above given 95,000 landing or delivery orders for goods have been made out and issued in the Long room. In the Light branch there has been a considerable increase in the amount of lights collected.

They have been as under :—

	1864.	1865.	Increase.
	£	£	£
Trinity lights - - -	56,254	58,314	2,060
Colonial - - -	799	1,415	616
Pilotage - - -	45,325	45,917	592
	102,378	105,646	3,268

There has been no increase in the establishment of the Long room during the past year.

Searcher's office.

The statistics of the searcher's office show a steady increase in the documents prepared during the year 1865 over the former year, excepting in the case of certificates of origin under the French treaty, which have ceased to be supplied from this Department, the authorities in France no longer requiring their production. The other figures are—

	1864.	1865.
Entries of free goods exported - -	141,701	146,558
Entries of goods exported from the warehouse as merchandise - - - -	48,474	51,682
Ditto Ditto as stores - -	20,552	20,264
Transhipment entries - - -	6,640	6,815
Entries for drawback of Customs - -	2,769	2,820
Ditto Ditto Excise - -	11,434	11,411
Transfer entries - - - -	2,654	3,156
Total - - -	234,224	242,706

showing an increase of 3 per cent.

Six clerks were added to the staff of this office under your Lordship's order of the 28th September; no increase having previously been made since the formation of the separate establishment in May 1861.

The business of the tea department still goes on steadily increasing, although the imports of tea into the port of London have again fallen off, as they did in 1864, though not to so great an extent. They, moreover, do not bear so great a proportion to the general imports of tea into the country as they did in 1864, though approaching very closely to that shown in 1863, as will be seen from the following extract from Appendix P., No. 1:— Tea office.

Year.	Quantity of Tea imported into the United Kingdom.	Quantity of Tea imported into the Port of London.	Per-centage of Import taken by London.
	lbs.	lbs.	
1863 - - -	136,803,218	132,186,194	96·62
1864 - - -	124,359,243	122,335,601	98·37
1865 - - -	121,156,712	116,965,422	96·54

Appendix P. No. 1.

The tendency exhibited so strongly in later years to concentrate the tea cargoes in the port of London is no doubt owing to the greater facilities afforded every day, by the extension of railways, for the removal of goods to all parts of the country, by which shipowners are not only relieved from the additional risk and expense of proceeding to and discharging their vessels at the smaller ports, but have moreover greater advantages in obtaining return freights without delay, while the consignees command a far better market for their goods.

The quantity of tea entered for home consumption in the port of London rose from 56,124,794 lbs. in 1864 to 61,010,917 lbs. in 1865, producing (as shown also in Appendix P., No. 2) 62·65 per cent. of the whole duty collected in the United Kingdom. Appendix P. No. 2.

The quantity exported from London rose also from 26,619,957 lbs. in 1864 to 31,507,246 lbs. in 1865, and the quantity removed under bond to other ports from 31,130,374 lbs. to 36,492,145 lbs., showing a total increase in the deliveries from warehouse in London in 1865, as compared with 1864, of 129,010,808 lbs. against 113,875,125 lbs., or no less than 15,135,683 lbs.

The number of documents prepared in the tea office, in connexion with this vast and increasing trade, has risen from 565,821 in 1864 to 581,477 in 1865, showing an increase of 15,656. Owing, however, to the simplification in the mode of carrying on the business effected in 1864, no increase in the staff of clerks has as yet been found necessary.

Arrangements made on 1st June.

The whole quantity of tea released from the bonding warehouses in London on the 1st of June, when the reduced duty of 6*d.* per lb. came into operation, amounted to 5,760,000 lbs., the duty on which was 144,000*l.* From the 2nd June to the 13th there was also released a further quantity of 2,778,462 lbs., the duty on which was 69,461*l.* 11*s.* To meet this great demand, which required the presentation and computation in the Long Room, and the checking, &c. in the tea office of no less than 51,976 warrants, it was of course necessary to take steps, in anticipation of the change of duty, whereby too great a pressure on the department might be avoided, and delay and annoyance saved to the public. We therefore gave directions that the reduced duty might be received in the Long Room as early as the 9th May, and the warrants forwarded from time to time to the tea office for the preparation therefrom of the delivery orders, the clerks in the latter office being employed at extra hours in order that everything might be in readiness for the delivery of the goods themselves from the warehouses on the 1st of June. By these means 29,378 warrants out of the total number of 51,976 (above given) were received and checked, and the corresponding orders prepared by the evening of the 31st of May; and thus the number of warrants actually presented on the 1st of June was brought down to 3,026 only, although the actual delivery of tea on that day amounted, as above stated, to 5,760,000 lbs. The succeeding ten days gave an average of nearly 1,960 warrants per day, amounting in all to 19,592. In addition to the preparation of these documents, we should add that, as the tea required for the supply of the outport demand on the 1st June was mostly removed under bond from London, no less than 7,320 removals, all involving the preparation of documents in the tea office, took place in the month of May alone.

We are happy to say that the arrangements we have described, which were fully and energetically carried out by the principals and clerks in the Long room and tea

office, were perfectly successful. No delay or difficulty took place on the 1st of June on the delivery of so vast an amount of goods from the warehouses, and many members of the trade expressed their great satisfaction at the manner in which so great a demand had been met by this department.

Controller of Accounts, Legal Quays, and Victoria Docks.

Turning next to the warehousing establishments at the quays and docks, we find that there is a small decrease in the number of ships, whose cargoes were warehoused at the Legal quays and Victoria docks in the past year, as compared with 1864, and a diminution also in the number of documents prepared in the office of the controller of accounts, in consequence of the removal of tobacco in large quantities from the Mint Street warehouses to the St. Katharine's docks, on the amalgamation of the companies, as stated in our Report of last year. The particulars will be found in the following tabular statement:—

	1864.	1865.
Number of ships	6,341	5,596
Over-entries	705	547
Warehousing Warrants	20,746	20,068
Home consumption do.	125,001	126,512
Exports	40,219	31,966
Removals coastwise	7,612	6,220
Total	194,283	185,313
Removals to other warehouses in the port	1,388	2,073
Bottlings	898	694
Vattings	558	449
Tobacco deposits	143	10
Total	2,987	3,226

We do not consider any alteration in the establishment of this office necessary at present, although the amount of work performed, as shown by the number of documents, is still in excess of that done in 1861, when the establishment was formed, by about 12 per cent.

London Docks.

The following is the comparative statement of the number of operations carried on and the number of documents prepared in connexion with them in the London docks in the years 1864 and 1865:—

	1864.	1865.
Deliveries for home consumption - -	94,350	99,068
Ditto exportation stores and removals coastwise - - -	31,148	31,275
Ditto removals to other warehouses in the port - - -	1,516	1,357
Vattings of wines and spirits - -	1,562	1,709
Bottlings ditto - - -	1,827	1,544
Rackings ditto - -	7,675	8,198
Fortifyings of wine - - -	984	984
Letters of advice coastwise - - -	7,974	8,352
Over-entry certificates - - -	1,744	1,937
Total -	148,780	154,424

Increase 5,644 or more than 3 per cent.

During the past year 12 clerks were added to the establishment in the room of six supernumerary and six extra clerks previously employed, thereby leaving the available staff the same as in 1864; but the increase of work as shown above, and the still increasing business in the wine and spirit branch, make it more than probable that further assistance will soon be required.

St. Katharine's Docks.

One of the causes which produced a decrease in the labours of the clerks at the Legal quays has added very greatly in 1865 to the amount of work performed in the St. Katharine's docks.

The following is a comparative statement of the number of operations and documents in the last four years:—

	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
Deliveries for home consumption - -	30,856	29,142	29,438	36,962
Ditto export and coastwise - -	23,868	25,235	26,549	36,212
Ditto removals to other warehouses	335	299	281	274
Vattings - - - - -	297	287	229	425
Bottlings and drawings off - -	788	795	659	783
Fortifyings - - - - -	164	126	153	132
Letters of advice - - -	3,298	2,841	2,934	3,736
Over-entry certificates - - -	560	561	480	698
Rackings and fillings - - -	1,186	1,019	917	1,362
	*60,852	60,305	61,640	80,584

The result here exhibited, viz., an augmentation of 30 per cent. in the labour of the office in one year, and which, we understand is likely to continue advancing, will, we

* The return for this year was by a clerical error incorrectly stated in the last Report as 62,752.

think, shortly require an addition to the staff of clerks employed. Up to the present time the pressure has been met by the employment of extra clerks and of six of the established clerks at extra hours.

The following is the statement of the business conducted in the East and West India Docks in 1865, as compared with 1864, and of the quantities of dutiable goods brought there to be warehoused in 1865. East and West India Docks.

Documents.	1864.	1865.
Home consumption	33,834	34,123
Export	7,241	8,559
Coastwise	3,363	3,421
Letters of advice	3,240	3,302
Over-entries	3,917	4,515
	51,595	53,920
Vatting accounts	1,099	1,091
Ships and craft with goods for warehouse	1,110	1,052

Goods warehoused in 1865.

Coffee, casks	23,550	
„ other packages	75,921	99,471
Cocoa, packages		20,599
Pepper, cwts.		9,780
Rum, casks		29,083
Sugar, casks	122,467	
„ other packages	393,458	515,925
Molasses, casks		5,396

The first table shows an increase in the documents and a falling off in ships. This decrease, which applies also to the number entering those docks in 1863 (which were 1,094 against 1,052 in 1865), is owing to the record of ships in these two former years being unduly raised by the numerous sugar cargoes that were diverted to this country during the American war, for subsequent transshipment, and which have now begun to resume their direct mode of communication with other countries.

An addition of four clerks has been made to the staff employed at the East and West India Docks in the course of the last year; the services of the extra clerks who were employed there in 1864, as stated in our last report, having been discontinued.

We have mentioned, under the head of the different departments in turn, any increases of establishment that it has been found necessary to sanction in 1865. They will be found to have amounted only to an addition of— Increase of Establishment.

6 Clerks in the Searchers' office.
12 „ „ London Docks.
4 „ „ East India do.

There have been no other augmentations of our staff in London in the course of the past year of sufficient importance to bring under the notice of your Lordships.

OUTPORTS.

Appointment of a new port, South Shields.

There are but few new arrangements or alterations of establishment at the outports that call for a special report this year. South Shields, hitherto forming a part of the port of Shields, was, by your Lordships' order of 27th July, separated from North Shields and constituted an independent port. The arrangement took effect from the 1st of October, the ports were designated North and South Shields respectively, and a notice was issued appointing one common boarding station for them and the port of Newcastle at the entrance of the River Tyne.

Of a boarding station at St. Ives.

The ancient port of St. Ives, in the county of Cornwall, having been constituted a creek of Hayle, (which was made an independent port by your Lordships' order in June 1864, and approved for warehousing in August), it was necessary to reappoint the boarding station for St. Ives, under the power conferred upon us by the Customs laws, and on 1st February we issued a notice for that purpose, in the usual form, for the information of the trade.

Borrowstoness approved for warehousing.

By your Lordships' order of the 24th April, Borrowstoness, in the Frith of Forth, upon which the privilege of warehousing ships' stores had been previously conferred in 1864, was further approved for the warehousing of all goods for home consumption that could legally be imported there. Suitable premises for the purpose have been provided, and, on being fitted up in accordance with the usual regulations, have received our approval.

Inland bonding towns.

The trade of the Inland bonding towns, Manchester, Bradford, Halifax, and Leeds, continues to progress, though the revenue collected has naturally suffered at the three first-named places (as we have already pointed out), by the reduction of duties that has taken place in the last three years. Leeds, on the other hand, shows an increase in Customs revenue notwithstanding these reductions, and a large receipt, in addition, on account of British spirits. The warehouses at Halifax approved for dry goods still continue very empty (as mentioned in our report of 1864), and the business done is very trifling, though the bonding of whiskey has added between 3,000*l.* and 4,000*l.* to the receipt on account of the Inland revenue.

8th Report, page 34.

The additions which we have been obliged to make during the past year to our staff of officers at the different out-ports, owing to the advance of trade and the increased labour imposed by the warehousing of British spirits in Customs warehouses for home consumption, have not been very numerous. The most important have been as follows:— Increase of establishments.

3 Clerks and 3 Examining Officers	at Bristol.
3 „ 2 „	„ Dublin.
3 Examining Officers	„ Belfast.
2 Clerks	„ Hull.
2 Examining Officers	„ Glasgow.
1 Clerk and 1 Examining Officer	„ Swansea.
3 Out-door Officers	„ Goole.
6 Watchmen	„ Liverpool.
And 1 Examining Officer, 1 Clerk, and 7 Out-door Officers	„ South Shields.

We have, on the other hand, in consequence of the decline of trade at each place, been able to abolish the creeks of

Ellesmere	in the Port of	Liverpool.
Arklow	„	Dublin.
Annan	„	Dumfries.
Seaton	„	Lyme.
Heacham	„	Lynn.
Boscastle	„	Padstow,
and Ballyshannon	„	Sligo,

dispensing with the services of the principal coast officers at all these places (with the exception of Annan, where there had long been a vacancy), and transferring those whose services were likely still to be useful to the Crown to other duty.

GENERAL QUESTIONS.

International Sugar Convention.

We mentioned in our last report that Mr. Ogilvie, one of our surveyors-general, had been nominated in conjunction with M. Barbier, the representative of France at the International Conferences on the subject of drawbacks on sugar held in Paris in 1860 and 1864, to superintend the experiments in sugar refining, which the Convention entered into by the four Governments of France, England, Holland, and Belgium stipulated should be instituted as the basis of future mutual legislation. At a meeting held in London in April 1865 it was agreed by the representatives of the four countries that the experiments specified in the second Article of the Convention should be commenced in the month following the ratification of the

Treaty, and should be continued without interruption until completed. The course of proceeding to be adopted having been also clearly laid down, Mr. Ogilvie and M. Barbier were nominated by their colleagues to superintend the experiments, and Cologne, as being situated in a neutral country, was designated as the locality where a refinery should be engaged for the purpose.

After much preliminary inquiry the premises in the occupation of a company carrying on business at Cologne, under the title of the Rhenish Sugar Manufacturing Company, * were offered to M. Barbier, and accepted by him, after having been first subjected to a thorough inspection of the machinery, &c., conducted not only by persons appointed for that purpose by M. Barbier, but subsequently, on the part of England, by Mr. Gadsden, the Chairman of the Committee of the London Sugar Refiners, who most kindly consented to afford the Government his valuable assistance on the occasion. Some delay necessarily took place in concluding the arrangement with the proprietors of the refinery, in settling the mode of conducting the experiments, and in the purchase of sugars upon which the experiments were to be made. The beet-root sugar, it was determined, should be purchased in France, and the Java sugar in Holland, but, as all the other sugars could be most easily procured in the London markets, this duty was entrusted to Mr. Ogilvie, who was, by your Lordships' order of the 1st July, empowered to incur the necessary expense to be afterwards defrayed in equal portions by all the countries interested. Samples of the sorts of sugar to be purchased had then to be submitted to all the commissioners, who met at the Hague in the month of July for that purpose. To provide time for all these preliminary arrangements, without exceeding the limit of time laid down (as above stated) for the commencement of the experiments, it was stipulated by a protocol signed at the time of the exchange of the ratifications, which took place in Paris, in July, that the Convention should not come into operation till the 1st August.

On the 1st September the process of refining commenced, and has been continued up to the present time, being still in progress. The operation of refining the first

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* Rhein Actien Verein für Zuker-fabrication.

class of sugar was completed in October, and the process commenced with the second class, which was concluded at the end of that month. It is confidently expected that the whole of the experiments will be brought to a close by the end of July in the present year.

Alteration of the duty on cane juice.

By one of the articles of the Convention of 1864 above referred to, it was conceded, at the instance of the French representatives, that cane-juice or melado should in future be charged with the lowest rate of duty to which raw sugar is liable, instead of a rate which was composed of two-thirds of the lowest rate of duty on raw sugar, and one-third of the duty on molasses, as previously charged in this country. In July last year, therefore, a short Act was passed to establish for the future this rate of duty (which amounts to 8*s.* 2*d.* per cwt.) on cane-juice or melado, such duty not to take effect till the 1st September, that date being adopted to enable the holders of this article to get rid of their stocks in hand. Appendix D.

Duty on glucose.

Within the last two years large importations of an article called glucose have taken place in the United Kingdom.

Glucose is a vegetable extract, chiefly obtained from the starch of potatoes, and is used principally in the preparation of marmalade and jams, and other articles of confectionery. It contains water and dextrine, with a varying per-centage of uncrystallizable saccharine matter, ranging from 30 to 65 per cent. As the practice of this Department has hitherto been to charge this article with duty only on the quantity of refined sugar contained in it, this great variation in the per-centage of sugar has rendered it necessary to resort to analysis on every importation, and has given much trouble to the Inland Revenue as well as to this Department in assessing the duty in each case. It has therefore become desirable that a fixed duty should, if possible, be levied on the article. The question as to the rate of duty to be charged is now under our consideration.

Warehousing of British compounded spirits in Customs' warehouses.

By an Act passed in July last, entitled "Compound Spirits Warehousing Act," the concession of warehousing British spirits *for home consumption* in Customs' warehouses, which, by an Act passed in April 1864, was confined to British plain spirits, as stated in our last report, was extended to British compounded spirits, or

"compounds" as defined by former Excise Acts, under the same regulations and restrictions as those applicable to British plain spirits.

Victoria station approved for examination of baggage.

On the 2nd March, in consequence of an application from the London, Chatham, and Dover Railway Company to be allowed the privilege of having the registered baggage of passengers by their line examined at their London terminus, as had previously been allowed, in the case of the South-eastern Company, first at London Bridge and afterwards at Charing Cross, we approved of Victoria station, Pimlico, for the examination of registered baggage accordingly, when accompanied by the owners, and arriving at that station daily by the continental trains at 6.30 a.m. and 5.45 p.m., Sundays excepted.

We have, in consequence, found it necessary to appoint one assistant surveyor, one examining officer, and four outdoor officers to this duty, giving directions at the same time that these officers shall, after the examination of the baggage by the morning train is concluded, proceed to the Custom House at once, and be available for general duty during the day.

Superannuation and compensation allowances.

The following is the return of the amount of superannuation and compensation allowances placed on and struck off in the year 1865:—

	Placed on.			Struck off.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Superannuations - -	4,303	0	6	10,568	16	1	-	-	-	6,265	15	7
Compensations - -	21	6	8	3,502	4	6	-	-	-	3,480	17	10
Redundant - - -	48	6	8	32	0	0	16	6	8	-	-	-
Pensions - - -	-	-	-	302	15	4	-	-	-	302	15	4
Total - -	4,372	13	10	14,405	15	11	16	6	8	10,049	8	9

By this it appears that a very sensible diminution has taken place in 1865 in the charge incurred by the public in consequence of the alterations and reductions in this department in 1860.

Smuggling.

We are glad to report that attempts at smuggling have been of a petty description and unusually rare during the last year; and very few seizures of any importance have been made.

In London the attempts have been almost exclusively confined to the running of small quantities of tobacco, cigars, and spirits by passengers or seamen from vessels arriving from foreign ports. In 20 of these cases the quantity of tobacco or cigars amounted to 10 lbs. or upwards, and the quantity of spirits to 2 gallons or upwards. In 12 of these cases convictions were obtained; but in the 8 remaining ones the parties implicated could not be found, though the goods were seized and forfeited.

At the outports there have been but two instances in which a smuggling venture on a large scale, and in the mode formerly so often adopted, has been discovered.

One of these was the case of the fishing boat "Providence," which was seized by the coast-guard on the beach at Deal on the 12th July, for having 66 gallons of foreign spirits in tubs concealed on board.

The other was the case of the smack "Jane," of Cowes, which was seized in Petit Bo Bay in the Island of Guernsey, together with two boats which, with the further assistance of two waggons, were engaged in the illegal shipment on board of the smack of 58 bales, weighing 4,680 lbs., of tobacco stalks, supposed to be destined to be run upon the coast of Ireland.

In both these cases the parties concerned were prosecuted and convicted, although we were obliged to direct the release of the smack "Jane" in the latter case, on account of the seizure having taken place before any of the stalks were actually on board.

Medical Inspector's report.

We annex a very interesting report from Dr. Dickson, our medical inspector, from which it will be seen that the health of the officers generally under his charge, both in London and at Gravesend, has been good in 1865, and above the average of former years. The returns VIII. to XIV., accompanying the report, and comprising all the particulars relating to the whole force, contrast favourably with those of last year, both in respect of the number of cases under treatment and of the time lost to the public service by sickness. The death and superannuation rate,

on the other hand, has been somewhat higher, and the mean duration of each case, for the same reason, viz., the more serious character of the attacks of illness, slightly longer than in 1864.

The following is a brief statement of the general result :—

—	1864.	1865.
Average numbers of men on the sick list daily throughout the year out of a force of 1,149, being the same as last year.	37 or 3·2 per cent.	30 or 2·7 per cent.
Ratio of admissions to the sick list - -	87 per cent.	62 per cent.
Mean duration of each case - - -	13·3 days.	15 days.
Time lost to the service through sickness -	11·7 days per man.	9·5 days per man.
Number of deaths from disease - -	9, or 8 per 1,000	11, or 9·5 per 1,000
Number of superannuations - -	3, or 2·6 per 1,000	5, or 4·3 per 1,000

The average annual rate of mortality of the whole force, calculated from the returns of the last nine years, has been only 11·4 per 1,000.

Ninth Report, page 45.

With reference to the observations made in our last report on the tendency discovered amongst the men under Dr. Dickson's charge to simulate sickness, we beg to draw attention to the paragraph in his report of this year, where

Page 110.

he states, "that the disposition manifested by some last "year to take undue advantage of the sick list has de- "clined, and that in 1865 instances of feigning or exag- "gerating illness have been comparatively rare."

We also beg to refer your Lordships to table VII. and to the note attached, showing the visits paid by Dr. Dickson to the officers at their own residences during the past year. The number of these visits (1,585 of which were paid to the inferior officers alone), and the very extended area over which it is necessary for the medical inspector to travel in paying them, is a sufficient proof of the laborious nature of the duties devolving upon Dr. Dickson. We cannot speak too highly of the energy, assiduity, and skill exhibited by Dr. Dickson in their discharge.

Comparison of 1856 and 1865.

This being the tenth annual report which we have now had the honour of laying before your Lordships, we propose to conclude with three tabular statements, in which a comparison is made between the year 1856, when these reports

commenced, and the year 1865, just expired, on three points only, viz., the trade of the United Kingdom, the shipping of the British empire, and the revenue collected by this Department. We do not think it necessary to accompany these tables with any observations, the results shown by them being obvious and requiring no comment, and this report having already been extended to a somewhat unusual length.

TABLE I.

TRADE of the United Kingdom in the Years 1856 and 1865.

	1856.	1865.
	£	£
Imports - - - - - -	172,544,154	271,134,969
Exports, viz., British - - -	115,826,948	165,862,402
Foreign and Colonial - -	23,393,405	52,995,914
Total Exports - - -	139,220,353	218,858,316
Total Imports and Exports - £	311,764,507	489,993,285

QUANTITIES of the Principal Articles subject to Duty, Imported and Entered for Home Consumption.

Articles.	Imported.		Entered for Home Consumption.	
	1856.	1865.	1856.	1865.
Coffee - - - lbs.	56,992,116	138,187,429	35,140,252	30,748,349
Currants - - cwts.	351,725	937,231	226,123	801,355
Raisins - - „	266,593	368,106	268,202	296,222
Spirits, viz., rum - galls.	7,169,005	6,898,599	3,424,078	3,698,762
„ brandy „	2,540,438	3,122,576	1,534,694	2,666,394
Sugar, raw - - cwts.	7,761,240	10,250,524	7,240,636	10,187,146
Tea - - - lbs.	86,200,414	121,271,219	63,295,643	97,921,944
Tobacco, unmanufactured - - „	44,809,634	64,298,856	32,329,731	38,351,644
Wine - - - galls.	9,481,880	14,269,750	7,365,874	12,061,386
Wood - - - loads	2,433,479	3,767,642	2,303,830	3,833,724

QUANTITIES of certain Principal Articles, not subject to Duty, Imported.

Articles.	1856.	1865.
Cotton - - - - cwts.	9,141,842	8,731,949
Flax - - - - „	1,687,041	1,913,132
Hemp and jute - - - „	1,502,626	3,186,537
Silk, raw - - - lbs.	7,383,672	7,723,552
Wool - - - - „	116,211,392	212 187,747

Table II.

Tonnage, distinguishing British and Foreign, entered Inwards and cleared Outwards in the Years 1856 and 1865.

Year.	Entered Inwards.			Cleared Outwards.			Total of Ships Inwards and Outwards.
	British.	Foreign.	Total.	British.	Foreign.	Total.	
1856 - -	6,390,715	4,162,419	10,553,134	6,555,056	4,480,859	11,035,915	21,589,049
1865 - -	9,623,432	4,694,454	14,317,886	9,735,523	4,843,683	14,579,206	28,897,092
Increase -	3,232,717	532,035	3,764,752	3,180,467	362,824	3,543,291	7,308,043

Registered Tonnage of the British Empire and Number of Men employed in the Years 1856 and 1865.

Year.	Number of Vessels.	Tonnage.	Number of Men.
1856 - - -	36,012	5,312,436	267,573
1865 - - -	40,842	7,249,160	346,579
Increase - -	4,830	1,936,724	79,006

Table III.

Amount of Duties of Customs repealed, reduced, imposed, or augmented in the Ten Years ending with 1865.

Years.	Repealed and reduced.	Imposed or augmented.
	£	£
1856 - - -	3,475	—
1857 - - -	1,628,582	92
1858 - - -	—	9,080
1859 - - -	—	—
1860 - - -	2,840,931	577,904
1861 - - -	279,558	15,000
1862 - - -	98,671	—
1863 - - -	1,896,319	6,811
1864 - - -	1,744,384	—
1865 - - -	2,214,981	1,576
Repealed, &c. - -	10,706,901	610,463
Deduct imposed, &c. -	610,463	
Revenue surrendered -	£10,096,438	

	£
Net receipt of duties of customs (excluding casual and miscellaneous receipts) for year ended 31st December 1856 - - - - - - -	23,746,762
Ditto ditto 31st December 1865	21,574,866
Loss of revenue in 10 years -	£ 2,171,896

Page 24, and Appendix E.

Thus the deficiency in the revenue at the close of the ten years is little more than two millions, while the amount of duties surrendered in the course of the ten years is more than ten millions.

We have the honour to remain,
My Lords,
Your Lordships' obedient servants,

Thos. F. Fremantle.
Frederick Goulburn.
Grenville C. L. Berkeley.
R. W. Grey.
Frederick Romilly.

Custom House, 1866.

BOARD OF TRADE
MAY

APPENDIX.

APPENDIX (A.)

AN ACCOUNT showing the Amount of the Imports into and the Exports from the United Kingdom, stated in Real Value, in each Year from 1854 to 1865 inclusive.

YEARS.	Real Value.			
	Imports.	Exports.		
		Produce and Manufactures of the United Kingdom.	Foreign and Colonial Merchandise.	Total Exports.
	£	£	£	£
1854 - -	152,389,053	97,184,726	18,636,366	115,821,092
1855 - -	143,542,850	95,688,085	21,003,215	116,691,300
1856 - -	172,544,154	115,826,948	23,393,405	139,220,353
1857 - -	187,844,441	122,066,107	24,108,194	146,174,301
1858 - -	164,583,832	116,608,756	23,174,023	139,782,779
1859 - -	179,182,355	130,411,529	25,281,446	155,692,975
1860 - -	210,530,873	135,891,227	28,630,124	164,521,351
1861 - -	217,485,024	125,102,814	34,529,684	159,632,498
1862 - -	225,716,976	123,992,264	42,175,870	166,168,134
1863 - -	248,919,020	146,602,342	50,300,067	196,902,409
1864 - -	274,952,172	160,449,053	52,170,561	212,619,614
1865 - -	271,134,969	165,862,402	52,995,914	218,858,316

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports,
Custom House, London, 12th April 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (B.)

GENERAL SUMMARY showing the Gross Amount of Duty collected by the Customs at London, Liverpool, and the other Ports of England (exclusive of the Isle of Man), and at the Ports of Scotland and Ireland respectively, in the Years ended 31st December 1864 and 1865, specifying the Increase or Decrease.

PORTS.	AMOUNT OF DUTY.			
	Gross Amount of Duty collected.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1864.	1865.		
	£	£	£	£
LONDON - - -	11,491,412	10,942,913	- -	548,499
LIVERPOOL - -	2,893,445	2,767,510	- -	125,935
Other Ports in ENGLAND -	3,239,202	3,328,471	89,269	- -
Ports in SCOTLAND - -	2,826,827	2,749,475	- -	77,352
Ports in IRELAND - -	2,047,324	2,011,603	- -	35,721
TOTAL - -	22,498,210	21,799,972	89,269	787,507
				89,269
NET DECREASE -	- -	- -	- -	698,238

APPENDIX (C.)

RETURN showing the Gross Amount of Customs Duties collected at the several Ports of the United Kingdom for the Years ended 31st December 1864 and 1865, specifying the Articles upon which any Increase or Decrease has taken place, and also showing the Amount of Duty received by the Customs on British Spirits during the same period.

ENGLAND.

PORT.	Amount of Duty.		Increase.	Decrease.	Articles.		Duty received on British Spirits.		Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
	1864.	1865.			Increase.	Decrease.	1864.	1865.			
	£	£	£	£			£	£	£	£	
LONDON	11,491,412	10,942,913	- -	548,499	Sugar, Tobacco, Wine, Wood, Spirits.	Coffee, Tea, Corn.	1,029	6,172	5,143	—	———
LIVERPOOL	2,894,001	2,767,510	- -	126,491	Tobacco -	Corn, Sugar, Spirits, Tea.	32,848	98,035	65,187	- -	There is a decrease of 90,000*l.* on sugar, and 66,000*l.* on tea; and an increase of 30,000*l.* on tobacco.
ABERYSTWITH	654	666	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	———
BARNSTAPLE	7,533	7,580	47	- -	Brandy, Wine.	Tea - -	227	666	439	- -	The decrease on tea amounts to 700*l.* in consequence of the reduction of the duty.
BEAUMARIS	918	1,484	566	- -	Flour, Wheat.	—	—	—	—	—	———
BERWICK	8,578	7,371	- -	1,207	- - -	Tea, Wood.	382	911	529	- -	The decrease is almost entirely caused by the reduction of duty on tea.
BIDEFORD	3,878	3,780	- -	98	- - -	Tea, Coffee, Wood.	- - -	153	153	—	———

Appendix (C.)—England—*continued.*

Port.	Amount of Duty. 1864.	Amount of Duty. 1865.	Increase.	Decrease.	Articles. Increase.	Articles. Decrease.	Duty received on British Spirits. 1864.	Duty received on British Spirits. 1865.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
	£	£	£	£			£	£	£	£	
Boston -	36,925	40,471	3,546	- -	Tobacco, Tea, Spirits, Wine.	- - -	34	47	13	- -	There is an increase of 2,200*l.* on tobacco alone.
Bradford -	46,803	44,533	- -	2,270	Fruit, Cigars, Spirits, Wine.	Tea, Sugar, Tobacco.	812	2,562	1,750	- -	The decrease on tea alone amounts to 3,405*l.*
Bridgwater	7,222	6,934	- -	288	Brandy, Wood, Corn.	Rum, Geneva, Wine, Tea.	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	There is a decrease in revenue from tea, although the quantity delivered is larger.
Bridport -	2,846	2,847	1	- -	- - -	- - -	34	187	153	—	———
Bristol -	1,103,000	1,106,210	3,210	- -	Brandy, Fruit, Grain, Sugar, Tobacco.	Cocoa, Rum, Tea, Wine, Wood.	1,272	9,677	8,405	- -	There is a decrease of 21,000*l.* on tea caused by the reduction of duty, and an increase of 14,000*l.* on sugar caused by extension of trade.
Cardiff -	12,785	12,744	- -	41	Spirits, Wood.	Tea - -	405	1,248	843	—	———
Cardigan -	59	32	- -	27	- - -	Timber.	—	—	—	—	———
Carlisle -	27,477	22,929	- -	3,548	- - -	Tea - -	693	3,227	2,534	- -	The decrease is entirely caused by the reduction of the duty on tea.
Carnarvon -	10,480	10,350	- -	130	- - -	- - -	285	3,624	3,339	—	———
Castletown -	3,611	3,688	77	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	———
Chepstow -	4,731	5,417	686	-	Brandy, Rum.	- - -	398	1,008	690	- -	The trade of the port is slightly on the increase.

PORT.	Amount of Duty.		Increase.	Decrease.	Articles.		Duty received on British Spirits.		Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
	1864.	1865.			Increase.	Decrease.	1864.	1865.			
	£	£	£	£			£	£	£	£	
CHESTER -	76,350	82,266	5,916	- - -	Rum, Brandy, Tobacco.	- - -	1,963	6,250	4,287	- -	The trade with the mining districts of North Wales is on the increase.
COLCHESTER -	14,150	13,044	- -	1,106	Corn, Wood.	Tea - -	32	94	62	- -	The reduction of the duty on tea has caused a decrease in the receipts for that article, although the quantity delivered has been larger.
COWES - -	3,397	3,500	103	- -	Brandy -	Sugar -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	293*l.* was received in 1864 on a distressed cargo of sugar.
DARTMOUTH -	3,746	4,251	505	- -	Brandy, Rum, Wheat.	- - -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	A passenger traffic has been established between this port and the Channel Islands and France.
DEAL - -	2,123	2,872	749	- -	Corn, Brandy.	Wine, Rum.	- - -	56	56	- -	There is an increase of 500*l.* on corn from France.
DOUGLAS -	25,383	25,347	- -	36	Spirits -	Tea, Tobacco.	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	The equalization of the duty on tea has to some extent caused that article to be imported duty paid from England.
DOVER - -	7,814	9,344	1,530	- -	Corn, Timber.	- - -	- - -	1	1	—	———
EXETER - -	123,373	114,172	- -	9,201	Sugar, Corn.	Tea - -	52	64	12	- -	There is a decrease of 9,000*l.* in the amount paid by one firm in the tea trade alone.
FALMOUTH -	6,336	6,946	620	- -	Corn, Brandy.	Tea, Rum.	33	280	247	- -	There is an increase of nearly 900*l.* on corn.
FAVERSHAM -	1,466	1,471	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	———
FLEETWOOD -	2,195	2,166	- -	29	Timber -	Corn - -	32	231	199	—	———
FOLKESTONE -	14,278	16,400	2,122	- -	Wine -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	-	The importation of French wine has considerably increased.

Appendix (C.)—England—*continued.*

Port.	Amount of Duty. 1864.	Amount of Duty. 1865.	Increase.	Decrease.	Articles. Increase.	Articles. Decrease.	Duty received on British Spirits. 1864.	Duty received on British Spirits. 1865.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
	£	£	£	£			£	£	£	£	
Fowey	1,568	1,008	-	560	Tea	Timber, Brandy, Rum.	—	—	—	—	
Gainsboro'	9,471	9,061	-	410	-	Tobacco, Tea.	—	—	—	—	
Gloucester	63,672	64,879	1,207	-	Brandy, Corn, Timber.	-	450	1,081	631	-	There is an increase of 500*l.* on brandy, and nearly the same amount on corn.
Goole	60,522	67,968	7,446	-	Sugar, Cigars.	-	-	16	16	-	Large quantities of refined sugar from France and Holland have been imported.
Grimsby	19,209	25,686	6,477	-	Corn, Wood.	-	57	145	88	-	The trade of this port is on the increase.
Halifax	10,090	9,768	-	322	-	-	295	4,155	3,860	—	
Hartlepool	32,332	37,523	5,191	-	Timber, Grain, Tobacco.	-	708	1,813	1,105	-	The trade of the port continues to increase.
Harwich	2,443	7,491	5,048	-	Tea, Sugar, Tobacco.	-	-	-	-	-	The continental steam traffic has more than doubled during the past year.
Hayle	1,228	4,231	3,003	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Hayle was only made an independent port on the 1st October 1864.
Hull	291,256	329,353	38,097	-	Sugar	-	314	1,600	1,286	-	The general trade of the port is rapidly increasing.
Ipswich	24,261	24,256	-	5	Corn, Timber, Brandy.	Rum, Wine, Sugar, Tea.	-	157	157	—	
Lancaster	16,722	16,866	144	-	Spirits	Tea	444	660	216	-	There is a falling off of more than 800*l.* on tea.

PORT.	Amount of Duty. 1864.	Amount of Duty. 1865.	Increase.	Decrease.	Articles. Increase.	Articles. Decrease.	Duty received on British Spirits. 1864.	Duty received on British Spirits. 1865.	Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
LEEDS	£ 29,169	£ 38,470	£ 9,301	£ —	—	—	£ 315	£ 1,752	£ 1,437	£ —	The trade of this bonding town is steadily increasing.
LITTLEHAMPTON	1,306	1,651	345	—	Wine, Spirits.	—	—	—	—	—	The trade at this port is gradually increasing.
LLANELLY	2,308	2,185	—	123	Spirits	Corn, Wood.	—	177	177	—	———
LOWESTOFT	3,508	6,030	2,522	—	Timber, Corn, Wine, Spirits.	Tea	16	15	—	1	There is an increase of 1,300*l.* on wood goods, and 1,000*l.* on wine and spirits.
LYME	570	702	132	—	Spirits.	—	—	—	—	—	———
LYNN	9,834	9,896	62	—	—	—	—	67	67	—	The trade of the port is considerably on the increase.
MALDON	329	869	540	—	Corn, Timber.	—	—	—	—	—	———
MANCHESTER	144,171	128,458	—	15,713	Wine, Spirits, Coffee.	Tea, Sugar.	928	10,396	9,468	—	There is a decrease of 20,760*l.* on sugar, owing to a refiner ceasing to pay duty at this port.
MARYPORT	3,890	4,009	119	—	Spirits	—	773	2,401	1,628	—	———
MIDDLESBORO'	2,711	2,946	235	—	—	—	219	558	339	—	———
MILFORD	446	430	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	———
NEWCASTLE	214,415	216,760	2,345	—	Tobacco, Wine, Brandy, Rum.	Tea	7,250	24,054	16,804	—	There is a decrease of 15,500*l.* caused by the reduction of duty on tea, and an increase of 14,200*l.* on tobacco.

Appendix (C.)—England—*continued.*

Port.	Amount of Duty.		Increase.	Decrease.	Articles.		Duty received on British Spirits.		Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
	1864.	1865.			Increase.	Decrease.	1864.	1865.			
	£	£	£	£			£	£	£	£	
Newhaven -	5,682	11,072	5,390	- -	Wine, Sugar, Flour.	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	The trade of the port has nearly doubled during the past year.
Newport -	13,882	15,989	2,107	- -	Grain, Wood, Brandy, Tobacco.	Tea - -	451	1,493	1,042	—	———
NorthShields	45,900	41,050	- -	4,850	- - -	- - -	3,137	5,658	2,521	—	On the 1st October 1865 South Shields was made an independent port, and no fair comparison can therefore be made.
Padstow -	139	325	186	- -	Timber, Barley.	—	—	—	—	—	———
Penzance -	9,619	8,919	- -	700	Corn, Sugar.	Fruit, Wood, Tea.	- - -	75	75	—	Hayle was separated from the port on the 1st October 1864, and a fair comparison cannot therefore be made.
Plymouth -	183,721	180,305	- -	3,416	Brandy, Wine.	Rum, Tea, Fruit, Tobacco.	165	1,086	921	—	———
Poole - -	4,464	5,677	1,213	- -	Grain, Wine, Spirits.	Wood, Tea.	- - -	96	96	- -	There is an increase of 1,200*l.* on grain.
Portsmouth -	21,978	22,140	162	- -	Grain, Brandy.	Tea - -	373	1,396	1,023	—	———
Preston -	67,913	61,357	- -	6,556	Spirits, Tea.	Tobacco, Coffee.	1,146	3,680	2,534	- -	Large quantities of tobacco have been sent to this port duty paid. The decrease on that article amounts to 7,650*l.*
Ramsey -	5,191	5,143	- -	48	Tea - -	Tobacco.	—	—	—	—	———

PORT.	Amount of Duty. 1864.	Amount of Duty. 1865.	Increase.	Decrease.	Articles. Increase.	Articles. Decrease.	Duty received on British Spirits. 1864.	Duty received on British Spirits. 1865.	Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
RAMSGATE -	£ 3,989	£ 3,234	£ - -	£ 755	Wine -	- - -	£ - - -	£ 92	£ 92	£ - -	The revenue of 1864 was unusually large, in consequence of 1,000*l.* having been paid on a wrecked cargo.
ROCHESTER -	9,149	9,667	518	- -	Corn, Wood.	Sugar, Rum	234	624	390	- -	An importer of sugar from France has landed his goods in London instead of Maidstone.
RUNCORN -	2,410	5,742	3,332	- -	Spirits, Grain, Flour.	- - -	58	479	421	- -	The trade of this port is considerably on the increase.
RYE -	357	518	161	- -	Timber, Corn.	Wine.	—	—	—	—	———
SCARBOROUGH	3,407	3,254	- -	153	- - -	Timber, Tea.	43	232	189	—	———
SCILLY - -	26	15	- -	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	———
SHOREHAM -	6,071	9,658	3,587	- -	Refined sugar, Wine, Spirits, Tea, Corn.	Wood -	- - -	206	206	- -	There is a general increase in the trade of the port.
SOUTHAMPTON	84,104	107,082	22,978	- -	Sugar -	- - -	192	843	651	- -	The Imperial Sugar Refinery, which was closed during the year 1864, is now in full work.
SOUTH SHIELDS	- -	4,486	4,486	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,856	1,856	- -	South Shields was made an independent port on the 1st October 1865.
STOCKTON -	79,735	78,903	- -	832	Corn, Wood, Spirits, Tobacco.	Wine, Tea, Sugar.	1,322	3,758	2,436	—	———
SUNDERLAND -	86,435	79,519	- -	6,916	- - -	Tea -	6,087	14,026	7,939	- -	The decrease is caused by the reduction of the duty on tea.

Appendix (C.)—England—*continued.*

Port.	Amount of Duty. 1864.	Amount of Duty. 1865.	Increase.	Decrease.	Articles. Increase.	Articles. Decrease.	Duty received on British Sprits. 1864.	Duty received on British Sprits. 1865.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
Swansea	£ 8,049	£ 9,949	£ 1,900	£ -	Tea, Flour, Fruit.	-	£ -	£ 1,619	£ 1,619	£ -	The trade of this port is gradually increasing in consequence of improved railway communication.
Teignmouth	1,751	2,010	259	-	Spirits, Wood.	-	18	47	29	—	——
Truro	11,221	8,996	-	2,225	-	Tea	29	49	20	-	The decrease is entirely owing to the reduced duty on tea.
Wells	80	208	128	-	Corn	-	-	-	-	-	Several persons residing on the Great Eastern Railway have gone into the foreign corn trade.
Weymouth	9,707	10,112	405	-	Wood	-	51	111	60	—	——
Whitby	5,497	4,975	-	522	Brandy	Rum, Tea.	-	45	45	-	There is a decrease of 330*l.* on tea caused by the reduction of duty.
Whitehaven	68,244	68,427	183	-	Tobacco, Spirits, Wine.	Sugar, Tea.	1,075	5,167	4,092	-	There is an increase of 2,200*l.* on tobacco, and a decrease of the same amount on tea.
Wisbeach	3,598	4,953	1,355	-	Wood, Corn.	-	-	-	-	-	The trade of this port is in a very flourishing condition.
Woodbridge	633	1,148	515	-	Wine	-	-	-	-	-	A firm has paid duty on wine at this port instead of in London.
Workington	3,095	3,076	-	19	-	Tea.	—	—	—	—	——
Yarmouth	23,787	25,424	1,637	-	Corn, Brandy, Tea, Wood.	Rum	30	313	283	-	The trade of this port, which was depressed by the war between Germany and Denmark, is again in a flourishing condition.

Appendix (C.)—Scotland.

Port.	Amount of Duty.		Increase.	Decrease.	Articles.		Duty received on British Spirits.		Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
	1864.	1865.			Increase.	Decrease.	1864.	1865.			
	£	£	£	£			£	£	£	£	
Aberdeen	89,056	81,883	- -	7,173	Timber, Wine, Tobacco.	Tea -	1,026	4,865	3,839	- -	The decrease is entirely owing to the reduction of the duty on tea.
Alloa - -	6,544	4,735	- -	1,809	- - -	Grain, Tobacco.	286	1,705	1,419	- -	The work at two distilleries was suspended for the purpose of making additions thereto.
Arbroath -	15,549	15,584	35	- -	Tobacco, Refined sugar.	Tea - -	2,068	4,362	2,294	- -	There is an increase of 602*l.* on tobacco, and a loss of 894*l.* on tea.
Ardrossan -	765	674	- -	91	- - -	Timber -	218	857	639	—	———
Ayr - -	2,711	4,649	1,938	- -	Corn, Tobacco, Wine, Spirits.	Tea - -	34	50	16	—	———
Banff - -	2,921	2,733	- -	188	- - -	Tea - -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	The decrease is entirely caused by the reduction of the duty on tea.
Borrowstoness.	720	620	- -	100	- - -	Corn -	- - -	323	323	—	———
Campbeltown	914	866	- -	48	- - -	Barley.	—	—	—	—	———
Dumfries -	6,524	5,619	- -	905	- - -	Tea - -	- - -	1,578	1,578	- -	There is a decrease of upwards of 900*l.* on tea.
Dundee - -	72,801	80,221	7,420	- -	Wood, Corn, Sugar, Spirits, Wine.	- - -	259	581	322	- -	The increase in the trade of this port is general.
Glasgow -	964,477	725,293	- -	239,184	- - -	Tea, Sugar.	19,318	61,756	42,438	- -	Two sugar refineries were closed during the year 1865.
Grangemouth	12,603	12,562	- -	41	Flour -	Tea - -	127	722	595	—	———
Greenock -	1,054,836	1,222,480	167,644	- -	Sugar -	- - -	1,174	10,802	9,628	- -	A trade in beetroot sugar from France has lately sprung up at this port.

Appendix (C.)—Scotland—*continued.*

Port.	Amount of Duty. 1864.	Amount of Duty. 1865.	Increase.	Decrease.	Articles. Increase.	Articles. Decrease.	Duty received on British Spirits. 1864.	Duty received on British Spirits. 1865.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
Inverness	£ 5,113	£ 4,851	£ - -	£ 262	Timber, Wheat.	Tea, Wine.	£ - - -	£ 500	£ 500	£ —	———
Kirkcaldy	16,435	23,181	6,746	- -	Tobacco	- - -	54	8,697	8,643	—	———
Kirkwall	64	44	- -	20	- - -	Timber.	—	—	—	—	———
Leith	431,610	429,359	- -	2,251	Corn, Spirits, Sugar.	Tea - -	8,045	34,577	26,532	- -	The decrease is caused by the reduction of the duty on tea.
Lerwick	86	103	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	———
Montrose	9,788	8,179	- -	1,609	Timber, Wheat.	Tea - -	607	1,415	808	- -	There is a decrease of 1,800*l.* on tea alone.
Perth	16,308	14,887	- -	1,421	Corn, Tobacco.	Timber, Tea, Spirits, Wine.	- - -	475	475	—	———
Peterhead	1,969	1,717	- -	252	- - -	Tea - -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	The decrease is entirely caused by the reduction of the duty on tea.
Port Glasgow	106,925	100,382	- -	6,543	- - -	Sugar - -	30	25	- -	5	The decrease is caused by the reduction in the rate of duty on the lower qualities of sugar.
Stornoway	39	21	- -	18	- - -	Timber.	—	—	—	—	———
Stranraer	118	287	169	- -	Timber, Spirits.	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	Duty was paid on some derelect spirits in 1865.
Troon	6,908	7,652	744	- -	Timber, Grain, Tobacco.	- - -	150	314	164	- -	The trade of the port is on the increase.
Wick	995	831	- -	164	- - -	Spirits, Grain, Timber.	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	A bad fishing season is the cause of the decrease.
Wigtown	45	61	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	———

Appendix (C.)—Ireland.

Port.	Amount of Duty. 1864.	Amount of Duty. 1865.	Increase.	Decrease.	Articles. Increase.	Articles. Decrease.	Duty received on British Spirits. 1864.	Duty received on British Spirits. 1865.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
Ballina	£ 2,210	£ 3,094	£ 884	£ -	Tobacco	-	£ 649	£ 7,158	£ 6,509	£ -	The manufacture of tobacco at this port has been resumed.
Belfast	330,277	333,175	2,898	-	Corn, Spirits, Sugar, Wine, Tobacco.	Timber, Tea.	52,272	275,534	223,262	-	There is an increase of 25,800*l.* on tobacco, and a decrease of 33,800*l.* on tea.
Coleraine	6,444	5,442	-	1,002	-	Timber, Grain, Tea.	—	—	—	—	———
Cork	293,291	289,727	-	3,564	Grain	Tea	232	8,647	8,415	-	The decrease is caused by the reduction of the duty on tea.
Drogheda	4,151	3,295	-	856	-	Corn, Timber.	-	61	61	—	———
Dublin	940,912	929,352	-	11,560	Wine, Spirits, Tobacco, Timber.	Tea	151	2,906	2,755	-	There is an increase of 31,600*l.* on tobacco, and a decrease of 76,300*l.* on tea.
Dundalk	40,009	32,183	-	7,826	Wine, Brandy.	Tobacco, Tea, Grain.	-	-	-	-	There is a decrease of 7,300*l.* on tobacco alone.
Galway	20,389	21,098	709	-	Corn, Wood.	Tea, Tobacco, Wine.	251	324	73	—	———
Limerick	138,264	123,325	-	14,939	Corn, Timber.	Sugar, Tobacco, Wine, Spirits.	812	7,483	6,671	-	The decrease is principally on tobacco.

APPENDIX (C.)—IRELAND—*continued.*

PORT.	Amount of Duty.		Increase.	Decrease.	Articles.		Duty received on British Spirits.		Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
	1864.	1865.			Increase.	Decrease.	1864.	1865.			
	£	£	£	£			£	£	£	£	
LONDONDERRY	104,348	104,092	- -	256	Tobacco, Sugar, Wine, Spirits.	Tea -	5,856	1,475	- -	4,381	The quantity of tea is largely in excess of that delivered in 1864.
NEWRY - -	21,694	19,192	- -	2,502	Grain, Timber.	Tea -	3,246	20,304	17,05	- -	The decrease is entirely caused by the reduction of the duty on tea.
ROSS - -	19,523	20,568	1,045	- -	Corn, Tobacco.	- - -	543	5,896	5,353	—	———
SKIBBEREEN -	1,157	646	- -	511	Corn -	Tobacco -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	The premises of the only manufacturer of tobacco were under repair during the latter half of the year.
SLIGO - -	26,515	26,561	46	- -	Tobacco, Rum, Wine.	Tea -	1,818	17,428	15,610	—	———
TRALEE -	16,556	16,682	126	- -	Corn, Wood.	—	—	—	—	—	———
WATERFORD -	66,122	73,535	7,413	- -	Corn, Tobacco.	Tea -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	There was an increase of 6,500*l.* on corn alone.
WESTPORT -	1,542	1,401	- -	141	Tea, Wine.	Tobacco -	635	3,860	3,225	- -	There is a considerable decrease on tobacco owing to a manufactory having ceased to work.
WEXFORD -	13,840	8,235	- -	5,605	- - -	Tobacco, Tea.	148	217	69	- -	The manufacture of tobacco has ceased in this neighbourhood.

APPENDIX (D.)

A STATEMENT showing the Alterations which have taken place in the Customs Tariff during the Year 1865, and showing, also, the Authority under which each of those Alterations has been carried into effect.

ARTICLES.	Rates of Duty chargeable at the commencement of the Year 1865.	Rates of Duty substituted in the Year 1865.	Authority by which the Alterations were made, and Dates from which they severally took place.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Sugar Cane Juice - -	0 6 7 per cwt.	0 8 2 per cwt.	28 & 29 Vict. c. 95.— 1st September 1865.
Tea - - - -	0 1 0 per lb.	0 0 6 per lb.	28 Vict. c. 30.— 1st June 1865.

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports, Custom House, London, 2nd April 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (E.)

AN ACCOUNT of the Gross Receipt of Customs Duties in the United Kingdom in the Year 1865, compared with the Receipt in the preceding Year 1864; specifying the Amount collected on each of the principal Articles: Also, of the aggregate Amount paid for Drawbacks, Allowances for Goods over-entered, &c.; and of the aggregate Net Receipt of Customs Duties in the same Years.

	Years ended 31st December		Increase or Decrease in the Year 1865, as compared with the Year 1864.	
	1864.	1865.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£	£	£	£
Chicory	129,104	127,933	—	1,171
Cocoa, Cocoa Husks, and Chocolate	19,654	20,071	417	—
Coffee	394,879	384,302	—	10,577
Corn	625,232	647,099	21,867	—
Currants	260,047	280,749	20,702	—
Figs, Plums, and Prunes	30,725	31,728	1,003	—
Pepper	120,426	124,399	3,973	—
Raisins	102,943	103,404	461	—
Spirits: Rum	1,896,328	1,879,908	—	16,420
„ Brandy	1,205,768	1,388,733	182,965	—
„ Geneva and other sorts	138,793	198,689	59,896	—
Sugar	5,314,043	5,362,907	48,864	—
„ Molasses	90,517	94,639	4,122	—
Tea	4,431,867	3,189,269	—	1,242,598
Tobacco and Snuff	6,091,727	6,245,489	153,762	—
Wine	1,319,261	1,374,859	55,598	—
Wood and Timber of all kinds	292,723	320,040	27,317	—
Other Articles (taken collectively)	34,173	25,754*	—	8,419
AGGREGATE GROSS RECEIPT	22,498,210	21,799,972	—	698,238
Deduct Drawbacks and Repayments	204,707	225,106	20,399	—
AGGREGATE NET RECEIPT	22,293,503	21,574,866	—	718,637

* See Supplementary Account, exhibiting the separate Receipt on each of the "Other Articles."

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports,
Custom House, London, 17th May 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

SUPPLEMENT to APPENDIX E., exhibiting the separate RECEIPT on each of the "OTHER ARTICLES."

ARTICLES.	Gross Amount of Duty collected on each in the Year ended 31st Dec. 1865.	Rates of Duty chargeable.	Reasons for levying the Duty.
	£		
Arrow root	411		
Barley, pearled	3		
Biscuit and bread	118		
Cassava powder	10		
Mandioca flour	—		
Manna croup	2		
Potato flour	1,190	4½ per cwt.	In respect of the duty on corn and meal.
Powder of all sorts	—		
Rice dust and meal	52		
Sago	2,950		
Semolina	44		
Starch and gum of starch	376		
Tapioca	373		
Vermicelli and maccaroni	145		
Almond paste	2		
Cherries, dried	7		
Comfits, dry	7		
Confectionery	974	1*d.* per lb.	In respect of the duty on sugar.
Ginger, preserved	954		
Marmalade	21		
Plums preserved in sugar	1		
Succades	1,947		
Beer, mum	3	20*s.* per barrel	
„ spruce	2,753	„	
„ of other sorts	225	„	
Essence of spruce	—	10*l.* per cent. ad valorem.	To countervail the excise duty on British malt.
Malt, foreign	6	25*s.* per quarter.	
„ imported from the Isle of Man	1,155	21*s.* $8\frac{8}{10}$*d.*	
Chloroform	1	3*s.* per lb.	In respect of the duty on spirits.
Collodion	24	24*s.* per gallon	
Ether	89	25*s.* „	
Varnish containing alcohol or spirit	245	12*s.* „	
Plate, of gold	12	17*s.* per oz. troy.	To countervail the stamp duty on British plate.
„ of silver, gilt or ungilt	3,313	1*s.* 6*d.* „	
Vinegar	733	3*d.* per gallon	To countervail the excise duty on British malt.
Pickles preserved in vinegar	5	1*d.* „	
Cards, playing	494	3*s.* 9*d.* per doz. packs.	To countervail the stamp duty and licence for selling British made cards.
Dice	—	21*s.* per pair	Duty on dice not enforced.
Ships, foreign, built of wood on registration as British ships	7,109	1*s.* per ton.	In respect of the duty on timber.
	25,754		

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports,
Custom House, London, 17th May 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (F.)

AN ACCOUNT showing, in Quarterly and Annual Periods, the Net Receipt of Customs Duties in the United Kingdom in the Years 1864 and 1865, specifying the Receipt upon each of the principal Articles; and showing also, the Increase or Decrease in the Receipt of the Year 1865, as compared with the Receipt in the Year preceding.

—	NET RECEIPT OF CUSTOMS DUTIES IN THE YEARS 1864 AND 1865.											
	Quarters ended				Year ended 31st Dec.	Quarters ended				Year ended 31st Dec.	Increase or Decrease in the Year 1865, as compared with the Year 1864.	
	31st March 1864.	30th June 1864.	30th Sept. 1864.	31st Dec. 1864.	1864.	31st March 1865.	30th June 1865.	30th Sept. 1865.	31st Dec. 1865.	1865.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Chicory	34,864	29,121	33,303	31,466	128,754	35,443	33,028	27,464	31,772	127,707	-	1,047
Coffee	106,392	94,654	94,701	96,425	392,172	103,016	89,172	93,472	95,960	381,620	-	10,552
Corn	142,576	113,713	200,140	162,739	619,168	85,561	161,695	176,329	218,880	642,465	23,297	—
Currants	37,546	58,346	45,813	117,874	259,579	38,269	64,559	60,114	117,081	280,023	20,444	—
Figs, Plums, and Prunes	8,363	4,395	2,324	15,331	30,413	5,647	2,310	2,242	21,359	31,558	1,145	—
Pepper	24,650	34,033	27,321	34,356	120,360	25,168	30,336	31,449	37,218	124,171	3,811	—
Raisins	9,743	11,150	17,896	63,492	102,281	11,203	11,571	13,107	67,362	103,243	962	—
Spirits, Rum	548,264	399,351	377,772	570,203	1,895,590	560,488	365,183	363,506	590,540	1,879,717	-	15,873
——— Brandy	269,027	271,726	321,472	342,280	1,204,505	310,617	292,441	371,960	412,618	1,387,636	183,131	—
——— Geneva, and other Sorts	31,390	30,196	37,770	39,799	139,155	40,857	42,693	44,504	70,251	198,305	59,150	—
Sugar	1,224,517	1,407,230	1,267,565	1,265,790	5,165,102	1,223,778	1,312,868	1,455,144	1,209,454	5,201,244	36,142	—
——— Molasses	22,348	21,512	23,046	23,012	89,918	20,652	19,890	29,162	23,972	93,676	3,758	—
Tea	1,113,532	1,113,299	1,104,539	1,098,623	4,429,993	1,152,749	823,362	598,829	612,203	3,187,143	-	1,242,850
Tobacco and Snuff	1,534,985	1,457,937	1,506,635	1,555,872	6,055,429	1,559,776	1,477,671	1,556,857	1,606,351	6,200,655	145,226	—
Wine	319,129	344,013	315,875	338,597	1,317,644	319,216	345,523	330,011	378,171	1,372,921	55,277	—
Wood, Sawn or Split	21,964	24,635	82,358	65,677	194,634	14,610	23,820	97,884	73,419	209,733	15,099	—
——— Not Sawn or Split	8,086	8,417	27,563	28,480	72,546	6,957	11,551	36,572	24,649	79,729	7,185	—
Other Articles (taken collectively)	18,357	19,423	17,141	21,339	76,260	14,819	19,119	16,532	22,850	73,320	-	2,940
AGGREGATE RECEIPT	5,475,733	5,443,181	5,503,234	5,871,355	22,293,503	5,528,826	5,126,792	5,305,138	5,614,110	21,574,866	Net Decrease	718,637

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports,
Custom House, London, 2nd April 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (G.)

A STATEMENT showing the Gross Receipt and Net Produce of the Customs Revenue of the United Kingdom in each Financial Year from 1858 to 1865, inclusive, with the Charges of Collection thereon, and the Rate per Cent. of Collection on the Gross Receipt and Net Produce respectively.

CUSTOMS REVENUE of the UNITED KINGDOM.

Year ended 31st March.	Gross Receipt.	Net Produce after deducting Drawbacks, Bounties, Repayments or Over-entries, &c.	Charges of Collection.	Rate per Cent. of Collection.	
				On the Gross Receipt.	On the Net Produce.
	£	£	£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1858 -	23,603,770	23,275,743	843,757	3 11 6	3 12 6
1859 -	24,376,169	23,998,380	838,203	3 8 9	3 9 10
1860 -	24,789,793	24,391,084	823,284	3 6 5	3 7 6
1861 -	23,516,821	23,278,250	769,663	3 5 5	3 6 1
1862 -	23,937,772	23,692,955	733,208	3 1 3	3 1 11
1863 -	24,339,083	24,038,893	726,517	2 19 8	3 0 5
1864 -	23,569,101	23,234,356	741,791	3 2 11	3 3 10
1865 -	23,004,762	22,527,573	759,207	3 6 0	3 7 5

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports, Custom House, London, 2nd April 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (H.)

AN ACCOUNT showing the Quantities of Raw Cotton imported into the United Kingdom in the Year 1865, distinguishing the Countries from which imported.

Countries from which imported.	Quantities of Cotton Wool imported into the United Kingdom in the Year 1865.
	Cwts.
Russia: Ports within the Baltic	525
Ports on the Black Sea	6
Sweden: Ports without the Baltic	91
Norway	70
Denmark	12
Schleswig and Holstein, with Lauenburg	5,101
Prussia	1,699
Hanover	20
Hamburg	1,830
Bremen	2,392
Holland	2,926
Belgium	922
Channel Islands	20
France: Ports without the Mediterranean	20,276
Ports within the Mediterranean	1,198
Portugal	8,889
Azores	178
Spain: Ports without the Mediterranean	607
Ports within the Mediterranean	224
Canary Islands	3
Gibraltar	4,977
Italy: Genoa	159
Tuscany	1
Naples	1,021
Sicily	315
Illyria, Croatia, and Dalmatia	1,558
Malta	1,579
Ionian Islands	172
Greece	9,556
Turkey, European	32,466
Natolia or Asia Minor	183,896
Syria and Palestine	6,771
Egypt	1,578,912
Africa: Morocco	126
British Possessions on the River Gambia	565
Sierra Leone	41
British Possessions on the Gold Coast	7,126
Fernando Po	3
West Coast, not particularly designated	965
Cape of Good Hope	203
Natal	908
East Coast—Native States	130
St. Helena	140
Mauritius	150
Persia	86
British India: Bombay and Sinde	3,152,484
Madras	438,645
Bengal and Pegu	367,595
Singapore and the Eastern Straits Settlements	1,636
Ceylon	21,315
French Possessions in India	881
Philippine Islands	1

APPENDIX (H.)—*continued.*

Countries from which imported.			Quantities of Cotton Wool imported into the United Kingdom in the Year 1865.
			Cwts.
Siam			581
China			209,946
Hong Kong			110,195
Japan			26,633
British Australia:	West Australia		3
	Victoria		357
	New South Wales		1,304
	Queensland		985
	New Zealand		8
Society Islands			68
Canada			529
Nova Scotia			24
Bermudas			29,271
Bahamas			129,336
British West India Islands (except Bahamas):	Jamaica		582
	St. Christopher		822
	Nevis		37
	Antigua		1,267
	Montserrat		61
	Dominica		59
	St. Lucia		100
	St. Vincent		572
	Barbadoes		3,419
	Grenada		2,932
	Tobago		73
	Trinidad		5,253
British Guiana:	Demerara		2,613
	Berbice		518
Belize			5,137
Foreign West Indies:	Cuba		136,896
	Porto Rico		1,542
	Curaçoa		16
	St. Thomas		6,132
	Dutch Guiana		223
	Hayti and St. Domingo		14,966
United States of America:	Ports on the Atlantic, Northern		744,973
	Southern		467,817
Mexico:	Ports on the Atlantic		326,640
	Ports on the Pacific		725
Central America:	Ports on the Atlantic		594
	Ports on the Pacific		425
New Granada:	Ports on the Atlantic		109,182
Venezuela			22,062
Ecuador			58
Peru			8,937
Chili			1,962
Brazil			494,671
Argentine Confederation			71
Total			8,731,949

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports, Custom House, London, 2nd April 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (I.)

AN ACCOUNT of the computed Real Value of the Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver Bullion and Specie registered in the year ended 31st December 1865.

Countries from and to which Imported and Exported.	Imported into the United Kingdom.			Exported from the United Kingdom.		
	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Russia	19,512	125	19,637	—	—	—
Denmark	255	515	770	-	21,792	21,792
Hanse Towns	14,981	169,434	184,415	106,591	458,809	565,400
Holland	4,767	429,211	433,978	2,148	1,025,349	1,027,497
Belgium	110,335	99,700	210,035	214,204	403,778	617,982
France	307,765	854,111	1,161,876	4,263,286	699,579	4,962,865
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	746,571	59,448	806,019	82,415	-	82,415
Spain and Canaries	25,388	1,363	26,751	1,408,803	3,605	1,412,408
Gibraltar	37,685	47,214	84,899	—	—	—
Malta	2,807	-	2,807	30,021	-	30,021
Turkey	1,468	-	1,468	303	-	303
Egypt	316,149	1,278	317,427	580,262	3,808,260	4,388,522
West Coast of Africa	111,907	20,370	132,277	35,387	11,219	46,606
British Possessions in South Africa	49,305	6,834	56,139	19,469	-	19,469
Australia	5,051,170	321	5,051,491	14,524	26,678	41,202
British North American Provinces	126,276	13,561	139,837	77,572	5,822	83,394
Mexico, South America (except Brazil), and West Indies.	2,444,181	4,931,855	7,376,036	315,480	8,124	323,604
Brazil	339,549	77,305	416,854	1,271,126	105,545	1,376,671
United States of America	4,304,495	230,065	4,534,560	61,087	4,831	65,918
Other Countries	471,004	33,931	504,935	10,654	15,801	26,455
Total	14,485,570	6,976,641	21,462,211	8,493,332	6,599,192	15,092,524

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports,
Custom House, London, 9th April 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (K.)

Port of London.

A Statement showing the Number of Payments for Duties in Cash and Bank Notes, by Traders' Cheques upon Bankers, and by the Transfer or Customs Note; also, an Average Amount of the daily Receipts by each Mode of Payment; for the Years 1856 to 1865 inclusive.

Year ended 31st December	Total Number of Receipts.	Total Amount of the Year's Receipts.	No. of Payments made in Cash and Bank Notes.	Amount of Duty received in Cash and Bank Notes.	No. of Payments made by Exchequer Bills.	Amount of Duty received by Exchequer Bills.	No. of Payments made by Traders' Cheques.	Amount of Duty received by Traders' Cheques.	No. of Payments made by Customs Cheques.	Amount of Duty received by Customs Cheques.
		£ s. d.		£ s. d.		£ s. d.		£ s. d.		£ s. d.
1856 (being 311 secular days)	163,407	12,330,497 7 4	106,921	3,709,566 10 10	—	—	33,337	3,627,737 10 3	23,149	4,993,193 7 3
1857 (being 309 secular days)	158,843	11,495,322 13 4	100,781	3,320,492 8 7	—	—	35,317	3,563,966 7 9	22,745	4,610,863 17 0
1858 (being 310 secular days)	159,174	12,350,437 0 6	99,274	3,066,550 12 2	—	—	34,217	3,363,285 1 8	25,683	5,620,601 6 8
1859 (being 310 secular days)	164,103	12,758,949 3 2	102,157	3,151,489 8 7	—	—	35,456	3,844,064 6 1	26,490	5,763,395 13 6
1860 (being 310 secular days)	149,492	11,823,875 0 6	89,928	2,385,491 19 2	—	—	33,694	3,630,734 11 5	25,870	5,807,748 9 11
1861 (being 310 secular days)	154,715	11,956,884 19 11	94,056	2,455,669 1 6	—	—	33,099	3,616,149 9 8	27,560	5,885,066 8 9
1862 (being 310 secular days)	153,851	12,199,131 14 4	92,320	2,152,725 4 6	—	—	33,804	3,790,574 16 7	27,727	6,255,831 13 3
1863 (being 309 secular days)	156,775	12,014,617 6 2	93,844	2,035,531 2 5	—	—	33,777	3,798,556 6 8	29,154	6,180,529 17 1
1864 (being 311 secular days)	162,948	11,537,587 18 1	97,085	2,080,000 17 2	170	307,585 8 0	33,407	3,050,577 18 8	32,286	6,099,423 14 3
1865 (being 309 secular days)	163,756	11,014,385 12 1	98,190	2,087,574 7 9	78	166,390 13 11	35,391	3,239,441 5 4	30,097	5,520,979 5 1
Daily Average, 1856	526	39,648 0 0	344	11,928 0 0	—	—	107	11,665 0 0	74	16,055 0 0
" " 1857	514	37,210 0 0	326	10,746 0 0	—	—	114	11,533 0 0	73	14,922 0 0
" " 1858	514	39,840 0 0	320	9,892 0 0	—	—	111	10,849 0 0	83	18,131 0 0
" " 1859	529	41,158 0 0	330	10,166 0 0	—	—	114	12,400 0 0	85	18,591 0 0
" " 1860	482	38,142 0 0	290	7,695 0 0	—	—	109	11,712 0 0	83	18,735 0 0
" " 1861	499	38,570 0 0	303	7,921 0 0	—	—	107	11,665 0 0	89	18,984 0 0
" " 1862	496	39,352 0 0	298	6,944 0 0	—	—	109	12,227 0 0	89	20,180 0 0
" " 1863	507	38,882 0 0	304	6,587 0 0	—	—	109	12,293 0 0	94	20,001 0 0
" " 1864	524	37,098 0 0	312	6,688 0 0	—	—	108	9,809 0 0	103	19,612 0 0
" " 1865	530	35,645 0 0	318	6,756 0 0	—	—	115	10,484 0 0	97	17,867 0 0
Average of each Receipt, 1856				34 13 6	—	—	—	109 0 0	—	216 19 4
" " 1857				32 19 0	—	—	—	101 3 4	—	204 8 2
" " 1858				30 18 0	—	—	—	97 14 8	—	218 16 10
" " 1859				30 17 0	—	—	—	108 9 0	—	217 11 3
" " 1860				26 10 6	—	—	—	107 15 0	—	224 10 0
" " 1861				26 2 0	—	—	—	109 5 0	—	213 7 0
" " 1862				23 6 0	—	—	—	112 3 6	—	225 15 0
" " 1863				21 13 10	—	—	—	112 9 3	—	212 0 0
" " 1864				21 8 6	—	1,809 0 0	—	91 6 3	—	188 18 4
" " 1865				21 5 0	—	2,133 0 0	—	91 10 8	—	183 8 9

Receiver General's Office, 23rd February 1866.

C. S. CARTWRIGHT, Assistant Receiver General.

APPENDIX (L.)

An Account of the Tonnage, distinguishing British from Foreign, entered Inwards and cleared Outwards in the United Kingdom during each year from 1855 to 1865, both inclusive.

Years.	Entered Inwards.			Cleared Outwards.			Total of Ships entered Inwards and Outwards.
	British.	Foreign.	Total.	British.	Foreign.	Total.	
	Tonnage.	Tonnage.	Tonnage.	Tonnage.	Tonnage.	Tonnage.	Tonnage.
1855 -	5,270,792	3,680,447	8,951,239	5,648,940	3,889,291	9,538,231	18,489,470
1856 -	6,390,715	4,162,419	10,553,134	6,555,056	4,480,859	11,035,915	21,589,049
1857 -	6,853,705	4,621,494	11,475,199	6,840,402	4,863,191	11,703,593	23,178,792
1858 -	6,439,201	4,522,499	10,961,700	6,452,204	4,896,077	11,348,281	22,309,981
1859 -	6,585,112	4,636,810	11,221,922	6,726,731	4,955,606	11,682,337	22,904,259
1860 -	6,889,009	5,283,776	12,172,785	7,025,914	5,490,593	12,516,507	24,689,292
1861 -	7,721,035	5,458,554	13,179,589	7,699,497	5,716,555	13,416,052	26,595,641
1862 -	7,856,639	5,234,451	13,091,090	8,090,221	5,354,128	13,444,349	26,535,439
1863 -	8,430,146	4,825,917	13,256,063	8,589,246	4,893,424	13,482,670	26,738,733
1864 -	9,028,100	4,486,911	13,515,011	9,173,575	4,515,923	13,689,498	27,204,509
1865 -	9,623,432	4,694,454	14,317,886	9,735,523	4,843,683	14,579,206	28,897,092

15th April 1866.

W. WYBROW, Collector.

APPENDIX (M.)

Registered Tonnage of the British Empire.

Table 1.—New Vessels Built and Registered during each year from 1855 to 1865, both inclusive.

Year ending 5th January.	United Kingdom.		Channel Islands.		British Plantations.		Total in British Empire.	
	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.
1855 -	802	196,942	28	4,761	752	188,272	1,582	389,975
1856 -	1,098	323,200	28	3,894	744	164,968	1,870	492,062
1857 -	1,150	244,578	32	3,398	694	175,620	1,876	423,596
1858 -	1,278	250,472	46	5,065	721	167,940	2,045	423,477
1859 -	1,000	208,080	40	4,980	633	99,328	1,673	312,388
1860 -	959	185,970	31	3,041	605	93,307	1,575	282,318
1861 -	1,016	211,968	31	2,442	675	104,418	1,722	318,828
1862 -	1,186	310,900	38	3,927	699	136,707	1,923	451,534
1863 -	1,285	351,427	46	4,732	759	161,467	2,090	507,626
1864 -	1,514	626,756	38	4,018	1,237	340,424	2,789	971,198
1865 -	1,518	607,281	44	10,205	1,387	359,364	2,949	976,850

15th April 1866.

W. WYBROW, Collector.

APPENDIX (N.)

Registered Tonnage of the British Empire.

Table 2.—Aggregate Number of Registered Vessels existing on the Registry in each year from 1855 to 1865, both inclusive.

Year ended 31st December.	United Kingdom.		Channel Islands.		British Plantations.		Total in British Empire.		
	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Vessels.	Tons.	Men.
1855 -	25,115	4,286,908	833	62,426	9,744	901,219	35,692	5,250,553	261,194
1856 -	25,335	4,304,460	842	62,496	9,835	945,480	36,012	5,312,436	267,573
1857 -	26,219	4,491,377	878	67,363	9,991	973,147	37,088	5,531,887	287,353
1858 -	26,658	4,587,893	883	69,845	10,210	951,885	37,751	5,609,623	288,345
1859 -	26,804	4,591,250	898	71,941	10,498	997,211	38,200	5,660,402	291,431
1860 -	26,764	4,586,742	899	71,945	10,838	1,052,281	38,501	5,710,968	294,460
1861 -	27,142	4,735,491	896	71,335	10,830	1,088,543	38,868	5,895,369	299,861
1862 -	27,525	4,860,191	915	74,209	10,987	1,106,958	39,427	6,041,358	304,171
1863 -	27,750	5,251,757	887	76,316	11,558	1,296,330	40,195	6,624,403	326,366
1864 -	27,737	5,542,878	895	84,622	12,235	1,475,761	40,867	7,103,261	341,499
1865 -	27,868	5,666,873	919	93,436	*12,055	1,488,851	40,842	7,249,160	346,579

* Several returns for 1865 not having been received, these accounts will be corrected next year.

15th April 1866.

W. WYBROW, Collector.

APPENDIX (O).—No. 1.

A STATEMENT showing the Declared Value of British and Irish Produce and Manufacture exported to the United States of America in the Years 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, and 1865, specifying the Principal Articles.

Articles.	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	Increase or Decrease in 1865 as compared with 1864.		Increase or Decrease in 1865 as compared with 1860.	
							Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Alkali, soda - -	526,806	205,893	453,094	356,574	384,259	498,128	113,869	—	—	28,678
Arms, ammunition, and military stores :—										
Fire-arms (small) and parts of fire-arms -	30,989	108,015	993,820	409,679	18,924	13,157	—	5,767	—	17,832
Gunpowder - -	1,636	315	180	226	2,015	46	—	1,969	—	1,590
Of all other kinds -	14,209	11,688	7,201	17,422	18,304	11,499	—	6,805	—	2,710
Beer and ale - -	100,375	31,452	31,446	33,053	43,411	55,867	12,456	—	—	44,508
Coals and culm - -	192,779	248,020	202,012	170,529	129,470	119,208	—	10,262	—	73,571
Cotton, piece goods - -	3,849,915	1,254,345	1,842,338	1,611,764	1,678,440	3,012,482	1,334,042	—	—	837,433
„ thread for sewing -	313,654	140,537	244,161	280,330	214,050	202,354	—	11,696	—	111,300
Earthenware and porcelain -	654,283	216,998	320,916	356,329	398,338	452,255	53,917	—	—	202,028
Haberdashery and millinery -	1,347,268	628,383	623,576	665,609	761,778	937,709	175,931	—	—	409,559
Hardware and cutlery -	1,054,908	651,456	462,100	429,011	472,932	638,129	165,197	—	—	416,779
Linen, piece goods - -	1,893,427	642,696	1,694,046	2,076,761	2,481,199	3,633,938	1,152,739	—	1,740,511	—
„ thread - -	172,560	85,345	203,152	200,228	187,560	149,363	—	38,197	—	23,197
Metals :—										
Copper, sheets, nails, &c.	58,338	14,154	26,634	16,347	16,426	42,404	25,978	—	—	15,934
Iron, pig - -	229,283	88,687	61,819	129,063	215,429	212,566	—	2,863	—	16,717
„ Bar, bolt, and rod -	735,121	176,945	392,456	517,697	731,805	257,541	—	474,264	—	477,580
„ Railway, of all kinds	916,361	176,897	89,130	419,625	831,952	426,803	—	405,149	—	489,558
„ Cast - -	23,431	11,338	11,769	28,911	16,544	5,701	—	10,843	—	17,730
„ Hoops, sheets, and boiler plates.	299,443	81,296	159,956	191,283	222,175	119,268	—	102,907	—	180,175

Appendix (O.)—No. 1.—*continued.*

Articles.	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	Increase or Decrease in 1865 as compared with 1864.		Increase or Decrease in 1865 as compared with 1860.	
							Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
Metals—*cont.*	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Iron, Wrought, of all kinds	199,448	92,504	132,317	209,978	258,371	165,646	—	92,725	—	33,802
,, Steel, unwrought	653,058	308,300	468,809	531,249	493,244	366,004	—	127,240	—	287,054
Lead, pig and lead shot	88,531	16,156	262,346	51,016	251,809	167,439	—	84,370	78,908	—
Tin plates	1,018,536	417,360	688,201	746,454	658,218	975,656	317,438	—	—	42,880
Oil seed	74,775	1,960	7,885	3,634	45,439	72,038	26,599	—	—	2,737
Salt	119,993	78,766	63,231	26,977	36,619	70,317	33,698	—	—	49,676
Silk manufactures :—										
Stuffs, handkerchiefs, and ribbons.	124,206	95,833	110,850	128,543	119,873	117,948	—	1,925	—	6,258
Other articles of silk only	114,590	24,470	85,174	87,934	75,831	130,311	54,480	—	15,721	—
Mixed with other materials	219,565	64,226	16,169	19,153	39,093	46,539	7,446	—	—	173,026
Spirits, British	66,322	18,039	33,218	14,713	11,229	16,741	5,512	—	—	49,581
Wool, sheep and lambs'	7,245	71,886	92,536	38,828	16,300	31,410	15,110	—	24,165	—
Woollen manufactures :—										
Cloths, coatings, &c.	629,017	393,423	689,878	670,512	709,765	573,114	—	136,651	—	55,903
Worsted stuffs	2,424,893	1,038,424	1,141,996	2,003,690	2,058,103	3,784,301	1,726,198	—	1,359,408	—
Carpets and druggets	360,140	126,934	237,204	268,318	270,442	385,841	115,399	—	25,701	—
All other articles	3,151,960	1,541,763	2,478,250	2,632,952	2,839,158	3,544,067	704,909	—	392,107	—
	21,667,065	9,064,504	14,327,870	15,344,392	16,708,505	21,235,790	6,040,918	1,513,633	3,636,521	4,067,796
							1,513,633			3,636,531
					Net *increase* in 1865 as compared with 1864		4,527,285		Net *decrease* in 1865 as compared with 1860	431,275

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports,
Custom House, London, 13th April 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (O.)—No. 2.

AN ACCOUNT of the Computed Real Value of the Imports into the United Kingdom from the United States, for the Years 1863, 1864, and 1865, respectively.

—	Ports on Atlantic.						Ports on Pacific.			Total from United States.		
	1863.		1864.		1865.							
	Northern States.	Southern States.	Northern States.	Southern States.	Northern States.	Southern States.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1863.	1864.	1865.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1st Quarter -	4,080,540	134,256	3,385,130	77,263	1,843,894	62,328	145,434	115,555	19,288	4,360,230	3,577,948	1,925,510
2d „ -	4,859,488	150,407	4,693,211	63,584	2,276,245	91,642	148,601	174,792	45,480	5,158,496	4,931,587	2,413,367
3d „ -	4,819,717	151,247	4,780,905	116,349	3,205,712	125,060	179,063	92,819	20,890	5,150,027	4,990,073	3,351,662
4th „ -	4,768,960	79,532	4,315,866	108,118	8,930,664	4,842,947	54,765	- -	84,965	4,903,257	4,423,984	13,858,576
Total -	18,528,705	515,442	17,175,112	365,314	16,256,515	5,121,977	527,863	383,166	170,623	19,572,010	17,923,592	21,549,115

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports,
Custom House, London, 6th April 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (P.)—No. 1.

AN ACCOUNT showing the Quantity of Tea Imported into the United Kingdom in each Year from 1848 to 1865 inclusive, specifying the Quantity Imported into London and into Ports other than London, and from the Year 1852 the Quantity Imported severally into London, Liverpool, and Ports other than London and Liverpool; also the relative Per-centage of the parts of the whole.

YEARS.	Quantity of Tea Imported into the United Kingdom.	Quantity of Tea Imported into the Port of London.	Quantity of Tea Imported into Ports other than London.		Per-centage of Import taken by London.	Per-centage of Import taken by Ports other than London.	
	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.				
1848 - -	47,774,755	33,630,653	14,144,702		70.39	29.61	
1849 - -	53,459,469	41,136,442	12,323,027		76.95	23.05	
1850 - -	50,512,384	37,453,222	13,059,162		74.15	25.85	
1851 - -	71,466,421	52,120,377	19,346,044		72.93	27.07	
			Quantity of Tea Imported into Liverpool.	Quantity of Tea Imported into Ports other than London and Liverpool.		Per-centage of Import taken by Liverpool.	Per-centage of Import taken by Ports other than London and Liverpool.
			lbs.	lbs.			
1852 -	66,360,535	51,289,296	13,013,343	2,057,896	77.29	19.6	3.11
1853 -	70,735,135	52,211,734	16,443,750	2,079,651	73.81	23.25	2.94
1854 -	85,792,032	71,382,603	12,666,526	1,742,903	83.2	14.77	2.03
1855 -	83,259,657	69,686,584	12,025,603	1,547,470	83.7	14.44	1.86
1856 -	86,200,414	71,193,821	12,393,271	2,613,322	82.59	14.38	3.03
1857 -	64,493,989	54,684,501	8,433,828	1,375,660	84.79	13.08	2.13
1858 -	75,432,535	68,098,794	5,329,284	2,004,457	90.28	7.06	2.66
1859 -	75,077,452	68,614,342	5,561,493	901,617	91.39	7.40	1.20
1860 -	88,946,636	84,401,976	4,116,236	428,424	94.89	4.63	.48
1861 -	96,577,183	87,431,870	8,011,140	1,134,173	90.53	8.29	1.18
1862 -	114,787,440	109,750,188	4,018,815	1,018,437	95.61	3.50	.89
1863 -	136,803,218	132,186,194	4,571,759	47,265	96.62	3.34	.04
1864 -	124,359,243	122,335.601	1,975,400	48,242	98.37	1.59	.04
1865 -	121,156,712	116,965,422	3,700,824	490,466	96.54	3.05	.41

APPENDIX (P.)—No. 2.

An Account showing the Quantity of Tea annually entered for Home Consumption in the United Kingdom, with the average rate and aggregate Amount of Duty collected thereon, specifying the Quantity entered in London, the Amount of Duty thereon, the Quantity entered in Ports other than London, and the Amount of Duty thereon, and severally, the relative Per-centage of Import and Per-centage of Duty collected, from the Year 1848 to 1865 inclusive.

Years.	Quantity of Tea entered for Home Consumption in the United Kingdom.	Amount of Duty received thereon.	Average rate of Duty per lb. paid on Year's Consumption.	Average price per lb. in Bond.	Quantity of Tea entered for Home Consumption in the Port of London.	Amount of Duty received thereon.	Quantity of Tea entered for Home Consumption in Ports other than London.	Amount of Duty received thereon.	Per-centage of Import Port of London.	Per-centage of Import into Ports other than London.	Per-centage of Duty collected in Port of London.	Per-centage of Duty collected in Ports other than London.
	lbs.	£	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	lbs.	£	lbs.	£	lbs.	lbs.	£	£
1848 - -	48,734,789	5,329,992	2 2¼	1 0¼	27,241,060	2,979,491	21,493,729	2,350,501	70.39	29.61	55.9	44.1
1849 - -	50,021,576	5,471,422	2 2¼	1 1	27,926,528	3,054,464	22,095,048	2,416,958	76.95	23.05	55.82	44.18
1850 - -	51,172,302	5,596,961	2 2¼	1 3¼	28,838,958	3,154,261	22,334,344	2,442,700	74.15	25.85	56.36	43.64
1851 - -	53,949,059	5,900,625	2 2¼	1 2½	30,774,089	3,365,916	23,174,970	2,534,709	72.93	27.07	57.04	42.96
1852 - -	54,713,034	5,984,172	2 2¼	1 0½	31,240,612	3,416,942	23,472,422	2,567,230	77.29	22.71	57.1	42.9
1853 - -	58,834,087	5,683,791	1 11¼	1 3¼	31,732,305	3,074,067	27,101,782	2,609,724	73.81	26.19	54.08	45.92
1854 - -	61,953,041	4,780,149	1 6½	1 3½	33,235,356	2,561,892	28,717,685	2,218,257	83.2	16.8	53.6	46.4
1855 - -	63,429,286	5,310,275	1 8	1 3	35,193,972	2,932,831	28,235,314	2,377,444	83.7	16.3	55.23	44.77
1856 - -	63,278,212	5,536,626	1 9	1 2¾	35,658,309	3,120,102	27,619,903	2,416,524	82.59	17.41	56.35	43.65
1857 - -	69,159,843	5,060,048	1 5½	1 5$\frac{4}{10}$	37,900,773	2,763,598	31,259,070	2,296,450	84.79	15.21	54.62	45.38
1858 - -	73,217,484	5,186,170	1 5	1 4$\frac{8}{8}$	41,253,009	2,922,110	31,964,475	2,264,060	90.28	9.72	56.34	43.66
1859 - -	76,362,008	5,408,924	1 5	1 6$\frac{6}{8}$	44,338,075	3,140,538	32,023,933	2,268,386	91.39	8.61	58.06	41.94
1860 - -	76,842,016	5,442,923	1 5	1 6¾	45,961,045	3,255,489	30,880,971	2,187,434	94.89	5.11	59.81	40.19
1861 - -	77,949,464	5,521,320	1 5	1 5	47,017,353	3,330,282	30,932,111	2,191,038	90.53	9.47	60.32	39.68
1862 - -	78,817,060	5,582,793	1 5	1 7$\frac{3}{16}$	48,447,133	3,431,376	30,369,927	2,151,217	95.61	4.39	61.47	38.53
1863 - -	85,206,779	4,652,822	1 1$\frac{3}{16}$	1 6$\frac{11}{16}$	52,782,908	2,884,688	32,423,871	1,768,134	96.62	3.38	62.	38.
1864 - -	88,637,099	4,431,868	1 0	1 6½	56,124,794	2,806,215	32,512,305	1,625,653	98.37	1.63	63.32	36.68
1865 - -	97,921,944	3,189,282	0 7$\frac{5}{8}$	1 7$\frac{7}{8}$	61,010,917	1,998,094	36,911,027	1,191,188	96.54	3.46	62.65	37.35

APPENDIX (Q.)—No. 1.

A STATEMENT showing the Declared Value of British and Irish Produce and Manufacture exported to France in the Years 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, and 1865, specifying the Principal Articles.

Articles.	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	Increase or Decrease in 1865, as compared with 1864.		Increase or Decrease in 1865, as compared with 1860.	
							Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Alkali, soda - -	9,432	26,658	39,231	61,300	65,878	61,092	—	4,786	51,660	—
Apparel and haberdashery -	44,418	118,215	195,514	182,048	125,026	162,549	37,523	—	118,131	—
Beer and ale - -	14,428	16,231	19,427	29,173	26,612	28,263	1,651	—	13,835	—
Caoutchouc, manufactures of	18,472	34,775	72,757	91,580	126,116	134,159	8,043	—	115,687	—
Cement - - -	32,979	42,701	44,426	54,257	99,319	62,745	—	36,574	29,766	—
Coals, cinders, and culm -	564,243	617,891	611,942	543,738	623,139	731,598	108,459	—	167,355	—
Corn, wheat - -	5,644	963,707	18,727	78,978	20,371	8,450	—	11,921	2,806	—
„ wheatflour - -	9	78,743	828	2,815	12	37	25	—	28	—
Cotton yarn - -	50,459	187,228	245,807	178,467	168,010	286,416	118,406	—	235,957	—
„ piece goods - -	206,849	478,327	548,381	452,128	520,846	599,388	78,542	—	392,539	—
„ hosiery small wares -	41,412	83,554	190,256	103,991	118,142	134,657	16,515	—	93,245	—
Drugs and chemical products	16,263	36,069	80,079	101,221	100,126	95,754	—	4,372	79,491	—
Earthenware and porcelain -	7,377	21,518	54,359	51,701	53,937	52,533	—	1,404	45,156	—
Hardwares and cutlery -	118,265	201,410	250,027	200,240	218,469	253,074	34,605	—	134,809	—
Horses - - -	94,740	50,135	79,676	77,197	55,543	55,769	226	—	—	38,971
Linen yarn - - -	70,620	104,469	99,244	175,052	129,273	280,707	151,434	—	210,087	—
„ piece goods - -	61,097	181,066	189,015	180,982	205,830	191,961	—	13,869	130,864	—
Machinery, steam engines -	13,C02	12,867	13,474	17,966	8,180	21,816	13,636	—	8,814	—
„ other sorts -	158,018	349,115	339,268	345,866	365,439	356,177	—	9,262	198,159	—
Metals, copper, wrought and unwrought -	548,072	316,199	388,549	856,388	348,913	325,693	—	23,220	—	222,379
„ iron, wrought and unwrought -	370,381	794,699	1,178,485	835,643	630,787	616,244	—	14,543	245,863	—
„ lead and shot -	24,197	13,889	10,261	16,686	70,476	94,544	24,068	—	70,347	—
„ tin, unwrought -	115,123	98,777	107,572	147,759	145,412	101,358	—	44,054	—	13,765

Articles.	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	Increase or Decrease in 1865, as compared with 1864.		Increase or Decrease in 1865, as compared with 1860.	
							Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Metals, tin plates - -	36,076	38,563	55,192	59,326	59,411	65,127	5,716	—	29,051	—
„ zinc, wrought and unwrought -	31,270	7,238	20,211	934	7,519	3,071	—	4,448	—	28,199
Naphtha, Paraffine Oil, &c.	19,149	46,428	61,143	109,831	81,515	42,177	—	39,338	23,028	—
Oil, seed - - -	342,021	317,879	262,614	162,342	261,088	375,888	114,800	—	33,867	—
Painters' colours - -	34,082	55,270	41,145	30,099	38,602	35,780	—	2,822	1,698	—
Silk, yarn - - -	131,970	133,497	170,240	139,506	152,580	119,017	—	33,563	—	12,953
„ thrown - -	221,608	186,609	233,768	183,300	153,470	100,775	—	52,695	—	120,833
„ Manufactures - -	60,124	117,707	75,640	121,664	191,134	162,981	—	28,153	102,857	—
Spirits, British - -	49,610	216,232	43,598	37,802	80,096	4,128	—	75,968	—	45,482
Telegraphic wire and apparatus	75,461	15,366	4,460	1,604	13,787	124	—	13,663	—	75,337
Wool, sheep and lambs' -	573,091	782,698	385,073	348,773	318,301	312,461	—	5,840	—	260,630
Woollen yarn - -	233,828	235,782	372,324	369,129	340,640	423,048	82,408	—	189,220	—
Woollen manufactures, cloths, coatings, &c.	36,536	147,581	726,415	193,442	187,962	257,579	69,617	—	221,043	—
„ „ worsted stuffs	234,161	773,385	927,644	1,094,940	1,020,610	1,331,882	311,272	—	1,097,721	—
„ „ flannels and carpets -	9,328	71,358	128,826	102,257	80,717	55,086	—	25,631	45,758	—
„ „ of other sorts	13,614	44,076	36,028	28,346	29,910	39,398	9,488	—	25,784	—
All other articles - -	562,551	877,676	887,741	904,838	944,163	1,051,377	107,214	—	488,826	—
	5,249,980	8,895,588	9,209,367	8,673,309	8,187,361	9,034,883	1,293,648	446,126	4,603,452	818,549
							446,126		818,549	
					Net increase in 1865, as compared with 1864		847,522	- - -	3,784,903	Net increase in 1865, as compared with 1860.

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports,
Custom House, London, 13th April 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (Q.)—No. 2.

AN ACCOUNT of the Computed Real Value of the Imports into the United Kingdom from France, in the Years 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, and 1865 respectively, distinguishing the principal Articles, exclusive of Corn, Meal, and Flour.

Articles.	Years.				
	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
	£	£	£	£	£
Brass and bronze manufactures	96,192	140,829	132,853	99,564	71,459
Butter	703,467	566,512	611,246	858,793	1,867,085
China and porcelain ware	77,763	77,169	105,343	98,559	87,689
Clocks and watches; viz.—					
Clocks	161,456	146,958	188,909	184,521	159,472
Watches	321,400	258,409	250,423	228,217	249,662
Cotton, raw	38,840	327,323	160,108	628,339	200,740
Cotton manufactures	399,210	450,397	553,602	411,205	377,647
Eggs	438,275	454,864	563,354	713,570	850,959
Flax, undressed	68,570	230,325	182,397	119,668	60,920
Flowers, artificial	275,092	346,100	302,156	302,464	295,272
Fruit, raw	192,402	122,826	182,807	171,788	122,150
Garancine	78,155	148,239	140,161	172,382	133,196
Glass, plate	16,174	45,716	63,641	95,024	96,095
Hides, tanned	89,439	142,208	177,660	184,321	224,614
Leather manufactures; viz.—					
Gloves	646,216	728,876	849,224	1,047,738	950,339
Boots and shoes	86,195	72,740	92,985	37,461	43,924
Boot fronts	52,702	78,687	58,195	17,326	5,934
Madder and madder root	111,466	107,471	164,062	158,048	188,889
Oil, rape	41,890	76,121	159,939	109,678	183,071
Oil-seed cakes	271,266	244,827	149,948	153,335	251,092
Oil or spirit of turpentine	53,187	205,691	320,177	330,524	264,274
Platting of straw, chip, or other materials	90,178	85,943	113,118	68,881	98,721
Potatoes	77,744	207,101	176,970	94,137	114,268
Resin	58,361	263,223	496,477	533,399	428,311
Seeds, clover	112,031	139,751	98,752	220,156	414,852
Silk, raw	470,101	692,253	1,788,053	1,157,619	3,050,007
„ waste, knubs and husks	230,214	249,972	216,631	184,473	403,230
„ thrown	152,133	68,677	79,157	106,939	113,135
Silk manufactures of Europe	4,902,272	5,312,357	5,213,852	5,979,611	6,781,577
Spirits, viz., brandy	898,889	1,001,980	1,095,885	1,490,531	826,422
Sugar, refined and unrefined	95,320	530,048	375,330	702,160	1,167,003
Wine	952,797	717,356	697,742	792,859	865,747
Wool, sheep and lambs'	101,845	569,105	251,477	399,425	132,288
Woollen manufactures	1,057,837	1,247,021	1,357,909	1,210,305	1,189,701
All other articles except corn	3,239,505	3,867,661	4,539,731	4,700,183	5,509,311
Total (exclusive of corn, meal, and flour)	16,658,584	19,924,736	21,910,274	23,763,203	27,779,054

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports,
Custom House, London, 6th April 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (R.)—No. 1.

A STATEMENT showing the computed Real Value of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise Exported from the United Kingdom to the United States of America in the Years 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, and 1865, distinguishing the principal Articles.

Articles.	Computed Real Value.				
	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
	£	£	£	£	£
Arms and ammunition	21,051	81,997	—	1,240	40
Bark, Peruvian	28,270	20,355	4,644	14,212	33,513
Caoutchouc	5,872	57,672	35,275	34,137	45,433
Cochineal	8,608	23,910	11,013	30,459	55,734
Coffee	337	28,329	6,297	56,331	54,151
Cotton, raw :					
Produce of United States	183,876*	1,365,127†	855,887‡	603,949§	31,234‖
„ Brazil	-	-	16,195‡	22,828§	— ‖
„ Egypt	-	6,692†	25,442‡	25,997§	21,764‖
„ British India	37,565*	344,754†	407,000‡	326,398§	40,733‖
„ Other countries	-	9,341†	87,225‡	191,874§	9,724‖
Gambier and Cutch	670	2,418	805	19,745	52,617
Gum, Arabic	19,361	40,370	16,457	14,294	47,638
„ unenumerated	2,251	7,130	41,520	34,740	48,588
Hemp, dressed and undressed	3,236	68,340	76,176	30,311	115,418
Hides, undressed	1,674	41,811	26,106	8,231	38,567
Indigo	513,277	540,431	184,618	202,342	299,243
Iron in bars	12,447	29,860	66,266	59,093	33,902
Linen sails and manufactures	2,380	40,029	13,514	4,558	29,636
Liquorice juice and paste	4,200	28,981	22,147	30,377	22,559
Oil turpentine	17,646	38,930	32,810	29,023	294
Opium	108,704	70,204	37,085	40,478	58,922
Pepper	8	35,711	458	41,797	16,288
Quicksilver	90	5,321	26,220	20,131	4,574
Rags for making paper	943	49,548	26,509	4,938	23,095
Rice	42,997	132,055	101,894	75,545	101,998
Saltpetre and nitre, cubic	1,760	96,220	22,538	35,736	22,839
Seeds, flax, and linseed	-	57,537	33,451	38,784	42,582
Silk, knubs or husks	-	36,614	1,266	449	1,018
„ raw	23,993	96,072	152,593	147,216	443,942
Skins, goat, raw and tanned	11,331	35,860	10,510	16,366	32,973
Tea	51,592	201,044	416,245	399,076	657,426
Teeth, elephants'	267	1,230	23,685	14,721	51,114
Tin, in blocks, ingots, &c.	6,530	26,508	11,052	3,966	93,823
Wool, sheep and lambs'	601,638	742,156	1,049,919	285,380	459,321
Other articles (collectively)	248,605	483,480	509,571	610,339	952,761
Total	1,961,179	4,846,037	4,352,393	3,475,061	3,943,464

* Total value of cotton wool, 221,441*l.*
† Total value of cotton wool, 1,725,914*l.*
‡ Total value of cotton wool, 1,391,749*l.*
§ Total value of cotton wool, 1,171,046*l.*
‖ Total value of cotton wool, 103,455*l.*

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports, Custom House, London, 20th April 1866.

J. A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (R.)—No. 2.

A STATEMENT showing the computed Real Value of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise Exported from the United Kingdom to France in the Years 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, and 1865, distinguishing the principal Articles.

Articles.	Computed Real Value.				
	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
	£	£	£	£	£
Bacon and hams	1,281	59,456	99,081	35,664	1,178
Bark, Peruvian	43,760	28,394	18,833	20,198	22,295
Camphor, refined and unrefined	5,260	9,347	33,628	38,667	20,669
Caoutchouc	56,908	57,899	63,346	62,373	45,529
Cochineal	21,004	21,199	41,828	26,566	42,694
Cocoa	34,826	4,991	10,357	8,969	11,781
Coffee	124,033	405,013	482,467	322,669	522,994
Copper, unwrought and part wrought	145,890	361,125	271,748	461,691	543,456
Corn, wheat	579,836	20,317	23,983	1,901	3
„ wheat flour	204,545	89	5,540	1,128	65
Cotton, raw :					
Produce of United States	216,503*	703,577†	329,259‡	445,836§	427,281‖
„ Brazil	2,951*	87,085†	50,820‡	68,082§	51,388‖
„ Egypt	16,590*	118,381†	149,426‡	433,938§	334,197‖
„ British India	135,882*	2,810,636†	4,582,548‡	3,463,217§	3,855,691‖
„ Other countries	-	17,687†	205,490‡	829,349§	531,336‖
Flax, dressed and undressed	42,429	8,867	26,994	33,616	49,500
Guano	43,571	7,563	11,637	6,289	575
Gum, lac, viz., shell-lac	21,356	37,893	33,411	33,691	24,929
Hair manufactures	177,656	231,404	92,793	49,299	109,448
Hemp, and other like substances (except jute)	33,508	19,722	27,730	35,430	38,502
Hemp, jute	54,353	82,160	183,266	257,034	300,288
Hides, untanned	38,594	32,873	86,428	101,051	42,801
Indigo	171,224	116,803	75,033	158,245	148,296
Oil, cocoa-nut	42,540	29,976	26,595	33,934	25,007
„ palm	4,700	3,322	33,812	23,608	28,791
Quicksilver	19,739	26,214	37,439	34,963	37,081
Rice	165,694	60,766	201,571	62,953	35,706
Seeds, flax, linseed, and rapeseed	205,973	73,091	180,154	196,746	227,885
„ for expressing oil therefrom	20,104	51,527	58,429	123,613	67,685
Silk, raw	3,191,838	4,404,410	3,285,348	3,545,919	3,267,295
„ thrown	100,059	198,010	310,805	511,336	587,583
Skins, goat, raw and tanned	23,068	44,879	63,724	43,878	40,636
Sugar, unrefined	3,449	308	174,471	53,364	11,505
Tallow	189,792	147,702	5,947	699	1,233
Teeth, elephants'	61,708	61,811	64,752	81,874	77,472
Tin, unwrought	34,034	68,145	84,588	96,848	53,131
Wine	64,623	50,256	53,284	51,655	51,101
Wool, sheep and lambs'	1,502,436	1,350,735	2,190,434	3,053,176	3,663,122
Other articles (collectively)	729,966	742,669	944,258	828,573	856,486
Total	8,531,683	12,556,302	14,621,257	15,638,042	16,156,615

* Total value of cotton wool, 371,926*l.*
† Total value of cotton wool, 3,737,366*l.*
‡ Total value of cotton wool, 5,317,543*l.*
§ Total value of cotton wool, 5,240,422*l.*
‖ Total value of cotton wool, 5,199,893*l.*

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports, Custom House, London, 20th April 1866.

J. A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (S.)

A RETURN of the Ports at which Cattle, &c. have been imported in the Year 1865, stating the Number imported at each Port.

Ports at which Imported.	Live Stock imported into the United Kingdom in the Year 1865.					
	Oxen and Bulls.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep.	Lambs.	Swine and Hogs.
	Number.	Number.	Number.	Number.	Number.	Number.
London	128,698	3,862	30,704	512,975	13,067	82,193
Beaumaris	—	—	—	—	—	1
Berwick	—	—	—	3	—	—
Bristol	—	—	—	—	—	11
Cowes	7	—	—	62	—	69
Dover	—	8	33	37	—	2,146
Exeter	—	44	1	—	—	—
Falmouth	3,467	760	22	8	—	2,134
Fowey	—	19	9	—	—	398
Goole	75	4,369	1,679	1,789	91	744
Grimsby	409	15	—	42,337	—	3,185
Hartlepool	1,010	1,309	1,263	27,515	323	6,859
Harwich	16,710	3,170	11,704	166,037	2,031	8,533
Hull	13,636	18,361	9,260	67,605	1,511	15,505
Littlehampton	1,193	427	29	1,006	—	1,351
Liverpool	2,730	2	—	266	—	—
Lowestoft	20	—	—	—	—	—
Middlesborough	—	—	—	6	—	6
Newcastle	2,291	3,303	191	16,395	632	504
Newhaven	199	73	268	1,124	—	2,541
Penzance	264	20	—	—	—	286
Plymouth	3,075	169	199	56	—	864
Poole	100	12	1	2,875	—	1,753
Portsmouth	40	—	—	187	—	131
Rye	—	28	—	—	—	—
Shields, North	21	27	14	—	3	15
——— South	1	3	—	—	—	1
Shoreham	110	—	11	58	—	84
Southampton	6,720	111	224	5,653	—	2,251
Sunderland	16	4	—	10	—	11
Truro	—	—	—	—	—	26
Weymouth	—	35	28	—	—	5
Leith	6,142	2,553	65	39,702	1,207	818
Dundee	4	198	11	—	—	—
Glasgow	184	—	—	—	—	—
Grangemouth	625	299	—	8,735	771	17
Greenock	16	—	—	35	—	—
Kirkwall	6	12	—	2	9	—
Dublin	557	9	27	46	1	1
Total	188,326	39,202	55,743	894,524	19,646	132,943

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports, Custom House, London, 3rd April 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (T.)

A STATEMENT for the Year to the 31st December 1865, of the total estimated Amount of Duties of Customs repealed or reduced, and imposed or augmented.

	Net Revenue.
	£
Duties repealed: *Nil.*	
Duties reduced:	
Tea	2,214,981
Duties imposed or augmented:	
Sugar Cane Juice	1,576

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports, Custom House, London, 2nd April 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

APPENDIX (V.)

AN ACCOUNT of the Quantities of Unmanufactured Tobacco imported into the United Kingdom in each Year from 1860 to 1865 inclusive, distinguishing the principal Countries from which imported.

Countries from which Imported.	Quantities of Unmanufactured Tobacco imported into the United Kingdom.					
	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.
Hanse Towns -	531,742	951,758	1,317,232	1,354,193	1,229,946	1,748,017
Holland -	3,236,824	7,899,288	8,651,421	7,783,921	6,050,409	8,347,852
Turkey Proper -	1,197,834	1,956,596	936,963	1,229,710	1,435,748	1,286,671
Philippine Islands	—	61	—	—	992,273	1,345,893
Japan - -	45,386	125	375,829	803,518	1,596,968	1,291,961
Cuba - -	615,172	619,419	557,893	847,739	819,388	611,158
New Granada -	479,838	302,115	1,288,937	848,926	4,452,578	1,827,469
Uruguay -	10,948	—	82	201,426	273,383	325,731
Argentine Confederation -	793,695	1,866.334	2,150,896	2,859,714	1,515,780	1,134,074
Other Countries except United States -	1,540,627	3,451,564	3,511,526	3,382,830	2,934,360	1,516,267
Total, exclusive of the United States	8,452,066	17,047,260	18,790,780	19,311,977	21,300,833	19,435,093
United States -	40,484,405	33,713,856	21,191,343	32,006,307	39,741,834	44,863,769
All Parts -	48,936,471	50,761,116	39,982,123	51,318,284	61,042,667	64,298,862

Office of the Inspector General of Imports and Exports, Custom House, London, 2nd April 1866.

JOHN A. MESSENGER.

Report on the Health of the Out-door Officers, Watermen, and other inferior Officers of Her Majesty's Customs during 1865, by Walter Dickson, M.D., R.N., Medical Inspector, Her Majesty's Customs.

The number of the force, as furnished by the Registrar, is precisely the same as in last year.

	Stationed in London.	Stationed at Gravesend.	Total.
Out-door officers	611	240	851
Watermen	168	32	200
Messengers	50	–	50
Watchmen	18	2	20
Constables	4	–	4
Doorkeepers	2	–	2
Crew of the "Vigilant"	–	22	22
	853	296	1,149

For easier reference and convenience these are arranged, as formerly, in three classes, viz., out-door officers, watermen, and messengers, &c.

The diseases by which they have been affected are grouped together in the same manner as in the three preceding years. This system of classification is founded on that which has been used for many years in the Royal Navy, somewhat modified to meet the peculiar requirements of this service. It possesses the advantage of brevity, clearness, and simplicity, and appears to be better adapted for general purposes of comparison than the more complex and technical arrangement on which the mortality returns of the Registrar-General are based.

To insure uniform and accurate standards of comparison, the tables are continued in the same forms as before. First come quarterly statements of the cases of sickness directly under my care in the London force, their number, and the time thereby lost to the service. These are considered with relation to the class of officers, and also to the class of disease, and brief remarks are appended to elucidate the causes of any unusual sickness or mortality at the different seasons. The fifth table is a summary of the whole year, with the averages, per-centages, and other

numerical results deduced from it. Table VI. is, medically, one of considerable interest, giving at a glance the ratio of the different classes of disease. Table VII. is a list of visits to officers at their houses, and shows the localities which they chiefly inhabit. Tables VIII. and IX. give the deaths and superannuations of the year. The remaining tables include both the London and Gravesend divisions, and exhibit the sanitary details of the entire force for the respective quarters, as well as for the year, with numerical results of wider application than in the first five tables.

TABLE I.

FIRST QUARTER (London).

From 1st of January to 31st of March 1865.

	Diseases.	Remained from last Year.	Admissions to Sick List.				Number of Days' Sickness.
			Out-door Officers.	Watermen.	Messengers, &c.	Total.	
1	Typhus Fever	–	1	–	–	1	71
	Typhoid Fever	1	–	–	–	–	36
	Febricula	–	4	–	–	4	50
2	Catarrh	1	14	4	3	21	195
	Cynanche	2	5	1	–	6	64
	Influenza	–	1	2	–	3	51
	Bronchitis	1	5	1	–	6	156
	Pneumonia	–	2	–	–	2	30
	Phthisis	1	4	–	1	5	183
	Asthma	1	–	–	–	–	90
3	Dyspepsia	1	1	1	1	3	28
	Gastritis	–	1	–	–	1	17
	Diarrhœa	–	5	–	2	7	39
	Hepatitis	–	2	–	–	2	18
4	Rheumatism	4	8	4	1	13	400
	Gout	1	3	–	–	3	62
5	Phlegmon	1	3	1	–	4	29
	Abscess	3	4	–	1	5	190
	Whitlow	–	1	–	–	1	11
	Ulcer	–	2	–	–	2	29
	Erysipelas	–	1	–	–	1	10
	Carbuncle	–	–	1	–	1	4
	Tumour	–	1	–	–	1	8
6	Fracture	1	–	–	–	–	90
	Sprain	–	3	–	–	3	27
	Contusion	–	2	1	1	4	34
	Wound	1	4	–	–	4	31
7	Paralysis	1	1	–	–	1	123
	Ophthalmia	–	2	1	–	3	23
	Angina	–	2	–	–	2	9
	Cardiac Dropsy	–	–	–	1	1	44
	Albuminuria	–	1	–	–	1	52
	Stricture	–	1	–	–	1	30
	Debility	–	1	–	–	1	11
		20	85	17	11	113	2,245

Meteorology of the first quarter.

This quarter was characterized by a remarkable and unseasonable continuance of cold. The temperature of February and March showed no progressive increase over that of January. The extremes in the quarter were 59° and 15°. The mean temperatures of the three months were respectively 36°·3, 36°·6, and 36°·6. That of March was 5½ degrees below the average of many years. The mean temperature of the dew point ranged from 3° to 6° below that of the air. The mean temperature of the Thames varied from 37° to 40°. The barometric mean was below the average, being 29°·616 for the quarter. The rain-fall was in excess in January, deficient in March, but there were frequent and heavy falls of snow, and the winter was unusually wild and protracted. Its influence was felt on the public health. Pulmonary complaints were extraordinarily prevalent, and the mortality of London, although not so high as in the preceding winter, was considerably above the average, being at the rate of 28·5 in 1,000.

Its influence on the public health,

and on the health of the officers of Customs.

The rigour of the season told on the health of the officers of Customs, most of whom are much exposed to it, and proved fatal to some of those who were advanced in life, or debilitated by long illness. The admissions to the list, and the time lost by sickness were less than in the corresponding quarter of 1864 by about 10 per cent.; but there were many cases of unusual severity of chest affections, both constitutional and inflammatory, rheumatism, and other acute forms of disease. Most of them possessed enough of vital power to resist the depressing effect of cold and recovered. In some instances the symptoms were aggravated, and the fatal event occurred so simultaneously with the falls of temperature as to leave little doubt of their direct action in destroying life. The out-door officers and messengers showed a large proportion of sick. The mean daily number of all classes on the list was 25. The mean duration of each case was 20 days.

Deaths and superannuations.

Five deaths occurred in the quarter, all of out-door officers. Two were cases of phthisis of old standing, one of two years', the other of no less than eight years' duration. The third died of extensive inflammation of the lungs supervening on phthisis in a comparatively early stage. The fourth, a weak and aged man, succumbed to an acute attack of bronchitis. The fifth, who had long suffered from rheumatic gout and a complication of maladies, was carried off by retrocession of the disease to the stomach

and brain. A messenger, advanced in life, was superannuated for chronic bronchitis.

TABLE II.

SECOND QUARTER (London).

From 1st of April to 30th of June 1865.

	Diseases.	Remained from last Quarter.	Admissions to Sick List.				Number of Days' Sickness.
			Out-door Officers.	Watermen.	Messengers, &c.	Total.	
1	Intermittent Fever	–	1	–	–	1	4
	Remittent Fever	–	1	–	–	1	38
	Febricula	–	3	–	1	4	76
2	Catarrh	2	5	2	–	7	68
	Cynanche	1	5	–	1	6	62
	Influenza	–	1	–	–	1	9
	Bronchitis	2	2	–	–	2	177
	Pneumonia	1	1	–	–	1	151
	Pleurisy	–	1	1	–	2	52
	Phthisis	5	–	–	–	–	227
	Asthma	1	–	–	–	–	65
3	Dyspepsia	–	3	–	1	4	52
	Diarrhœa	1	3	2	–	5	33
	Colic	–	3	–	–	3	16
	Enteritis	–	–	–	1	1	3
	Hepatitis	1	1	–	–	1	45
	Jaundice	–	1	–	–	1	7
4	Rheumatism	5	6	1	2	9	204
	Gout	–	–	1	–	1	5
5	Phlegmon	–	3	–	1	4	39
	Abscess	2	1	3	–	4	131
	Whitlow	1	–	–	–	–	9
	Erysipelas	–	2	–	–	2	31
	Carbuncle	1	1	–	–	1	18
	Herpes Zoster	–	1	–	–	1	10
6	Fracture	1	–	–	–	–	18
	Dislocation	–	–	1	–	1	53
	Sprain	1	1	2	–	3	43
	Wound	–	4	–	–	4	79
7	Cephalalgia	–	2	–	–	2	7
	Vertigo	–	1	–	–	1	49
	Paralysis	1	1	–	–	1	53
	Hypochondriasis	–	1	–	–	1	6
	Ophthalmia	–	–	1	–	1	60
	Neuralgia	–	–	1	–	1	6
	Angina	1	1	–	–	1	18
	Cardiac Dropsy	1	–	–	–	–	84
	Stricture	1	–	–	–	–	11
	Orchitis	–	1	–	–	1	18
	Synovitis	–	1	–	–	1	18
	Loose Cartilage	–	1	–	–	1	32
	Debility	–	–	–	2	2	51
		29	59	15	9	83	2,138

Meteorology of the second quarter.

The cold and ungenial March was succeeded by a season of unprecedented warmth, which proved most favourable to vegetation and propitious to the public health. From the 6th of April to the 10th of June the mean temperature was 5° above the average. The extremes observed in this spring were 88° and 31°. The mean temperature of the several months were 52°, 56°, and 60°. The mean of the whole quarter was $56\frac{1}{4}$°, the highest temperature that has ever been recorded for this season. The air was also singularly dry; the temperature of the dew-point showing an average of from 8° to 10° below that of the atmosphere. The temperature of the water of the Thames ranged from 52° to 66°. The atmospheric pressure was considerably above the average. Rain fell to the amount of seven inches. In May there were heavy showers; in April scarcely any rain; and although there were a few very wet days in June, a period occurred of 26 consecutive days in which no rain fell. Notwithstanding a large amount of fatal illness transmitted from the late and inclement winter, the health of London signally improved, the death-rate for the quarter falling to 23·16 per 1,000.

Sickness in second quarter.

In like manner the sick list in the Customs was greatly burdened for a time by pulmonary and other disorders contracted in March, the subjects of which did not recover till many weeks afterwards. Thus it happened that although the number of admissions in the quarter was remarkably small, being only 83, the mean daily number absent from duty was as high as 23, and the mean duration of each case exceeded 20 days. There were several severe cases of illness and two deaths occurred. One, an aged messenger, sank, after a lingering illness, from dropsy dependent on disease of the heart. The other, an outdoor officer, had been for some time phthisical, but the fatal termination was hastened by profuse hæmorrhage from the diseased lung. A waterman, advanced in life, was superannuated for asthma and chronic bronchitis, and another waterman who had been only four years in the service, but who had been for many months incapacitated for active exertion by pulmonary consumption, was discharged with a gratuity. The spring quarter is invariably the most salubrious in the year, and this (deducting the few deaths and superannuations, all cases of chronic disease,) will be found to present a more favourable character than usual.

Deaths and superannuations.

Table III.

Third Quarter (London).

From 1st of July to 30th September 1865.

	Diseases.	Remained from last Quarter.	Admissions to Sick List.				Number of Days' Sickness.
			Out-door Officers.	Watermen.	Messengers, &c.	Total.	
1	Intermittent Fever	1	–	1	–	1	43
	Remittent Fever	–	–	1	–	1	17
	Typhoid	–	1	–	–	1	59
	Febricula	–	4	3	–	7	33
2	Cynanche	–	4	–	–	4	18
	Pneumonia	1	–	–	–	–	54
	Phthisis	1	1	–	–	1	49
3	Dyspepsia	1	3	1	–	4	39
	Gastritis	–	1	1	–	2	59
	Diarrhœa	–	8	4	1	13	98
	Cholera	–	1	–	–	1	36
	Colic	1	–	–	–	–	4
	Enteritis	1	–	–	–	–	52
	Hæmorrhoids	–	1	–	–	1	21
	Hepatitis	1	–	–	–	–	3
	Disease of spleen	1	–	–	–	–	92
	Abdominal tumour	1	–	–	–	–	92
4	Rheumatism	1	5	6	–	11	153
	Gout	–	1	–	–	1	30
	Pleurodynia	–	–	–	1	1	6
5	Phlegmon	–	2	–	–	2	9
	Abscess	–	5	–	–	5	85
	Ulcer	–	1	–	–	1	11
	Erysipelas	1	–	1	–	1	61
	Carbuncle	–	1	–	–	1	33
	Herpes zoster	1	–	–	–	–	4
	Urticaria	–	1	–	–	1	12
6	Dislocation	1	–	–	–	–	92
	Sprain	–	3	1	–	4	41
	Contusion	–	2	4	–	6	41
	Wound	1	–	1	–	1	26
	Submersion	–	1	–	–	1	2
7	Cephalalgia	1	–	–	–	–	4
	Paralysis	–	–	1	–	1	5
	Neuralgia	–	2	–	–	2	56
	Ophthalmia	–	1	–	–	1	13
	Hypocondriasis	–	1	–	–	1	37
	Angina	1	–	–	–	–	3
	Nephritis	1	–	–	–	–	13
	Syphilis	–	1	–	–	1	31
	Synovitis	1	–	–	–	–	26
	Debility	1	–	–	–	–	23
		19	51	25	2	78	1,586

Meteorology of third quarter.

The weather in this quarter was very remarkable. The temperature of July was 2° above the average and that of September was the very highest of which we have

any record. The half-year from April was warmer than has ever been authentically known in our island, and culminated in September, which was the hottest and driest month. The extremes observed during the quarter were 86° and 40°; the mean being 62½°. The monthly means were 63°·8, 60°, and 63°·9. The dew-point temperature ranged from 6° to 8° below that of the air. The water of the Thames, from 64° to 66°; yet it did not become more offensive than in years when the mean was considerably lower. The barometer was unprecedentedly high in September, and rain fell on one day only. The rain-fall in the quarter was 6½ inches, being an inch below the average. In the great heats, heavy dews and fogs compensated in some measure for the want of rain. August was noted for comparative coldness and humidity, four inches of rain having fallen, and the temperature being 1½° below the mean. The public health was good. 136 deaths were attributed to cholera, and 2,281 to diarrhœa, a large proportion of which were of children. The rate of mortality in London was 22 per 1,000 against 24 per 1,000 in the same quarter of last year.

It is favourable to health.

Remarks on sickness in third quarter compared with former years.

The sickness in the force was singularly small. Only once in the last ten years do the records show so low a number of admissions at this season, viz. in 1860. In some years it has been nearly double, and once (in 1857) more than double. In the present quarter the entries on the list were 78; the mean daily number was 17; and the average duration of each case was 18 days. A few serious cases of disease occurred, of which may be particularized typhoid fever, inflammation of the bowels, and erysipelas. There were 13 cases of diarrhœa, and one, an outdoor officer advanced in life, exhibited the characteristic symptoms of Asiatic cholera in considerable intensity. Fortunately the attack lasted but a few hours, and, although greatly weakened, he ultimately recovered. The proportion of bowel complaints was greatly less than in ordinary years,* notwithstanding the almost tropical heat that pre-

* Cases of diarrhœa *in last nine years during the corresponding quarter* :—

In 1857	-	118	or	98·2	per 1,000	of mean strength.
1858	-	46	„	43·8	„	„
1859	-	72	„	60·8	„	„
1860	-	16	„	16·1	„	„
1861	-	42	„	44·3	„	„
1862	-	23	„	26·1	„	„
1863	-	28	„	32·8	„	„
1864	-	27	„	31·7	„	„
1865	-	13	„	15·2	„	„

vailed during the day in the first and last months of the quarter.

No instance of death or of superannuation has to be recorded in this period.

TABLE IV.

FOURTH QUARTER (London).

From 1st of October to 31st of December 1864.

	Diseases.	Remained from last Quarter.	Admissions to Sick List.				Number of Days' Sickness.
			Out-door Officers.	Watermen.	Messengers, &c.	Total.	
1	Typhus Fever	–	4	–	–	4	30
	Typhoid Fever	–	1	–	–	1	21
	Febricula	1	1	–	–	1	14
2	Catarrh	–	12	2	3	17	153
	Cynanche	1	3	–	–	3	61
	Bronchitis	–	5	–	–	5	197
	Phthisis	–	2	1	–	3	61
3	Dyspepsia	–	2	–	1	3	27
	Gastritis	–	1	–	–	1	25
	Diarrhœa	–	2	1	–	3	12
	Dysentery	–	2	–	–	2	54
	Colic	–	3	–	–	3	34
	Hæmorrhoids	–	–	1	–	1	18
	Disease of Spleen	1	–	–	–	–	92
	Abdominal Tumour	1	–	–	–	–	92
4	Rheumatism	2	6	6	–	12	329
	Pleurodynia	1	–	1	–	1	7
5	Phlegmon	–	1	1	1	3	22
	Abscess	–	1	–	–	1	10
	Whitlow	–	1	–	–	1	7
	Bubo	–	1	–	–	1	6
	Ulcer	–	3	1	–	4	95
	Erysipelas	1	–	1	–	1	36
	Carbuncle	–	–	–	1	1	5
	Tumour	–	1	1	–	2	17
6	Dislocation	1	–	1	–	1	52
	Sprain	–	6	–	–	6	54
	Contusion	–	5	1	1	7	153
	Scald	–	2	–	–	2	13

It is remarkable that the only year in which the number approached the low figure of the present, viz. 1860, was noted for meteorological conditions precisely opposite to those detailed above. The weather then was cold, cloudy, and wet, the defect of mean temperature being not less than 4° in every month of the quarter. It is true that August 1865 was somewhat cold and wet, but the subsequent excessive heat of September did not operate in augmenting disease. On the contrary, the Registrar-General's returns demonstrate that the mortality in London from diarrhœa, which may be assumed to be some measure of its prevalence, fell most remarkably in the hottest weeks. The deaths in the whole of that month were only 350. Fruit was abundant, and so cheap as to be within the reach of all classes. There is little doubt that used in moderation as a regular article of diet it tends to prevent the occurrence of those complaints.

TABLE IV.—*cont.*

	Diseases.	Remained from last Quarter.	Admissions to Sick List.				Number of Days' Sickness.
			Out-door Officers.	Watermen.	Messengers, &c.	Total.	
7	Hypochondriasis -	1	–	–	–	–	13
	Neuralgia - -	–	2	1	–	3	37
	Tremor (alcoholic) -	–	1	–	–	1	5
	Ophthalmia - -	–	1	1	–	2	18
	Cardiac Dropsy -	–	1	–	–	1	18
	Orchitis - -	–	1	–	–	1	35
	Syphilis - -	–	1	–	–	1	35
		9	72	20	7	99	1,858

Meteorology of the fourth quarter.

The weather of this quarter may be described as comparatively warm, wet, and stormy. In the beginning of October it was, as in September, remarkably fine and dry, but this was succeeded by a period of low atmospheric pressure, heavy rains, and violent gales. December was dry and remarkable for warmth, a spring-like growth of vegetation, and frequent storms. The extremes observed in the three months were 78° and 29°. The mean was 53°·2, being 3°·3 above the average. That of the months were severally 51°, 45°, 42½. The temperature of the dew point had a lower average of from 3° to 4°. That of the River Thames ranged from 53° to 45°. The barometer showed a range of 1·6 inch, was below the mean in October and slightly above it in December. The amount of rain was 9·1 inches, nearly six inches of which fell in October and scarcely one in December. Several heavy gales occurred; those of 22nd November and 29th of December were of disastrous severity. The public health continued to be satisfactory, although anxiety was felt as to the probable outbreak of cholera, which had been prevalent in some parts of Europe and in the Levant. The death rate of London was 24 in 1,000, which is very little in excess of the annual average and lower by two in 1,000 than that of the corresponding quarter of 1864.

Remarks on sickness in fourth quarter.

The health of the Customs' officers was in some respects favourable. The number of admissions to the sick list in the quarter was only 99, being 50 per cent. less than in the like period of last year. The mean daily number incapacitated for duty was 20, the mean duration of each case was 18 days. Several serious forms of disease oc-

curred, and the mortality was unusually high. In the last week of the quarter no fewer than four cases of typhus fever were entered on the list, three of which, there was reason to believe, arose from one specific source of contagion. The death were four in number, all of out-door officers; two from pulmonary consumption of many months' duration, the third from bronchitis and pneumonia, complicated with disease of the kidneys and bladder, the fourth from dropsy, the result of chronic disease of the spleen which had existed for three years, and was in the end associated with organic disorder of the lungs and heart. An out-door officer was superannuated for chronic disease of the stomach and general debility.

Deaths and Superannuation.

TABLE V.

SUMMARY of the preceding Tables, including the whole Year 1865.

(London.)

	Diseases.	Remained from last Year.	Admissions to Sick List.				Number of Days' Sickness.
			Out-door Officers.	Watermen.	Messengers, &c.	Total.	
1	Intermittent Fever	–	1	1	–	2	47
	Remittent Fever	–	1	1	–	2	55
	Typhus Fever	–	5	–	–	5	101
	Typhoid Fever	1	2	–	–	2	116
	Febricula	–	12	3	1	16	173
2	Catarrh	1	31	8	6	45	416
	Cynanche	2	17	1	1	19	205
	Influenza	–	2	2	–	4	60
	Bronchitis	1	12	1	–	13	530
	Pneumonia	–	3	–	–	3	235
	Pleurisy	–	1	1	–	2	52
	Phthisis	1	7	1	1	9	520
	Asthma	1	–	–	–	–	155
3	Dyspepsia	1	9	2	3	14	146
	Gastritis	–	3	1	–	4	101
	Diarrhœa	–	18	7	3	28	182
	Cholera	–	1	–	–	1	36
	Dysentery	–	2	–	–	2	54
	Colic	–	6	–	–	6	54
	Hæmorrhoids	–	1	1	–	2	39
	Enteritis	–	–	–	1	1	55
	Hepatitis	–	3	–	–	3	66
	Jaundice	–	1	–	–	1	7
	Disease of Spleen	–	1	–	–	1	184
	Abdominal Tumour	–	–	1	–	1	184
4	Rheumatism	4	25	17	3	45	1,086
	Gout	1	4	1	–	5	97
	Pleurodynia	–	–	1	1	2	13

TABLE V.—*cont.*

	Diseases.	Remained from last Year.	Admissions to Sick List.				Number of Days' Sickness.
			Out-door Officers.	Watermen.	Messengers, &c.	Total.	
5	Phlegmon	1	9	2	2	13	99
	Abscess	3	11	3	1	15	416
	Bubo	–	1	–	–	1	6
	Whitlow	–	2	–	–	2	27
	Carbuncle	–	2	1	1	4	60
	Ulcer	–	6	1	–	7	135
	Erysipelas	–	3	2	–	5	138
	Urticaria	–	1	–	–	1	12
	Herpes Zoster	–	1	–	–	1	14
	Tumour	–	2	1	–	3	25
6	Fracture	1	–	–	–	–	108
	Dislocation	–	–	2	–	2	197
	Sprain	–	13	3	–	16	165
	Contusion	–	9	6	2	17	228
	Wound	1	8	1	–	9	136
	Scald	–	2	–	–	2	13
	Submersion	–	1	–	–	1	2
7	Cephalalgia	–	2	–	–	2	11
	Vertigo	–	1	–	–	1	49
	Tremor (alcoholic)	–	1	–	–	1	5
	Hypochondriasis	–	2	–	–	2	56
	Paralysis	1	2	1	–	3	181
	Neuralgia	–	4	2	–	6	99
	Ophthalmia	–	4	3	–	7	114
	Angina	–	3	–	–	3	30
	Cardiac Dropsy	–	1	–	1	2	146
	Nephritis	–	1	–	–	1	13
	Albuminuria	–	1	–	–	1	52
	Syphilis	–	2	–	–	2	66
	Orchitis	–	2	–	–	2	53
	Stricture	–	1	–	–	1	41
	Synovitis	–	1	–	–	1	44
	Loose Cartilage in Joint	–	1	–	–	1	32
	Debility	–	1	–	2	3	85
		20	269	78	29	376	7,827

Numerical results.

Both in respect to the number of cases under treatment and the time lost to the service by sickness, this table of the health of the London force during the year, contrasts very favourably with that of last year, and will bear comparison with any of the preceding average annual returns. For ready reference the results are stated in the same terms as before:—

Mean daily number non-effective.

Out-door officers	14·8	= 2·4	per cent.
Watermen	4·6	= 2·7	,,
Messengers, &c.	1·9	= 2·5	,,
Total	21·3	= 2·5	,,

Ratio of cases of sickness.

Out-door officers	43·6	per cent. on strength.
Watermen -	46	„
Messengers, &c. -	40	„
Total	45	„

Mean duration of each case.

Out-door officers -	20·3	days.
Watermen - -	21·8	„
Messengers, &c. -	24·5	„
Total - -	20·8	„

Loss of time through sickness.

Out-door officers - -	8·8	days.
Watermen - - -	10	„
Messengers, &c. - -	9·7	„
The whole force per man -	9·1	„

Deaths.

Out-door officers -	10	=	1·6	per cent.
Watermen - -	0	=	0	„
Messengers, &c. -	1	=	1·4	„
Total -	11	=	1·3	„

Superannuations.

Out-door officers -	1	=	0·15	per cent.
Watermen -	1	=	0·06	„
Messengers, &c. -	3	=	4	„
Total -	5	=	0·58	„

These numbers are notably less than those of 1864 in regard to the ratio of cases, and to the time lost through

Favourable comparison with former years.

sickness. They are not greatly dissimilar from those of 1863, which may be accounted a fair example of a satisfactory sanitary year. The mean daily number unfit for duty has been 21, as against 24 in 1864, and 20 in 1863. The annual sick rate on strength has been 45, as against 62 and 52. The time lost by the force through sickness has been 9 days per man, as against $10\frac{1}{2}$ and $8\frac{1}{2}$ in the two preceding years. On the other hand, while there has been a considerable reduction in the number of trivial illnesses, there has been no falling off, but rather an increase, in the number of serious and protracted cases. The mean duration of each case somewhat exceeded 20 days, as compared with 17 and $16\frac{1}{2}$ days, and this is in a great measure explained by the fact of a higher mortality and superannuation being recorded in this than in the former years. Then the deaths numbered respectively 9 and 7, and the superannuations 2 and 3; while now the deaths have been 11, and the superannuations 5. With three exceptions, all these cases had been on the sick list for several months, and contributed very much to swell the averages of the year. Six of the deaths resulted from consumption, and three from other organic diseases of long standing. All the superannuations were in like manner caused by chronic debilitating maladies, which had long incapacitated the men for duty.

From this it will be seen that the death rate bears no exact relation to the amount of sickness prevalent in the force. Last year was remarkably unhealthy, yet the ratio of both mortality and superannuation was unprecedentedly low. In this year, while the health of the department has been above the average, the deaths and superannuations have been proportionally more numerous.

Health of the out-door officers,

This disparity is especially observed in the class of out-door officers, no fewer than ten of whom have died in the period, being double the rate of last year. Yet the mean daily number disabled by disease or accident has been three less, and the time lost through illness per man has been only 8·8 days, as contrasted with 11 days in 1864, and 9·3 days in 1863. Only one superannuation has occurred in this class.

of the watermen,

The watermen show somewhat higher figures than in former years. But this has arisen in a great measure from exceptional circumstances, such as very severe acci-

dental injuries, incapacitating the subjects of them for many months, and some lingering cases of diseases of very persistent and intractable character. Notwithstanding this excess the sanitary condition of this branch of the force may be deemed satisfactory. It presents a lower ratio of chest and bowel complaints than do the other classes. No instance of death has occurred during the year, and but one superannuation.

Of the messengers.

The health statistics of the messengers do not differ greatly from those of last year. The results have been on the whole more favourable. It has been before remarked that by reason of their more advanced age and diminished vigour, the members of this subdivision of the force when recovering from illness have, in general, a more tedious convalescence than the others, and this no doubt tends to counterbalance the comparative paucity of cases, and to maintain a rather high average on the non-effective list. One death and three superannuations have to be recorded in the period.

TABLE VI.

Classes of Disease arranged as in the preceding Tables.	Per-centage on Admissions to Sick List.	Per-centage on Time lost by Sickness.
1. Fevers (including Eruptive Fevers) - -	7·2	6·3
2. Diseases of the Respiratory Organs - -	25·3	27·3
3. Diseases of the Digestive Organs - - -	17·1	14·2
4. Rheumatism and Gout - - - -	13·8	15·6
5. Diseases of the Skin and Cellular Tissue - -	13·8	11·9
6. Accidental Injuries - - - -	12·5	10·9
7. Other diseases, *vide* Summary, Table V. - -	10·3	13·8
	100·0	100·0

Proportion of various classes of disease and accident.

This statement exhibits the usual preponderance of affections of the lungs, both in number and time, although not to the same degree as in the previous years. Rheumatism and gout have also occurred in diminished ratio. Diseases of the digestive organs, on the contrary, bear a larger proportion, chiefly from the unusual number of chronic cases under treatment, and, for a similar reason, the accidental injuries, several of which were very severe and tedious, are represented (by a higher figure than

Injuries as a subject of litigation.

ordinary) on the time-table. Several of these injuries were received on duty, and in some instances there were grounds for imputing culpable recklessness or neglect to the persons in the docks, or on board the vessels where the accidents happened. Three such cases (occurring in 1864) became the subject of litigation. Two suits were decided in favour of the Customs' officers, and damages awarded; but in the third the verdict was unfavourable. In some other cases the claims for compensation were arranged by mutual agreement. It is to be regretted that this course cannot always be adopted. The mental anxiety and agitation entailed by a lawsuit often affect most perniciously the health of the injured person, and greatly aggravate the shock to the nervous system originally caused by the accident. By timely arbitration or compromise, the question of compensation may generally be settled as satisfactorily to the pecuniary interests of the sufferer, with less delay, and without that unwholesome excitement and spirit of speculation engendered by a legal contest, which I have had occasion to observe, particularly in the officers of this department, to have a very injurious influence, both at the time and afterwards. I am glad to be able to report that the disposition manifested by some last year to take undue advantage of the sick list has declined, and that in this year instances of feigning or exaggerating illness have been comparatively rare.

Visits to officers at their residences.

A list is appended of visits paid to officers at their houses, which may serve to show the localities they chiefly inhabit. Increased as the facilities of conveyance have recently been, much time is consumed in traversing so wide an area, more especially as the dwellings of many are, from motives of economy, situated at a distance from main roads or railway stations. The number of visits somewhat exceeds that of last year. The numerous serious cases, some of which were at considerable distances, necessitated frequent attendance. While every effort is made to overtake all the duty, it is obvious that visits cannot be very frequently made to persons living in the remoter suburbs without occasional injustice to those who live nearer, and without partial relaxation of that surveillance on doubtful cases, which forms a less agreeable, although necessary portion of the medical inspector's duties.

TABLE VII.

VISITS to Inferior Officers of the Customs, when on the Sick List, at their own Residences, in 1865.*

District.	No. of Visits.
Stepney - - - - -	416
Mile End and Bethnal Green - -	310
Shadwell - - - - -	209
Bow, Hackney, Victoria Park - -	153
Limehouse and Poplar - - -	142
Rotherhithe and Deptford, &c. - -	93
Peckham and Camberwell - - -	77
Bermondsey and Southwark - -	31
Kennington, Lambeth, and Pimlico -	49
Hoxton and Islington - - -	26
Marylebone and Regent's Park - -	16
Within a mile of the Custom House, City, Wapping, and Whitechapel.	63
Total - - - -	1,585

THE GRAVESEND OFFICERS.

Health of the Gravesend officers.

This year has been remarkable for the very satisfactory health condition of those officers who spend their lives on the river, but whose homes and short intervals of rest are at Gravesend. An isolated case of small-pox occurred early in the year, and there was the usual prevalence of catarrhal affections in the first and last quarters, and of bowel complaints in the third quarter. But the cases appear to have been of no great severity, and the sick list has been comparatively light throughout the year.

The mean daily number incapacitated for duty has been 8·4, equal to 2·8 per cent. on strength.

The ratio of admissions to sick list = 115 per cent. on strength.

Mean duration of each case = 9 days.

Loss of time per man = 10·3 days.

These figures compare well with those of the two former years. For, in 1864, the mean daily number on the list was 12, and in 1863, 9·6; and the time lost through sickness were relatively 15·6 days and 11·5 days.

Moreover, there has been no death in this division of the force, and only one instance of superannuation, a case

* This does not include the visits made during my absence on leave, nor the numerous domiciliary visits, sometimes far out of town, to superior officers (clerks, gaugers, &c.) not entitled to medical attendance from the Crown, but whom the heads of their departments have suspected of absenting themselves from duty on insufficient or unworthy grounds, and on the nature and degree of whose illness the medical inspector is called on to report.

of long standing pulmonary disease in an out-door officer who had been for some months on sick leave in Ireland. A few officers who had been subjects of chronic disease, and were ill fitted to bear any longer the wear and tear, and long privation of home comforts inseparable from the Gravesend duty, were removed to London.

TABLE VIII.

DEATHS IN 1865.

Name.	Rank.	Age.	Service.	Date of Death.	Cause of Death.
			Yr. Mo.		
L. Knox	Out-door officer	51	31 2	Jan. 23	Pulmonary consumption.
J. Tandy	Do.	34	13 8	„ 29	Pulmonary consumption.
J. Cock	Do.	57	30 1	Feb. 8	Bronchitis.
W. Lyne	Do.	35	9 4	Mar. 9	Pulmonary consumption and pneumonia.
T. Lewis	Do.	45	22 6	„ 11	Retrocedent gout.
W. Fogden	Do.	29	7 2	Apr. 30	Pulmonary consumption.
J. Salter	Messenger	71	28 3	June 20	Disease of heart and dropsy.
C. J. Beaver	Out-door officer	39	11 4	Nov. 1	Pulmonary consumption.
J. Henry	Do.	42	20 3	„ 6	Broncho pneumonia, with disease of kidneys and bladder.
J. Belling	Do.	43	19 4	„ 18	Pulmonary consumption.
P. W. Broad	Do.	47	19 0	Dec. 9	Disease of spleen, heart and lungs, and dropsy.

TABLE IX.

SUPERANNUATIONS IN 1865.

Name.	Rank.	Age.	Length of Service.	Date of Superannuation.	Cause of Superannuation.
			Yr. Mo.		
Geo. Ticknor	Messenger	67	44 6	Jan. 7	Chronic bronchitis.
J. Barber	Do.	59	24 7	Apr. 17	Rheumatism and debility.
C. Cullen	Out-door officer, Gravesend.	44	14 11	„ 18	
C. Tansley	Waterman	59	40 8	May 21	Asthma.
W. Woods	Messenger	47	14 8	Sept. 11	Rheumatism and debility.
P. Mears	Out-door officer	44	15 5	Dec. 26	Chronic gastritis.
	Discharged with a gratuity.				
B. T. Bobin	Waterman	32	3 9	Apr. 13	Pulmonary consumption.

Table X.

Leading Forms of Disease, and Time lost through Sickness in the First Quarter.

Classes of Disease.	In London.		At Gravesend.		Total.	
	Number of Cases.	Days' Sickness.	Number of Cases.	Days' Sickness.	Number of Cases.	Days' Sickness.
1. Fevers (including Eruptive Fevers).	5	157	1	48	6	205
2. Disorders of the Respiratory Organs.	43	769	34	254	77	1,023
3. Disorders of the Digestive Organs.	13	102	18	151	31	253
4. Rheumatism and Gout -	16	462	19	123	35	585
5. Skin Disease, Abscess, Ulcers, &c.	15	281	16	252	31	533
6. Accidental Injuries -	11	182	6	193	17	375
7. Other Diseases (*vide* Table I.)	10	292	15	162	25	454
	113	2,245	109	1,183	222	3,428

Table XI.

Leading Forms of Disease and Time lost through Sickness in the Second Quarter.

Classes of Disease.	In London.		At Gravesend.		Total.	
	Number of Cases.	Days' Sickness.	Number of Cases.	Days' Sickness.	Number of Cases.	Days' Sickness.
1. Fevers (including Eruptive Fevers).	6	118	1	23	7	141
2. Disorders of the Respiratory Organs.	19	811	21	164	40	975
3. Disorders of the Digestive Organs.	15	156	16	70	31	226
4. Rheumatism and Gout -	10	209	6	31	16	240
5. Skin Disease, Abscess, Ulcer, &c.	12	238	5	64	17	302
6. Accidental Injuries -	8	193	13	152	21	345
7. Other Diseases -	13	413	6	122	19	535
	83	2,138	68	626	151	2,764

Table XII.

Leading Forms of Disease and Time lost through Sickness in the Third Quarter.

Classes of Disease.	In London.		At Gravesend.		Total.	
	Number of Cases.	Days' Sickness.	Number of Cases.	Days' Sickness.	Number of Cases.	Days' Sickness.
1. Fevers (including Eruptive Fevers).	10	152	3	18	13	170
2. Disorders of the Respiratory Organs.	5	121	11	72	16	193
3. Disorders of the Digestive Organs.	21	496	28	135	49	631
4. Rheumatism and Gout -	13	189	11	127	24	316
5. Skin Disease, Abscess, Ulcer, &c.	11	215	9	143	20	358
6. Accidental Injuries -	12	202	3	42	15	244
7. Other Diseases -	6	211	8	75	14	286
	78	1,586	73	612	151	2,198

Table XIII.

Leading Forms of Disease and Time lost through Sickness in the Fourth Quarter.

Classes of Disease.	In London.		At Gravesend.		Total.	
	Number of Cases.	Days' Sickness.	Number of Cases.	Days' Sickness.	Number of Cases.	Days' Sickness.
1. Fevers (including Eruptive Fevers).	6	65	2	33	8	98
2. Disorders of the Respiratory Organs.	28	472	36	180	64	652
3. Disorders of the Digestive Organs.	13	354	14	72	27	426
4. Rheumatism and Gout -	13	336	14	80	27	416
5. Skin Disease, Abscess, Ulcer, &c.	14	198	8	92	22	290
6. Accidental Injuries -	16	272	5	57	21	329
7. Other Diseases -	9	161	11	141	20	302
	99	1,858	90	655	189	2,513

Table XIV.

The leading Forms of Disease, the Number of Cases entered on the Sick List, and the Number of Days they were under Treatment during the Year 1865.

Classes of Disease.	In London.		At Gravesend.		Total.	
	No. of Cases.	Days' Sickness.	No. of Cases.	Days' Sickness.	No. of Cases.	Days' Sickness.
1. Fevers (including Eruptive Fevers).	27	492	7	122	34	614
2. Disorders of the Respiratory Organs.	95	2,173	102	670	197	2,843
3. Disorders of the Digestive Organs.	64	1,108	76	428	140	1,536
4. Rheumatism and Gout -	52	1,196	50	361	102	1,557
5. Skin Diseases, Abscess, Ulcer, &c.	52	932	38	551	90	1,483
6. Accidental Injuries -	47	849	27	444	74	1,293
7. Other Diseases (*vide* Table V.)	39	1,077	40	500	79	1,577
Total - -	376	7,827	340	3,076	716	10,903

The general results of these tables, which comprise the whole of the force, are as follows :—

The average number on the sick list daily has been 30 or 2·7 per cent.

The ratio of admissions to list has been 62 per cent. on strength.

The mean duration of each case has been 15 days.

The time lost to the service through sickness or accident has been 9·5 days per man.

The deaths, all from disease, have been 11 in number, and give a ratio of nearly 1 per cent., the exact proportion being 9·5 per 1,000.

The superannuations, five in number, are in the proportion of 4·3 per 1,000.

The average annual rate of mortality, calculated from the last nine years, has been 11·4 per 1,000, and of superannuation 9·2 per 1,000.

Walter Dickson, M.D.

April 1866.

LONDON:
Printed by GEORGE E. EYRE and WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.
For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

TENTH REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS OF HER MAJESTY'S INLAND REVENUE

ON

THE INLAND REVENUE.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY GEORGE E. EYRE AND WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
PRINTERS TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

1866.

3724

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For the 10 years ended 31st March 1866.

For the 10 years ended 31st March 1866.

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TENTH REPORT.

TO THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR LORDSHIPS,

WE have the honour to present our Report for the year ended on the 31st of March 1866, being the tenth of the series.

The growth of the Revenue under our management has continued without interruption. From the reduction of the Fire Insurance Duty and the Income Tax there was a loss of 2,058,092*l.*, but the account of the total receipt of Inland Revenue for the year shows a diminution of only 1,150,947*l.*, so that upwards of 900,000*l.* was supplied by increased productiveness of existing duties.

In our first Report we gave accounts of all the duties which we were then collecting for each year from their original imposition, and we have taken the occasion of this our Tenth Report to bring the statistics of the Inland Revenue up to the present time. In the Appendix will be found all the information on the subject which has occurred to us as practically useful. Some pains have been necessary to present the figures in such a form as may be least likely to lead to erroneous inferences, but all those who are in the habit of using statistics must be aware of the danger of relying upon them without an intimate acquaintance with the sources from which they are derived. Instances may be found in our comments on the Income Tax Accounts in this Report.

Progress of Inland Revenue in the last 10 years.

For a general view of the Inland Revenue during the ten years we beg leave to refer to pages 41 and 42 in the Appendix. It will be seen that the net receipt in 1856–7 was 44,855,967*l.*, and in 1865–6 39,096,414*l.*; that between those years the net amount given up by repeal or reduction of duties was 15,971,600*l.*, and consequently that 10 millions have been added to the revenue by natural progress. Allowing for increase of revenue in direct proportion to increase of population we should have expected the 44 millions of 1856–7 to have swollen to 47 millions in 1865–6, and thus, after deduction of

repealed taxes, the Inland Revenue would have amounted to little more than 31 millions and a half in the latter year instead of 39 millions, the actual receipt.

EXCISE DUTIES.

NET RECEIPTS in the Years ended 31st March 1865 and 1866.

Duties.	Years ended 31st March, 1865.	Years ended 31st March, 1866.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£	£	£	£
Spirits - -	10,176,731	10,437,168	260,437	—
Malt - -	6,394,553	6,421,260	26,707	—
Hackney Carriages -	102,647	107,022	4,375	—
Stage „ -	129,178	129,093	—	85
Railways - -	439,332	463,023	23,691	—
Licences - -	2,144,403	2,211,907	67,504	—
Race Horses -	7,746	8,424	678	—
Chicory - -	10,463	13,273	2,810	—
Sugar (home made) -	39	276	237	—
„ used in brewing	4,544	10,509	5,965	—
	19,409,636	19,801,955	392,404	85
		Net increase	- £392,319	

SPIRITS.

Years ended 31st March.	Quantities charged with Duty.	Quantities consumed as Beverage.
1865	21,238,862	20,383,375
1866	22,039,216	20,978,473
	Increase - 800,354	Increase - 595,101

Large increase in Irish spirits.

There has been an increase in each part of the United Kingdom, but it is remarkable that it has been far greater in Ireland than either in England or Scotland—greater indeed than in both those countries together. In England the consumption in 1866 exceeded that of the previous year by 60,983 gallons, in Scotland by 173,104,

and in Ireland by 361,013. When these increases are examined in relation to the quantities consumed in each country, the results are still more startling, for it will be seen that the proportionate increase in England is ·544 per cent., in Scotland 3·44 per cent., and in Ireland 8·68.

The quantities of foreign and colonial spirits retained for home consumption in the same two years were:

	Gallons.
In 1865 - - -	6,149,037
„ 1866 - - -	6,399,595

the increase being at the rate of 4 per cent.

Consumption of British, Foreign, and Colonial spirits per head in 1857 and 1866.

But the consumption of spirits per head of population is still below what it was before the year 1860 (when the duty on British spirits was raised to 10*s.* per gallon), notwithstanding the concurrent reduction in the duty on foreign spirits and the larger importations which have been the consequence.

If we take the account at the beginning and end of the 10 years embraced by our Reports we find the following result:—

Years ended 31st March.	Population.	Consumpton, per head of Population.		
		British Spirits.	Foreign and Colonial Spirits.	British, Foreign, and Colonial Spirits.
		Gallon.	Gallon.	Gallon.
1857	28,188,280	·835	·180	1·016
1866	29,935,404	·700	·213	·914

Decrease in export trade.

We observed in some of our former Reports that the distillers had been compensated for the falling-off in their home trade by a great increase in the exportation of spirits to foreign parts. This portion of their trade is, however, very fluctuating, and in the present year it has suddenly been diminished by 1,715,154 gallons.

From the following detailed account it will be seen that the chief diminution occurs in the markets of France and Portugal, in the former to the extent of more than 400,000 gallons, in the latter to nearly a million.

The precise cause of this it is difficult to ascertain.

By the distillers it is attributed to the very low prices of Prussian spirits, made from potatoes and roots, and which, though extremely coarse and in every respect inferior to the productions of this country, are taken in large quantities for fortifying wines, and for mixing with such spirits and liqueurs as have sufficient flavour to disguise the unpleasant taste of the adulterating material.

They are much used in this country for fortifying wines in bond.

EXPORTATION OF SPIRITS.

NUMBER of GALLONS of BRITISH SPIRITS EXPORTED from the UNITED KINGDOM in the Years ended 31st March 1865 and 1866.

To what Countries.	1865.	1866.
	Gallons.	Gallons.
To Channel Islands - - -	10,783	13,952
„ France - - - -	434,915	18,186
„ Portugal - - - -	1,465,193	467,725
„ Sardinia - - - -	4,668	Kingdom of Italy, 20,862
„ Tuscany - - - -	30,419	
„ Naples and Sicily - - -	39,820	
„ Turkey - - - -	118,702	21,127
„ West Coast of Africa (Foreign) -	264,283	278,477
„ British India - - -	66,492	85,200
„ Australia - - - -	268,597	221,060
„ British North America - -	108,284	125,978
„ United States of America - -	49,850	145,653
„ Other Countries - - -	513,134	261,766
Total - -	3,375,140	1,659,986

Warehousing of British compounds for home consumption legalized.

We have no change to notice in the law relating to spirits within the last year, except that effected by the 28 & 29 Vict. c. 98, which legalizes the warehousing of British compounded spirits for home consumption.

The makers of British brandy were the first who demanded this alteration. They represented that they were under a disadvantage in their competition with the foreigner in the home market, inasmuch as he could keep his spirits for any length of time in Customs warehouse without payment of duty, and that the value of such spirits greatly increases by age. To this it was replied, on the authority of some of the largest dealers in British brandy, that while there is no doubt of the improvement of the grape spirit by keeping, that is not the case with

the compound made in this country in imitation of it, and, moreover, that as the basis of that compound is plain spirit, which might be matured in bond, the supposed advantage might be obtained without any new enactment. The alteration, therefore, which was attended with some inconvenience and expense to the Department, was not very urgently required, but as it might possibly facilitate the extension of a branch of trade which is growing into importance, we felt bound to give it our support.

METHYLATED SPIRITS.

Year ended 31st March.	Gallons of Spirits Methylated.
1865	933,649
1866	1,070,897

The use of this spirit in the Arts and Manufactures continues to increase, and, so far as it can be traced, the increased quantity is chiefly used as a solvent for dyes.

Attempts to use it as a beverage.

During the past year attempts have again been made by certain druggists, chiefly in the manufacturing districts, to convert the spirit into a quack medicine. The process has generally been found to consist in distilling it with a small proportion of nitric acid, by which it was pretended that it was converted into hyponitrous ether. The spirit being then saturated with treacle or coarse sugar, and flavoured with a variety of ingredients calculated to conceal its real character, was sold under the names of "Indian Brandee," "Whiskee," &c., for the very obvious purpose of promoting its sale as a compound of genuine spirits.

Notwithstanding the disagreeable qualities still retained by this compound, it was found that in some districts it got rapidly into public favour, the consumers no doubt imagining that in this stimulating mixture they combined the use of an ordinary alcoholic beverage with some medicinal agent.

With a view to guard the public against this imposition, as well as to protect the Revenue, a number of prosecutions have been instituted against the persons who prepared or sold these compositions.

The local magistrates, before whom the cases were

heard, have approved of the course taken, and, although only moderate penalties have hitherto been exacted, it is believed that an effective check has been applied to the fraudulent practice.

Illicit Distillation.

Number of Detections.

	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.
Year ended 31st March 1865:			
Distillation only - -	38	9	3,452
Removing spirits without permit - - -	19	—	5
	57	9	3,457
Year ended 31st March 1866:			
Distillation only - -	41	11	3,557
Removing spirits without permit - - -	14	1	18
	55	12	3,575

After the statement made in the preceding pages respecting the prosperous condition of the spirit duty in Ireland it is unnecessary to make any remarks upon the above account.

It is probable that the increase shown thereon is the consequence of greater activity in the Constabulary.

MALT.

Number of Bushels charged with Duty.

	Number of Bushels.
Year ended 31st March 1865 - -	48,538,412
„ „ 1866 - -	50,163,487
Increase - -	1,625,075

The increase in the quantity of malt made, which we have remarked in our recent Reports as something unusual, appears to have become the rule rather than an exceptional

occurrence. The nature of the barley harvest must of course have very considerable effect on the make of the year, but it seems that the actual demand for malt within each year is now so great that very little diminution of the duty may be expected even in a season of comparative failure in crops. We infer this from the fact that, although the quantity of malt made in 1865 exceeded that in 1864 by 1½ million bushels, and although at the close of the malting season of 1864 the stocks on hand were unusually large, nearly the whole of the 50 million bushels made, together with the accumulations from the former year, had been consumed before the commencement of the next season; the stocks on hand at that time being, as we are informed, remarkably small.

Consumption of malt in England, Scotland, and Ireland. Appendix, page 45.

In the Appendix will be found an account which, among other statistics of the malting trade, professes to show the quantity consumed in each part of the United Kingdom separately, and to contrast it with a similar account of spirits. The figures must be considered as only approximate to the truth in the case of malt, no means being afforded us of ascertaining the amount which, in the form of beer, is sent from one part of the kingdom for consumption in another. It may not be unreasonable to assume that the interchanges nearly balance each other, and upon that supposition we have the following conclusions, viz., that in England there are consumed two bushels of malt per head, and about half a gallon of spirits; in Scotland seven-tenths of a bushel of malt per head, and more than 1½ gallon of spirits; and in Ireland four-tenths of a bushel of malt and eight-tenths of a gallon of spirits.

28 & 29 Vict. c. 66. Malt made from light grain.

The Act allowing the duty on malt made from the lighter descriptions of barley to be charged according to the weight of the grain came into operation last Session.

It was found, generally, that the weight of malting barley—both home grown and foreign—either exceeded the standard of 53 lbs. per bushel, or approached so nearly to that weight as to afford little or no inducement to maltsters to work under the Act.

The number of malthouses so worked in the whole of the United Kingdom barely exceeded 400, and the great majority of these were in the eastern counties, where the barley harvest was unfavourable, and the grain lighter than in other parts of the country.

The quantity made under the Act represented about four per cent. only of the total quantity of malt made in the United Kingdom.

Malt for Cattle.

As was anticipated there has been a great falling off in the number of maltsters, and also in the quantity of malt made for cattle-feeding purposes.

Fourteen such malthouses only were worked during any part of the season. In several of these a very small quantity was made, and the business was discontinued before the close of the season, at which time only six houses of this kind remained under entry.

Chicory.

Brought to charge 1865–6		-	11,484 cwts.
„ „	1864–5	-	5,753 „
	Increase	-	5,731

About 19,240 cwts. were dried, the produce of nearly 600 acres.

Most of this remained in warehouse at the close of the year, and about 164 tons of the old stock.

It is supposed, as the stock in warehouse is so large, that not more than 400 acres have been planted this season.

British Sugar.

It was noticed in the last Report that two manufactories of glucose, or starch-sugar, had been established in London, but during the past year these have ceased to work.

The quantity brought to charge in the year ending the 31st March was 590 cwt. 2 qrs. 3 lbs.; duty 275*l.* 11*s.* 7*d.* The receipt within the financial year, including the charge made, but not paid, at the close of the preceding year, amounted to 733*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

Taxes on Locomotion.

In the course of the financial statement in the present year, Mr. Gladstone dwelt at some length upon the taxes on locomotion, and expressed his regret that the surplus at his disposal did not enable him to propose a larger measure of relief from these imposts in their existing form than the reduction of the mileage duty on stage carriages

from 1*d.* to $\frac{1}{4}d.$, and an alteration of the lower part of the scale of post horse licences. We may expect, therefore, that the incidence of these duties will be the subject of future discussion.

Stage carriage duty compared with railway duty.

It was formerly very difficult to ascertain the proportion which the duty on stage carriages bore to the earnings and profits of the proprietors, but the published accounts of the London General Omnibus Company have furnished reliable data for the inquiry, and the results, whether considered absolutely, or relatively to other taxation of a similar nature, are very startling.

Perhaps the most important point established by these accounts is the enormous inequality which had so long existed between the taxation of stage carriages and that of railways.

The following was the true state of the case in the year 1864:—

The gross receipts of the London General Omnibus Company in that year were 612,409*l.*, and the duty (mileage and licence) paid by them was 53,304*l.*, or 8·7 per cent. on their earnings.

In the same year the gross receipts of the railway companies in Great Britain were 32,433,958*l.*, and the duty paid by them was 430,865*l.*, or 1·3 per cent. on their earnings.

If they had been taxed at the same rate as the omnibus company they would have paid 2,821,754*l.*

If we consider the taxation in the two cases with reference to the net profits, the inequality becomes still more striking.

From the accounts of the same year it appears that the net income of the railways, before deduction of the duty, was 17,511,000*l.* on a gross receipt of 32,433,958*l.*

The net income of the omnibus company was 119,503*l.* on a gross receipt of 612,409*l.*

The duty on the omnibus company absorbed upwards of 44 per cent. of their profits. The duty on the railway companies absorbed only 2·4 per cent. of their profits.

The alteration which has now been made in the stage carriage duty is only a step towards placing it on the same footing as the railway duty; for if the mileage duty had been $\frac{1}{4}d.$ in the year which we have taken for examination, the London General Omnibus Company would still have paid 14,927*l.*, which is more by 6,966*l.* than their share of taxation at the same rate as the railways.

To what extent the public will benefit by the reduction of the mileage duty remains to be seen. We observe that in the last Report of the Directors of the London General Omnibus Company there is the following announcement :—

" In consequence of the advantages conferred upon the " company by this reduction of duty, a revision of the " fare tables on the omnibuses was made on the 2nd July, " the main feature of which was the introduction of low " fares over certain short distances on each route, whereby " your directors hope to create and encourage an ad- " ditional local traffic."

Post horse duty.

We have not the same means of comparing the earnings of postmasters with the special taxation to which they are subject as we have in the case of stage carriage proprietors. It might be supposed that the Income Tax returns would furnish the requisite information ; but we have not found it so. The difference in the profits returned for assessment by various postmasters, who are otherwise under the same conditions as to the number of horses kept, and the opportunity for letting them is so great as to baffle all attempts to deduce any general rule from the accounts. This, however, is only what might be expected from the nature of assessments under Schedule D., which, too frequently, are such only as those who are assessed choose to make for themselves.

The Post Horse Duty was imposed in 1779, and was levied from that time up to 1853 in the form of a mileage duty. In that year a license duty, varying according to the number of horses and carriages, was substituted for the old tax, which it had become, practically, impossible to collect with any reasonable certainty. We cannot say that in this respect the change (which was so arranged as to reduce the amount of the tax) is any great improvement, there being very considerable difficulty in ascertaining the number of horses and carriages kept for the purpose of letting on hire.

But, besides this objection, one of the most serious which can be urged against any tax, it is evident that the circumstances of the times are so completely changed since 1779 that the incidence of a burthen originally borne exclusively by the wealthiest classes has been shifted to those who were formerly exempt from it. The people who are now most affected by the tax are those who hire carriages because they cannot afford to keep their

own, and the posting business in the old form has almost entirely disappeared. Jobmasters in London and in the great provincial towns, and owners of flys which ply in the streets of those towns and at the railway stations, are those who are primarily charged with the tax, and if the removal of it should not cause much reduction in the cost of hired carriages, it would undoubtedly afford more accommodation to the public by an increase in the number of such conveyances, especially at small railway stations in the country.

Hackney carriage duty.

The hackney carriage trade in London is peculiar in its nature; it is the only trade in which the charges of those engaged in it are fixed by law, and in which there is practically none of that competition which ensures to a good article the preference over a bad one, and it is evident that the principles which guide us in the taxation of other trades are not necessarily applicable to this.

It must be admitted that our four-wheeled cabs are a disgrace to the metropolis of a great empire. It must also be admitted that the duty is very heavy, and that if the Post Horse Duty were repealed or reduced, that on hackney carriages in London could not with justice be retained in its present shape. But it is at least very uncertain whether the public would thereby obtain any improvement in the class of carriages which ply in the streets.

There can be no doubt that this trade is at present in a condition almost peculiar to itself; that capital is repelled from embarking in it, and that the number of needy men who set up a single cab and drive it themselves is increasing every year, while that of the large proprietors is diminishing. In any other kind of business this state of things would not long exist. Open competition would secure for the good cabs the most custom and the best prices, and the dirty and rickety cabs would soon vanish from our streets. But the necessary conditions for this self-adjusting process are wanting. The prices are fixed by law at a uniform rate, and the public, for the most part, exercise rarely their right of selection when a cab is called; at all events not sufficiently to drive the inferior vehicle out of the trade.

Under such circumstances it would seem that the only legislation which would secure for us the class of hackney carriages which would be creditable to the metropolis is to be sought in an extension of the powers given to the police,

or in a more active exercise of their present power for prohibiting the use of objectionable carriages and horses.

Railway duty.

The railway duty appears to be the least burthensome of the taxes on locomotion.

We have already shown how very small it is in proportion to the gross receipts or the net profits of the companies, and we cannot anticipate that any proposal will be brought forward with a view to its reduction.

Exemption of cheap trains.

The exemption of the cheap trains (which have proved the most remunerative) has been carried to an extent which was never foreseen by the Legislature when the law was passed, and in this respect an alteration might be made with advantage to the Revenue and without injustice to the tax payer.

We have more than once adverted to this in previous Reports, in which we have reminded your Lordships that this exemption was originally meant as a compensation to the railway companies for the obligation imposed upon them by the Legislature of providing a certain number of trains at very low fares for the accommodation of the poorest class of travellers. It was supposed that these trains would entail a loss rather than a gain upon the companies. The result, however, has shown that the cheap trains have been a source of no little profit in general.

SUMMARY of the Alterations made in the Excise Duties in the Year 1865-6.

	Former Duties.	Duties for 1865.	
Compounded spirits	- -	Bonding of rectified or compounded spirits allowed subject to charges of 5*s.* or 10*s.* on every 100*l.* of Excise Duty, payable on such spirits being delivered for home consumption.	28 & 29 Vict. c. 98.
Malt - -	Duty to be charged in proportion to the weight of the grain when it is less than 53 lbs. per bushel, if the maltster elect to be so charged.		28 & 29 Vict. c. 66.

STAMPS.

NET RECEIPTS in the Years ended 31st March 1865 and 1866.

	Years ended the		Increase.	Decrease.
	31st March 1865.	31st March 1866.		
	£	£	£	£
Deeds and other Instruments	1,636,784	1,633,923	—	2,861
Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes.	769,311	768,531	—	780
Bankers' Notes - -	2,157	1,589	—	568
Composition for Bankers' Bills and Notes.	129,003	130,585	1,582	—
Receipts, Drafts, and other 1*d.* Inland Revenue Stamps.	500,249	531,324	31,075	—
Probates of Wills and Letters of Administration and Testamentary Inventories.	1,511,161	1,580,776	69,615	—
Legacy and Succession Duty	2,337,994	2,604,332	266,338	—
Fire Insurances - -	1,572,396	1,178,385	—	394,011
Marine Insurances - -	398,768	472,562	73,794	—
Patent Medicines - -	52,978	57,336	4,358	—
Cards - - - -	8,801	8,941	140	—
Probate Court Fee Stamps -	134,860	135,546	686	—
Licences and Certificates -	131,184	134,018	2,834	—
Gold and Silver Plate Duty	62,364	65,183	2,819	—
Newspapers - - -	117,547	120,784	3,237	—
Admiralty Court Fee Stamps	9,808	9,867	59	—
Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Fee Stamps.	2,914	2,701	—	213
Patents for Inventions - -	113,579	114,331	752	—
Land Registry Fee Stamps -	411	1,275	864	—
Law, Equity, Exchequer, and Chancery Fund (Ireland).	36,240	30,780	—	5,460
Registration of Deeds Fee Stamps (Ireland).	3,465	10,895	7,430	—
Total - - £	9,531,974	9,593,664	465,583	403,893

Net Increase - - - £61,690.

Probate, Legacy, and Succession Duties.

Increase in Legacy and Succession duties.

Your Lordships will not fail to observe the unusual increase in Legacy and Succession duties in the last year. But this branch of our Revenue is much more variable than almost any other, and it is more than probable that there will be a great falling off in the next annual account of receipts; we certainly cannot expect the frequent occurrence of so large a payment under one will as the sum of 150,260*l.*, which was made in the course of the last financial year. The same estate contributed 42,000*l.* to the probate duty, the property being valued at 2,800,000*l.*

Complaints in 1864.

Your Lordships will doubtless remember that in the autumn of 1864 a great many letters appeared in the "Times" newspaper complaining of the laws and regulations under which the Probate, Legacy, and Succession duties are collected. Other complainants addressed themselves to the Treasury, or to the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and before the close of that year we were directed, by letter from the Secretary to the Treasury, to ascertain "whether the present system under which "the Legacy and Succession duties in their working "details are administered may not admit of improvement, "especially as regards the possibility of following up "more closely the claims of the Crown, and ascertain-"ing how far any limit can safely be placed on the right "of the Crown to claim duty without regard to lapse "of time."

In January 1866 our Report was presented to the late Board of Treasury. The delay was occasioned, in the first place, by the necessity for exhausting the discussions (many of them very intricate and protracted) on all the cases which had been brought before us; in the second place, by our desire to give full opportunity to all parties interested in the subject to make suggestions for alteration of the law or practice, as they were invited to do by the Chancellor of the Exchequer when the subject was mooted in the House of Commons; and, lastly, by the retirement of the late Controller of Legacy duties, Mr. Trevor, which made it desirable to wait until we could obtain the opinion of his successor upon the suggestions which we were prepared to make.

Report and recommendations by this Board.

After having explained our apparent neglect of Mr Hamilton's letter, we continued our Report to your Lordships' predecessors in the following terms:—

" In order that our observations and proposals may be fully understood, it seems necessary for us to give some account of the principal regulations at present in force for assessing and collecting the duties which are the subjects of your Lordships' reference; and here we may notice in passing, that although that reference is, in its terms, confined to the Legacy and Succession duties, we have understood and acted upon it as applicable to the Probate and Administration duties also. Principal regulations at present in force.

" All these duties are classed under the general head of Stamp duties, but it is the Probate and Administration duty alone which is really collected by means of stamps.

" The stamp is impressed upon the document issued by the Court of Probate and its dependencies, giving authority to the executors or administrators of a deceased person to deal with the personal estate: and the value of the stamp varies according to the amount of the estate.

" In Scotland, owing to the non-existence of the Ecclesiastical Courts by which Probates used to be granted, the machinery is different.

" The stamp is impressed on an inventory of the personal estate of the deceased, and the legal authority of the executors or administrators is derived from a Confirmation (as it is called) granted to them by the Commissary Court, upon production of the inventory, duly stamped. There is, however, a further and more material difference between the two systems.

" In England it is only necessary for an executor to swear that his testator's estate is, on the whole, of a certain value. In Scotland he is required to make a detailed statement, also upon oath, of all the items of which the estate consists, and this is likewise the law in Ireland.

" For the sake of simplicity we shall speak only of the English system, noticing the Scotch inventories whenever it is necessary to advert to the difference of practice in that country.

" The payment of the Probate duty (we may include in that term the Administration duty) is necessarily the first step taken by an executor, as, without it, he cannot deal with the property of his testator, and our main security for the collection of the duty, as in the case of all Stamp duties, consists in the invalidity which attaches to acts done without the authority of a duly stamped instrument.

" In this sense the Probate duty is popularly said to 'collect itself,' and the first knowledge which we have at

this office that the duty is due is derived from the announcement that it has been paid. A copy of every will proved in the Court of Probate and of all Letters of Administration granted by that court are sent to the Legacy Office; and as it is to be assumed that the officers of the court do not issue Probates unstamped, or insufficiently stamped, no action on the part of this department is necessary with regard to the duty. But these copies of Wills and Administrations are the foundation of all our proceedings in the collection of the Legacy duty, and it is for this purpose that they are furnished to us.

"As soon as a copy of a will comes into this office, an abstract is made, in a tabular form, of every legacy and of the disposition of the residue, and of every devise of real estate. A notice is then issued to the executors, or in the case of administration, to the administrators, that they will be required to render accounts to this office and pay the duties within the periods defined by law.

"A notice respecting Succession duty is also sent to all persons who appear to be successors or trustees accountable for Succession duty, as well as to the executors.

"It is to be observed that the law makes it incumbent upon executors, successors, &c., to deliver accounts and pay the duties without any application from this office, and therefore that the omission of such application does not afford a valid excuse for nonpayment of the duties as they become due.

"When 12 months have elapsed from the date of the Probate without a settlement of accounts by the executors, a letter is issued to them requesting immediate attention to the Crown's claim.

"If, as frequently occurs, no notice is taken of this, a second letter is sent six months later, and if necessary a third and a fourth at similar intervals. At the end of about three, or three and a half years, from the date of Probate, a list of unsettled cases is made out in the Legacy Office, and sent to the Solicitor for recovery of the duties by legal proceedings.

"Reversionary and contingent legacies require of course a different treatment.

"It has hitherto been the practice to leave them unnoticed for 15 years from the date of Probate, and after that interval to examine the abstracts of the wills and make out a list of all reversionary and contingent gifts on which the duties remain unpaid.

" Letters are then sent to the executors enquiring whether the events have happened upon which the gifts by the will fall into possession, and six months later another letter is sent to all those who have not answered the first.

" If these inquiries are not noticed, the local officers of the Board are desired to obtain information as to the existence or place of residence of the accountable parties, who are thus frequently discovered, after long search, and made to satisfy the Crown's claim in those instances in which the reversions have fallen in.

" At the end of a period of 25 years from the date of Probate, or 10 years after the first review of abstracts of wills, the books are again examined for the purpose of dealing with the cases in which it was ascertained, on the previous enquiry, that the reversions were still outstanding; and a third review takes place at the end of another five years.

Questions to be discussed.

" We may now proceed to the consideration of the questions on which your Lordships desire us to report.

" Besides the general enquiry into the operation of the present system, your Lordships specially indicate, as subjects of discussion, the possibility of following up more closely the claims of the Crown, and of placing some limit on the right of the Crown to claim duty without regard to lapse of time.

" We believe that we are correct in supposing that both these points have been suggested to your Lordships by the perusal of the complaints which were made in the course of the autumn of 1864, and to which we have already alluded.

Complaints chiefly in cases of Reversions.

" If we separate such of those complaints as arise out of alleged defects in the law and general practice from those which are directed against the treatment of some particular case, we find that the former of these classes consists almost exclusively of cases of reversions, which had fallen in many years before the fact became known at this office, and in which the Crown's claim for the duty omitted to be paid at the proper time has to be met, not unfrequently, by the remote representatives of the persons through whose neglect the omission occurred. It is not surprising that an executor of an executor of the original executor, who was the defaulter, should, under such circumstances, demand that some restrictions should be placed on the power of the Crown to recover its debts, and that most of the notices of

Demand for Statute of Limitation against the Crown.

this subject which have appeared in the newspapers should point to a Statute of Limitation against the Crown as the remedy for the grievance of the tax-payer.

" It was therefore our duty to give to this proposal our earliest and most attentive consideration.

" The first observation which occurs to those who are conversant with the revenue laws is, that such a limitation would not only be opposed to the general rule in the case of other duties, but that the Legacy duty is above all others that in which the right to resort to the Crown's prerogative, in this respect, is most required.

" In the collection of the Excise and of the Customs, the revenue officers, as a general rule, have only themselves to blame for allowing duty to remain uncharged or unpaid, and they have great facilities for recovering it. In Legacy duty the occurrence of the event on which the duty becomes payable may be unknown to this department for very many years. But neither in the Excise, nor in the Customs' laws is there any limitation of the right of the Crown to proceed for recovery of duties. In the former branch of revenue the system of collection is such that the exercise of this prerogative is rare; but we are informed that in the Customs the cases have been very frequent in which the claim for duties has been made after an interval of many years from the time at which they became due.

Objections.

" It must then, we think, be admitted that there is, *primâ facie*, strong ground for retaining such a power in the hands of the Government in this branch as long as it has not been abandoned in other branches; and when we come to consider what would be the effect of surrendering it, we are forced to the conclusion that it is one of the last things which we could recommend. For, whatever might be the case in other taxes, it appears to be clear that in Probate and Legacy duties a limitation of the time within which they could be recovered would operate so strongly as an encouragement for concealment and evasion on the part of those on whom we must necessarily rely for notice that the tax has fallen due, that in all probability the consequence would be a considerable diminution of revenue.

Other modes of relief to be sought for.

" At the same time we are far from undervaluing the annoyance occasioned by demands for duty many years after the property on which it is chargeable has been distributed among the parties beneficially entitled, and we have endeavoured to find some means of relieving the tax-payer from the hardship of which he complains, without

relinquishing those powers of recovering the Crown's debts which it appears to us it is so essential to retain.

" The origin of the difficulties in these cases of reversions, is the uncertainty as to the time at which the duty will become payable, and the consequent inability of the officers of this department to demand the duty on the occurrence of the event from which the Crown's claim arises.

Questions to be solved.

" The problems, then, which present themselves for solution are: first, whether the duty on reversionary and contingent legacies can be made payable immediately after the death of the testator, instead of being deferred as at present; or, secondly, if that be impracticable, whether we could devise a system under which we should be sure to receive notice of the occurrence of the events upon which the beneficial interest of the reversioner accrues to him.

Uniform rate of duty would be a remedy.

" To the first of these questions there is one obvious answer. If one uniform rate of duty were substituted for the existing rates (varying according to the degree of consanguinity of the legatee to the testator), and if, at the same time, the exemption in favor of husbands and wives were repealed, we should obtain payment of the whole of the Legacy duty under each will at once, and in the same way as we now do in cases where there are none but immediate interests. In fact, the provision in the 12th section of the 36 Geo. III. c. 52., for legacies taken in succession by different persons who are chargeable at the same rate, would have universal operation, and the duty would be charged and paid as in the case of a legacy to one person.

Objections.

" The objections, however, to this apparently simple arrangement are considerable, and of such a nature as to deter us from recommending it to your Lordships, for in the first place, the abolition of the exemption in favor of husbands and wives, in regard to property derived from each other, is in itself a measure which would scarcely meet with the approval of the Legislature; and, in the second place, the rate of duty (about 2½ per cent.) which it would be necessary to impose in order to obtain the same amount of revenue as at present, would be a heavy addition to the tax now paid by children and lineal descendants, and would be deemed especially oppressive in the case of husbands and wives. Moreover, in cases of Succession duty, where the great bulk of the real estate subject to the tax passes to lineal descendants, the burthen of such a charge would be seriously felt by the tax-payer.

"If, on the other hand, in order to avoid these objections in part (for even then the difficulty in the case of husbands and wives would remain) the uniform duty were imposed at the present lowest rate (one per cent.), it is reckoned that the loss to the revenue would be at least a million and a quarter per annum.

"We must therefore seek elsewhere the means of overcoming the difficulties which we have indicated, and some means, although less simple and obvious, and less completely effectual, than the uniform rate of duty, we believe that it is in our power to suggest.

Proposed mode of dealing with Reversions.

"We propose in all cases in which there are reversionary bequests to adopt the principle of taking the duties on such reversions at their value at the death of the testator, and, for effecting this, a scheme has been laid before us by Mr. Walpole, the assistant controller of legacy duties, which will give to the revenue its just dues without injuriously affecting the interests of the life annuitants.

"In order to explain our views, we will take the simple case of a bequest to a widow for life, and afterwards to the children.

"The rights of the several parties in such a case are as follows:

"The widow is entitled to the interests of the capital for her life without any deduction.

"The children are entitled, whenever the reversion falls in, to the capital, less the duty on it.

"Lastly, the Crown has no claim upon the estate until the reversion falls in, and consequently the Crown's claim, if satisfied at the death of the testator, is fully met by payment of the duty on the present value of the reversion.

"So far as the reversioners are concerned, it is a matter of indifference whether the duty at the rate of one per cent. be deducted from the capital sum on the death of the testator or on the death of the widow, but the appropriation of it to the revenue at the earlier period would, as regards the widow, deprive her of so much of her annuity as the duty represents, and at the same time would give to the revenue more than its due. It will, however, readily be perceived that the required adjustment may be made by dividing the duty payable by the reversioners between the widow and the revenue, in such proportions as will give to the revenue the duty on the present value of the reversion, and to the widow the remainder, which of course is equivalent in value to that portion of her life

annuity of which she would be deprived by the deduction of one per cent. from the capital.

" The same principle may be applied, with the necessary modifications to other and more complicated cases, where the life annuitant is liable to duty, and the reversioners pay a different rate of tax. Examples are appended to this report.*

" We do not perceive that any objection could be made by the tax-payer to such a mode of collecting the duty; indeed, there can be no doubt that it would be a great boon to executors to be thus enabled to close their accounts with this office at once, instead of remaining liable for years, and even bequeathing that liability to their representatives. The advantage to the revenue is too obvious to need explanation; the only objection, and we mention it merely to show that we have not overlooked it, being the anticipation of the income of future years, which, for some time to come, will swell the receipt of Legacy duty, and leave an apparent deficiency hereafter; so long as the reversions under the old system are falling in, we may expect no inconsiderable addition to the revenue from the combination of the old and new regulations; and when the new system is in full and exclusive operation, the receipts will, *cæteris paribus*, be less than they would have been under the old system. But it is more than probable that the increased certainty with which the duty will be levied will fully compensate for the deficiency which would otherwise arise. And further, as the proceeds of the Succession duty have not yet reached their maximum, the increment to be realized from that source would help to diminish any contingent decline in receipts.

Advantages of the plan to executors;

to the revenue.

" This scheme, so far as we are aware, only fails of completeness in that it does not provide for contingent bequests. This, however, is of no great importance, the number of such provisions in wills being trifling as compared with that of absolute reversions, and they might well be left out of the question. But we should propose to take statutory authority to deal with such cases by compounding with the executors whenever they should agree to do so, and we have no doubt that by this means we should insure the closing of the accounts at once in almost every instance.

Contingent legacies.

Power to be taken to compound with executors.

" Your Lordships will observe that this arrangement does not touch the great mass of outstanding cases of reversions which now incumber our books.

Present outstanding Reversions.

* *Vide* Appendix, p. I.

Difficulties in applying the plan to them.

" The same principle undoubtedly is applicable to them also, as each reversion has a certain ascertainable value now as much as it had at the death of the testator, but there are difficulties in practice.

" For, in the first place, we should scarcely feel justified in recommending that a compulsory enactment of this nature should have an effect which is in some sense retrospective as we apprehend that there might be an inconvenience and trouble in many cases in making the necessary arrangements at any other period than at the death of the testator; and, in the second place, the enormous number of outstanding reversions, and the difficulty of tracing the parties liable, would preclude us from applying such an enactment universally. But should Parliament, on your Lordships' recommendation, be pleased to give us the power of accepting the present value of such reversions whenever it might be offered, we have no doubt that there would be cases in which we might thus close some of the accounts which are now the cause of so much correspondence and solicitude in the Legacy Office.

Aid of the Registrar-General to be sought for following up claims promptly.

" The greater portion, however, of the reversions under wills already proved must still be dealt with as the events occur on which the duty becomes payable, and all that we can do in alleviation of the trouble they occasion, both to this department and the tax-payer, is to endeavour to make our claim for the duty as soon as possible after it becomes due. For this purpose it appeared to us that the machinery of the Registrar-General's department might most usefully be made available for notice of the deaths or marriages which are noted in our books as the events on which reversions depend, and, having consulted the Registrar-General on the subject, we are enable to say that, with the assistance which he most readily proffers, we shall be enabled to follow up the reversionary cases much more closely than heretofore. Still the enormous number of such cases (for it is reckoned that there are not less than 100,000 now upon our books) and the difficulties created by changes of name and residence, must make it impossible for us to undertake to give notice of our claim in *every* instance.

Executors not to be relieved from obligation to tender the duty.

" We must, therefore, leave unaltered that part of the law which imposes upon the executors the obligation to tender the duty whenever it may fall due.

" Some additional security for the prompt collection of reversionary duty we think may be derived from more frequent applications than are made at present, and we

propose, instead of sending letters of enquiry at intervals of 15, 25, and 30 years from the date of Probate, to issue them for the first time at the end of five years, and afterwards at similar periods. More frequent letters of enquiry.

" These, as it appears to us, are the only measures which we can recommend with a view to obviate the complaint that accountable parties are called upon to pay duty long after the period at which it became due. We have great hope, however, that they will go far towards effecting a more prompt and therefore less vexatious collection of the duty.

" Here, then, we might close our observations on that part of your Lordships' reference which relates to 'the 'possibility of following up more closely the claims of the 'Crown,' if it were strictly true, as might be inferred from our previous observations, that it is only in reversionary cases that any amendment in that respect of the present practice is requisite or desirable. But we are of opinion that to some, though to a comparatively trifling extent, there is also room for improvement in the mode of collecting the Legacy and Residue duty when it becomes payable in respect of interests vesting immediately on death. Under the present practice, as we have explained in a previous part of this report, no steps are taken to enforce payment of the duty until three years or three years and a half after the date of Probate or Administration; and although in the meantime numerous applications to the executors are made by the Legacy Office, they are for the most part disregarded, both because it is well known among attorneys that no compulsory measures will follow before the prescribed period, and also because even unprofessional people, when they have left unnoticed two or three such letters with impunity, naturally conclude that they are mere empty threats. Hence it frequently happens that by the time that our Solicitor commences proceedings for recovery of the duty, the accountable parties have dissipated the funds available for the payment, and thus a tax which would have been little burthensome if enforced at an earlier period, becomes a grievance, and is with difficulty extracted by legal process. Interests vesting immediately. Crown's claim to be more promptly enforced.

" We propose, therefore, both in the interest of the taxpayer and the revenue, in future to issue only two applications after the first general notice of liability, sent on receipt of the will or administration at this office, and at the end of two years from the date of Probate to place the case in the hands of the Solicitor for proceedings. It is Proposed course of proceeding.

scarcely necessary to say that this last step will only be adopted when no notice is taken of our letters, or when no valid excuse is given for deferring a settlement of accounts.

General improvements in administration.

" We have but few observations to make on the more general question, whether any improvements can be introduced into the working details of the office. We do not think it necessary to trouble your Lordships with the particulars of changes in our internal arrangements which may be carried into effect without the sanction of parliament or without directly affecting the public who resort to the office. And in truth there are not many alterations which occur to us as desirable, nor have we received any suggestions from the public with the exception of those made by an eminent barrister in the early part of the year 1865. With regard to these it was very satisfactory to us to find that the most important of them had been previously adopted by us, and that if we do not concur in some of his other proposals, it is for reasons furnished by a practical experience in the department which we think he would admit as sufficient.

" The following are, however, the alterations of law which we can safely recommend to your Lordships' consideration :

I. Inventory to be exhibited in England.

I. That an inventory of the effects should be delivered by the executor or administrator in England, as in Scotland and Ireland.

II. Statements by executor on oath.

II. That the executor or administrator should be required to answer on affidavit the following queries to the best of his knowledge and belief :

" Did the deceased leave any real estate undisposed of by will ?

Succession duty to be required.

" If so, state the nature of the property and where situate, also the name and address of the supposed heir.

" Did the testator leave any property in settlement ?

" If so, give the date of the deed, and the name and address of at least one of the trustees.

As to the first.

" The first of these alterations appears to speak for itself. It would have been a most valuable aid to us in the collection of the revenue, and would have saved much trouble to executors, had it been law from the beginning ; and most especially would the benefit of it have been felt in the case of where the first beneficiary under a will is exempt from duty, and where consequently, when the account has to be rendered, on the death of the life annuitant, perhaps 40 or 50 years after that of the original testator, the greatest difficulty is experienced in ascertain-

ing what the property was. If, therefore, the suggestions which we have made for settling all accounts at once in such cases be not carried into effect, we should regard it almost as a matter of necessity that inventories should be delivered in all instances, whether duty be payable or not, and we think that under any circumstances such an enactment is greatly to be desired. Nor do we believe that it could impose any such additional trouble upon executors, &c., as could reasonably be a ground of objection to it, the examples of Scotland and Ireland, where it is readily acquiesced in, being indeed almost conclusive on that point.

As to the second.

" The second suggestion has more novelty, and may possibly be deemed less acceptable, but we think it, at least in part, worthy of consideration. Your Lordships are aware that we have but little security for the due collection of succession duty on money in settlement.

" The deeds or dispositions by which the beneficial interest liable to tax is created, are not necessarily, as in the case of wills, brought to the notice of this department, and the instances must be very numerous in which, if the trustees or other accountable parties are disposed to defraud the Revenue, they may with impunity conceal from us the existence of the title from which the succession is derived.

Scarcely required in cases of real estate.

We are not exposed to the same degree of risk in successions to real estate, because on any subsequent sale of the property the fraud must, almost certainly, be brought to light, inasmuch as the purchaser for his own protection will insist on being satisfied that the duty has been paid, and we should not be disposed to recommend that executors be compelled to make the disclosures suggested if the subject of succession duty were real estate alone. But the facility with which the knowledge may be suppressed and the duty evaded in the case of personalty affords a sufficient reason, in our opinion, for seeking from Parliament the power of requiring from executors and administrators such answers as they may be able to give to the questions stated above.

Proposal that debts should be deducted from value for Probate duty considered.

" Before closing our report, we desire to notice one of the suggestions which have been made to us, but which we are unable to adopt, and we do so, because it is to all appearance so reasonable, that the omission of it would probably appear an oversight on our part.

" We refer to the proposal that credit should be taken by the executor for the debts of the deceased when valuing the property for probate duty, instead of, as at present, paying duty on the full value of the property and obtaining

repayment afterwards in respect of so much of it as may have been actually paid in satisfaction of debts.

Objections.

" It would save much labour at this office and much trouble to executors if this could be carried into effect, and therefore we need scarcely say that we have bestowed upon it the most careful consideration. But we are satisfied that the adoption of such a measure would in reality increase both the evils which it is intended to cure, and would, in addition, cause a very appreciable loss of Revenue. Any one who knows what minute scrutiny is requisite from the officers of this department, in order to exclude improper claims for alleged debts, even under the present system when the vouchers of payment must be produced, will at once perceive how the probate duty would be affected if it might be avoided, either in whole or in part, by a mere statement that debts to a certain amount might or would be paid. No doubt it will be said that a verification of that statement should afterwards be made, and that executors should be compelled, under penalty, to produce the vouchers of payment at this office within a limited period. But in how few cases would this be done without resort to legal proceedings, or at least without pressing and repeated applications from the Legacy Office; and, after all the trouble and expense consequent upon such steps, there can be little doubt that in a large proportion of instances the Crown's claim would ultimately be abandoned as hopelessly irrecoverable.

" We cannot too strongly deprecate any change in the nature of that suggested.

Exception in cases of Leaseholds mortgaged.

" Yet there is one class of debts in favour of which we think an exception to the general rule may be made without danger to the Revenue. It frequently happens that leasehold property is subject to mortgage under circumstances which render it impossible for the person on whom the possession devolves upon a death, to pay off the debt, and, as the law does not admit of any allowance in respect of a debt unless it be actually paid in three years from the date of Probate, the consequence is that in such cases no relief can be obtained, and that the duty is charged on a larger amount of property than that which really constitutes the estate of the deceased.

" It has been suggested, as your Lordships have been informed by previous reports from us, that the law may be so construed as to permit an executor to include in his account for Probate duty only the equity of redemption of such mortgaged property; but the question having been

referred to the law officers of the Crown, we have been advised by them that there is no valid foundation for such an opinion. It is, however, a case in which we consider the tax-payer justly entitled to relief, and we recommend that the law should be altered so as to admit of leaseholds under mortgage being valued for Probate duty at their actual value to the estate of the deceased at the time.

Proposed mitigation of penalty for undervaluing effects.

" In connexion with the Probate duty we may mention another amendment in the law which we recommend. When the estate and effects have been undervalued at the time of obtaining Probate, and the error has not been corrected within six months after it has come to the knowledge of the executors, the proper stamp cannot be impressed by us without payment of the full duty applicable to the value of the estate, in addition to a penalty of 10*l*., and without any allowance for the duty originally paid. There are many cases, in which no fraud has obviously been intended, where this provision operates very harshly, and indeed we have your Lordships' authority to mitigate its severity when we consider it fair to do so. But in order to satisfy the requirements of the statute, and to give validity to the Probate, we are obliged to go through the process of receiving the full duty and penalty in the first instance, and of afterwards repaying such portion as may be necessary in order to do justice to the parties concerned.

" It appears to us that no danger to the Revenue would be incurred by assimilating the practice in the case of insufficient Probate stamps to that of other stamps on deeds, and that the difference only between the original duty and the full duty should be exacted, in addition to the penalty imposed in all cases where instruments are brought to be stamped after execution.

Minor improvements may be made by the Board.

" We have now mentioned all the most important alterations in law and practice which we desire to submit for your Lordships' consideration, and we shall not trouble your Lordships with the details of minor improvements which can be effected without the intervention of higher authority than our own. We are quite aware that much of that which we have proposed may appear rather restrictive of the immunities at present enjoyed than otherwise, but we beg leave to remind your Lordships that the grievances brought under our notice were in a great measure occasioned by a want of promptitude in enforcing the Crown's claim at the time when it might easily have been met, and by the consequent incidence of the burthen

of rendering accounts and of paying duties upon those who were not originally liable."

Bills prepared embodying these proposals.

On receiving the above Report, the late Board of Treasury were pleased to inform us that they "had "perused it with interest," and to direct that bills should be prepared, embodying the various proposals contained in it, for their Lordships' further consideration. Two bills were accordingly drawn by our Solicitor, and were under discussion when the change of Government took place. It will now rest with your Lordships to decide whether these or any similar measures shall be submitted to Parliament.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Reduction of duty.

The reduction of the duty on stock in trade, from 3*s.* to 1*s.* 6*d.*, took effect from the 25th of June, 1864, and was followed by a similar reduction on all Insurances from the 25th of June, 1865.

Owing to the mode in which the duty is collected, the the first quarterly account of Revenue, in which the effect of either of these alterations would appear, is, that for the quarter ending on the 31st of December, and thus the account for the financial years 1864–65 and 1865–66, cannot be used for the purpose of shewing the full result of either of the reductions. So far as the receipts within the year are concerned, we have a loss in 1865–66, as compared with 1864–65, of 394,011*l.*, partly occasioned by reduction of duty on stock in trade and partly by that on all Insurances.

The material questions are, first, what has been the relief to the tax-payer, and secondly, what has been the effect in promoting Insurances.

Amount of taxation remitted.

The total remission of taxation from the two charges was estimated by Mr. Gladstone at 775,000*l.*, and his estimate appears to be singularly justified by the facts. For it will be seen by the account at page 55 of the Appendix, that in the four quarters ending 30th September, 1864, (which were not affected by the alterations) the net receipt was 1,640,000*l.*, and in the four quarters ending on the 30th September, 1866 (during which the uniform rate of 1*s.* 6*d.* was in operation), the net receipt was 942,000*l.*

If we take into account the increase of 50,000*l.* a year, which would have occurred if no change had been made, we ought to have had a receipt in that year of 1,740,000*l.*,

or 800,000*l.* more than has been actually brought to charge.

From the account to which we have referred we are enabled to ascertain, with a near approach to certainty, the amount of additional Insurances which have been the result of the reduction in the duty. Again, taking the years ending on the 30th September, we find the following as the value of property insured, viz.: Amount of increase in insurances.

	£
In 1862 - - -	1,080,322,000
„ 1863 - - -	1,124,124,000
„ 1864 - - -	1,166,260,000
„ 1865 - - -	1,210,444,000
„ 1866 - - -	1,311,422,000

An increase of 40 millions annually appears to have been the rule previous to the alterations, but in the two years since 1864 the additional amount insured has been 145 millions, or 65 millions more than was to be expected under former circumstances. In 1864 the addition was 7·9 per cent. on the amount insured in 1862. In 1866 it was 12·4 per cent. on the amount in 1864.

A minor alteration in the Fire Insurance duties was made at the same time by the reduction of the Stamp duty on policies from 1*s.* to 1*d.* The following passage from Mr. Coode's Report will show the object of the change :— Reduction of Stamp duty on Policies.

" Insurance offices generally disfavor insurances of low " amount. They commonly refuse to grant policies upon " which a less premium is payable than 3*s.*, equal to an " insurance at common risks of 200*l.* And whereas they " commonly grant new policies, free of any charge, " beyond the premium and the per centage duty, for " sums of 300*l.* and upwards, they charge on all policies " for less sums, 2*s.* 6*d.* for the policy, which, with the 1*s.* " Stamp duty, is equal in the first year of the contract " to the premium on 230*l.* at common risk. The com- " bined effect of this practice of the offices and of this 1*s.* " Stamp duty must be, as by the companies it is meant " to be, a great discouragement of insurance of small " properties, especially of all of a value less than 230*l.*, " and as small properties are incomparably the most " numerous, and are liable to destruction by fire in a " greater degree than larger properties, it cannot well be " doubted that this duty very efficiently contributes to " prevent a considerable amount of small insurance, and " to deprive vast numbers of owners of small properties " of the benefit of insurance against loss by fire."

SUMMARY of Alterations made in Stamp Duties in the Year 1865.

——	Former Duties.	Duties for 1865-6.	Act.
Fire Insurances -	On insurances of stock in trade 1*s.*6*d.* for every 100*l.* insured. On other insurances 3*s.* for every 100*l.* insured (farming stock exempt).	1*s.*6*d.* on every 100*l.* insured on all insurances (farming stock exempt.)	28 Vict. c. 30.
Do. Policies - -	1*s.*	1*d.*	Do.
Do. Policies made abroad by Insurers in the United Kingdom.	- - -	Chargeable with duty.	28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.
Memorandum or Receipt for Money before issuing Policy.	- - -	1*d.*	28 Vict. c. 30.
Conveyances - -	Where the purchase money did not exceed 25*l.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* Where the purchase money exceeds 600*l.* for every 100*l.*, 10*s.*	Where the purchase money does not exceed 5*l.* - - 6*d.* 10*l.* - - 1*s.* 15*l.* - - 1*s.*6*d.* 20*l.* - - 2*s.* 25*l.* - - 2*s.*6*d.* Where the purchase money exceeds 300*l.*, for every 50*l.*, 5*s.*	Do.
Appraisements and Awards.	Where the amount shall not exceed 50*l.*, 2*s.* 6*d.*	Where the amount shall not exceed 5*l.* - - 3*d.* 10*l.* - - 6*d.* 20*l.* - - 1*s.* 30*l.* - - 1*s.*6*d.* 40*l.* - - 2*s.* 50*l.* - - 2*s.*6*d.*	Do.
Certain Licences granted by Ecclesiastical authority.	2*l.*	10*s.*	Do.

SUMMARY of Alterations made in Stamp Duties in the Year 1865—*continued.*

——	Former Duties.	Duties for 1865-6.	Act.
Agreements for letting small tenements for less than a year at a rent not exceeding 3*s.* 6*d.* per week.	Ad valorem lease duty.	1*d.*	28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.
Conveyancers and Special Pleaders Certificates.	London and Dublin 9*l.*, elsewhere, 6*l.*	Half of these duties for the first three years of being in practice.	Do.
Charter parties -	5*s.*	6*d.*	Do.
Marine Insurances. Certain Time Policies.	For any period not exceeding 6 months, 2*s.* 6*d.*; exceeding 6 months, 4*s.*	For any period not exceeding 1 month - 6*d.* 3 months - 1*s.* Exceeding 6 months - 4*s.*	Do.
Policies made abroad by Insurers in the United Kingdom.	- - -	Chargeable with duty.	Do.
Transfer of Mortgage.	Not exceeding 50*l.*, 1*s.* 3*d.* 100*l.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* 150*l.*, 3*s.* 9*d.* 200*l.*, 5*s.* 250*l.*, 6*s.* 3*d.* 300*l.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* Exceeding 300*l.*, for every 100*l.*, 2*s.* 6*d.*	6*d.* for every 100*l.*	Do.
Certificates of Marriage and of Persons having received the Holy Sacrament.	5*s.*	Repealed - -	Do.
Contracts under Highway Acts.	If under hand only 6*d.*, if by deed, 35*s.*	6*d.* only - -	Do.
Record of Title Stamps (Ireland). Fees to be collected by means of Stamps.	- - -	Various rates to be fixed by the judges of the Court with the consent of the Treasury.	28 & 29 Vict. c. 88.

LAND AND ASSESSED TAXES.

NET RECEIPT in the Years ended 31st March 1865 and 1866.

	Years ended 31st March		Increase.	Decrease.
	1865.	1866.		
	£	£	£	£
Land Tax - -	1,123,920	1,110,188	—	13,732
Inhabited Houses -	916,806	952,812	36,006	—
Servants - -	211,244	216,681	5,437	—
Carriages - -	358,801	370,257	11,456	—
Horses - -	389,357	401,111	11,754	—
Dogs - - -	210,330	219,313	8,983	—
Horse Dealers -	13,590	13,874	284	—
Hair Powder -	1,028	1,028	—	—
Armorial Bearings -	61,499	62,957	1,458	—
Additional 10 per cent. per Act 3 Vict. c. 17 -	1,359	1,390	31	—
Total £	3,287,934	3,349,611	75,409	13,732
		Net Increase -	£61,677	

PROPERTY AND INCOME TAX.

NET RECEIPT in the Years ended 31st March 1865 and 1866.

Appropriated to Schedules.

	Years ended 31st March		Increase.	Decrease.
	1865.	1866.		
	£	£	£	£
Schedule A.	3,709,485	2,882,938	—	826,547
„ B.	425,824	327,351	—	98,473
„ C.	735,552	612,228	—	123,324
„ D.	2,608,729	2,105,203	—	503,526
„ E.	506,183	393,972	—	112,211
£	7,985,773	6,321,692	—	1,664,081

INCOME TAX.

ASSESSMENTS for the Year ended 5th April 1865, &c.

Assessments for 1864 examined.

The details of the assessments for the year 1864 (which at the date of our last report had not been furnished to us) have now been ascertained. They shew a very considerable improvement over the assessments for 1863, the total amount of the property and profits assessed under all the schedules being

For the year	1863	-	-	£326,696,000
„	1864	-	-	349,096,000
	Increase	-	-	£22,400,000

Of this increase the sum of 9,770,000*l.* belongs to schedule A. and 9,900,000*l.* to schedule D.

Schedule A. Great Britain. Increase since last assessment.

With respect to schedule A, it is to be borne in mind that the assessments are generally continued, without further alteration than the addition of newly-created property and concerns, for periods of three or four years, and that the last assessment before that made in 1864 was in 1861. The increase, therefore, must be considered as if spread over a period of three years, and from this point of view it appears to be at the rate of 3·03 per cent. per annum in Great Britain.

Increase in former periods.

This is a higher rate than in either of the new assessments since 1853, the per centages being from 1853 to 1857, 2·82 per cent., and from 1857 to 1861, 2·31.

Composite nature of schedule A.

If schedule A. were really, as it is very often supposed to be, a representative of the value of lands and houses, it would be interesting to compare the rate of increase in such descriptions of property, with that in profits of trades and professions, by contrasting schedule A. with schedule D., but as a very large portion of schedule A. is derived from profits of mines, quarries, ironworks, fisheries, canals, gasworks, waterworks, docks, ferries, tolls, and railways, and moreover, as the increase in these is very much greater than in lands and houses, we must examine the component parts of schedule A. separately.

Lands, tithes, manors, fines.

It will be seen from the tabular statements of the assessments for Great Britain (*vide* page 44) that the increase in lands, tithes, manors, and fines was

From 1853 to 1857 - - 1·06 per cent. per annum.
„ 1857 to 1861 - - 1·10 „
„ 1861 to 1864 - - 1·22 „

Houses.

In houses:

From 1853 to 1857 - - 2·76 per cent. per annum.
„ 1857 to 1861 - - 3·09 „
„ 1861 to 1864 - - 3·69 „

Other properties.

And in the other properties and profits in the schedule,

From 1853 to 1857 - - 8·03 per cent. per annum.
„ 1857 to 1861 - - 3·21 „
„ 1861 to 1864 - - 5·26 „

Increase from 1853 to 1864.

For the whole period from 1853 to 1864 the increase in the various properties in Great Britain under schedule A. has been as follows:

Heads of Assessment.	Increase in Annual Value of 1864 over 1853.	Increase per Cent.	Increase per Cent. per Annum
	£		
Lands, tithes, manors, and fines - - -	6,091,000	12·80	1·16
Houses - - -	18,128,000	38·60	3·50
Quarries - - -	267,000	84·76	7·70
Mines - - -	1,934,000	68·85	6·26
Ironworks - - -	513,000	39·92	3·63
Fisheries - - -	35,000	57·37	5·21
Gasworks - - -	983,000	126·02	11·45
Railways - - -	7,106,000	83·29	7·57
Other property and profits -	1,321,000	65·14	5·92

Schedule A. Ireland.

The returns formerly furnished for Ireland did not distinguish the amounts assessed under the different heads of schedule A., so that a comparison similar to that for Great Britain cannot be given.

Schedule D. Great Britain. Increase in same period as schedule A.

If we review the assessments under schedule D. for those years, in which a comparison has already been made in respect of the assessments under schedule A., we find that the average increase in the amount of profits of trades and professions in Great Britain, from 1853 to 1857, was 1·73 per cent. per annum; from 1857 to 1861, 2·74 per cent.; and from 1861 to 1864, 9·30 per cent.

For the whole period from 1853 to 1864, the improvement has been equal to 50·47 per cent. or to 4·58 per cent. per annum.

Ireland.

For the same period in Ireland, the increase appears from the figures in our return (see following page) to be no more than 10·27 per cent. or ·93 per cent. per annum.

This apparently low rate of increase cannot fail to attract attention, and we have closely examined our accounts to see whether the inference to which they lead is correct. It will be observed that from 1855 to 1864 there is a yearly progress, small no doubt in the earlier part of the period, but amounting to nearly three per cent. in each of the last three years. But we find on comparing 1853 with 1855 that there is actually a decrease of 284,395*l.* in the latter year.

We have reason to believe that the figures for the first year of the income tax in Ireland must be used with caution.

The officers who had the chief share in making the original assessments, inform us that there was undoubtedly much property brought into assessment on the first introduction of the tax at far too high a value, and that the errors were not corrected until the accounts were made up for 1855.

Taking that year for our point of departure, we find that in the nine years ending in 1864, the increase has been at the rate of nearly two per cent. per annum, and the progress in the intermediate periods will be seen in the following table:—

SCHEDULE D. IRELAND.

Net amount of Profits £100 a year and upwards.		Increase in 1864 over 1853.			Net Amount of Profits £100 a year and upwards.		Increase in 1857 over 1855.		
		Amount of Increase.	Increase per cent.				Amount of Increase.	Increase per cent.	
1853.	1864.		In 11 years.	Per year.	1855.	1857.		In 2 years.	Per year.
£	£	£			£	£	£		
4,621,069	5,095,727	474,658	10·27	·93	4,336,674	4,510,470	173,796	4·	2·

(*continued.*)

Net amount of Profits 1861 £100 a year and upwards.	Increase in 1861 over 1857.			Net amount of Profits 1864 £100 a year and upwards, including £60 abatements.	Increase in 1864 over 1861.			Increase in 1864 over 1855.		
	Amount of Increase.	Increase per cent.			Amount of Increase.	Increase per cent.		Amount of Increase.	Increase per cent.	
		In 4 years.	Per year.			In 3 years.	Per year.		In 9 years.	Per year.
£	£			£	£			£		
4,677,568	167,098	3·70	·92	5,095,727	418,159	8·93	2·97	759,053	17·50	1·94

Schedule D. United Kingdom, 1863 and 1864.

The excess in the amount of profits of trades and professions brought into assessment under Schedule D. for the United Kingdom, for the year 1864, over the amount returned for 1863, 9,893,000*l.*, is thus apportioned :—

England - - -	£8,329,000
Scotland - - -	1,263,000
Ireland - - -	301,000

The increases are to be found chiefly in the assessments for the under-mentioned districts :—

	Districts.	Assessment in 1863.	Assessment in 1864.	Increase.	Per centage of increase.
	ENGLAND.	£	£	£	£
Metropolitan.	Paddington - -	474,000	526,000	52,000	10·97
	Holborn - -	908,000	960,000	52,000	5·72
	Marylebone - -	1,123,000	1,204,000	81,000	7·21
	Bloomsbury - -	1,875,000	1,962,000	87,000	4·64
	Southwark - -	862,000	951,000	89,000	10·32
	Kensington - -	651,000	758,000	107,000	16·43
	Brixton - -	1,328,000	1,439,000	111,000	8·35
	Greenwich - -	589,000	721,000	132,000	22·41
	Westminster -	4,290,000	4,531,000	241,000	5·61
	Tower Hamlets -	2,206,000	2,497,000	291,000	13·19
	City of London -	19,692,000	22,511,000	2,819,000	14·31
Country.	Cardiff - -	214,000	261,000	47,000	21·96
	Gateshead - -	338,000	394,000	56,000	16·56
	Southampton -	262,000	318,000	56,000	21·37
	Wolverhampton -	541,000	600,000	59,000	10·90
	Halifax - -	585,000	661,000	76,000	12·99
	Dudley - -	199,000	284,000	85,000	42·71
	Newcastle - -	931,000	1,026,000	95,000	10·20
	Bristol - -	952,000	1,054,000	102,000	10·71
	Burton - -	350,000	463,000	113,000	32·28
	Leeds - -	1,438,000	1,581,000	143,000	9·94
	Hull - -	651,000	813,000	162,000	24·88
	Birmingham -	1,757,000	1,921,000	164,000	9·33
	Bradford - -	1,294,000	1,498,000	204,000	15·76
	Manchester - -	4,558,000	4,804,000	246,000	5·39
	Sheffield - -	796,000	1,053,000	257,000	32·28
	Liverpool - -	7,109,000	7,694,000	585,000	8·22
	SCOTLAND.				
	Stirling and Falkirk -	204,000	238,000	34,000	16·66
	Kirkcaldy and Dunfermline	139,000	176,000	37,000	26·61
	Greenock and Paisley -	614,000	655,000	41,000	6·67
	Montrose - -	157,000	205,000	48,000	30·57
	Dumbarton - -	134,000	190,000	56,000	41·79
	Edinburgh - -	1,719,000	1,889,000	170,000	9·88
	Dundee - - -	449,000	740,000	291,000	64·81
	Glasgow - -	3,526,000	3,973,000	447,000	12·67
	IRELAND.				
	Armagh - - -	90,000	109,000	19,000	21·11
	Dublin - - -	1,779,000	1,812,000	33,000	1·85
	Belfast and Newry -	790,000	996,000	206,000	26·07

In reviewing these accounts of income tax assessments, regard must be paid to the greater activity which has been shewn by our surveyors within the last few years, and to the improved and more methodical system introduced by our Chief Inspector, under which the Surveyors now work. We adverted to this last year, and particularly directed attention to the effect of sub-dividing Surveyors' districts.

Assessments lately more carefully made.

This is so striking in the case of the city of London, where we had reason formerly to think that the assessments were very inadequate to the general progress of trade and commerce, that we beg leave to give the details in each of the three years before and since the district was partitioned between the present three Surveyors:—

Instances in City of London.

CITY OF LONDON. SCHEDULE D.

Year.	District.	Net profits assessed by General Commissioners.	Profits assessed by Special Commissioners.	Total.	Increase in each year over preceding year.
		£	£	£	£
1858–9	City	10,987,908	3,388,158	14,376,066	—
1859–60	Do.	11,410,772	3,442,625	14,853,397	477,331
1860–61	Do.	11,636,416	3,529,988	15,166,404	313,007
1861–62	Do.	11,819,789	3,375,841	15,195,630	29,226
1862–3	City 1	6,709,710	3,571,776	16,906,093	1,710,463
	Do. 2	4,820,065			
	Do. 3	1,804,542			
		13,334,317			
1863–4	City 1	8,544,274	3,658,023	19,692,448	2,786,355
	Do. 2	5,707,921			
	Do. 3	1,782,230			
		16,034,425			
1864–5	City 1	9,389,719	3,868,296	22,511,140	2,818,692
	Do. 2	7,271,343			
	Do. 3	1,981,782			
		18,642,844			

	£
The aggregate increase in the amount of Schedule D. profits assessed in the City of London during the three years before the sub-division of the district -	819,564
The aggregate increase in the amount of Schedule D. profits assessed in the City of London during the three years since the sub-division of the district -	7,315,510

Advantage of closer survey by our officers.

Speaking of England and Wales, our Chief Inspector says: "The personal survey (from which so much "advantage was derived in making the assessed tax "assessments) has proved scarcely less valuable for the "purposes of the income tax, in the opportunities which "it has afforded to the Surveyors for acquiring local "knowledge, and so rendering them much less dependent "than heretofore upon the information furnished by the "assessors, while it has led to the discovery of many "persons who were liable to be charged under schedules "D. and E., but who had hitherto escaped assessment "altogether, or, if charged at all, were not assessed to the "full extent of their liability."

Schedule D. Instances of incorrect returns.

Two examples from the city of London, selected from many within our knowledge, will shew the extent of gain which may accrue to the revenue by careful scrutiny of the returns under schedule D.

A joint stock company returns 6,000*l.* as assessable profits, the Surveyor raises the amount to 88,000*l.*, and upon that sum duty is ultimately paid.

Another company which returns 190,000*l.*, is finally compelled to admit that the true return should be 250,000*l.*

Allowance of 60*l.* on Incomes of 100*l.* and under 200*l.* per Annum.

The allowance of 60*l.* to persons having incomes of 100*l.* a year, authorized in 1863, by the Act 26 Vict. c. 22., was continued by the Act 27 Vict. c. 18., under which the assessment for the year 1864 has been made.

Its operation has been very extensive, the number of persons who have claimed the benefit of the provision in that year being 206,252, and the amount of income exempted from tax, 12,375,000*l.*

It has been observed at appeals that persons who come prepared to prove that their income is less than 100*l.* a year, upon being informed that, even according to the Surveyor's estimate, they are entitled to the abatement of 60*l.*, very frequently drop their claims altogether. The existing law appears to be so far conducive to morality.

We have also remarked that since the reduction of the tax to 4*d.*, the number of claims for repayment by persons from whom it had been necessarily levied in the first instance, notwithstanding that they were exempt, has

diminished to an enormous extent; the trouble of obtaining repayment having evidently prevented the applications which would have been made if the sum to be recovered had been more considerable.

SCHEDULE A. GREAT BRITAIN.

AN ACCOUNT of PROPERTY ASSESSED on each occasion when new Assessments were made.

——	1853.	1857.	1861.	1864.
	£	£	£	£
Lands, including tithes commuted under Tithes Commutation Act.	46,772,256	48,938,795	51,314,455	53,234,076
Houses - -	46,959,338	52,142,499	58,590,395	65,088,088
Tithes not commuted.	344,960	209,960	47,277	58,178
Manors - -	172,013	203,479	191,983	188,944
Fines - -	270,245	220,639	199,057	168,786
Quarries - -	315,085	415,808	435,010	582,217
Mines - -	2,809,733	3,822,369	4,356,698	4,743,406
Ironworks -	1,285,681	1,891,000	1,079,286	1,798,431
Fisheries - -	61,283	68,045	75,850	96,003
Canals - -	890,971	872,944	932,085	870,112
Gasworks - -	780,681	956,018	1,257,860	1,763,787
Railways - -	8,531,732	11,696,993	14,016,460	15,637,786
Other property and profits.	2,028,122	2,349,037	2,756,328	3,349,988
	£111,222,100	£123,787,586	£135,252,744	£147,579,802

SUMMARY of the Alterations made in the Taxes in the Year 1865.

——	Former Duty.	Duty for 1865.	Act.
Income Tax -	6*d.* in the £	4*d.* in the £	28 Vic. c. 30.

Schedule A. Great Britain.

Account shewing the Increase in Property Assessed on each occasion of new Assessment from 1853 to 1864.

—	Gross Annual Value assessed in the year		Increase in 1857 over 1853.			Gross Annual Value assessed in the year 1861.	Increase in 1861 over 1857.			Gross Annual Value assessed in the year 1864.	Increase in 1864 over 1861.			Increase in 1864 over 1853.		
			Amount of	Increase per cent.			Amount of	Increase per cent.			Amount of	Increase per cent.		Amount of	Increase per cent.	
	1853.	1857.	Increase.	In 4 years	Per year.		Increase.	In 4 years.	Per year.		Increase.	In 3 years.	Per year.	Increase.	In 11 years.	per year.
	£	£	£			£	£			£	£			£		
Lands, tithes, manors, and fines - -	47,559,474	49,572,873	2,013,399	4·23	1·06	51,752,772	2,179,899	4·39	1·10	53,650,984	1,898,212	3·66	1·22	6,091,510	12·8	1·1
Houses - -	46,959,338	52,142,499	5,183,161	11·03	2·76	58,590,395	6,447,896	12 36	3·09	65,087,088	6,496,693	11·09	3·69	18,127,750	38·6	3·5
Quarries, mines ironworks, fisheries, canals, gasworks, railways, and other property and profits.	16,703,288	22,072,214	5,368,926	32·14	8·03	24,909,577	2,837,363	12·85	3·21	28,841,730	3,932,153	15·78	5·26	12,138,442	72·6	6·6

SCHEDULE A.

AN ACCOUNT showing the principal Counties in England in which there is an increase in the Assessments of 1864 over 1863, and the description of Property in which it has chiefly occurred.

Counties.	Amount of Increase.							
	Lands.	Houses.	Quarries.	Mines.	Ironworks.	Gasworks.	Railways.	Other Property.*
Warwick	19,000	101,000	—	—	—	5,000	—	18,000
Worcester	52,000	58,000	15,000	21,000	4,000	2,000	—	—
Cumberland	21,000	39,000	1,000	32,000	18,000	1,000	22,000	2,000
Sussex	21,000	90,000	—	—	—	10,000	—	8,000
Gloucester	76,000	60,000	3,000	—	—	2,000	—	2,000
Southampton	23,000	88,000	—	—	—	3,000	—	—
Essex	90,000	71,000	—	—	—	5,000	—	3,000
Lincoln	114,000	20,000	—	9,000	2,000	2,000	—	2,000
Devon	101,000	46,000	8,000	—	—	2,000	57,000	—
Derby	42,000	45,000	2,000	58,000	43,000	—	91,000	3,000
Stafford	65,000	151,000	3,000	56,000	53,000	13,000	9,000	17,000
Kent	124,000	274,000	6,000	—	—	11,000	—	27,000
Surrey	28,000	326,000	1,000	—	—	48,000	13,000	53,000
Lancaster	47,000	482,000	14,000	61,000	14,000	28,000	192,000	64,000
York	160,000	643,000	—	—	34,000	3,000	237,000	31,000
Middlesex	13,000	1,083,000	—	—	—	162,000	557,000	121,000

* This includes salt springs or works, alum mines or works, docks, drains, and levels, rights of market and fairs, tolls, bridges, and ferries.

ASSESSED TAXES.

Effect of closer survey.

The observations which we have made respecting the beneficial effect of reducing the areas of Surveyors' districts are also supported by the returns of assessed taxes, as will be seen from the following figures:—

Year.	Total Charge for Assessed Taxes in England and Wales.	Observations.	Net Increase of Duty in each Year.
	£		£
1858–9	1,948,494	Includes 142,317*l.* game duty.	—
1859–60	1,995,823	Includes 148,863*l.* game duty.	40,783
1860–1	1,890,363	Game duty transferred to Excise August 1860.	43,403
1861–2	1,932,696	- - - -	42,333
1862–3	1,986,708	The increase in the number of districts was made in April 1862.	54,012
1863–4	2,046,915	- - - -	60,207
1864–5	2,125,858	- - - -	78,943

The greater portion of such increase is owing to the discovery on survey of dogs, carriages, horses, and servants, which had not been brought into charge by the local assessors, and which would have escaped assessment altogether if they had not been found out by the inquiries of our Surveyor on the spot.

Many houses, which had been omitted, have by this means been brought into charge for the inhabited house duty, and houses, which had not hitherto been adequately assessed, have been put up to their proper value.

Creditable exertions of Surveyors.

We quite agree with our Chief Inspector, who says, "The Surveyors generally are deserving of the highest "credit for the zeal and alacrity with which they have "pursued the course pointed out to them; and the large "increase of the Revenue which has resulted from their "exertions, without occasioning any complaint or dis-"satisfaction on the part of the public, is the best proof "of the necessity for the survey, and of the discretion "with which it has been carried out."

Miscellaneous.

Retirement of Mr. Timm and Mr. Trevor.

Two of the most prominent among the many able public servants who have labored in this department, Mr. Timm and Mr. Trevor, have retired in the course of last year.

It would be superfluous to add anything to the testimony borne by the Lords of the Treasury and the late Chancellor of the Exchequer to the distinguished merits of both these gentlemen, and we therefore refer to the Appendix*, in which we have recorded the Treasury Minutes by which their superannuation allowances were granted.

To Mr. Timm we have to express our grateful acknowledgments for the completion of the work which he volunteered to undertake on his retirement, the consolidation of the numerous and intricate enactments which constitute our code of Stamp Law.

Losses of the Department in the last 10 years.

In the decennial period, embraced by our Reports, we have had to deplore the loss, either by death or retirement, of a large proportion of those who may be termed the staff officers of our establishment.

The list comprises the names of Pressly, Keogh, Dobson, Tilsley, Timm, Trevor, Garnett, Lyne, and C. Hay, and to all who have been brought into communication with this department, it will seem but natural that we should recur with feelings of deep regret to the loss which we suffer in being deprived of the services of such men, and that we should refer with some pride to the credit which their names reflect upon the department in which they were trained.

The surveying officers of this department, in both the excise and tax branches, have been employed for the Board of Trade in collecting the statistics of live stock and of agricultural crops. The operations in each case were on a very extensive scale, and were conducted in a manner which gave satisfaction to the Board of Trade and reflected credit on the officers, as will be seen in the letters† from that department, acknowledging the services thus rendered to the Government.

Reluctance of landowners in England to give information.

The reluctance, and even refusal, in many instances of landowners in England to afford the information respecting acreage of crops, which the Government desired to have, occasioned much trouble, but we are not aware of

* Page II. † *Vide* Appendix pp. III. & VI.

the reasons by which they were actuated. Neither can we give any explanation of the difference between the Scotch and English landowners in their view of these statistics; but it is remarkable that in Scotland the utmost facility was afforded to our officers for the acquisition of the necessary information.

Not so in Scotland.

Applications from Excise Officers for increase of salary.

When we made our first report we had just completed the general revision of salaries in the surveying branch of the Excise, which, it was calculated, would ultimately add about 110,000*l.* a year to our charges of management. It is now our duty to lay before your Lordships petitions from the officers of nearly every grade in that part of our establishment, praying for a further increase of their pay.

We are spared the necessity of making any observations on the subject—always a most difficult one to deal with—because the petitioners rest their claims on grounds which are common to all departments, indeed to the whole service of the State, viz., the present increased cost of living as compared with that of 10 years ago.

The question thus becomes general instead of departmental, and must be left to the consideration of Her Majesty's Government.

We have the honor to be

Your Lordships' most obedient servants,

W. H. Stephenson.
C. J. Herries.
Alfred Montgomery.
Henry Roberts.
Alex. Duff Gordon.
James Disraeli.

APPENDIX.

LEGACY AND SUCCESSION DUTY.

Example I.

1,000*l.* in trust for the Widow for life, with remainder to the Testator's Children.

	£	*s.*	*d.*
Take 1*l.* per cent. from the fund leaves - - -	990	0	0
The Widow loses 8*s.* per annum.			
Value the Reversion by the Tables in the Succession Duty Act, thus - - - - - -	1,000	0	0
Less value of Widow's Annuity of 40*l.* per annum at the age of, say, 50 - - - - -	£497	3	9

The Duty at 1*l.* per cent. on the balance, 502*l.* 16*s.* 3*d.*, to be paid to the Revenue, viz. 5*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.*

Deduct this sum from the 10*l.* taken from the fund, and pay the balance 4*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* to the Widow. It will be seen that she receives an equivalent for her loss of income, for the value of 8*s.* per annum for a life of 50*l.* by the Tables will be found to be 4*l.* 19*s.* 4*d.*

Example II.

1,000*l.* to X, a Stranger in blood, for life.
Remainder to Z, a Child.

Take 1*l.* per cent. from the fund leaves 990*l.*	£	*s.*	*d.*
	1,000	0	0
Deduct the value of X's annuity, say, age 50, thus -	497	3	9
	£502	16	3

Duty to be paid on such value, 5*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.*, leaving a balance of 4*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.*

The value of X's annuity at 10*l.* per cent., gives for	£	*s.*	*d.*
Duty - - - - - -	49	14	4
Appropriate balance as above in part payment - -	4	19	6
Leave the balance of Annuity Duty - - -	£44	14	10

to be paid by four annual instalments, as at present.

Mr. TIMM'S RETIREMENT.

Copy of Treasury Minute, dated 17th January 1866.

Read letter, dated 6th January, from the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, stating that they have received an application from Mr. Timm, their Solicitor, to be allowed to retire.

My Lords have been informed by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, that an experience of many years in the conduct of legislation connected with the Department of Inland Revenue has given him ample opportunities of appreciating directly the qualities and services of Mr. Timm, in his capacity of Solicitor to that department, and he is anxious to place upon record his cordial concurrence with the highly honourable and distinguished testimony which has been borne by the Chairman and Commissioners to those qualities and services.

Mr. Timm's official services, which the Board of Inland Revenue has recorded in detail, have been principally rendered during a period of change and progress, both administrative and legislative, amounting almost to reconstruction, and at every point of that process most valuable aid has been rendered by the extensive knowledge, the long experience, the indefatigable and watchful activity, the acute intelligence, and the sound judgment of Mr. Timm.

The amount of pension to which Mr. Timm would under ordinary rules be entitled would be 1,500*l.*

My Lords feel that they would fail to give due effect to the intentions of Parliament, and to the principles on which the administration of the Civil Service of the Crown ought to be conducted, unless they were to avail themselves of the power granted by the Superannuation Act and to grant a special pension to Mr. Timm.

The amount of that pension they think it proper to fix at 1,800*l.*

Mr. TREVOR'S RETIREMENT.

Copy of Treasury Minute, dated 16th August 1865.

My Lords have before them a letter from the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, dated the 13th July 1865, stating that they have received from Mr. Trevor, the Comptroller of Legacy Duties, an application to be permitted to retire on a superannuation allowance.

The Commissioners of Inland Revenue state that during a long period of service Mr. Trevor has invariably distinguished himself by the zeal and ability with which he has devoted himself to his public duties which have been, especially since the introduction of the Succession Duty Act, of no ordinary character.

Mr. Trevor's special services have been acknowledged by Minutes of this Board, dated 30 June 1835, 5 May 1844, and 22 November 1853.

In recommending Mr. Trevor's case for most favourable consideration, the Commissioners observe that the office which he holds has been declared by my Lords in their Minute of 9 September 1861 to require special qualifications within the provisions of the 4th sect. of the Act 22 Vict. c. 26.; but it appears to my Lords that inasmuch as the section in question applies only to the case of persons who come

under the scale laid down in the Act of 1859, and as Mr. Trevor, by reason of length of service, falls under the scale of the Act of 1834 he can derive no advantage from the professional character of his office.

Mr. Trevor has been in the public service 41 years and 5 months, and his salary is 1,600*l.* a year, the amount of retired allowance which he could claim under the ordinary regulations would be 1,226*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* a year; but taking into consideration the many important and valuable services rendered by Mr. Trevor, more particularly in connexion with the preparation and working of the Succession Duties Act, my Lords are pleased, under the powers given them by the 9th clause of the Act 22 Vict. cap. 26., to award to Mr. Trevor a special retired allowance of 1,466*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* a year.

STATISTICS OF LIVE STOCK.

Office of Committee of Privy Council
for Trade, Whitehall,
15th May 1866.

SIR,

I AM directed by the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 5th instant, transmitting the Return of Live Stock in Great Britain upon the 5th of March last, and a copy of a report from Mr. Robinson, of the Inland Revenue Department, to whom the conduct of the business in regard to this return was entrusted.

It is very satisfactory to my Lords to learn from Mr. Robinson's report that there has been so little opposition to the furnishing of information for these Returns, and that the Surveyors of Taxes are generally of opinion that the accuracy of the returns may be depended upon.

My Lords are not surprised at the alacrity displayed by the occupiers of land in Scotland in making a return of Live Stock in that country, the general disposition of Scottish agriculturists to furnish Returns of Cultivation and Stock upon former occasions was a guarantee of a ready and intelligent response to the present enquiry.

Relying, as the Government did, upon the willingness of the agriculturists in Great Britain to furnish voluntary returns of the number of Live Stock, the successful accomplishment of the present enquiry is considered by my Lords to be a complete refutation of the opinion that there is a disinclination upon the part of the farmers to give such information as may be requisite to exhibit the condition and capabilities of British agriculture.

The duties undertaken by the Inland Revenue Department in connexion with the present returns have entailed a considerable amount of new and laborious work upon several of the officers of that establishment, and the very efficient manner in which this special service has been performed, is considered by my Lords to be a very gratifying proof of the readiness and ability of those officers to meet a public demand for information of a very extensive and important character.

I am, therefore, to request that the officers employed upon the collection and preparation of these Returns may be duly thanked on behalf of the Board of Trade, and my Lords trust that it will be in the power of the Board of Inland Revenue to recognize the services of officers who have had the chief share in the business connected with the Returns.

I am to add that my Lords further desire to express their opinion that great credit is due to the Surveyors of Taxes for the zeal and judgment displayed by them upon this occasion; and as those gentlemen may like to possess a copy of the Returns of Live Stock, as presented to Parliament, 500 copies of the Returns are herewith transmitted for disposal by the Board of Inland Revenue.

I am,

The Secretary to the
Board of Inland Revenue.

Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
(Signed) J. Emerson Tennent.

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

Office of Committee of Privy Council
for Trade, Whitehall,
14th November 1866.

Sir,

I am directed by the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 6th instant, transmitting an abstract of the Acreage of Crops in England, which completes the Returns relating to the extent of Land under Crops in Great Britain.

It is very satisfactory to my Lords that the officers of the Inland Revenue Department employed upon this service have been able to complete the inquiry upon this important subject.

The officers have doubtless encountered a good deal of trouble in collecting the information for these Returns; but my Lords fully hope that, notwithstanding the difficulties experienced, it will be found that the officers have accomplished the task intrusted to them with a considerable degree of success. My Lords of course regret that there has been so much indisposition upon the part of the occupiers of land in some counties to fill up the Schedules forwarded from the Board of Trade, and that consequently it has been necessary to form estimates for some portion of the Acreage returned as under the several Crops.

My Lords have again to notice the readiness of the occupiers of land in Scotland to comply with the request of the Board of Trade for information relating to the agriculture of the country.

It is desirable that my Lords should be furnished at an early period with a Return of the Acreage under the several Crops for which estimates have had to be made in default of Returns from occupiers.

I am also to request that an account of the expenses incurred for this service by the Board of Inland Revenue may be transmitted to this department as soon as it can be prepared.

I am, Sir,

W. Corbett, Esq.,
&c. &c.
Inland Revenue Department.

Your obedient Servant,
(Signed) J. Emerson Tennent.

Report from the Principal of the Laboratory.

The Inland Revenue Laboratory has now been in existence about 24 years, and during that period its labours have been directed mainly to the prevention of the adulteration of dutiable commodities, and partly to the scientific and practical investigation of subjects which concern the revenue. Since its establishment upwards of 110,000 analyses have been made, whilst during the last 10 years nearly 90,000 samples have been analyzed.

Within the year ended on the 31st of March last, 36 cases relating to the adulteration of dutiable commodities were heard in various courts of justice in the three kingdoms, and the penalties imposed amounted to upwards of 1,800*l*. The successful issue of these cases depended upon the evidence afforded by assistants from my department, and though many of these cases were strongly defended, it is a satisfaction to know that in every instance a decision was given in favour of the Crown, and this result I feel is chiefly due to the ability of the gentlemen who analysed the samples, and gave evidence as to the nature and extent of the various adulterations in the cases referred to.

It would appear that at last a check has been put upon the importation of factitious wines, known under the general term of "Hambro' Sherries."

In the year to which my last Report referred 182 samples of such "wines" were examined, of which 102 or 56·0 per cent. were found to be spurious, whilst during the past year it has only been deemed necessary to analyse 44 samples, of which, however, 31 or 70·0 per cent. were illicit, thus showing an increased power of discrimination on the part of the Customs' Officers.

During the last two or three years large and increasing importations have been made from the continent of an article termed glucose, which is a substance prepared from starch, and liable according to its saccharine value to a duty equivalent to that imposed upon cane sugar.

Samples of these importations are sent to my department to be valued for the assessment of duty, and within the year ended the 31st of March last 236 of such samples were analysed. I am given to understand that this material, which is comparatively of little value, is extensively used to supersede sugar in the manufacture of confections, and that it also enters largely into the compositions of jams, marmalades, and fruit jellies manufactured for sale, thus affording an illustration of the manner in which the most unlikely articles may be sophisticated.

A company has for some time been established named the "Concentrated Wort Company," whose object is, under the protection of a patent, to extract from malt and hops all the constituents which are essential for the production of beer, and by the evaporation of the water reducing the extract to a solid form, and exporting it in hermetically sealed tin cases, especially to India and the remote colonies, thus effecting a large saving in the matter of freightage. A sample of each shipment of the "concentrated wort" is sent to the Laboratory for the assessment of the amount of drawback of the malt duty to which it is entitled, and I must say, from my examination of the samples, that the principle of the undertaking appears to be sound, and that, if it can be made commercially profitable, much advantage would probably accrue,

not only to our colonists, but to the agricultural interests of this country.

The work performed in the Laboratory for the Board of Customs continues to be extensive in amount and important in character, as will be seen from the fact that within the past year 2,172 analyses relating to Customs' duties were made, many of which required much time and experience on the part of the analyst.

In my last Report a table was given which showed, for each of the four years from 1861 to 1864 inclusive, the number of samples analysed in the Laboratory, and it may perhaps be useful to give the following similar table for the four years ended on the 31st of March last.

Year.	Number of Samples examined, excluding Coffee and Chicory, and also those from Customs.	Number of Samples examined.		Total Number of Samples examined.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Coffee and Mixtures of Chicory and Coffee.	From the Customs.			
1862	6,251	5,088	21	11,360	—	—
1863	6,309	25	2,254	8,588	—	2,772
1864	8,388	61	2,259	10,708	2,120	—
1865	8,379	146	2,172	10,697	—	11

Within the past year six young officers have received in my department a systematic course of instruction in chemistry, and at the termination of the course they passed with much credit through a somewhat severe examination to which they were subjected by Dr. Hofmann.

Sixty-five officers have now been educated as chemists in the Laboratory, whilst at the present time seven are being similarly instructed. In addition to chemistry many of these officers have acquired a sound knowledge of vegetable structure as disclosed by the microscope, and have become very efficient in the detection of adulteration.

The practice of instructing the examiners, or probationary supervisors, in the best methods of readily ascertaining whether dutiable articles of consumption are genuine or otherwise, and thus giving them confidence when dealing with fraud, is still continued, and 26 of these superior officers have, within the past year, been so instructed, making a total of 196 who have been under tuition in my department during the 10 years that the system has been established. Very beneficial effects have, I believe, resulted from the system in question, and the instances in which supervisors forward to the Laboratory genuine articles, under the impression that they are adulterated, are much less frequent than was formerly the case, the improvement being no doubt in some degree owing to the discriminative power which those officers acquire whilst under instruction in this department.

TOBACCO.

Under this head I have but few remarks to make beyond what has been frequently said in my previous Reports. That there is scarcely any article of consumption sold which is more free from adulteration than tobacco will I think be admitted on all hands, and considering the heavy duty levied on the raw material, I may fairly be excused for claiming on the behalf of my department some credit for keeping the trade in a healthy state as far as the interests of the revenue are concerned, and for efficiently protecting the large national income derived from the consumption of this important commodity. With a very few trivial exceptions, the manufacturers are anxious to deal honestly with the revenue, and they seem to have become impressed with the truth that no member of the trade will derive any ultimate advantage by resorting to the petty practice of adulteration. I have seen for some years that this satisfactory feeling was gradually gaining ground, and I feel sure that there is scarcely an extensive or respectable manufacturer in the kingdom who would not willingly endorse these assertions.

The laws and regulations which govern the manufacture of tobacco are very stringent, as they ought to be, whilst the penalties imposed for any breach of such laws are heavy, but the trade is peculiar, and has, during the abnormal state of things which has existed during the last few years, been very critical. The dearth of the well-keeping tobaccos of North America, and the consequent necessity for resorting to the fermentable and perishable growths of other parts of the globe, has much embarrassed and entailed great loss upon the trade, and had not the Board sanctioned the use of acetic acid as a preventive of decomposition, the members of the trade would have been under the necessity of either using such acid surreptitiously or abandoning their manufacture, during the summer months, of what is known as "common shag," to a manifest loss to the revenue.

The concession has not in the least caused any risk to the revenue; it has satisfied a just demand of the manufacturer, and led to an increased degree of good feeling between the trade and ourselves, whose duty is to see that the tobacco duty is not evaded.

In my last Report I inserted a short table showing the consumption of tobacco per head of the population, at certain periods, and as such details do not appear to be elsewhere given, it may not be quite uninteresting to continue the table.

Year.	Total population of Great Britain, and approximately of Ireland.	Pounds weight of Tobacco cleared for consumption in the United Kingdom.	Weight of Tobacco yearly consumed per head of the population.	
			lbs.	oz.
1841	26,700,000	23,096,281	0	$13\frac{3}{4}$
1851	27,347,000	27,734,786	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$
1861	28,887,000	35,413,846	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
1863	29,195,000	37,636,240	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$
1864	29,349,000	38,239,521	1	$4\frac{3}{4}$

Population estimated according to the per-centage increase during the decennial period from 1851 to 1861.

It may be doubted whether the above table furnishes matter for social gratulation, but it seems quite clear that the habit of smoking tobacco is gradually extending in this country.

As has been the practice for very many years, I have within the past year carefully examined a large proportion of the tobacco manufactories in the kingdom, without in a single instance observing anything indicative of fraud on the revenue, although my visits were sudden, and the times when they were to be made were carefully kept from the knowledge of the manufacturers.

The number of samples analysed during the year under an impression that they were adulterated is 112, and of these 42 were forwarded by Excise officers and 70 by the Customs, whilst of the former 15 or 35·7 per cent. were illicit, and of the latter 3 or 4·2 per cent. Of the adulterated samples, eleven contained liquorice, varying in amount from two to five per cent. Six contained fermentable sugar, varying from 3·6 per cent. to as much as 14·0 per cent. Two or three samples were blackened by tannic acid, sulphate of iron, and logwood, whilst one sample of "roll" sent from Scotland, and made to imitate "Irish roll," actually consisted of oakum, covered with a thin wrapper of leaf tobacco, and was from its outward appearance indistinguishable from genuine tobacco. I have mentioned this last case as being more a curiosity in the art of cheating the public than as a fraud which could in the least degree affect the interests of the revenue.

TABLE showing the number of SAMPLES of TOBACCO analysed in the Laboratory in the years 1863, 1864, and 1865.

Year.	Number of Samples.		
	Genuine.	Adulterated.	Total.
1863 - -	69	31	100
1864 - -	124	34	158
1865 - -	94	18	112

SNUFF.

With the exception of inordinate amounts of lime being added to the commodity during its manufacture into what is termed "Irish high dried snuff," there is good reason for believing that snuff is now but little adulterated. I have on former occasions drawn attention to the practice adverted to, which is prevalent in the north of Ireland, and have endeavoured to show not only the pernicious effects which such snuff, highly charged with lime, must have on the health of its consumers, but have pointed out that the law as it now stands is totally insufficient for the suppression of the fraud. I cannot, without repetition, say more upon this subject than has been stated in many of my previous Reports, to which reference may be made, should it be deemed advisable to take legislative steps for the purpose of crushing, or, at all events, much mitigating the evil complained of.

SAMPLES of SNUFF analysed.

Year.	Number of Samples.		
	Genuine.	Adulterated.	Total.
1863 - -	32	25	57
1864 - -	4	16	20
1865 - -	14	9	23

Of the nine illicit samples, four contained each about 15 per cent. of ground maize or Indian corn, two were adulterated with the red oxide of iron, one with orris root, and two respectively with 15 and 22·5 per cent. of lime.

TOBACCO AND SNUFF EXPORTED ON DRAWBACK OF DUTY.

The object of the Manufactured Tobacco Act of 1863 was twofold, first to legalise the manufacture in this country of sweetened and adulterated "Cavendish" and "negro head" tobaccos, so as to check the illicit introduction of such tobaccos into the country, and, secondly, to place the exportation of tobacco manufactured in the United Kingdom on a basis more satisfactory, both to the trade and the revenue, than the one previously in existence.

The first part of the object, although it formed the primary incentive to legislation on the subject, has proved to be almost futile, as, with one or two exceptions, the manufacturers do not avail themselves of the right to prepare in bond sweetened tobacco made to imitate the tobacco smuggled from abroad. The minor incentive to the passing of the Act, that is, the placing of the regulations which govern the exportation of tobacco on a footing which should be free from uncertainty, and fair both to the exporter and the revenue, has proved to be the best portion of the measure, and one the value of which the manufacturers have quickly appreciated, as they feel that they are freed from the arbitrary assessment of, or rather the guessing at, the amount of drawback, which was often opposed to their just interests, but which was inevitable under the old system. Under the present mode of determining the rates of drawback it is not possible that either the trade or the revenue can obtain an unfair advantage.

In my last Report two tables were given, purposed to be placed on record, containing information relating to the exportation of tobacco and snuff, and it may not be unadvisable to submit similar tables which are intended as a continuation of those already published, as it is not impossible that some day the information, unimportant as it now appears, may be found useful not only for statistical but for legislative objects.

SAMPLES of MANUFACTURED TOBACCO exported on Drawback, examined in the Years 1865 and 1866.

Description of Samples.	Number of Samples.		Pounds weight of Tobacco represented by the Samples.		Mean Percentage of Moisture in the Samples.		Mean Amount of Drawback of Duty per Pound.			
	1865.	1866.	1865.	1866.	1865.	1866.	1865.		1866.	
							s.	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*
Cut tobacco - -	1,405	1,114	102,343	87,506	27·60	25·75	2	$8\frac{45}{100}$	2	$9\frac{28}{100}$
Bird's-eye - -	158	188	12,683	13,800	20·94	19·08	2	$11\frac{51}{100}$	3	$0\frac{27}{100}$
Roll - - -	76	40	58,572	48,191	41·93	42·61	2	$2\frac{8}{100}$	2	$1\frac{73}{100}$
Cavendish - -	53	46	2,094	1,423	25·60	25·43	2	$9\frac{36}{100}$	2	$9\frac{42}{100}$
Cigars - -	16	12	1,605	1,238	12·87	14·73	3	$3\frac{4}{100}$	3	$2\frac{22}{100}$
Cigarettes - -	38	83	2,685	3,490	13·28	17·10	3	$2\frac{87}{100}$	3	$1\frac{16}{100}$
Total - -	1,746	1,483	179,922	175,648	31·42	30·16	2	$6\frac{74}{100}$	2	$7\frac{30}{100}$

Under the old system of allowing one uniform rate of drawback on tobacco when exported, the manufacturers had a strong inducement to load their tobacco with an undue amount of water, as for every pound of such water they obtained a drawback of 2*s.* $8\frac{1}{2}$*d.* When the Manufactured Tobacco Act of 1863 had been in operation a year, it was found that the mean per-centage of moisture present in the tobacco exported was 32·66, and that the average rate of drawback to which the tobacco was entitled was 2*s.* 6*d.* $\frac{18}{100}$ per pound, or more than twopence less than would have been paid by the revenue under the previous system. In the second year which ended the 31st of March 1865 the mean per centage of moisture and the average rate of duty were respectively 31·42 and 2*s.* 6*d.* $\frac{74}{100}$, whilst in the last year they were 30·16 and 2*s.* 7*d.* $\frac{30}{100}$, thus showing a gradual and satisfactory diminution in the amount of water added to tobacco intended for exportation, and, other conditions being equal, a corresponding improvement in the quality of the article.

SAMPLES of SNUFF exported on Drawback examined in the Years ended 31st March 1865 and 1866.

Description of Samples.	Number of Samples examined.		Pounds weight of Snuff represented by the Samples.		1865. Mean Per-centage of			1866. Mean Per-centage of			Mean Amount of Drawback of Duty per Pound.	
	1865.	1866.	1865.	1866.	Moisture.	Inorganic Matter.	Organic Matter.	Moisture.	Inorganic Matter.	Organic Matter.	1865.	1866.
											s. *d.*	*s.* *d.*
High dried - -	37	41	20,641	59,098	6·90	23·61	69·49	7·43	21·06	71·51	3 $1\frac{99}{100}$	3 $3\frac{4}{100}$
Scotch - - -	141	40	66,786	7,636	12·59	24·05	63·36	23·65	24·38	51·97	2 $10\frac{63}{100}$	2 $4\frac{41}{100}$
Rappee - - -	82	124	3,070	5,474	39·85	23·93	36·22	38·09	24·53	37·38	1 $7\frac{80}{100}$	1 $8\frac{43}{100}$
Other - - -	—	204	—	164,345	—	—	—	16·09	21·78	62·13	—	2 $9\frac{96}{100}$
Total - -	260	409	90,497	236,553	12·22	23·94	63·84	11·93	22·09	65·98	2 $10\frac{89}{100}$	3 $0\frac{6}{100}$

It will be seen from this table that the quantity of snuff exported during the past year was 46,000 pounds in excess of that exported in the previous year, and 169,000 pounds more than what was formerly presented for drawback during the first year that the existing Act was in operation. It must not be supposed, however, that the increase is due to the exportation of *bonâ fide* snuff, as it is caused by the fact that many manufacturers have availed themselves of the privilege accorded under the Act in question to obtain drawback on their surplus "stalks" and tobacco "smalls" upon which they had paid Customs duties, and for which there was no outlet in this country. I have reason to know that this privilege has given much satisfaction to the trade, and that there is a strong feeling among the manufacturers against its being abused to the detriment of the revenue, and thus exposing it to the danger of being rescinded. All samples of such ground "stalks" and "smalls" are examined in the Laboratory with the most extreme care, and, with a few exceptions, which have arisen since the close of the financial year to which this Report relates, but one instance has been detected in which there were grounds for suspecting that an attempt had been made to defraud the revenue by exporting on drawback vegetable matter not tobacco.

COFFEE.

On the equalization of the rates of duty on coffee and chicory, it was thought that the imposition practised upon the public by the general sale of adulterated coffee would be in a great degree checked, and, so far as relates to the illicit selling of mixtures of coffee and chicory the adjustment of the duties referred to has produced the contemplated effect. The unscrupulous portion of the dealers in coffee, however, finding that an unlawful profit could no longer be obtained by the sale of chicory, have resorted to the use of another article much better suited for the adulteration of coffee than even chicory itself, and one which was surreptitiously used many years ago, and through which I have reason to know the success of more than one of the now called "eminent" firms in the coffee trade was established. The adulterant is known in the trade as "finings," but it is simply burnt sugar or caramel, and has only about one third the value of duty paid coffee.

Exertions are being made to protect the revenue and the public against the fraud in question, and many coffee dealers during the past year have been convicted of the offence and paid heavy penalties, whilst at the present time there are several cases for prosecution depending. Within the period to which this Report relates, 146 samples of coffee were examined, 20 of which were adulterated with caramel to an extent ranging from one to eight per cent.

BEER.

That this important article of consumption is frequently adulterated by those who retail it, especially in London, is I think indisputable, and that such should be the case is not surprising when the great

extent of the trade and the large profits which the publicans seek to secure are considered. There appears, however, to be a great difference between the characters of the practice as followed in London and in some parts at least of the provinces, the difference being that in the metropolis the adulterants used are for the mere purpose of increasing the bulk of the beer after it has passed into the possession of the retailer, and are innocuous, whilst in those counties where the retailer generally brews his own beer, the illicit materials employed are sometimes deleterious, and intended to increase the intoxicating power of the beverage, or to impart a fictitious appearance of spirituous strength; and I think it is more than a coincidence that in those districts of the country in which the experience of many years has shown that the use of noxious materials in the brewing of beer prevailed, crimes of brutal and purposeless violence are more common than in other districts in which such dangerous materials are not resorted to.

Within the year to which this Report relates, thirteen samples of beer and materials used in the brewing of beer, all of which were sent from the provinces, have been analysed, and of these nine proved to be adulterated with drugs, one also containing tobacco. In London during the past year several persons have been, through the vigilance of the detective officers belonging to the inland revenue, discovered to be either using treacle in the adulteration of beer, or knowingly selling it for that purpose to publicans, and penalties to the amount of 525*l.* have been imposed on the offenders. The defence in every instance set up was, that the material alleged to be illicit was "British black beer" or "spruce" prepared from malt, and that as such it might legally be supplied to and used by publicans, an assertion which could be readily disproved by an examination of the samples.

MALT.

The examination in my department of samples of malt for various objects that concern the revenue has now become a somewhat important duty, as will be seen from the statement that during the past year nearly one thousand samples relating to the article under consideration have been analysed.

Much of this increase of work is due to the fact that maltsters are gradually availing themselves more of the Board's willingness to remit the duty on defective or unsaleable malt when satisfied that no fraud on the revenue is contemplated. It may not be too much to say, that before the practice, which has been in existence in my department about ten years, was adopted, of causing samples of malt to be examined by experienced persons, it would have been very unsafe to grant remissions of duty, except in those cases where the malt was probably so much damaged as to be not worth the bare impost to which it was subject.

In my former Reports the results of the examination of samples of malt were given for the year only to which each Report referred, but it seems desirable that the results of the two last years should be placed in juxtaposition, so as to afford means for comparison. This I have done in the following table.

SAMPLES of MALT examined in the years ending the 31st of March 1865 and 1866.

(Samples of Malt intended for cattle feeding are not included in this table.)

Samples.	1864–5. Number of Samples examined.	1864–5. Mean Per-centage of ungerminated Grain in Samples.	1865–6. Number of Samples examined.	1865–6. Mean Per-centage of ungerminated Grain in Samples.
For remission of duty on the ground of defective germination - -	156	34·2	203	37·3
For exportation on drawback - -	170	1·2	290	1·2
Taken from malt roasters, and containing not more than 5 per cent. of ungerminated corns - - -	2	2·9	1	2·0
Taken from malt roasters, and containing more than 5 per cent. of ungerminated corns - - -	57	38·0	25	18·5
Examined for other objects - - -	9	—	7	—
Total of Samples examined in 1865 - - -			526	—
,, ,, 1864 - - -			394	—
,, ,, 1863 - - -			388	—
,, ,, 1862 - - -			327	—

The number of malt roasters in the United Kingdom is 23, and of these eight carry on their business in London, four in other parts of England, nine in Ireland, and two in Scotland, and within the past year four convictions of the use of unmalted grain by Irish malt roasters were obtained, and penalties to the amount of 325*l.* imposed.

The number of samples examined during the year for the purpose of preventing frauds on the revenue in the use of duty-free malt prepared for cattle feeding is 462, and it is satisfactory to know that it was only necessary to object to three or four of these samples as not being in accordance with the regulations of the Board, and of such a character that a saleable beer could be brewed from them. It is only fair to those who have entered into the trade of preparing malt for the feeding of cattle to say, that no instance of an attempt to defraud the revenue has come under my notice; and I believe, notwithstanding that we have found

it necessary to demur to a few samples, that there has been no intention to derive an unfair advantage under the provision of the Act relating to the subject.

BEER EXPORTED ON DRAWBACK.

Under this head I have but little to say beyond what has been said in former Reports; but I may be excused for mentioning, that there has never been a better understanding than now exists between brewers and exporters of beer on the one hand and my department on the other, since the present method of checking the strengths of "export beer" was adopted.

This salutary state of things has not, however, been brought about without contentions between some members of the trade and ourselves; but the frank and open manner in which my department has always dealt with the exporters, and the facilities which have at all times been afforded them in the Laboratory, have, I believe, given rise to a feeling of confidence, and a conviction on their part that those whose duty it is to protect the revenue are actuated by no improper or unjust motive.

Within the year 6,379 samples were examined, making, with 289 confirmatory experiments, a total of 6,668 distinct analyses. In my last Report I gave a table showing for three years the number of barrels of beer represented by the samples examined, the average number of barrels to each sample, and the per-centage of barrels not entitled to the rate of drawback claimed; and it seems to me that it will be useful to continue the table.

Year.	Number of Samples examined.	Number of Barrels of Beer represented by the Samples.	Average Number of Barrels to each Sample examined.	Per-centage of the Barrels found to be not entitled to Drawback.	Number of Barrels in every 10,000 not entitled to Drawback.
1862	5,171	288,422	55	1·68	170
1863	5,116	283,424	55	1·26	127
1864	6,441	342,377	53	0·55	55
1865	6,629	421,565	63	0·58	58

The number of samples of beer exported to India for the use of Her Majesty's troops examined during the last year is 1,375, representing 209,640 barrels, and it is very gratifying to be in a position to state that not one of the samples was below the contract gravity of 1,055°, whilst many were much above that gravity.

SAMPLES of Beer examined in the Laboratory as to their original Gravities in the Years 1864 and 1865.

Year.	Original Gravity of Beer, as declared by Exporter.	Beer entitled to the Drawback claimed.			Beer not entitled to the Drawback claimed.			Total Number of Barrels of Beer represented by the Samples.	Per-centage of the Total Number of Barrels of Beer not entitled to Drawback.
		Number of Samples.	Number of Barrels represented by the Samples.	Mean Original Gravity.	Number of Samples.	Number of Barrels represented by the Samples.	Mean Original Gravity.		
1864 - -	1040	101	5,261	1045·82	—	—	—	5,261	—
	1045	15	747	1049·46	3	55	1042·74	802	6·85
	1050	113	3,592	1057·44	—	—	—	3,592	—
	1055	2,026	174,058	1058·38	9	35	1051·13	174,093	0·02
	1060	910	38,883	1064·45	16	244	1058·21	39,127	0·06
	1065	1,220	50,265	1068·64	56	622	1062·93	50,887	1·22
	1070	480	11,547	1073·94	55	627	1065·91	12,174	5·15
	1075	122	3,686	1078·86	13	109	1068·66	3,795	2·87
	1080	672	27,162	1083·02	15	124	1076·45	27,286	0·45
	1085	355	18,430	1087·10	12	59	1079·05	18,489	0·31
	1090	104	4,337	1093·86	2	1	1084·05	4,338	0·02
	1095	99	1,983	1098·48	4	8	1091·64	1,991	0·40
	1100	13	179	1105·04	3	10	1095·16	189	5·29
	1105	5	58	1110·21	—	—	—	58	—
	1110	9	56	1117·84	—	—	—	56	—
	1115	1	3	1114·08	2	18	1108·33	21	85·71
	1120	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1125	6	218	1131·35	—	—	—	218	—
Total - -	—	6,251	340,465	—	190	1,912	—	342,377	0·55
Contract {	1050	1	394	1052·02	—	—	—	394	—
	1055	1,399	147,893	1057·97	—	—	—	147,893	—
TOTAL -	—	1,400	148,287	—	—	—	—	148,287	—
1865 - -	1040	60	3,907	1042·65	—	—	—	3,907	—
	1045	62	2,557	1054·44	1	3	1041·73	2,560	0·11
	1050	75	1,913	1055·53	—	—	—	1,913	—
	1055	2,208	251,686	1058·47	23	310	1050·79	251,996	0·12
	1060	884	31,763	1064·38	19	573	1056·37	32,336	1·77
	1065	1,375	58,554	1067·87	13	73	1060·67	58,627	0·12
	1070	458	12,674	1073·77	26	620	1067·05	13,294	4·66
	1075	181	6,633	1078·96	10	52	1070·47	6,685	0·77
	1080	529	22,698	1084·84	9	64	1076·88	22,762	0·28
	1085	416	20,681	1088·00	30	653	1080·89	21,334	3·06
	1090	69	3,147	1093·88	2	15	1084·57	3,162	0·47
	1095	95	2,120	1096·51	10	43	1092·79	2,163	1·98
	1100	22	394	1102·64	—	—	—	394	—
	1105	7	132	1108·08	3	12	1103·31	144	8·33
	1110	13	79	1115·44	2	2	1107·63	81	2·46
	1115	—	—	—	5	23	1112·75	23	100·00
	1120	—	—	—	1	6	1115·05	6	100·00
	1125	11	178	1132·24	—	—	—	178	—
Total - -	—	6,465	419,116	—	164	2,449	—	421,565	0·58
Contract -	1055	1,375	209,640	1057·80	—	—	—	209,640	—

WOOD NAPHTHA.

The use of duty free methylated spirit in the arts and manufactures of this country has now become very extensive, and the purposes to which such spirit is applied are very various, and perhaps no legislative Act relating to revenue matters was ever more successful in its operation than the Act 18 & 19 Vict. c. 38. The benefits it has conferred on many of the trades and professions of the country, and the effective manner in which it has led to a great mitigation of the demoralising practice of illicit distillation, have now become too obvious to require any further comment, but it is not quite unattended by evil, as some unscrupulous persons, who profess to be respectable, have long been seeking to obtain an illegal profit under cover of the provisions of the Act, regardless as to what injury this wrong inflicts either on the revenue or the public health.

Before the Act 18 & 19 Vict. c. 38., which allows the use of duty-free spirit, was passed, there was, notwithstanding the many detections made by the revenue officers, much illicit spirit produced in some parts of the north of England, particularly in Lancashire, on the moors, and in the secluded and unfrequented dells remote from towns and villages, and there is reason to believe that a large proportion of the illicit spirit went into consumption through the hands of a low class of druggists and small shopkeepers, and that, besides being used for tinctures, and sold extensively to hatters and varnish makers, it was also sold as a beverage, but disguised a little so that it might ostensibly pass as a medicine. When the Act in question was passed a severe check was given to these fraudulent practices. The manufacturers found that methylated was much cheaper than illicit spirit, whilst they incurred no risk by using it: and the same advantages being also apparent to those druggists who had been in the habit of dealing in the illicit material, the practice of using methylated spirit for purposes not sanctioned by the revenue was soon commenced, in the first instance, I believe, by a druggist in a large manufacturing town of Lancashire, and after the lapse of some time, by others, not only in that county, but in other parts of the north of England.

The fraud had up to within the last two or three years been difficult to deal with, partly owing to the careful skill of the offenders in disguising the methylated spirit, and selling it as a medicine, although it was used as a beverage, and partly to the want of reliable chemical tests. This want, however, is now to a great extent supplied, as, through the exertions of certain members of the Pharmaceutical Society and other chemists, and in some degree owing to investigations made in my department, we are now in possession of means by which the surreptitious beverages under consideration can be proved to contain prohibited materials.

Methylated spirit was, I believe, first sold as a beverage under the name of "Indian brandee," a title which alone almost proves the real object of its sale. Next was introduced "medicated whiskee," "pure Islay mountain," and others, the names of which were more suggestive of the gin palace than of the druggist's shop. Their unequalled valuable properties were widely made known through a profuse circulation of handbills and by other means. Persons went about the country pressing small shopkeepers to become retailers of the spurious article, and I have no doubt that throughout the whole of these transactions there was a tacit understanding among all concerned that the liquids should be asked for and sold as a medicine, although meant to be consumed as an ordinary stimulant.

The spurious compounds, under whatever name they were sold, had no definite composition, the only substance which was constantly present, and which, in combination with water, formed nearly the whole bulk, being methylated spirit, or a derivation from such spirit.

The "Indian brandee" was put forward as a specific for nearly every disease, and was said to be composed of the most costly and rare productions of India, which had by great skill been so combined and applied as to become a perfect boon to the human race. It is sad to reflect upon the unblushing audacity of such statements, made by persons who deem themselves honest, and who would resent the application to them of the word impostor, but it is far more so to think that there are large masses of the labouring classes in this country who firmly believe them.

As a corollary to the above, it may not be amiss to state, that each of the samples sold as "Indian brandee" analysed during the past year was composed of either one or other of the following groups of substances:

First, Methylated spirit partially purified by treatment with nitric acid and distillation, containing a trace of sweet spirit of nitre, and sweetened with brown sugar.

Second, Methylated spirit slightly flavoured with rhubarb, and sweetened with brown sugar.

Third, Methylated spirit simply sweetened and coloured.

Fourth, Methylated spirit containing a small quantity of chloroform, and coloured.

Fifth, Methylated spirit with a small quantity of opium.

Sixth, Methylated spirit, coloured, sweetened, and slightly flavoured with ginger.

Seventh, Methylated spirit, flavoured with fenugreek, and coloured.

Several samples of "whiskee" were analysed, and, with the exception of not being coloured, found to be identical with the first group of ingredients given above.

Two samples of "Indian tincture" were also examined; one was composed of methylated spirit, containing a trace of sweet spirit of nitre, and much sweetened with treacle, the other was nothing more than methylated spirit similarly sweetened.

Within the past year 214 samples of wood spirit were examined, with a view to determine whether or not the bulks they represented could with safety to the revenue be used in the methylating of spirits.

MISCELLANEOUS SAMPLES.

During the year ended the 31st of March last, 336 samples which come under the above head were analysed; they included spirits, wines, beer, cane sugar, glucose, treacle, and other saccharine matters; substitutes for coffee; ginger, orange, and quinine wines; "sanitary" beer, "tonic" ale; distillers' wash, methylated spirit, sulphuric ether, "gingerine," cordials, chocolate, and yeast.

TOTAL NUMBER of SAMPLES ANALYSED in the Laboratory in each of the years 1863, 1864, and 1865.

Description of Samples.			Number of Samples examined in		
			1863.	1864.	1865.
Tobacco			100	158	112
Snuff			57	20	23
Tobacco	exported on drawback	For Customs	1,765	1,746	1,483
Snuff	exported on drawback	For Customs	354	260	409
Wines	exported on drawback	For Customs	—	182	44
Glucose	exported on drawback	For Customs	—	—	236
Pepper			30	13	13
Beer, and substances used in its adulteration			26	31	13
Tea			3	—	—
Coffee and chicory			25	61	146
Malt			388	394	526
Beer (original gravities)			5,380	6,571	6,668
Distillers' wash			5	32	12
Wood spirit			95	139	214
Malt for cattle feeding			—	884	462
Miscellaneous samples			360	217	336
Total			8,588	10,708	10,697

SUCCESSION DUTY.

COURT OF CHANCERY, 8th and 10th July 1865.

SIR W. PAGE WOOD, Vice-Chancellor.

Re Chapman's Trusts.

On Petition for payment out of Court of a fund paid in under the Trustee Relief Act.

A, *having a general power of appointment subject to a life interest in his sister* B, *appoints by will to* C *for life, with remainder to such persons as* B *shall appoint.*

A *dies, and then* B *dies in* C's *lifetime, having appointed to strangers; then* C *dies.*

Held *that* B's *appointees were liable to* 10 *per cent. legacy duty, but that the fund was not liable to succession duty in respect of the succession of* B.

JUDGMENT.

VICE-CHANCELLOR SIR W. PAGE WOOD.

The question on this petition is, whether succession duty as well as legacy duty is payable out of the funds in Court.

The original testator, *Chapman* the father, bequeathed the fund to his daughter for life, and on her death without issue (which has happened) to the son if then living, and if not, as he, the son, should appoint. Legacy duty was paid under that will, as an absolute gift to the son. The son, by his will, appointed the fund, after the death and failure of issue of his sister, to her husband for life, and after his death, as to one moiety, to such persons as his sister should appoint, and as to the other moiety, to a stranger. The sister appointed to strangers; and the question is, what duty her appointees are to pay? The Crown claims legacy duty in respect of the sister's appointment, and also succession duty in respect of the general power given to the sister over the same fund by her brother's will, and exercised by her. The rules settled by *Lovelace's* case and *Wallop's* case amount to this; that, where a general power is given and exercised, the appointee is a person taking in succession to the appointor, and the appointor is also a successor to the donor of the power.

That being so, a double duty would be payable in every such case but for the exemptions contained in the Act. The 18th section enacts that succession duty and legacy duty shall not both be payable in respect of the *same acquisition* of the *same property;* and, therefore, though a person may be a successor, yet if he takes the property also as legatee he is not liable to both duties. In *Wallop's* case, the interest acquired under an appointment by a testator domiciled abroad was held to be a succession; but it was charged with the succession duty because it was (by reason of the foreign domicile) exempt from legacy duty. That case shows that the appointees here are both successors and legatees. Then, by the 4th section of the Succession Duty Act, the donee of a general power is, if he exercises the power, to be deemed a successor from the donor of the power. This would give the sister a succession derived from her brother; but the 14th section provides, that, when the interest of a successor passes by death to another successor before it has fallen into possession, then one duty only shall be paid, and that at the highest rate which would have been payable under any

of the successions. The present case is strictly within the clause, unless it can be said that these appointees are not successors because they are also legatees, or unless it can be said that, by reason of the concluding words of the clause, they cannot be treated as within the exemption. It might be contended, that the section is only for the relief of successors who would be liable as such to more than one duty, and that the appointees in the present case are not in that position, inasmuch as their liability arises as to one duty under the Legacy Duty Acts. But I think that would not be a sound construction, having regard to the principle indicated by the 18th section. It is clear, on the authorities, that a person liable to legacy duty may not the less be a successor and chargeable as such although exempted from the legacy duty. In the sense of the 14th section, when rightly construed, I think that there are in this case two successions under the circumstances contemplated by that section; and, that being so, two duties are not payable. There will, therefore, be only a single duty of 10 per cent.

SUCCESSION DUTY.

COURT OF CHANCERY, Nov. 3 and Dec. 4, 1865.

LORD CRANWORTH, Chancellor.

Wallace v. The Attorney General.
Jeves v. Shadwell.

Succession duty is not payable on Legacies given by the Will of a person domiciled in a foreign country.

Two petitions were presented in the above-mentioned suits which involved the same question and were therefore heard together.

Wallace v. The Attorney General.—The facts in this case were as follows:

Lord *Henry Seymour*, a younger son of the late Marquis of *Hertford*, was born in France in 1805. He always resided in France, and his domicil was French. He left at his death twenty-one wills, or testamentary papers, all of which were duly registered according to the laws of France; but three of them were invalid for want of compliance with the forms necessary by French law. He was possessed of large property, real and personal, both in France and in England, the personal property in England consisting of a leasehold house and of a sum of 72,483*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.* consols, standing in his own name in the English funds. He gave by his several testamentary papers a great number of legacies, and bequeathed all the residue of his personal estate to the "Hospices" of Paris and London. By one of the testamentary papers he appointed the Plaintiff and Mr. *Edgar Disney* to be his executors in England.

The testator died in France on the 16th of August 1859. Mr. *Disney* having declined to act in the trusts of the will, probate of the eighteen valid testamentary papers was obtained by the Plaintiff alone.

A part of the consols sufficient to raise a sum of 24,000*l.* was sold by the executor under the sanction of the Court, and remitted to France for the purposes of the will, leaving the sum of 46,475*l.* 19*s.* 5*d.* consols still standing in the name of the executor.

The Commissioners of Inland Revenue claimed to be entitled to succession duty on all the testator's personal estate which was situate in England at the time of his death. The Plaintiff accordingly filed the present petition praying the opinion of the Court whether the sum

of consols was liable to the duty. It was admitted that the leasehold house was not exempt.

Jeves v. Shadwell.—In this case the facts were as follows :

John Inkson being domiciled in Port Natal, and residing at D'Urban in that colony, made his will, dated the 4th March 1851, and thereby gave all his real and personal property to *Ann Brownfield*, and appointed her his sole executrix. He died on the 9th of April 1853.

Ann Brownfield, who was also domiciled in Port Natal, made her will on the 9th of May 1853, and bequeathed all money or property bequeathed to her by *John Inkson* to the Plaintiffs *Susan Jeves* and *Sally Smith*, and appointed *William Patrick Jackson* her executor. *Ann Brownfield* died on the 1st of June 1853.

The Succession Duty Act (16 & 17 Vict. c. 51.) came into operation after the death of *John Inkson*, but before that of *Ann Brownfield*. *John Inkson* was entitled to a sum of stock in the Court of Chancery in England, to obtain which the Plaintiffs instituted the present suit for the administration of the estates of *J. Inkson* and *Ann Brownfield*. Administration, with copies of the wills annexed, of both these estates, was granted to the Defendant *Thomas Mitchell Shadwell* for the brnefit of *W. P. Jackson*, and it only now remained to divide the residue, consisting of a sum of 448*l.* cash between the legatees, subject to the question of the succession duty. The present petition was accordingly filed by the Plaintiffs, praying that the fund might be declared not to be liable to the duty.

JUDGMENT.

Dec. 4. LORD CRANWORTH, L.C.

The question raised in the case of *Wallace* v. *Attorney General* is one of great importance,—whether succession duty is payable on legacies given by the will of a person domiciled in a foreign country. The duty is claimed under the Succession Duty Act, 16 & 17 Vict. c. 51.

[His Lordship then read the 2d section, and stated the facts in the case of *Wallace* v. *The Attorney General*, as set forth above, and continued]

That no claim could be sustained for legacy duty was not disputed The law on that subject was finally settled by the House of Lords in *Thomson* v. *The Advocate General*. The question there arose on the will of a person domiciled in Demerara, disposing of personal property locally situate in Scotland. Probate had been taken out in Scotland for the purpose of realizing the assets there, and paying the legacies to the legatees. It was held that no legacy duty was payable, the testator not having been domiciled in the United Kingdom, the question in every case being, not where the property is situate, but what was the domicil of the testator; and, therefore, in a case in the Exchequer, decided after that of *Thomson* v. *The Advocate General* —I allude to the *Attorney General* v. *Napier*—it was held that where a testator died domiciled in this country legacy duty was payable on his personal estate, though not situate in this country. This was the converse of the case of *Thomson* v. *The Advocate General*, and was a necessary consequence of the principles on which that decision rested.

It is clear, therefore, that no legacy duty can be claimed in this case. But it was argued that the grounds on which the decisions as to legacy duty rested are inapplicable to claims under the Succession Duty Act. The legacy duty is imposed on every legacy given by any

will or testamentary instrument of any person. These words, it was truly said, must of necessity receive some limitation in their application, for they could not in reason extend to all persons, whether subjects of this country or foreigners, and wheresoever domiciled; and the true limitation has been held to be a limitation confining the words which impose the duty to legacies given by the wills of persons domiciled in the United Kingdom, to whom alone the enactments imposing the duties could have been intended to apply.

These restrictions do not, it was argued, necessarily or naturally apply to the duties imposed by the Succession Duty Act, where no particular instrument like a will is referred to, but the liability of the person charged is created, so to say, at a later stage, i.e., not with reference to the instrument under which he derives title, but from the fact that on the death of another he becomes entitled in succession, however that title may have arisen. I have given full attention to this argument, but it has failed to satisfy me; I think that there is necessarily an implied limitation as to the persons liable to duty under the latter as well as under the former Act.

By the second section of the Act every disposition of property by reason whereof any person shall on the death of another *become entitled* to any property shall be deemed to confer on the person *so becoming entitled* a succession, and on that succession the duty is imposed by Section 10.

The question, therefore, is whether, where a person domiciled abroad makes a will giving personal property in this country by way of legacy the legatee is a person *becoming entitled* to that property within the true intent and meaning of the second section? I think not. I think that in order to be brought within that section he must be a person who becomes entitled by virtue of the laws of this country. Any wider construction would give rise to difficulties hardly to be surmounted. In collecting the duties, the officers of the revenue will in general find no difficulty, supposing the duties to be imposed only on persons entitled under our own laws. The officers know, or must be supposed to know, what these laws are with respect to the persons liable by our laws to the duties to be levied. But who the parties entitled under a foreign will are is a question which no knowledge of our laws will enable them to solve. It can only be ascertained by evidence in every case showing what the foreign law is and who is entitled under it. In some cases this may admit of little or no doubt, but in others it may be a matter of great difficulty, and in no case can the officers safely act until the rights of parties have been ascertained litigiously.

But even when it is ascertained who the parties entitled are, it by no means follows that the amount of duty payable would be known. I will put this case. Suppose a French father dying and leaving an illegitimate child, having recognized him in the mode prescribed by the French code, so as to give him the status of a legitimate child. To what duty is that child to be liable? It is hardly reasonable to say that he he is to be ascertained by the French law as being entitled to some and in certain cases to all the rights of a legitimate child, and yet that we are to treat him for purposes of duty as a mere stranger. But the difficulties do not end here. Suppose that there are assets to the amount of 10,000*l.* in France, and to the same amount in England, and that there are debts in France to the amount of 10,000*l.*, the whole of the French assets will be exhausted in payment of debts, so that the quantum of assets in this country would afford no sure criterion of the amount of duty payable, even if it were payable at all, for in such a case justice would require

that the debts should be marshalled so as to attribute a fair proportion to the assets of each country. No correct conclusion could be arrived at as to the ultimate surplus on which duty would be payable till an account had been taken of the French assets and of the debts which had been paid out of them, an account at which we should have no means of arriving. But suppose, on the contrary, that there were no debts in France, but debts in this country exhausting the funds here; the executor here paying, as he must pay, all his assets in discharge of debts, could not possibly enforce any claim against the French assets for duty on the surplus there, which his payments in England had left free to the legatees.

These are all difficulties on the surface, and probably many more might be discovered by further investigation. The consideration of them has satisfied me that the only way of solving this question, as that relating to legacy duty, is to consider the duty as imposed only on those who claim title by virtue of our law. I must add, that the silence of the Act on this point seems to me strongly to show that the intention of the legislature was such as I have stated. The statute was passed only about eight years after the decision of the House of Lords in *Thomson* v. *The Advocate General*, and when the non-liability to legacy duty of legatees under the wills of persons not domiciled in this country had been fully established, after having for a long time previously given rise to much discussion. I can hardly think that the legislature intended, by a side wind, as it were, and without any preamble indicating its intention, to do what, without exciting attention, would practically operate as a reversal of that, which, after frequent discussions in the different courts, had established the rights of persons claiming as legatees under foreign wills. No one reading the Succession Duty Act could suppose that though it had no effect on legatees under the wills of testators domiciled in this country, it yet would by changing the name of legacy into that of succession totally alter the rights of persons claiming title to personal property in this country under the wills of persons domiciled abroad.

Parliament has no doubt the power of taxing the succession of foreigners to their personal property in this country; but I can hardly think we ought to presume such an intention, unless it is clearly stated.

The ground on which my opinion rests is that to the generality of the words in the second section under which a duty is imposed upon every person who becomes entitled to property on the death of another some limitation must be implied, and that limitation can only be a limitation confirming the operation of the words to persons who become entitled by virtue of the laws of this country.

I will only add, that this decision does not conflict with either of the cases decided by the Lords Justices, *Re Lovelace* and *Re Wallop's Trust*. They were both cases of testamentary appointment under English instruments, not of wills; and such an instrument must necessarily be construed by our own laws, not by that of the domicil of the person executing the power.

The decision in *Jeves* v. *Shadwell* must be to the same effect.

INVENTORY DUTY, SCOTLAND.

In the House of Lords, 15th, 16th, and 23d March 1866.

The Lord Advocate *v.* MacNeill.

Donation not to be presumed against the Crown.

Held (*reversing the judgment of the Court of Session*) *that a mother had not, by endorsation of a bill of exchange, transferred* 6,000*l.*, *nearly her whole estate, to her son during her lifetime, and that the Crown had a right to inventory duty thereon.*

Judgment.

Lord Chancellor.—My Lords, this is a claim of inventory duty on a sum of 6,000*l.*, as part of the moveable estate of *Margaret Campbell* or *MacNeill*. She died on the 4th May 1844, leaving three children; *Lachlan* her eldest son, *Dugald* her second son, and a daughter, *Isabella*. *Dugald* on her death intromitted with her personal estate as her executor, but no inventory was recorded till 4th October 1852, when he gave up an inventory, with an affidavit stating his mother's effects to have amounted to only 198*l.* 16*s.* 1*d.* *Lachlan* died 2d May 1852.

After *Dugald* had given up the inventory, circumstances occurred which led the Crown to claim duty on a much larger sum than 198*l.* 16*s.* 1*d.* The officers of the revenue alleged that besides that sum *Mrs. MacNeill* was at her death possessed of a sum of 6,000*l.* secured to her by a bill of exchange for that amount, bearing date the 22d of November 1838, drawn by her upon and accepted by her son *Lachlan*, payable one day after date. *Dugald* denied that this sum formed any part of his mother's property at her death, but nevertheless, for reasons which it is unnecessary to explain, he paid duty on 1,300*l.*, part of that, under protest. *Dugald* was executor of his brother *Lachlan*, and he had paid duty on his estate to the amount of 70*l.* in excess of what was really due from him. The officers of the revenue refused to return this sum to him, claiming to set off the duty due on the balance of the 6,000*l.* not yet paid.

Two actions were raised, one by *Dugald* against the *Lord Advocate* as representing the Revenue, claiming repayment of that sum of 70*l.*, the other by the *Lord Advocate* against *Dugald*, claiming payment of duty on the balance of 4,700*l.*

It was admitted that the case in both actions depended entirely on the question whether the 6,000*l.* bill did or did not form part of the personal estate of the mother at her decease. If it did, then *Dugald* was liable to pay duty on the 4,700*l.* If it did not, then the Board of Revenue admitted their liability to return to *Dugald* the 70*l.* which they had received in excess on account of what was due from him as executor of his deceased brother.

That *Mrs. Campbell* was at one time possessed of this bill, and entitled to the money thereby secured, was not disputed; but the case made by *Dugald* was that at or immediately after its date it was indorsed by his mother to him by way of gift, and so formed no part of her personal estate at her death. It was not disputed that the bill bears the genuine indorsement of *Mrs. MacNeill*, and a special indorsement in favor of *Dugald;* and he relies on that as a valid gift to him of the bill and the money secured thereby.

But it is to be observed that mere indorsement, if that word is to be understood as expressing only the writing on the back of the bill, is not sufficient to transfer the bill or its contents to the person named as indorsee. In order to transfer the property in the bill, the indorsee

must prove that it was *delivered* to him, for until delivery the property remains unchanged.

In ordinary cases no question arises as to whether the bill has or has not been delivered. When, as is always the case, the indorsee is the holder, the fact that he is so is *primâ facie* evidence that the bill was delivered to him according to the indorsement, and no further proof of delivery is necessary. If, therefore, *Dugald* could have shown that he was the holder of the bill in the lifetime of his mother, he would at all events have proved the first proposition, which it was incumbent on him to establish, in order to make out his title as donee, namely, that the legal title to the bill had been transferred to him by his mother.

But he has failed to make any such proof. There is nothing to show that he was the holder of the bill in his mother's lifetime. And inasmuch as he was, or at all events assumed to be, her executor, the fact that since her death the bill has been in his possession proves nothing. That possession may be attributed to his character of her executor just as reasonably as to his alleged title as indorsee. And as the *onus* of proof was on him to show a title on the latter head, he has failed to establish that which is the necessary foundation of his claim.

The original bill was produced, and there are indorsed on it yearly receipts for interest, dated every year on the 22d of November, beginning on the 22d of November 1839 and ending on the 22d of November 1845. These receipts are all signed by *Dugald*, and it was argued that they afford strong evidence to show that the bill must have been in his possession at the time when they were made. This would have been cogent evidence to prove that the bill had been delivered to him by his mother if it could have been shown that the indorsements were made at the time when they bear date ; but there is nothing to show that this was the case. On this head the evidence is a perfect blank ; and looking at the bill itself I was satisfied from its appearance that all the receipts prior to that of 22d November 1844 (*i.e.* prior to the death of the mother) were made at the same time. They are all apparently written with the same ink and at the same time, and seem to have been written shortly after the death of the mother, with the object (a very honest one) of showing that in some way, not clearly explained, all interest was to be considered as satisfied. The two entries of 22d November 1844 and 22d November 1845, made after the mother's death, appear to have been written at times different from that when the prior indorsements were made. But they are not important, as the bill had certainly at that time come into the possession of *Dugald*. The argument that these indorsed receipts were made for the purpose of excluding any future claim for interest, and not as indicating the actual receipt of money, derives strong confirmation from the fact that none of them mention any particular sum as having been received, and all of them (seven in number) bear date the exact day on which the interest would be due. It is hardly credible that for seven years interest should have been paid on the very day on which it became due, more especially when one of these days, 22d November 1840, fell on a Sunday.

The result, therefore, is, that *Dugald*, the respondent in the first appeal, has failed to satisfy me that the bill ever was delivered to him by his mother, or that it did not remain in her possession at her decease. The whole foundation, therefore, of his claim, that it was endorsed over to him as a gift, fails. If he had been able to show that it was indorsed and delivered to him by his mother in her lifetime, so as to give him the absolute legal title to it, then would have arisen the important question discussed by the learned Judges below, and on which they did not agree, whether the mother, by indorsing and delivering

the bill to her son, ought to be considered to have intended to make him a present of it, or only to have put it into his hands as a trustee for herself. In many cases, the mere transfer of property without consideration has been held not to alter the beneficial ownership. The want of consideration has been held sufficient to rebut the presumption arising from a transfer of the legal interest, or rather to raise a presumption sufficient to rebut the *primâ facie* legal title of the transfer. Whether the circumstances of this case would have been sufficient to raise such a presumption against the respondent, if he could have shown that the bill ever was indorsed and delivered to him by his mother, I need not stop to enquire. But I may observe that as the indorsement and delivery of a bill of exchange enable the indorsee to negociate and deal with the bill as his own, such a transaction affords stronger evidence of an intention to part with all beneficial interest than is the case in many other kinds of transfer. This, however, is a point, which, for the reasons I have given, does not seem to me to arise in this case.

My opinion is, that the interlocutors complained of ought to be reversed, and that of the Lord Ordinary sustained.

Lord Chelmsford.—My Lords, the question upon this appeal being one entirely of fact, if I had found that a majority of the Judges below had arrived at the same conclusion upon it, I should have submitted to their judgment, even if I had felt a doubt as to its propriety. But although there was a majority of the Inner House in favour of the interlocutor appealed from, yet, taking the Lord Ordinary into account, there is an equal division of opinion on the case, and I therefore consider myself at liberty to follow my own judgment upon it.

In determining the question it seems to me to be necessary to ascertain with accuracy upon which of the parties the *onus probandi* ultimately rested. The summons in the action by the Crown (the only one necessary to be considered) claimed the sum of 88*l.* for inventory duty due and payable by the defender (the respondent) as executor of his mother. Upon this summons it was incumbent upon the pursuer to prove that the defender had possessed himself of some personal estate of his mother upon which duty was payable. In his condescendence the pursuer alleged that the estate in the defender's possession upon which the duty attached consisted of money due to the defender's mother at her death upon a bill or promissory note to the amount of 6,000*l.* In the revised statement of facts, the defender states that his brother, having contracted a considerable debt to his mother, he on the 22d December 1838 granted to her a bill for 6,000*l.*, and that at or about the same date she indorsed over that bill to the defender, and delivered it to him as a gift. The parties being at issue upon this alleged statement of facts, it would have been sufficient for the defender in the first instance to produce the bill of exchange indorsed, and to prove the delivery of it to him before his mother's death. If he had done so he would not have been compelled to adduce any further proof of the gift of the bill, the special endorsement upon it and delivery to him being *primâ facie* (and if unanswered conclusive) evidence to establish his defence. The defender, however, gave no evidence at all that the bill was in his possession before the death of his brother. *Isabella MacNeill*, his sister, who was called as a witness for the Crown, never saw the bill, nor did she know of her own knowledge that it had ever been granted. The indorsements of payment of interest from the 22d November 1839 to the 22d November 1844, and an indorsement of the payment of a sum of 1,000*l.* on the 5th June 1840, appear to have been all written at the same time.

Under these circumstances the Crown might, I think, have rested upon the failure on the part of the defender to prove that the bill had passed from his mother to him, for no presumption in his favour could have arisen by his possession of it after her death.

But the pursuer met the imperfect case of the defender by evidence tending to establish the great improbability of there having been an absolute gift of the bill. From the testimony of *Isabella Mac Neill* it appeared that the 6,000*l.* represented by the bill was the whole of the mother's property which she could dispose of at her death. She had an annuity, the amount of which did not appear, and a liferent on two sums of 2,000*l.* and 1,000*l.* On the 23d May 1837 *Mrs. Mac Neill* made an invalid will, leaving all her property to the respondent, and constituting him her sole executor. That this will did not contain her final intentions appears from the fact, that on the 21st January 1838 she made a holograph will in the form of a letter to the respondent, in these words: "Circumstances has occurred that has prevented my "executing a settlement of my money. Until that is in my power, "I now write you to say that all I have is yours, you making up "*Bella's* money to three thousand three hundred; she having all my "little trinkets, &c." At the time this letter was written the 6,000*l.* had not been advanced to her son *Lachlan.* The money was not lent, nor was the bill given, until the following November. This money constituted the only fund out of which the 1,300*l.* given to *Isabella Mac Neill* could be paid. It is therefore highly improbable that ten months only after *Mrs. MacNeill* had made this additional provision for her daughter she should have deprived her of it by absolutely disposing of the whole of the means available for its payment. That *Mrs. MacNeill* intended to the last that the holograph will should regulate the disposition of her property appears from the fact of her having kept it in her possession, or under her control, down to the time of her death, and also from her having placed it in a box which she gave to *Isabella Mac Neill* to give to her brothers after her mother's death. It may fairly be asked, why was the will given to the daughter to keep except on account of the interest which she was intended to take under it? And why was the box in which it was placed to be given to her brothers after the death of the mother, except that it was then, and not before, to take effect as her will?

Upon this evidence on the part of the Crown (if not before) the burthen of proof was undoubtedly shifted to the respondent, and he was called upon to prove that the bill was his property, and not the personal estate of his mother. It may be that if the respondent had himself been able to give evidence he might have explained away the circumstances which press against his case, and have clearly proved an absolute gift to him of the bill. But if, in consequence of his impaired memory, no such explanation can be furnished, and we are left in ignorance (as I believe we are) of the real circumstances of the transaction between him and his mother, the presumption of a gift of the bill not having been raised by its mere production without proof of delivery, or at all events being rebutted by the evidence produced on the part of the Crown, I am compelled to come to the conclusion that the bill continued to be the property of the respondent's mother down to the time of her death, and that he is bound to pay inventory duty upon it.

For these reasons I think the interlocutors appealed from ought to be reversed.

Lord Kingsdown.—My Lords, the question in this case is whether the respondent has proved that the sum of 6,000*l.* secured by the bill

for that amount was given to him by his mother for his own use, without any condition or restriction whatever. This is the allegation which he has put upon the record.

He alleges the gift to have been made at or about the date of the bill, that is, on or about the 22d December 1838. He states that he was to all intents and purposes the true owner of the bill; and in proof of this fact he alleges that the bill was delivered to him at the time of the indorsement, and that he received the interest which became due upon it from time to time during *Mrs. Mac Neill's* lifetime, and applied it to his own use, and that on the 4th June 1840 he received and applied to his own use 1,000*l.* part of the principal money.

Supposing these statements to be proved, and no counter evidence to be produced in explanation of them, there can be no doubt that the respondent has established his case. But all these statements were put in issue on behalf of the Crown, and it was alleged that any intromissions with the bill by the respondent were merely as custodier in trust for *Mrs. M'Neill*, who was the true owner of the bill. It was further stated on behalf of the Crown that the respondent had been called upon to produce the bill. This was in June 1862. When the bill was first produced does not appear. It was produced, however, in the course of the procedings; and its production with the indorsements upon it formed the only evidence supplied by the respondent in support of his case.

I agree with my noble and learned friend on the Woolsack, that in the circumstances of the case the indorsements on the back of the bill afford no proof, as against the Crown, either of the payment of any of the sums, either principal or interest, mentioned in them, or of the fact of the delivery of the bill to the respondent in the lifetime of his mother. He acted as the executor of his mother, though under an instrument which turned out to have been informally executed, and the bill may have come into his hands in that character after her death. The indorsements bear an appearance which, as regards the payment of interest at least, is quite consistent with that hypothesis. The respondent had been challenged to prove these different payments; he had every facility for doing so; he was the representative of his mother, the drawer and indorser of the bill; he was the representative of his brother, the acceptor of the bill; he had access to all their papers; he had his own papers and documents—his agent's and his banker's books; and not the slighest proof is given either of the delivery of the bill or of the payment of one single shilling upon it.

But the conduct of the respondent seems to me quite inconsistent with the case now made. *Mrs. Mac Neill* died in May 1844. The last indorsement of payment of interest on the bill is 22d November 1845. *Lachlan*, the acceptor of the bill, lived till 1852. During all that time no interest seems to have been paid, or is alleged to have been paid, by *Lachlan*. Yet the respondent states that the bill has never been paid, but that the 5,000*l.* with an arrear of interest is still due upon it. In 1852 the respondent became the executor of his brother *Lachlan*, and returned an inventory of his property under the Revenue Acts amounting to about 6,000*l.* In 1854 he made an application to the Revenue Department for return of the duty on the ground that the executory had been exhausted in payment of debts. The 5,000*l.* due upon this bill was not mentioned amongst the debts so paid, so that the respondent, having a right to receive payment of the whole sum with interest from November 1845, had nevertheless not paid himself any part of it.

But what makes the case stronger is, that in this schedule of debts

paid he took credit for 3,300*l.* principal money and 2,000*l.* interest as paid to his sister out of the executory of *Lachlan*. Whatever the case might be with respect to the 2,000*l.*, the 1,300*l.* and interest were clearly payable, not out of the assets of *Lachlan*, but out of the assets of *Mrs. M'Neill*, unless (which is very possible) some arrangement had been made by the mother with her two sons respecting the 6,000*l.* for which the note was given. Nearly half the claim for reduction made by the respondent on behalf of *Lachlan's* estate was disallowed; but the debt upon the bill as far as appears is still unpaid.

It is said in excuse of all the deficiencies of evidence and inconsistencies in the respondent's case, that he has lost his memory, and is unable to give the necessary explanations; but the fact of this alleged gift has been in controversy for many years. It was alleged generally soon after the mother's death. It was again insisted on in 1852, when the dispute took place with *Miss Mac Neill*. It was raised again in 1854, when the disputes with the Stamp Office began, and has continued ever since. Law agents have been employed by the respondent during, at all events, a great part of this period. He has himself made several affidavits; and all the circumstances of the case, and the documents to prove them, must no doubt be in the possession of the agents, who could give the proper explanation, if any satisfactory explanation could be given.

If the evidence of *Miss Mac Neill* be referred to, so far from proving the case of the respondent it is quite inconsistent with it. His case is, that the money was the property of *Mrs. Mac Neill* in November 1838, and was then given to him by her for his own use, with no condition, restriction, or trust as to any part of it. Her testimony is, that several years before this date her mother told her tha ıshe had made over all her property to the respondent, subject to the paymentof 1,300*l.* to her, the witness. That this statement was made by the mother is strongly confirmed by the holograph letter in May 1838 under which the payment of the sum of 1,300*l.* has been awarded to her. That some arrangement was made by the mother with her sons with respect to this money for the benefit of the family is extremely probable. It is very likely that the object was to defeat any claims of the revenue upon it at her death. What that arrangement was it is impossible to say; that it was such as the respondent alleges not only he has failed to prove, but all the facts and all the probabilities of the case, in my opinion, tend to disprove.

I have no doubt that the interlocutor must be reversed.

Interlocutors reversed; and interlocutor of Lord Ordinary affirmed.

TABLES.

QUANTITY of HOME-MADE SPIRITS CONSUMED in ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, and IRELAND respectively, in the Year ended the 31st March 1866.

ENGLAND.	Gallons.	Gallons.
Spirits distilled in England on which duty was paid in England		6,710,127
Spirits imported from Scotland:		
Under Bond	1,828,785	
Duty paid	1,555,928	
		3,384,713
Spirits imported from Ireland:		
Under Bond	195,007	
Duty paid	866,141	
		1,061,148
Spirits on which duty was received by the Customs		498,610
		11,654,598
Deduct—		
Spirits sent to Scotland	4,308	
„ sent to Ireland	5,175	
„ exported on Drawback	220,204	
„ methylated	167,406	
		397,093
Number of gallons for Consumption, as Beverage only, in England		11,257,505
SCOTLAND.		
Spirits distilled in Scotland on which duty was paid in Scotland		7,119,561
Spirits imported from England:		
Under Bond	30	
Duty paid	4,308	
		4,338
Spirits imported from Ireland:		
Under Bond	1,789	
Duty paid	24,205	
		25,994
Spirits on which duty was received by the Customs		300,041
		7,449,934
Deduct—		
Spirits sent to England	1,555,928	
„ sent to Ireland	7,075	
„ exported on Drawback	547,036	
„ methylated	137,181	
		2,247,220
Number of gallons retained for Consumption, as Beverage only, in Scotland		5,202,714
IRELAND.		
Spirits distilled in Ireland on which Duty was paid in Ireland		4,051,340
Spirits imported from England:		
Under Bond	53,994	
Duty paid	5,175	
		59,169
Spirits imported from Scotland:		
Under Bond	479,535	
Duty paid	7,075	
		486,610
Spirits on which duty was received by the Customs		818,397
		5,415,516
Deduct—		
Spirits sent to England	866,141	
„ sent to Scotland	24,205	
„ exported on Drawback	6,916	
„ methylated	—	
		897,262
Number of gallons retained for Consumption, as Beverage only, in Ireland		4,518,254

EXCISE LICENCES.

Year ended the 31st March 1866.

	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	Amount of Duty.
	No.	*No.*	*No.*	*No.*	£
Brewers	37,880	243	118	38,241	344,803
Distillers and Rectifiers	103	132	60	295	3,097
Maltsters	5,370	501	150	6,021	16,526
Auctioneers and Appraisers	7,487	743	429	8,659	56,582
Dealers in Beer	3,220	80	689	3,989	13,193
„ additional Licences to retail	1,393	—	539	1,932	2,129
Dealers in Spirits	3,922	388	476	4,786	50,253
„ additional Licences to retail	1,866	—	—	1,866	5,875
Retailers of Beer (Publican)	67,721	501	15,438	83,660	180,607
„ Spirits	80,868	13,137	15,507	109,512	583,162
„ Wine	30,524	3,891	4,893	39,308	86,798
„ Beer and Cyder (not Publicans)	51,650	919	—	52,569	152,274
Refreshment Houses	5,385	—	85	5,470	4,385
Dealers in Wine	2,541	62	133	2,736	28,728
Wine Retailers	3,927	1,711	116	5,754	15,386
Sweets	9,994	118	98	10,210	11,767
Packet Boats	205	89	40	334	351
Methylated Spirits	145	36	8	189	464
Stage and Hackney Carriages	28,044	1,192	—	29,236	17,272
Postmasters	8,842	931	1,971	11,744	158,349
Game	43,286	5,361	3,930	57,577	158,305
Grocers', Spirit, (Ireland)	—	—	298	298	3,203
Tobacco Dealers and Manufacturers	229,288	19,544	22,949	271,781	77,953
Tea Dealers	126,999	19,419	23,876	170,294	66,557
Hawkers	16,339	1,424	201	17,964	50,941
Dealers in Gold and Silver Plate	7,161	990	378	8,529	25,816
Pawnbrokers	2,764	336	624	3,724	31,335
Makers and Sellers of Playing Cards	6,289	848	635	7,772	982
Vendors of Patent Medicines	10,759	761	—	11,520	6,386
Other Licences	1,201	226	152	1,579	4,209
TOTAL	800,173	73,583	93,793	967,549	2,157,693
Licences for fractional parts of a year and surcharges	- -	- -	- -	- - -	81,149
					£2,238,842

EXCISE.

An Account of the Net Receipt of the Duties

Years ended 31st March.	Spirits.				Malt.				Hops.
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.*
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1857	3,429,108	2,868,752	2,509,595	8,807,455	5,338,970	148,281	262,698	5,690,949	712,025
1858	3,753,909	2,752,443	2,457,523	8,963,875	4,940,765	154,029	231,228	5,326,022	477,045
1859	3,881,990	2,704,987	2,363,219	8,950,196	4,965,320	174,212	273,245	5,412,777	378,320
1860	4,191,152	2,902,620	2,685,188	9,778,960	6,084,212	224,625	340,044	6,648,881	452,218
1861	4,283,624	2,677,018	2,264,896	9,225,538	5,679,631	205,511	323,671	6,208,813	582,728
1862	4,248,327	2,910,688	2,459,276	9,618,291	5,312,379	218,442	335,482	5,866,302	215,806
1863	4,178,261	2,931,604	2,289,842	9,399,707	4,907,408	205,369	277,132	5,389,909	Duty repealed.
1864	4,186,081	3,159,173	2,347,261	9,692,515	5,547,553	239,318	305,866	6,092,736	
1865	4,390,272	3,319,274	2,467,185	10,176,731	5,800,660	251,230	342,664	6,394,553	—
1866	4,389,916	3,349,345	2,697,907	10,437,168	5,795,659	299,339	326,262	6,421,260	—

Years ended 31st March.	Game Licences.				Other Licences.				Total Licences.	Chicory.*	Race Horses.
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	United Kingdom.	England.	Great Britain.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1857	—	—	11,069	11,069	1,157,561	129,481	121,679	1,408,721	1,419,790	—	—
1858	—	—	11,500	11,500	1,172,477	127,770	124,416	1,424,663	1,436,163	—	5,224
1859	—	—	12,228	12,228	1,183,091	127,156	125,992	1,436,239	1,448,467	—	5,771
1860	—	—	13,047	13,047	1,206,248	129,619	127,947	1,463,814	1,476,861	—	6,283
1861	106,324	12,553	11,029	129,906	1,232,189	131,642	128,856	1,492,687	1,622,593	357	6,245
1862	117,685	13,147	10,152	140,984	1,237,982	132,795	129,836	1,500,613	1,641,597	2,317	6,957
1863	106,826	11,983	9,636	128,445	1,488,395	143,910	144,546	1,776,851	1,905,296	3,010	6,422
1864	113,809	12,243	9,410	135,462	1,547,517	149,504	146,652	1,843,673	1,979,135	7,211	7,288
1865	122,497	12,988	9,222	144,707	1,689,999	160,284	149,412	1,999,696	2,144,403	10,463	7,746
1866	133,913	13,915	10,477	158,305	1,732,776	166,191	154,635	2,053,602	2,211,907	13,273	8,424

* None charged in Scotland or Ireland.

Alterations in the Rates of Duties, &c.

Years ended 31st March.

Spirits.

1859:—Ireland—Duty increased 1*s.* 10*d.* per gallon from April 19, 1858.—21 Vict. c. 15.
1860:—United Kingdom—Duty increased 1*d.* per gallon from February 29, 1860.—23 & 24 Vict. c. 120.
1861:—United Kingdom—Duty increased 1*s.* 11*d.* per gallon from July 17, 1860.—23 & 24 Vict. c. 129.
1866:—Bonding of Rectified Spirits for home consumption allowed, subject to charges, from July 5, 1865.—28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.

Malt.

1857:—War Duty repealed from July 5, 1856, viz.:—from Barley, 1*s.* 3½*d.* per bushel; from Bere or Bigg, 1*s.* 1*d.* per bushel.—17 & 18 Vict. c. 27, and 19 & 20 Vict. c. 34.
1866:—Duty on Light Grain may be charged by weight from 1st September 1865.—28 & 29 Vict. c. 66.

Hops.

1861:—Great Britain—Duty reduced from 2*d.* and 5 per cent. to 1½*d.* per lb. from August 28, 1860.—23 & 24 Vict. c. 113.
1863:—Duty repealed from June 3, 1862.—25 Vict. c. 22.

Paper.

1862:—Duty repealed from September 30, 1861.—24 Vict. c. 20.

Railways.

1864:—Exemption of excursion traffic restricted.—26 & 27 Vict. c. 33.

Stage Carriages.

1864:—Duty, when not more than eight persons conveyed, reduced to ½*d.* per mile from June 29, 1863.—26 & 27 Vict. c. 33.

Game Licences.

1861:—Great Britain—Transferred from Assessed Taxes to Excise, August 13, 1860, and rates of duty altered.—23 & 24 Vict. c. 90.

Other Licences.

1861:—England and Ireland—to keep Refreshment Houses, and to Retail Foreign Wine, at various rates, imposed from July 1, 1860.—23 & 24 Vict. cc. 27 and 107.
To Dealers in Sweets or made Wines, 5*l.* 5*s.*, imposed from August 28, 1860.—23 & 24 Vict. c. 113.
1862:—To Dealers in Spirits to sell Spirits in quantities not less than one reputed quart bottle, 3*l.* 3*s.*—24 & 25 Vict. c. 21.
To Sellers of Table Beer at a price not exceeding 1½*d.* per quart, 5*s.*, imposed June 28, 1861.—24 & 25 Vict. c. 21.
To Retailers of Methylated Spirits, 2*l.* 2*s.*, imposed August 6, 1861.—24 & 25 Vict. c. 91.

EXCISE.

of Excise in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866.

Paper.				Railways.			Stage Carriages.			Hackney Carriages.	Total Railways and Stage and Hackney Carriages.	Years ended 31st March.
England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	London only.	Great Britain.	
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
827,908	246,554	51,086	1,125,548	306,345	27,718	334,063	106,252	8,535	114,787	74,406	523,256	1857
814,561	252,960	51,913	1,119,434	320,091	28,520	348,611	109,617	8,943	118,560	80,130	547,301	1858
833,037	258,182	50,894	1,142,113	310,854	28,715	339,569	115,557	9,437	124,994	82,093	546,656	1859
954,137	282,283	55,349	1,291,769	329,744	29,468	359,212	118,092	9,571	127,663	86,191	573,066	1860
965,229	281,226	59,798	1,306,253	337,079	29,202	366,281	118,447	9,436	127,883	87,751	581,915	1861
197,144	125,018	13,085	335,247	342,145	30,032	372,178	116,191	9,231	125,422	91,184	588,784	1862
—	—	—	—	353,159	29,898	383,057	123,364	9,081	132,445	97,461	612,963	1863
—	—	—	—	371,441	32,184	403,626	119,312	9,163	128,475	98,121	630,222	1864
—	—	—	—	405,357	33,975	439,332	119,973	9,205	129,178	102,647	671,157	1865
—	—	—	—	427,925	35,098	463,023	118,765	10,328	129,093	107,022	699,138	1866

continued.

Sugar, Home-made.				Sugar used by Brewers.				Total Excise.				Years ended 31st March.
England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
—	—	548	548	943	116	283	1,342	11,953,528	3,429,437	2,897,958	18,280,923	1857
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11,673,819	3,324,665	2,876,580	17,875,064	1858
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11,756,033	3,302,689	2,825,578	17,884,300	1859
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13,428,227	3,578,186	3,221,575	20,227,988	1860
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13,399,604	3,346,588	2,788,250	19,534,442	1861
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11,888,117	3,439,353	2,947,831	18,275,301	1862
89	—	—	89	—	—	—	—	11,264,395	3,331,845	2,721,156	17,317,396	1863
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11,998,333	3,601,585	2,809,189	18,409,107	1864
39	—	—	39	4,198	239	107	4,544	12,653,851	3,787,195	2,968,590	19,409,636	1865
276	—	—	276	10,072	303	134	10,509	12,738,021	3,874,519	3,189,415	19,801,955	1866

Alterations in the Rates of Duties, &c.—*continued.*

Years ended 31st March.

Other Licences—continued.

1863:—Brewers' Licences increased from October 10, 1862, (in lieu of Hop Duty repealed).—25 Vict. c. 22.
Victuallers' Occasional Licences imposed, 5*s.*, June 3, 1862.—25 Vict. c. 22.

1864:—Beer Dealers' additional Licence to retail, at 1*l.* 1*s.*, from June 29, 1863.—26 & 27 Vict. c. 33.
Publicans whose houses are rated under 20*l.*, and who do not sell Spirits, Licence to retail Beer increased from 1*l.* 2*s.* 0½*d.* to 3*l.* 6*s.* 1¾*d.*, from Oct. 10, 1863.—26 & 27 Vict. c. 33.
Stage Carriages used occasionally only—Daily Licences granted at various rates, and the Licence on Stage Carriages to convey not more than eight persons reduced from 3*l.* to 10*s.*, from June 29, 1863.—26 & 27 Vict. c. 33.
Victuallers' Occasional Licences—Rates altered to 2*s.* 6*d.* per day, and 10*s.* for any number of days not less than four nor exceeding six after the first six days, from June 29, 1863.—26 & 27 Vict. c. 33.

1865:—Licences to sell Tea, &c., Duty reduced to 2*s.* 6*d.* where house is rated at less than 8*l.*—27 Vict. c. 18.
Occasional Licences to sell Wine, Beer, and Tobacco, not exceeding three days: Wine or Beer, 1*s.* per day; Tobacco, 4*d.* per day.—27 Vict. c. 18.
Licences to Hawkers, Dealers in Plate, Appraisers, House Agents, Pawnbrokers, Sellers of Playing Cards and of Patent Medicines, transferred from Stamps to Excise.—27 & 28 Vict. c. 56.

Chicory.

1861:—United Kingdom—Duty of 3*s.* per cwt. imposed from August 28, 1860.—23 & 24 Vict. c. 113.
1862:—Increased on April 1, 1861, 2*s.* 6*d.* per cwt., and on June 12, 3*s.* per cwt.—24 Vict. c. 20.
1863:—Increased on April 1, 1862, from 8*s.* 6*d.* to 11*s.* per cwt.—24 Vict. c. 20.
1864:—Increased from 11*s.* to 1*l.* 1*s.* 9*d.* per cwt., from June 8, 1863.—26 Vict. c. 22.
1865:—Increased from 1*l.* 1*s.* 9*d.* to 1*l.* 4*s.* 3*d.* per cwt. from April 1, 1864.—26 Vict. c. 22.

Race Horses.

1858:—Transferred from Assessed Taxes, from April 5, 1857.—19 & 20 Vict. c. 82.

Sugar, Home made.

1865:—Duty reduced various rates from April 16, 1864.—27 Vict. c. 18.

Sugar used in brewing.

1857:—Duty ceased July 5, 1856.—19 & 20 Vict. c. 34.
1865:—Duty of 3*s.* 4*d.* per cwt. imposed from April 16, 1864.—27 Vict. c. 18.

An Account of the Net Receipt of the Duties of Stamps

Years ended 31st March.	Deeds and other Instruments.	Patents for Inventions.	Probates of Wills and Letters of Administration and Testamentary Inventories.				Legacy and Succession Duties.				Total Probate, Legacy, and Succession Duties.	Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes.
	United Kingdom.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	United Kingdom.	United Kingdom.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1857	1,242,528	90,869	992,684	81,631	65,818	1,140,133	1,582,144	195,964	87,149	1,865,257	3,005,390	520,894
1858	1,249,708	82,080	1,025,306	89,092	72,830	1,187,228	1,604,619	127,005	113,580	1,845,204	3,032,432	523,615
1859	1,252,579	83,794	1,066,234	97,479	76,972	1,240,685	1,889,412	163,274	144,847	2,197,533	3,438,218	457,438
1860	1,278,731	102,457	1,046,325	118,138	75,599	1,240,062	1,793,970	162,050	148,649	2,104,669	3,344,731	505,233
1861	1,327,348	104,758	1,104,312	108,764	75,218	1,288,294	1,858,284	189,171	114,370	2,161,825	3,450,119	571,229
1862	1,336,152	102,052	1,110,499	119,332	77,476	1,307,307	1,942,492	214,379	109,479	2,266,350	3,573,657	549,759
1863	1,396,358	111,331	1,122,506	121,762	81,091	1,325,359	2,031,359	210,801	132,776	2,374,436	3,699,795	574,984
1864	1,503,817	110,592	1,253,879	131,526	86,246	1,471,651	1,883,771	216,195	151,615	2,251,581	3,723,232	664,117
1865	1,636,784	113,579	1,282,889	139,788	88,484	1,511,161	1,977,648	210,055	150,291	2,337,994	3,849,155	769,311
1866	1,633,928	114,331	1,374,425	125,542	80,809	1,580,776	2,248,654	203,875	151,803	2,604,332	4,185,108	768,531

Years ended 31st March.	Licences and Certificates.				Newspapers.				Patent Medicines.	Gold and Silver Plate Duty.			
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1857	163,331	29,225	15,969	208,525	122,165	19,408	16,869	158,442	44,389	62,884	2,526	1,238	66,648
1858	170,684	30,997	15,918	217,599	117,540	18,959	16,920	153,419	41,426	58,607	2,576	1,212	62,395
1859	173,188	30,189	14,920	218,297	109,267	19,367	16,970	145,604	41,250	54,534	2,358	1,246	58,138
1860	175,173	29,051	16,024	220,248	105,179	19,100	17,278	141,557	43,692	61,338	2,255	1,026	64,619
1861	174,723	28,999	15,529	219,251	99,923	18,109	16,058	134,090	44,786	63,984	1,946	1,105	67,035
1862	200,509	30,642	15,495	246,646	94,499	17,662	15,966	128,127	44,270	54,656	1,691	717	57,064
1863	191,697	30,847	15,305	237,849	92,469	16,485	15,046	124,000	48,002	56,371	1,550	726	58,647
1864	196,019	31,671	15,476	243,166	88,945	16,536	14,506	119,987	49,849	57,108	1,880	577	59,565
1865	98,229	22,851	10,104	131,184	88,124	15,574	13,849	117,547	52,978	59,774	1,921	669	62,364
1866	99,989	24,167	9,862	134,018	91,038	15,921	13,825	120,784	57,336	62,341	2,060	782	65,183

Alterations in the Rates of Duties, &c.

Years ended 31st March.

Deeds and other Instruments.

1859:—Passport Duty reduced from 5*s.* to 6*d.* from June 14, 1858.—21 Vict. c. 24.

1861:—Dock Warrants—Duty of 3*d.* imposed from April 3, 1860.—23 Vict. c. 15.

Cost Book Mines, on transfer of Shares, &c.—Duty of 6*d.* imposed from April 3, 1860.—23 Vict. c. 15.

Awards—New Duties (ad valorem) from 2*s.* 6*d.* to 35*s.*, in lieu of a fixed Duty of 35*s.*, from August, 28, 1860.—23 & 24 Vict. c. 111.

Policies for Accidental Death, Personal Injury, or loss, or damage of Glass (except by Fire)—Duties from 1*d.* to 3*d.* imposed from August 28, 1860.—23 & 24 Vict. c. 111.

Declaration in lieu of an Affidavit—Duty of 2*s.* 6*d.* imposed from April 3, 1860.—23 Vict. c. 15.

Agreements under hand only, relative to matter of the value of 5*l.* or upwards, reduced from 2*s.* 6*d.* to 6*d.*, from April 3, 1860.—23 Vict. c. 15.

Agreements for Leases not exceeding seven years, charged as Leases, from April 3, 1860.—23 Vict. c. 15.

Life Policies for any sum not exceeding 25*l.*—Duty reduced from 6*d.* to 3*d.* from August 28, 1860.—23 & 24 Vict. c. 111.

Power of Attorney for the sale of Government Stock, not exceeding in value 20*l.*, or the receipt of annual sums not exceeding 10*l.*—Duty reduced from 1*l.* to 5*s.* from April 3, 1860.—23 Vict. c. 15.

1862:—Leases of Furnished Houses for less than a year, or Agreements, &c., where the rent exceeds 25*l.*—Duty of 2*s.* 6*d.* imposed from June 28, 1861.—24 & 25 Vict. c. 21.

Protests and other Notarial Acts—Duties reduced from August 6, 1861.—24 & 25 Vict. c. 91.

Proxy Duty for voting at meeting of members, &c. of charitable institutions reduced from 30*s.* to 6*d.* from August 6, 1861.—24 & 25 Vict. c. 91.

1863:—Bonds or other Security for Foreign or Colonial Loans—Same Duty imposed as is chargeable on other Bonds, from June 3, 1862.—25 Vict. c. 22.

Alterations in the Rates of Duties, &c.—*continued.*

Years ended 31st March.

Deeds and other Instruments—continued.

1865:—Admissions to Ecclesiastical Benefices, &c. of small Value—Duties graduated from 5*l.*, the previous minimum, to 1*l.*, according to the yearly value of the Benefice.—27 Vict. c. 18.

Letters or Powers of Attorney for the Receipt of Dividends—Duty reduced.—27 & 28 Vict. c. 56.

1866:—Conveyances, Appraisements, Awards—Duties altered and reduced.—28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.

Certain Licences granted by Ecclesiastical Authority—Duty reduced from 2*l.* to 10*s.*—28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.

Charter-parties—Duty reduced from 5*s.* to 6*d.*—28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.

Transfers of Mortgage—Duty made 6*d.* per 100*l.*—28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.

Certificates of Marriage, &c.—Duty of 5*s.* repealed.—28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.

Contracts under Highway Acts—Duty of 6*d.* only.—28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.

Probates of Wills, Letters of Administration, and Testamentory Inventories.

1860:—Graduated Stamp Duty extended.—22 & 23 Vict. c. 36.

1865:—Exemption where the Effects do not exceed 100*l.*, from 25th July, 1864.—27 & 28 Vict. c. 56.

Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes.

1861:—Foreign Promissory Notes for payment of money within the United Kingdom—The same Duty as Inland Bills of Exchange from August 28, 1860.—23 & 24 Vict. c. 111.

Inland Promissory Notes exceeding 4,000*l.*, same Duty as Inland Bills.—23 & 24 Vict. c. 111.

Inland Bills of Exchange and Foreign Bills of Exchange drawn in sets—ad valorem Duty continued beyond 4,000*l.* from April 3, 1860.—23 Vict. c. 15.

Foreign Bills of Exchange on demand, drawn abroad, same duties imposed as on Bills payable after date, in lieu of the Duty of 1*d.* from April 3, 1860.—23 Vict. c. 15.

1862:—Foreign Bills of Exchange drawn out of the United Kingdom, alteration of Rates.—24 & 25 Vict. c. 21.

in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866.

Bankers' Notes and Composition.				Receipts, Drafts, and other 1*d.* Inland Revenue Stamps.	Fire Insurances.				Marine Insurances.				Years ended 31st March.
England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
35,090	10,828	24,189	70,107	277,536	1,184,796	78,922	59,482	1,323,200	299,282	25,506	889	325,677	1857
35,687	10,456	24,333	70,476	281,114	1,209,088	85,059	61,920	1,356,067	293,552	25,178	783	319,503	1858
33,635	11,434	22,704	67,773	418,618	1,249,703	88,529	64,303	1,402,535	265,059	19,577	688	285,324	1859
33,889	12,794	25,213	71,896	387,874	1,271,298	93,270	67,757	1,432,325	302,901	19,379	1,237	323,517	1860
31,894	15,588	24,731	72,213	436,602	1,310,648	101,931	72,961	1,485,540	306,239	18,191	912	325,342	1861
30,899	16,265	22,716	69,880	423,955	1,345,172	113,151	76,519	1,534,842	317,207	17,138	853	335,198	1862
91,720	16,782	20,683	129,185	452,682	1,385,639	118,038	76,960	1,580,637	347,220	18,708	679	366,607	1863
92,550	17,326	20,193	130,069	477,196	1,431,119	122,586	79,729	1,633,434	387,542	19,476	677	407,695	1864
93,221	17,258	20,681	131,160	500,249	1,381,138	118,879	72,379	1,572,396	377,113	21,101	554	398,768	1865
91,474	18,472	22,228	132,174	531,324	1,034,057	91,788	52,540	1,178,385	450,555	21,366	641	472,562	1866

continued.

Cards.	Probate Court Fee Stamps.			Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Fee Stamps.	Admiralty Court Fee Stamps.	Land Registry Fee Stamps.	Registration of Deeds Fee Stamps.	Law, Equity, Exchequer, and Chancery Fund.	Total Stamps.	Years ended 31st March.
United Kingdom.	England.	Ireland.	Total.	England.	England.	England.	Ireland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
14,575	—	—	—	—	5,376	—	—	35,542	7,389,698	1857
13,634	15,015	1,569	16,584	196	5,303	—	—	35,387	7,460,943	1858
15,046	50,682	6,628	57,310	2,221	6,096	—	—	35,934	7,986,175	1859
15,256	49,472	7,414	56,886	2,557	6,578	—	—	34,381	8,032,538	1860
14,533	50,272	7,433	57,705	2,619	9,025	—	—	38,594	8,360,789	1861
13,637	97,366	11,833	109,199	2,624	9,616	—	—	43,918	8,580,596	1862
9,162	106,282	12,446	118,728	2,420	9,862	64	—	46,487	8,966,800	1863
8,200	115,514	12,488	128,002	2,637	9,267	133	—	41,957	9,312,915	1864
8,801	121,971	12,889	134,860	2,914	9,808	411	3,465	36,240	9,531,974	1865
8,941	122,318	13,228	135,546	2,701	9,867	1,275	10,895	30,780	9,593,664	1866

ALTERATIONS IN THE RATES OF DUTIES, &c.—*continued.*

Years ended 31st March.

Receipts, Drafts, and 1d. Inland Revenue Stamps.

1859:—Draft or Order for Money drawn on a Banker (hitherto exempt)—Stamp Duty of 1*d.* imposed from May 21, 1858.—21 Vict. c. 20.

1861:—Delivery Orders upon sale or transfer of Goods of the value of 40*s.* or upwards—Duty of 1*d.* imposed from April 3, 1860.—23 Vict. c. 15.

Certified Copy or Extracts from the Registers of Births, Baptisms, Marriages, Deaths, or Burials—Duty of 1*d.* imposed from April 3, 1860.—23 Vict. c. 15.

Contract Notes for sale or purchase of Government or other Public Stocks, Shares, &c. of the value of 5*l.* or upwards—Duty of 1*d.* imposed from August 28, 1860.—23 & 24 Vict. c. 111.

1865:—Proxies to vote at meetings of Joint Stock Companies—Duty reduced from 6*d.* to 1*d.*—27 Vict. c. 18.

Voting Paper, for voting at meetings of Joint Stock Companies, &c.—Duty of 1*d.* imposed—27 Vict. c. 18.

1866:—Policies, Fire—Duty reduced from 1*s.* to 1*d.* from 25th June 1865.—28 Vict. c. 30.

Memorandum or Receipt for Money before issuing Policy—Duty of 1*d.* imposed.—28 Vict. c. 30.

Agreements for letting Small Tenements for less than a year—1*d.* Duty only.—28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.

Fire Insurances.

1865:—On Stock in Trade—Duty reduced from 8*s.* to 1*s.* 6*d.* for every 100*l.* insured from 25th June, 1864.—27 Vict. c. 18.

1866:—An uniform rate of 1*s.* 6*d.* for every 100*l.* insured from 25th June 1865.—28 Vict. c. 30.

Policies made abroad by Insurers in the United Kingdom charged with Duty.—28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.

Marine Insurances.

1866:—Duty on certain Time Policies reduced.—28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.

Policies made abroad by Insurers in the United Kingdom charged with Duty. 28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.

ALTERATIONS IN THE RATES OF DUTIES, &c.—*continued.*

Years ended 31st March.

Licences and Certificates.

1862:—House Agents letting Furnished Houses exceeding the rent or value of 25*l.*—New Licence Duty imposed from July 5, 1861.—24 & 25 Vict. c. 21.

Hawkers' and Pedlars' Licences, Great Britain—Duties reduced from July 31, 1861.—24 & 25 Vict. c. 21.

1863:—Card Licences—To makers of Cards or Dice, Duty of 5*s.* repealed. Persons selling Playing Cards, if a maker, a Duty of 1*l.* imposed; if not a maker, 2*s.* 6*d.*—25 Vict. c. 22.

Licences to Hawkers and Pedlars (with One Horse), Duty of 8*l.* reduced to 4*l.* (Great Britain)—25 Vict. c. 22.

1865:—Licences transferred to the Excise, except Attorneys', &c., Bankers', and Stage and Hackney Carriage Drivers'.—27 & 28 Vict. c. 56.

1866:—Conveyancers' and Special Pleaders' Certificates—(For the first three years of being in practice) reduced to half the Duty, viz. from 9*l.* to 4*l.* 10*s.*—28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.

Cards.

1863:—Duty reduced from 1*s.* to 3*d.* per pack, from September 1, 1862.—25 Vict. c. 22.

Probate Court Fee Stamps.

1858:—Imposed from January 11, 1858.—20 & 21 Vict. c. 77.

1862:—District Registrars. Stamps in lieu of Fees.—23 & 24 Vict. c. 111.

Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Fee Stamps.

1858:—Imposed from January 11, 1858.—20 & 21 Vict. c. 85.

Land Registry Fee Stamps (England).

1863:—Duties imposed from October 15, 1862.—25 & 26 Vict. c. 53.

Registration of Deeds Fee Stamps (Ireland).

1865:—Fees to be collected by means of Stamps.—27 & 28 Vict. c. 76.

Record of Title Stamps (Ireland).

1866:—Fees to be collected by means of Stamps.—28 & 29 Vict. c. 88.

TAXES

An Account of the Net Receipt of Land and Assessed Taxes, and

Years ended 31st March.	Land Tax.			Assessed								
	On Lands and Tenements.			Inhabited Houses. Schedule B.			Servants. Schedule C.			Carriages. Schedule D.		
	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1857	1,111,222	37,859	1,149,081	683,397	44,869	728,257	171,457	16,438	187,895	267,289	22,633	289,922
1858	1,103,943	38,230	1,142,173	700,366	53,678	754,044	173,403	19,354	192,757	274,395	26,202	300,597
1859	1,096,594	35,174	1,131,768	713,869	50,030	763,899	176,143	17,159	193,302	280,755	25,882	306,637
1860	1,102,581	34,876	1,137,457	744,771	52,109	796,880	180,872	17,358	198,230	291,831	27,406	319,237
1861	1,110,301	35,040	1,145,341	769,855	53,081	822,936	184,650	17,455	202,105	302,381	27,811	330,192
1862	1,100,582	34,639	1,135,221	772,566	54,057	826,623	183,680	17,667	201,347	304,185	28,564	332,749
1863	1,071,830	34,761	1,106,591	788,422	56,257	844,679	186,124	17,770	203,894	310,618	29,488	340,106
1864	1,073,171	34,583	1,107,754	840,637	57,637	898,274	190,759	18,071	208,830	320,399	30,434	350,833
1865	1,089,345	34,575	1,123,920	857,743	59,063	916,806	193,003	18,241	211,244	327,473	31,328	358,801
1866	1,075,367	34,821	1,110,188	890,728	62,084	952,812	198,197	18,484	216,681	338,108	32,149	370,257

Years ended 31st March.	Assessed Taxes.														
	Hair Powder. Schedule I.			Armorial Bearings. Schedule K.			Game Duties. Schedule L.			Additional £10 per Cent., 3 Vict. c. 17.			Composition Duty.		
	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1857	1,252	62	1,314	48,041	4,475	52,516	114,255	10,824	125,079	13,497	1,342	14,839	5,107	220	5,327
1858	1,202	64	1,266	48,356	5,139	53,495	118,669	11,274	129,943	13,015	1,305	14,320	Ceased, 16 & 17 Vict. c. 90.		
1859	1,141	58	1,199	48,619	4,924	53,543	128,023	11,164	139,187	14,176	1,117	15,293			
1860	1,135	56	1,191	50,323	5,067	55,390	134,031	11,898	145,929	14,671	1,340	16,011			
1861	1,101	56	1,157	52,084	5,035	57,119	3,650	75	3,725	1,986	190	2,176			
1862	1,051	63	1,114	51,787	5,139	56,926	Transferred to the Excise Revenue from 13th August 1860, 23 & 24 Vict. c. 90.			1,258	173	1,431			
1863	1,017	52	1,069	53,085	5,274	58,359				1,264	151	1,415			
1864	999	53	1,052	54,867	5,315	60,182				1,218	144	1,362			
1865	974	54	1,028	56,023	5,476	61,499				1,226	133	1,359			
1866	963	65	1,028	57,311	5,647	62,958				1,265	125	1,390			

Alterations in the Rates of Duties, &c.

Assessed Taxes.

Years ended 31st March.

Race Horses.

1858:—Tax on Race-Horses transferred to the Excise Revenue from 5 April 1857, 19 & 20 Vict. c. 82.

Composition Duty.

1858:—Ceased, per Act 16 & 17 Vict. c. 90.

Game.

1861:—Duties transferred to the Excise Revenue from 13 August 1860, 23 & 24 Vict. c. 90.

Property and Income Tax in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866.

TAXES.

Horses for Riding, &c. Schedule E.			Other Horses and Mules. Schedule F.			Dogs. Schedule G.			Horse Dealers. Schedule H.			Years ended 31st March.
England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
216,054	18,156	234,210	100,450	10,716	111,166	181,507	19,218	200,725	12,167	1,607	13,774	1857
213,479	20,898	234,377	103,865	12,763	116,628	175,224	22,381	197,605	11,466	1,752	13,218	1858
211,374	19,128	230,502	105,219	12,586	117,805	171,891	19,808	191,699	12,067	1,690	13,757	1859
217,206	19,696	236,902	108,431	13,243	121,674	173,632	19,962	193,644	12,649	1,490	14,139	1860
222,448	19,990	242,438	112,359	13,445	125,804	177,657	19,363	197,520	12,289	1,639	13,928	1861
220,843	20,235	241,078	113,893	13,849	127,747	176,558	19,969	196,527	12,583	1,734	14,317	1862
223,219	20,389	243,608	116,123	13,998	130,121	179,674	20,292	199,966	12,640	1,513	14,153	1863
227,950	20,599	248,549	120,112	14,182	134,294	184,734	20,595	205,329	12,156	1,438	13,594	1864
230,672	20,676	251,348	123,345	14,664	138,009	189,322	21,008	210,330	12,265	1,325	13,590	1865
236,277	20,899	257,176	128,875	15,060	143,935	193,146	21,167	219,313	12,625	1,249	13,874	1866

continued.

Total Assessed Taxes.			Property and Income Tax.				Total Land and Assessed Taxes, Property and Income Tax.				Years ended 31st March.
England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1,814,473	150,551	1,965,024	13,593,935	1,276,284	1,180,452	16,050,671	16,519,630	1,464,694	1,180,452	19,164,776	1857
1,833,440	174,810	2,008,250	9,856,443	697,081	842,910	11,396,434	12,793,826	910,121	842,910	14,546,857	1858
1,863,277	163,546	2,026,823	5,671,497	429,360	509,245	6,610,102	8,631,368	628,080	509,245	9,768,693	1859
1,929,602	169,625	2,099,227	8,150,990	793,783	718,368	9,666,141	11,183,173	1,001,284	718,368	12,902,825	1860
1,840,460	158,640	1,999,100	9,335,469	892,704	728,887	10,957,060	12,286,230	1,086,384	728,887	14,101,501	1861
1,838,409	161,450	1,999,859	8,910,039	845,849	715,269	10,471,207	11,849,080	1,041,938	715,269	13,606,287	1862
1,872,186	165,184	2,037,370	8,941,614	866,685	674,289	10,482,588	11,885,630	1,066,630	674,289	13,626,549	1863
1,953,831	168,468	2,122,299	7,831,170	648,696	622,128	9,101,994	10,858,172	851,747	622,128	12,332,047	1864
1,992,046	171,968	2,164,014	6,798,978	675,228	511,567	7,985,773	9,880,369	881,771	511,567	11,273,707	1865
2,062,495	176,929	2,239,424	5,462,722	449,107	409,863	6,321,692	8,600,584	660,857	409,863	9,671,304	1866

PROPERTY AND INCOME TAX.

Years ended 5th April.	Rates of Duty on Incomes of 100*l.* a Year and under 150*l.*	Rates of Duty on Incomes of 150*l.* a Year and upwards.	Act by which imposed.	Date of Act.
	d.	*s. d.*		
1857	11½ in the £	1 4 in the £	18 Vict. c. 20. - -	25th May 1855.
1858	5 „	0 7 „	20 Vict. c. 6. - -	21st May 1857.
1859	5 „	0 5 „	16 & 17 Vict. c. 34. -	28th June 1853.
1860	6½ „	0 9 „	16 & 17 Vict. c. 34. and 22 & 23 Vict. c. 18.	28th June 1853 and 13th August 1859.
1861	7 „	0 10 „	23 Vict. c. 14. - -	3d April 1860.
1862	6 „	0 9 „	24 Vict. c. 20. - -	12th June 1861.
1863	6 „	0 9 „	25 Vict. c. 22. - -	3d June 1862.
	All Incomes of 100*l.* a year and upwards chargeable with like rates of duty, but an abatement of the duty on 60*l.* allowed on Incomes under 200*l.*			
1864	7*d.* in the £		26 Vict. c. 22. - -	8th June 1863.
1865	6*d.* „		27 Vict. c. 18. - -	13th May 1864.
1866	4*d.* „		28 Vict. c. 30. - -	26th May 1865.

PRODUCE of the DUTIES of the INLAND REVENUE of the UNITED KINGDOM (Excise, Stamps, and Taxes,) for the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866.

Years ended 31st March.	Inland Revenue. Gross Receipt.	Inland Revenue. Net Receipt.	Population of the United Kingdom.	Amount of Inland Revenue per head of the Population.	* Charges of Management per Cent. on Gross Receipt.
	£	£		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1857 -	46,918,695	44,855,967	28,188,280	1 11 10	3 3 6
1858 -	41,159,551	39,928,438	28,389,770	1 8 1	3 12 2
1859 -	36,731,286	35,667,039	28,590,224	1 4 11	3 19 7
1860 -	42,167,988	41,184,272	28,778,411	1 8 7	3 8 1
1861 -	43,090,042	42,019,133	28,974,362	1 9 0	3 10 1
1862 -	41,955,742	40,490,264	29,204,983	1 7 8	3 8 10
1863 -	41,124,372	39,778,945	29,395,051	1 7 0	3 9 2
1864 -	41,271,308	40,087,995	29,566,316	1 7 1	3 10 0
1865 -	41,432,778	40,247,361	29,768,089	1 7 0	3 11 4
1866 -	40,350,231	39,096,414	29,935,404	1 6 1	3 11 3

The Population is estimated to the middle of each year, and has been taken from a Return compiled by the Registrar General.

* In calculating this per-centage, the Discounts and other Parliamentary Allowances on Stamps are included, together with the cost of Stationery supplied by the Stationery Office. The Superannuations, Compensations, and other Retired Allowances are not included.

Amount of Taxes Repealed or Reduced and Imposed.

EXCISE.

Years.	Repealed or Reduced.	£	Imposed.	£
1856	Malt, War Duty	2,200,000		
1858			Spirit Duty (Ireland) raised from 6*s.* 2*d.* to 8*s.* per gallon	500,000
1860	Hop Duty reduced	105,000	Spirit Duty (United Kingdom) raised from 8*s.* to 10*s.* per gallon	1,000,000
			Licences, Refreshment Houses, &c., imposed	16,000
			Licences, Game, transferred from Stamps, and Duties altered	130,000
			Licences, Beer, Spirits	2,000
1861	Paper Duty repealed	1,350,000	Licences, occasional	2,000
1862	Hop Duty repealed	250,000	Do. Brewers'	230,000
1863			Licences, Beer, &c.	12,000
1864	Licences, Tea, reduced	25,000	Licences transferred from Stamps	122,845
			Do. occasional	1,000
1865	Malt Duty on light Grain reduced	10,000	Chicory Duty imposed in 1860 and gradually increased up to 1864	13,000
	Total	£3,940,000	Total	£2,028,845

Net Amount Repealed or Reduced £1,911,155.

STAMPS.

		£		£
1858			Draft Stamps	140,000
			Probate and Divorce Courts Stamps	60,000
1860			Various	172,000
1861			Leases of Furnished Houses	5,000
			Licences to let do.	5,000
			Registrars of District Probate Courts—Stamps in lieu of Fees	50,000
1862	Card Duty reduced	10,100	Foreign Bonds and Securities	20,500
1864	Licences transferred to Excise	122,845		
	Fire Insurance Duty on *Stock-in-Trade* reduced	255,000		
1865	Fire Insurance Duty reduced	520,000		
	Total	£907,945	Total	£452,500

Net Amount Repealed or Reduced £455,445.

TAXES.

		£		£
1857	Income Tax reduced	9,125,000		
1858	Income Tax reduced	2,100,000		
1859			Income Tax	4,340,000
1860	Game Certificates transferred to the Excise	140,000	Income Tax	1,060,000
1861	Income Tax reduced	1,060,000		
1863	Income Tax reduced	2,750,000		
1864	Income Tax reduced	1,230,000		
1865	Income Tax reduced	2,600,000		
	Total	£19,005,000	Total	£5,400,000

Net Amount Repealed or Reduced £13,605,000.

INLAND REVENUE.

Net Amount Repealed or Reduced £15,971,600.

SPIRITS.

Accounts for the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866,

Year ended 31st March.	Quantities of Spirits made in				Quantities of Spirits consumed as Beverage, and Rates of Duty on the same, in							Year ended 31st March.
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.		Scotland.		Ireland.		United Kingdom.	
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Rates of Duty per Gallon.	Gallons.	Rates of Duty per Gallon.	Gallons.	Rates of Duty per Gallon.	Gallons.	
						s. d.		*s. d.*		*s. d.*		
1857	8,318,895	12,459,615	8,910,637	29,689,147	11,386,279	8 0	5,368,052	8 0	6,807,412	6 2	23,561,743	1857
1858	8,228,134	13,349,527	9,857,107	31,434,768	11,634,198	,,	5,575,171	,,	6,783,207	,,	23,992,480	1858
1859	6,784,263	12,747,615	7,670,801	27,202,679	11,860,196	,,	5,324,875	,,	5,418,409	{ 6 2 / 8 0 }	22,603,480	1859
1860	7,597,763	13,312,365	7,405,593	28,315,721	12,904,029	{ 8 0 / 8 1 / 10 0 }	5,581,173	{ 8 0 / 8 1 / 10 0 }	5,950,241	{ 8 0 / 8 1 / 10 0 }	24,435,443	1860
1861	7,211,822	11,211,648	4,801,115	23,224,585	11,198,113	10 0	4,250,265	10 0	4,191,560	10 0	19,639,938	1861
1862	7,852,710	12,545,904	4,404,006	24,802,620	10,728,412	,,	4,416,596	,,	4,190,128	,,	19,335,136	1862
1863	7,634,524	13,197,661	4,137,544	24,969,729	10,481,577	,,	4,511,193	,,	3,891,759	,,	18,884,529	1863
1864	7,947,167	13,712,154	4,501,551	26,160,872	10,720,768	,,	4,769,150	,,	3,933,526	,,	19,423,444	1864
1865	7,806,102	14,502,989	5,483,208	27,792,299	11,196,524	,,	5,029,610	,,	4,157,241	,,	20,383,375	1865
1866	7,426,243	13,097,101	5,746,680	26,270,024	11,257,505	,,	5,202,714	,,	4,518,254	,,	20,978,473	1866

Year ended 31st March.	Gallons of Spirits at Proof Strength removed from						Quantities of Malt, Sugar, and Molasses used in the United Kingdom in Distillation.			Quantities of Spirits.			Quantities of Foreign and Colonial Spirits retained for Home Consumption.	Year ended 31st March.
	England to		Scotland to		Ireland to		Malt.	Sugar.	Molasses.	Exported from the United Kingdom.	Methylated in United Kingdom by			
	Scotland.	Ireland.	England.	Ireland.	England.	Scotland.					Distillers.	Rectifiers on Drawback.		
							Bushels.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	
1857	1,200	365	3,523,671	970,199	2,169,919	31,620	4,677,420	38,792	10,542,889	5,716,529	131,392	78,301	5,094,071	1857
1858	4,661	32,955	3,679,361	1,179,168	2,431,646	11,450	5,463,422	77,469	359,784	3,532,797	154,658	97,862	4,609,201	1858
1859	9,264	99,118	4,626,858	928,912	1,674,144	10,791	4,728,292	111,688	1,726,305	1,313,323	202,187	134,222	4,562,853	1859
1860	9,570	100,995	5,117,974	902,358	1,412,967	3,284	4,905,023	11,318	5,547,050	2,064,617	310,771	149,296	5,161,041	1860
1861	5,640	66,699	4,309,836	691,001	1,100,687	4,453	3,991,987	1,962	3,603,935	2,195,051	353,212	185,757	5,348,601	1861
1862	5,041	39,105	3,738,861	720,870	1,062,979	4,492	3,584,515	1,264,657	43,841,640	3,918,751	411,823	220,404	5,088,833	1862
1863	6,880	34,477	3,938,589	1,897,495	1,103,930	11,565	3,927,121	1,437,178	27,376,238	4,415,307	469,565	278,598	5,064,142	1863
1864	9,041	105,573	3,913,083	938,861	1,132,581	28,779	4,802,767	184,743	9,527,193	4,385,613	593,068	270,679	5,592,052	1864
1865	9,240	54,123	3,956,277	970,464	1,130,820	34,291	4,508,519	140,057	2,985,775	3,375,140	639,273	294,374	6,149,037	1865
1866	10,723	62,866	3,502,504	689,994	1,085,557	34,097	5,027,962	348,733	3,136,479	1,665,512	693,785	304,587	6,399,595	1866

MALT.

MALT CHARGED with DUTY, &c., in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866.

Year ended 31st March.	Bushels of Malt charged with Duty.				Bushels of Malt exported on Drawback from United Kingdom.	Bushels of Malt made Duty Free for Cattle Feeding.	Bushels of Malt made Duty Free for Exportation and Distillation.				Total Bushels of Malt relieved from Duty in United Kingdom.	Year ended 31st March.
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.			England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.		
1857	36,313,926	1,122,303	1,691,159	39,127,388	5,364	—	732,182	3,326,973	886,328	4,945,483	4,950,847	1857
1858	38,015,619	1,313,918	1,834,717	41,164,254	—	—	585,592	3,933,165	906,575	5,425,332	5,425,332	1858
1859	39,094,653	1,537,876	2,161,520	42,794,049	255	—	556,732	3,836,691	768,682	5,162,105	5,162,360	1859
1860	40,715,457	1,600,504	2,249,025	44,564,986	—	—	597,230	4,060,746	722,431	5,380,407	5,380,407	1860
1861	33,692,788	1,554,658	2,119,108	37,366,554	104,751	—	554,526	3,281,912	443,128	4,279,566	4,384,317	1861
1862	41,314,218	1,727,936	2,513,760	45,555,914	210,831	—	607,458	2,861,059	433,053	3,901,570	4,112,401	1862
1863	37,425,456	1,720,281	1,919,093	41,064,830	202,365	Commenced 28th April 1864.	529,011	3,255,325	423,986	4,208,322	4,410,687	1863
1864	43,569,186	1,955,363	2,406,400	47,930,949	247,985	—	585,862	3,638,897	508,309	4,733,068	4,981,053	1864
1865	43,955,940	2,092,699	2,489,774	48,538,413	212,735	60,247	578,500	3,612,553	628,134	4,819,187	5,092,169	1865
1866	45,190,369	2,499,498	2,473,620	50,163,487	368,846	29,094	459,046	3,493,803	645,003	4,597,852	4,995,792	1866

BEER.

NUMBER of BARRELS of BEER BREWED in ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, IRELAND, and the UNITED KINGDOM, calculated according to the CHARGE for LICENCE DUTY, in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866.

Year ended 31st March.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.
1857	16,470,221	588,552	926,000	17,984,773
1858	16,634,421	622,019	910,195	18,166,635
1859	17,289,287	743,655	1,119,622	19,152,564
1860	18,316,062	810,727	1,213,307	20,340,096
1861	17,327,355	769,192	1,437,713	19,534,460
1862	17,884,078	806,861	1,298,374	19,989,313
1863	18,084,790	846,262	1,150,356	20,081,408
1864	19,188,671	935,551	1,236,239	21,360,461
1865	20,276,623	1,027,595	1,242,671	22,546,889
1866	22,614,604	1,238,787	1,535,209	25,388,600

MALT and BRITISH SPIRITS taken for Consumption, with the Quantities consumed per head of the Population, in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866.

Year ended 31st March.	ENGLAND.					SCOTLAND.					IRELAND.					UNITED KINGDOM.					Year ended 31st March.
	Population.	Quantities of Malt and British Spirits.				Population.	Quantities of Malt and British Spirits.				Population.	Quantities of Malt and British Spirits.				Population.	Quantities of Malt and British Spirits.				
		Taken for Consumption.		Consumed per Head of the Population.			Taken for Consumption.		Consumed per Head of the Population.			Taken for Consumption.		Consumed per Head of the Population.			Taken for Consumption.		Consumed per Head of the Population.		
		Malt.	Spirits.	Malt.	Spirits.		Malt.	Spirits.	Malt.	Spirits.		Malt.	Spirits.	Malt.	Spirits.		Malt.	Spirits.	Malt.	Spirits.	
		Bushels.	*Gallons.*	*Bushels.*	*Gallons.*		*Bushels.*	*Gallons.*	*Bushels.*	*Gallons.*		*Bushels.*	*Gallons.*	*Bushels.*	*Gallons.*		*Bushels.*	*Gallons.*	*Bushels.*	*Gallons.*	
1857	19,042,412	35,286,530	11,086,279	1·853	0·582	2,995,771	1,011,605	5,368,052	0·337	1·791	5,972,851	1,680,263	5,896,214	0·281	0·987	28,011,034	37,978,398	28,561,743	1·355	0·841	1857
1858	19,256,516	36,905,126	11,564,198	1·916	0·600	3,012,310	1,214,910	5,575,171	0·403	1·850	5,919,454	1,821,610	5,946,914	0·307	1·004	28,188,280	39,941,646	23,992,480	1·417	0·851	1858
1859	19,471,291	37,928,165	11,860,196	1·947	0·609	3,027,665	1,420,645	5,324,875	0·469	1·758	5,890,814	2,146,502	5,418,409	0·364	0·919	28,389,770	41,495,312	22,603,480	1·461	0·796	1859
1860	19,686,701	39,357,060	12,904,029	1·999	0·650	3,041,812	1,486,009	5,581,173	0·488	1·834	5,861,711	2,230,245	5,950,241	0·380	1·015	28,590,224	43,073,314	24,435,443	1·506	0·854	1860
1861	19,902,713	32,539,347	11,198,113	1·634	0·562	3,054,738	1,432,118	4,256,265	0·468	1·391	5,820,960	2,104,285	4,191,560	0·361	0·720	28,778,411	36,075,750	19,639,938	1·253	0·682	1861
1862	20,119,314	40,203,307	10,728,412	1·998	0·533	3,066,633	1,623,265	4,416,596	0·529	1·440	5,788,415	2,502,569	4,190,128	0·432	0·723	28,974,362	44,329,141	19,335,136	1·529	0·667	1862
1863	20,336,467	36,213,863	10,481,577	1·780	0·515	3,083,989	1,589,356	4,511,193	0·512	1·462	5,784,527	1,912,731	3,891,759	0·330	0·672	29,204,983	39,715,950	18,884,529	1·359	0·646	1863
1864	20,554,137	42,183,142	10,720,768	2·052	0·521	3,101,345	1,749,780	4,769,150	0·564	1·537	5,739,569	2,398,646	3,933,526	0·417	0·685	29,395,051	46,331,568	19,423,444	1·576	0·660	1864
1865	20,772,308	42,646,495	11,196,524	2·053	0·539	3,118,701	1,949,260	5,029,610	0·625	1·612	5,675,307	2,483,028	4,157,241	0·437	0·732	30,566,316	47,078,783	20,383,375	1·590	0·689	1865
1866	20,990,946	43,548,689	11,257,505	2·074	0·536	3,136,057	2,316,568	5,202,714	0·738	1·659	5,641,086	2,465,758	4,518,254	0·437	0·800	29,768,089	48,331,015	20,978,473	1·623	0·704	1866

BEER.

NUMBER of BARRELS of BEER EXPORTED from the UNITED KINGDOM, with the AMOUNT of DRAWBACK paid thereon, in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866.

Year ended 31st March.	United Kingdom.	Drawback.		
	Barrels.	£	s.	d.
1857	423,180	183,516	1	9¾
1858	475,146	164,174	9	11½
1859	562,793	176,183	1	2¼
1860	631,363	202,358	16	6
1861	509,030	161,152	3	11¾
1862	429,323	137,828	7	10
1863	485,597	159,860	14	3½
1864	537,121	178,870	18	9
1865	530,305	173,254	1	5½
1866	610,670	198,509	4	9½

LICENCES.

Numbers granted, with Amounts and Rates of Duty, in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866.

Distillers', Rectifiers', and Still Licences.

Year ended 31st March.	England. Distillers.	Rectifiers.	Chemists using Stills.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	Scotland. Distillers.	Rectifiers.	Chemists using Stills.	Still Makers.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	Ireland. Distillers.	Rectifiers.	Chemists using Stills.	Still Makers.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	United Kingdom. Distillers.	Rectifiers.	Chemists using Stills.	Still Makers.	Amount.	Year ended 31st March.
	No.	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*	
1857	11	85	181	1,098 10 0		128	8	46	11	1,457 18 6		88	47	22	3	905 12 6		177	140	249	14	3,462 1 0	1857
1858	19	92	182	1,256 10 0		129	9	38	14	1,476 6 0	Distillers, 10*l.* 10*s.*	37	45	21	4	874 2 6	Distillers, 10*l.* 10*s.*	185	146	241	18	3,606 18 6	1858
1859	19	103	181	1,371 10 0	Distillers, 10*l.* 10*s.*	127	9	43	13	1,456 6 6		36	46	21	3	873 1 6		182	158	245	16	3,700 18 0	1859
1860	16	104	183	1,351 10 0		125	9	42	13	1,434 16 6	Rectifiers, 10*l.* 10*s.*	35	45	20	3	851 11 6	Rectifiers, 10*l.* 10*s.*	176	158	245	16	3,637 18 0	1860
1861	14	110	182	1,393 0 0	Rectifiers, 10*l.* 10*s.*	124	9	42	14	1,424 17 0		31	44	21	3	799 11 6		169	163	245	17	3,617 8 6	1861
1862	14	108	371	1,466 10 0		122	11	54	13	1,430 6 6	Chemists using Stills, 10*s.*	30	40	22	3	747 11 6	Chemists using Stills, 10*s.*	166	159	447	16	3,644 8 0	1862
1863	10	104	549	1,456 10 0	Chemists using Stills, 10*s.*	119	13	60	13	1,422 16 6		27	41	22	3	726 11 6		156	158	601	16	3,605 18 0	1863
1864	9	103	596	1,505 10 0		116	14	63	15	1,404 7 6	Still Makers, 10*s.* 6*d.*	27	41	21	3	726 1 6	Still Makers, 10*s.* 6*d.*	152	161	680	18	3,635 19 0	1864
1865	8	100	623	1,445 10 0		116	15	63	15	1,414 17 6		25	38	24	3	675 1 6		149	153	710	18	3,535 9 0	1865
1866	8	95	632	1,397 10 0		117	15	120	16	1,454 8 0		23	37	23	3	643 1 6		148	147	775	19	3,494 19 6	1866

Spirit Licences.

Year ended 31st March.	England. Dealers.	Dealer's additional to retail Foreign Liqueurs.	Dealer's additional to retail in Bottles.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	Scotland. Dealers.	Dealer's additional to retail Foreign Liqueurs.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	Ireland. Dealers.	Dealer's additional to retail Foreign Liqueurs.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	United Kingdom. Dealers.	Dealer's additional to retail Foreign Liqueurs.	Dealer's additional to retail in Bottles.	Amount.	Year ended 31st March.
	No.	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.*		*No.*	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.*	
1857	2,835	65	—	29,904 0	Dealers, 10*l.* 10*s.*	365	—	3,832 10		482	—	5,061 0		3,682	65	—	38,797 10	1857
1858	2,843	70	—	29,998 10	Do. additional to retail Foreign Liqueurs, 2*l.* 2*s.*	358	—	3,759 0		514	—	5,397 0		3,715	70	—	39,144 10	1858
1859	2,844	70	—	30,019 0		361	—	3,790 10		501	—	5,260 10		3,706	70	—	39,050 0	1859
1860	2,912	77	—	30,737 14	——	359	—	3,769 10	Dealers, 10*l.* 10*s.*	502	—	5,271 0		3,773	77	—	39,778 4	1860
1861*	3,069	93	New	32,419 16	* Dealers, 10*l.* 10*s.*	366	—	3,843 0		497	—	5,218 10		3,932	93	—	39,719 14	1861
1862	3,189	10	905	32,256 5	Do. additional to retail Foreign Liqueurs, 2*l.* 2*s.*	371	—	3,895 10	Do. additional to retail Foreign Liqueurs, 2*l.* 2*s.*	487	—	5,113 10	As in Scotland.	4,047	10	905	41,357 8	1862
1863	3,294	2	1,161	38,248 7	Do. additional to retail in quantities not less than a reputed quart bottle, 3*l.* 3*s.*	375	1	3,939 12		483	—	5,071 10		4,152	3	1,161	47,259 9	1863
1864	3,465	6	1,338	40,609 16		377	—	3,958 10		482	—	5,061 0		4,324	6	1,338	49,629 6	1864
1865	3,710	2	1,585	43,951 19		383	—	4,020 10		479	—	5,029 10		4,572	2	1,585	53,003 19	1865
1866	3,922	3	1,863	47,055 15		388	—	4,074 0		476	—	4,998 0		4,786	3	1,863	56,127 15	1866

Spirit Retailers' Licences.

Year ended 31st March.	England. Publicans.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	Scotland. Publicans and Grocers to retail Spirits and Beer.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	Ireland. Publicans.	Spirit Grocers.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	United Kingdom. Publicans.	Spirit Grocers.	Amount.	Year ended 31st March.
	No.	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	£ *s.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*	
1857	58,968	383,035 12 7	House and premises rated under 10*l.* - £ 2 4 1	12,219	74,100 18	House and premises rated under 10*l.* - £ 4 4 0	16,408	196	55,193 1 2	Publicans as in England.	87,565	196	512,629 11 9	1857
1858	59,672	387,470 12 2	At 10*l.* and under 20*l.* - 4 8 2½	11,842	72,445 16	At 10*l.* and under 20*l.* - 5 5 0	16,716	212	56,534 11 6	Spirit Grocers rated under 25*l.* - - - - 9 18 5¼	88,230	212	516,450 19 8	1858
1859	60,118	392,940 2 11	At 20*l.* „ 25*l.* - 6 12 3½	11,584	71,263 10	At 20*l.* „ 25*l.* - 9 9 0	16,640	186	56,461 18 9	At 25*l.* and under 30*l.* - 11 0 6	88,342	186	520,665 11 8	1859
1860	61,085	399,135 14 4	At 25*l.* „ 30*l.* - 7 14 4	11,647	72,476 5	At 25*l.* „ 30*l.* - 10 10 0	16,552	199	56,776 4 8	At 30*l.* „ 40*l.* - 12 2 6½	89,284	199	528,388 4 0	1860
1861	61,584	403,760 11 0	At 30*l.* „ 40*l.* - 8 16 4½	11,640	73,287 18	At 30*l.* „ 40*l.* - 11 11 0	16,089	209	56,128 7 3	At 40*l.* „ 50*l.* - 13 4 7	89,313	209	533,176 16 3	1861
1862	61,911	407,613 15 4	At 40*l.* „ 50*l.* - 9 18 5¼	11,550	73,550 8	At 40*l.* „ 50*l.* - 12 12 0	15,721	201	55,422 1 10	At 50*l.* or upwards - - 14 6 7¾	89,182	201	536,586 5 2	1862
1863	62,194	412,936 7 8	At 50*l.* or upwards - 11 0 6	11,187	73,873 16	At 50*l.* or upwards - - 13 13 0	15,124	228	51,935 4 2		88,905	228	538,795 7 10	1863
1864	64,500	426,108 4 3		11,466	75,315 9		15,175	241	55,560 6 3		91,141	241	556,983 19 6	1864
1865	65,501	435,751 10 2		11,568	76,491 9		15,047	270	55,965 1 1		92,116	270	568,208 0 3	1865
1866	66,479	448,563 14 3		11,704	78,384 12		15,112	298	56,875 13 8		93,295	298	583,823 19 11	1866

Licences.—Numbers granted, with Amounts and Rates of Duty, in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866—*continued.*

Beer Dealers Licences.

Year ended 31st March.	England. Dealers in Strong Beer. Wholesale.	England. Dealers in Strong Beer. Additional Licence to Retail.	England. Amount.	Scotland. Dealers in Strong Beer. Wholesale.	Scotland. Dealers in Strong Beer. Additional Licence to Retail.	Scotland. Amount.	Ireland. Dealers in Strong Beer. Wholesale.	Ireland. Dealers in Strong Beer. Additional Licence to Retail.	Ireland. Amount.	United Kingdom. Dealers in Strong Beer. Wholesale.	United Kingdom. Dealers in Strong Beer. Additional Licence to Retail.	United Kingdom. Amount.	Rate of Duty.
	No.	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*	
1857	1,405	—	4,646 14 10	29	—	95 18 2	228	—	754 1 3	1,662	—	5,496 14 3	
1858	1,480	—	4,894 15 10	31	—	102 10 6	244	—	806 19 7	1,755	—	5,804 5 11	Wholesale, 3*l.* 6*s.* 1¾*d.*
1859	1,475	—	4,878 5 1	36	—	119 1 3	278	—	919 8 6	1,789	—	5,916 14 10	
1860	1,581	—	5,228 16 7	45	—	148 16 7	315	—	1,041 15 11	1,941	—	6,419 9 1	Additional licence to retail, but not to be consumed on the premises, 1*l.* 2*s.* 0½*d.*
1861	1,728	—	5,715 0 0	59	—	195 2 7	355	—	1,174 1 9	2,142	—	7,084 4 4	
1862	1,906	—	6,303 14 0	66	—	218 5 7	408	—	1,349 7 6	2,380	—	7,871 7 1	
1863	1,652	New.	5,463 12 11	64	—	211 13 4	530	New.	1,752 17 3	2,246	—	7,428 3 6	
1864	2,151	390	7,543 15 11	75	—	248 0 11	630	355	2,474 16 7	2,856	745	10,266 13 5	
1865	2,581	842	9,464 1 6	76	—	251 7 1	622	457	2,560 15 8	3,279	1,299	12,276 4 3	
1866	3,220	1,393	12,184 13 7	80	—	264 11 8	689	539	2,872 14 11	3,989	1,932	15,322 0 2	

Retailers of Table Beer Licences.

Year ended 31st March.	England. No.	England. Amount.	Scotland. No.	Scotland. Amount.	Ireland. No.	Ireland. Amount.	Rate of Duty.	United Kingdom. Number.	United Kingdom. Amount.
		£ *s.* *d.*		£ *s.* *d.*					£ *s.* *d.*
1857									
1858									
1859									
1860									
1861									
1862	1,124	281 0 0	433	108 5 0		New.	New 5*s.*	1,557	389 5 0
1863	1,586	396 10 0	663	165 15 0			„	2,249	562 5 0
1864	2,011	502 15 0	733	183 5 0			„	2,744	686 0 0
1865	2,132	533 0 0	823	205 15 0			„	2,955	738 15 0
1866	2,170	542 10 0	919	229 15 0			„	3,089	772 5 0

Beer and Cyder Retailers' Licences.

Year ended 31st March.	England. Publicans.	England. Retailers under 4 & 5 W. 4. c. 85. Beer.	England. Retailers under 4 & 5 W. 4. c. 85. Cyder.	England. Amount.	England. Rates of Licences.	Scotland. Retailers of Beer and Cyder only.	Scotland. Amount.	Scotland. Rates of Licences.	Ireland. Publicans.	Ireland. Amount.	Ireland. Rates of Licences.	United Kingdom. Publicans.	United Kingdom. Retailers under 4 & 5 W. 4. c. 85. Beer.	United Kingdom. Retailers under 4 & 5 W. 4. c. 85. Cyder.	United Kingdom. Amount.
	No.	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*
1857	63,060	42,317	377	271,893 8 3	Publicans rated under 20*l.*, 1*l.* 2*s.* 0½*d.*	299	970 4 0	Rated under 10*l.*, 2*l.* 10*s.*	16,809	21,859 3 5	Publicans rated under 20*l.*, 1*l.* 2*s.* 0½*d.*	80,168	42,317	377	294,722 15 8
1858	63,615	42,733	362	274,131 4 0	„ at and over 20*l.*, 3*l.* 6*s.* 1¾*d.*	317	1,025 8 0		17,114	22,290 3 0		81,046	42,733	362	297,446 15 0
1859	63,901	43,072	490	276,610 10 11	Beer Retailer, not to be drunk on the premises, 1*l.* 2*s.* 0½*d.*	354	1,131 10 0		17,160	22,468 14 11		81,415	43,072	490	300,210 15 10
1860	64,458	44,041	530	281,101 15 2	„ „ to be drunk on the premises, 3*l.* 6*s.* 1¾*d.*	365	1,148 16 0		17,115	22,474 5 8		81,938	44,041	530	304,724 16 10
1861	64,924	45,105	517	285,871 18 9	Retailer of cyder or perry only, 1*l.* 2*s.* 0½*d.*	395	1,247 12 0	At 10*l.* and upwards, 4*l.* 4*s.*	16,889	22,348 14 1	„ at 20*l.* and upwards, 3*l.* 6*s.* 1¾*d.*	82,208	45,105	517	309,468 4 10
1862	65,707	44,739	955	277,193 4 10		454	1,424 0 0		16,665	22,137 2 5		82,826	44,739	955	300,754 7 3
1863	65,813	*61,167	*1,141	304,965 2 2		491	1,553 18 0		16,200	21,805 9 8		82,504	61,167	*1,141	328,324 9 10
1864	66,035	44,300	312	291,734 8 0	Publicans rated under 20*l.* who do not take out a spirit licence to pay for beer licence 3*l.* 6*s.* 1¾*d.*	478	1,545 4 0		15,598	21,951 6 11		82,161	44,300	312	315,230 18 11
1865	66,830	45,490	402	297,851 14 1		496	1,614 0 0		15,404	21,730 18 5		82,730	45,490	402	321,196 12 6
1866	72,334	47,691	400	308,591 13 4		501	1,614 12 0		15,438	21,803 13 6		88,273	47,691	400	332,009 18 10

* In this year these licences were made to expire on 10th October. The increase in the numbers issued is caused by the licences granted for fractional parts of year to those persons whose licences expired previous to the 10th October.

Wine Licences.

Year ended 31st March.	England. Dealers.	England. Retailers. Publicans.	England. Retailers. Under 23 Vict. c. 27.	England. Amount.	England. Rates of Duty.	Scotland. Dealers.	Scotland. Retailers, Publicans, or Grocers.	Scotland. Amount.	Scotland. Rates of Duty.	Ireland. Dealers.	Ireland. Retailers. Publicans.	Ireland. Retailers. Under 23 Vict. c. 107.	Ireland. Amount.	Ireland. Rates of Duty.	United Kingdom. Dealers.	United Kingdom. Publicans.	United Kingdom. Under 23 Vict. cc. 27 & 107.	United Kingdom. Amount.
	No.	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*
1857	1,454	25,023	—	70,490 4 5	Dealers, 10*l.* 10*s.*	20	3,798	8,621 2 4	Dealers, 10*l.* 10*s.*	123	2,730	—	7,368 8 3	As in England.	1,597	31,551	—	86,479 15 0
1858	1,442	25,370	—	71,131 5 6	Retailers (Publicans), 4*l.* 8*s.* 2½*d.* or 2*l.* 4*s.* 0½*d.*	19	3,844	8,736 5 1		116	2,860	—	7,585 18 4		1,577	32,074	—	87,453 8 11
1859	1,426	25,427	—	71,080 1 10		17	3,870	8,746 2 3		123	2,957	—	7,873 3 5		1,566	32,254	—	87,699 7 6
1860	1,471	25,932	—	72,681 2 8		19	4,054	9,177 1 9	Retailers.	126	3,123	—	8,277 3 7		1,616	33,109	—	90,135 8 0
1861	1,642	26,687	New 2	76,147 3 8	Dealers and Retailers (Publicans), as above.	24	4,348	9,879 16 4	Publicans and Grocers having Justice's certificate to retail beer but not spirits, 4*l.* 8*s.* 2½*d.*	131	3,596	— New	9,376 13 2		1,797	34,631	2	95,403 13 2
1862	1,807	27,277	1,440	83,791 2 2	Retailers under 23 Vict. c. 27.	49	4,528	10,539 1 5		136	3,904	18	10,151 14 5		1,992	35,709	1,458	104,483 18 0
1863	1,930	27,735	2,101	88,225 18 7	To be drunk on the premises: Rated under 50*l.* - 3*l.* 3*s.*	47	4,724	10,956 14 0	Having Justices certificate to retail spirits, or beer and spirits, 1*l.* 2*s.* 0½*d.*	141	4,076	55	10,684 12 3		2,127	36,535	2,156	102,867 4 10
1864	2,089	28,430	2,515	92,506 4 0	At 50*l.* or upwards - 5*l.* 5*s.*	51	4,917	11,419 13 10		140	4,292	72	11,187 19 3		2,280	37,639	2,587	115,113 17 1
1865	2,322	29,418	3,033	98,629 14 2	Not to be drunk on the premises: Rated under 50*l.* - 2*l.* 2*s.*	57	5,245	12,212 5 7		135	4,476	100	11,595 12 6		2,514	39,139	3,133	122,437 12 3
1866	2,541	30,524	3,758	105,315 11 1	At 50*l.* or upwards - 3*l.* 3*s.*	62	5,602	13,058 5 8		133	4,893	116	12,527 10 5		2,736	41,019	3,874	130,901 7 2

LICENCES.—Numbers granted, with Amounts and Rates of Duty, in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866—*continued*.

SWEETS LICENCES.

Year ended 31st March.	England.				Scotland.				Ireland.				United Kingdom.			Year ended 31st March.
	Dealers.	Retailers.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	Dealers.	Retailers.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	Dealers.	Retailers.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	Dealers.	Retailers.	Amount.	
	No.	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*	
1857	—	8,315	9,163 16 5	Retailers, 1*l.* 2*s.* 0½*d.*	—	89	98 1 8		—	103	113 10 3		—	8,507	9,375 8 4	1857
1858	—	8,786	9,682 18 1		—	104	114 12 4		—	109	120 2 6		—	8,999	9,917 12 11	1858
1859	—	9,104	10,033 7 4		—	110	121 4 7		—	113	124 10 8		—	9,327	10,279 2 7	1859
1860	New.	9,653	10,638 8 2	Retailers, 1*l.* 2*s.* 0½*d.*	—	115	126 14 9		—	121	133 7 0		—	9,889	10,898 9 11	1860
1861	37	9,437	10,649 14 3	Dealers, 5*l.* 5*s.*	16	94	187 11 11		—	123	135 11 1		53	9,704	10,972 17 3	1861
1862	83	9,217	10,593 13 0		19	82	190 2 5	As in England.	9	103	160 15 4	As in England.	111	9,402	10,944 10 9	1862
1863	82	9,184	10,552 0 8		20	71	183 4 11		9	81	136 10 4		111	9,336	10,871 15 11	1863
1864	84	9,238	10,622 0 11		20	92	206 7 10		10	84	145 1 6		114	9,414	10,973 10 3	1864
1865	89	9,685	11,140 18 6		20	94	208 11 11		11	81	147 0 4		120	9,860	11,496 10 9	1865
1866	89	9,905	11,383 7 9		21	97	217 3 0		14	84	166 1 6		124	10,086	11,766 12 3	1866

PACKET-BOAT LICENCES FOR SALE OF EXCISEABLE LIQUORS.

Year ended 31st March.	England.			Scotland.			Ireland.			United Kingdom.	
	Number.	Amount.	Rate of Duty.	Number.	Amount.	Rate of Duty.	Number.	Amount.	Rate of Duty.	Number.	Amount.
		£ *s.*	£ *s.*		£ *s.*			£ *s.*			£ *s.*
1857	239	250 19		95	99 15		53	55 13		387	406 7
1858	234	245 14		86	90 6		45	47 5		365	383 5
1859	257	269 17		79	82 19		53	55 13		389	408 9
1860	252	264 12		85	89 5		52	54 12		389	408 9
1861	242	254 2	1 1	92	96 12	As in	44	46 4	As in	378	396 18
1862	233	244 13		98	102 18	England.	50	52 10	England.	381	400 1
1863	217	227 17		90	94 10		45	47 5		352	369 12
1864	206	216 6		88	92 8		40	42 0		334	350 14
1865	209	219 9		92	96 12		41	43 1		342	359 2
1866	205	215 5		89	93 9		40	42 0		334	350 14

REFRESHMENT HOUSE LICENCES.

Year ended 31st March.	England.			Ireland.			England and Ireland.	
	Number.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	Number.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	Number.	Amount.
		£ *s.* *d.* New.			£ *s.* *d.* New.			£ *s.* *d.*
1861	7	4 14 6		—	—		7	4 14 6
1862	5,350	4,747 1 0	Rated under 30*l.* per annum, 10*s.* 6*d.*	74	58 5 6		5,424	4,805 6 6
1863	5,078	4,071 7 6		76	54 1 6		5,154	4,125 0 0
1864	5,004	4,023 12 0	Rated at 30*l.* or upwards, 1*l.* 1*s.*	76	54 12 0	As in England.	5,080	4,078 4 0
1865	5,151	4,163 5 0		85	58 16 0		5,236	4,222 1 0
1866	5,385	4,322 6 6		85	63 0 0		5,470	4,385 6 6

LICENCES.—Numbers granted, with Amounts and Rates of Duty, in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866—*continued.*

TOBACCO LICENCES.

Year ended 31st March.	ENGLAND. Tobacco Manufacturers.	Tobacco Dealers.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	SCOTLAND. Tobacco Manufacturers.	Tobacco Dealers.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	IRELAND. Tobacco Manufacturers.	Tobacco Dealers.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	UNITED KINGDOM. Tobacco Manufacturers.	Tobacco Dealers.	Amount.	Year ended 31st March.
	No.	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*	
1857	300	198,587	56,476 1 9	Tobacco and Snuff Manufacturers: £ *s.* *d.*	128	17,303	5,581 10 9		130	17,649	6,150 2 3		558	233,539	68,207 14 9	1857
1858	306	199,930	56,912 12 6	The quantity of tobacco not exceeding 20,000 lbs. - 5 5 0	129	17,314	5,563 8 6		130	18,291	6,297 12 9		565	235,535	68,773 13 9	1858
1859	317	202,577	57,617 19 3	Exceeding 20,000 and not exceeding 40,000 lbs. - 10 10 0	124	17,279	5,522 14 9		129	19,218	6,504 4 6		570	239,074	69,644 18 6	1859
1860	316	206,892	58,777 8 0	„ 40,000 „ „ 60,000 „ - 15 15 0	125	17,720	5,670 0 0		129	20,155	6,813 3 9		570	244,767	71,260 11 9	1860
1861	322	210,851	59,942 2 9	„ 60,000 „ „ 80,000 „ - 21 0 0	124	18,159	5,790 9 9		127	21,205	7,031 1 3		573	250,215	72,763 13 9	1861
1862	315	213,203	60,459 15 9	„ 80,000 „ „ 100,000 „ - 26 5 0	123	18,341	5,838 5 3		125	21,822	7,140 10 6		563	253,366	73,438 11 6	1862
1863	314	215,038	60,993 19 6	„ 100,000 lbs. - - - - 31 10 0	117	18,277	5,795 4 3		115	21,679	7,060 19 9		546	254,994	73,850 3 6	1863
1864	330	218,836	62,101 4 0	Beginners (with a surcharge) - - - - 5 5 0	115	18,466	5,865 16 6		108	21,574	7,007 3 6		553	258,876	74,974 4 0	1864
1865	331	222,881	63,178 15 3	Dealers in tobacco and snuff - - - - - 0 3 3	116	18,962	5,893 15 3		108	22,066	7,089 1 6		555	263,909	76,161 12 0	1865
1866	343	227,551	64,467 12 9		114	19,425	6,180 11 3		106	22,843	7,277 5 9		563	269,819	77,925 9 9	1866

MALT LICENCES.

Year ended 31st March.	ENGLAND. Maltsters.	Roasted Malt. Makers.	Roasted Malt. Dealers.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	SCOTLAND. Maltsters.	Roasted Malt. Makers.	Roasted Malt. Dealers.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	IRELAND. Maltsters.	Roasted Malt. Makers.	Roasted Malt. Dealers.	Amount.	Rates of Duty.	UNITED KINGDOM. Maltsters.	Roasted Malt. Makers.	Roasted Malt. Dealers.	Amount.	Year ended 31st March.
	No.	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*	
1857	6,235	11	21	15,338 10 11	Bye Maltsters, quantity made not exceeding 5 quarters - - - 0 2 7½	653	2	1	1,124 13 4		158	9	1	740 1 2		7,046	22	23	17,203 5 5	1857
1858	6,157	11	19	16,844 6 6	Other Maltsters, quantity made not exceeding 50 quarters - - 0 7 10½	648	1	1	1,120 5 4		161	9	—	776 2 8		6,966	21	20	18,740 17 6	1858
1859	6,085	10	18	16,612 11 10	Exceeding 50 and not 100 quarters - 0 15 9	656	2	—	1,155 4 5		168	9	—	791 17 7		6,909	21	18	18,559 13 10	1859
1860	6,002	10	17	16,753 13 4	„ 100 „ 150 „ - 1 3 7½	628	2	1	1,179 10 7		168	9	—	822 11 10		6,798	21	18	18,755 15 9	1860
1861	5,828	10	14	16,324 2 10	„ 150 „ 200 „ - 1 11 6	570	2	1	1,164 11 6		167	8	—	766 7 5		6,565	20	15	18,255 1 9	1861
1862	5,807	12	15	15,303 0 4	„ 200 „ 250 „ - 1 19 4½	566	2	1	1,111 18 8		172	8	—	795 2 2		6,545	22	16	17,210 1 2	1862
1863	5,601	12	13	15,844 9 11	„ 250 „ 300 „ - 2 7 3	492	2	1	1,131 1 11		157	9	—	782 8 7		6,250	23	14	17,758 0 5	1863
1864	5,537	12	12	15,034 2 9	„ 300 „ 350 „ - 2 15 1½	520	2	1	1,102 4 7		150	8	—	728 3 7		6,207	22	13	16,864 10 11	1864
1865	5,470	12	12	15,919 16 2	„ 350 „ 400 „ - 3 3 0	495	2	1	1,093 6 0		147	9	—	758 0 4		6,112	23	13	17,771 2 6	1865
1866	5,370	13	11	15,288 13 3	„ 400 „ 450 „ - 3 10 10½	501	2	1	1,094 9 9		150	9	—	743 1 3		6,021	24	12	17,126 4 3	1866
					„ 450 „ 500 „ - 3 18 9															
					„ 500 „ 550 „ - 4 6 7½															
					„ 550 - - - - - 4 14 6															
					Beginners (with a surcharge) - 0 7 10½															
					Malt roasters - - - - 20 0 0															
					Dealers in roasted malt - - - 10 0 0															

BREWERS' LICENCES.

Year ended 31st March.	COMMON BREWERS. England. No.	England. Amount.	Scotland. No.	Scotland. Amount.	Ireland. No.	Ireland. Amount.	United Kingdom. No.	United Kingdom. Amount.	Rates of Duty.	Additional Licence to Brewers using Sugar. England. No.	England. Amt.	Scotland. No.	Scotland. Amt.	Ireland. No.	Ireland. Amt.	Rate of Duty.	United Kingdom. No.	United Kingdom. Amt.	RETAIL BREWERS. England. No.	England. Amount.	Scotland. No.	Scotland. Amount.	Ireland. No.	Ireland. Amount.	Rate of Duty.	United Kingdom. No.	United Kingdom. Amount.	Year ended 31st March.
	No.	£ *s.* *d.*		£ *s.* *d.*		£ *s.* *d.*		£ *s.* *d.*			£		£		£	£		£		£ *s.* *d.*		£ *s.* *d.*		£ *s.* *d.*	£ *s.* *d.*		£ *s.* *d.*	
1857	40,479	75,118 11 6	234	1,254 15 0	96	1,335 7 9	40,809	77,708 14 3	Quantity brewed in the preceding year, Not exceeding 20 barrels - - 0 10 6	432	432	15	15	14	14	£ 1	461	461	28	154 7 0	23	126 15 9	5	27 11 3	£ 5 10 3	56	308 14 0	1857
1858	39,980	76,262 4 6	226	1,388 17 9	90	1,451 11 6	40,296	79,102 13 9	„ 50 „ - - 1 1 0	359	359	12	12	18	18		389	389	30	165 7 6	20	110 5 0	5	27 11 3		55	303 3 9	1858
1859	39,768	75,199 12 0	232	1,437 2 0	98	1,467 1 0	40,098	78,103 15 0	100 „ - - 1 11 6	335	335	8	8	18	18		361	361	36	198 9 0	19	104 14 9	5	27 11 3		60	330 15 0	1859
1860	39,624	74,027 4 3	229	1,631 8 3	93	1,640 12 6	39,946	80,299 5 0	1,000 „ - - 2 2 0	334	334	8	8	20	20		362	362	34	187 8 6	22	121 5 6	4	22 1 0		60	330 15 0	1860
1861	38,858	77,237 4 3	220	1,677 2 3	94	1,541 2 9	39,152	80,455 9 3	2,000 „ - - 3 3 0	441	441	12	12	20	20		473	473	32	176 8 0	20	110 5 0	3	16 10 9		55	303 3 9	1861
1862	37,963	74,082 5 0	219	1,626 4 0	94	1,599 4 0	38,276	77,307 13 0	5,000 „ - - 7 17 6	482	482	10	10	15	15		507	507	24	132 6 0	18	99 4 6	4	22 1 0		46	253 11 6	1862
1863	37,543	273,660 16 0	218	11,520 5 6	97	16,753 9 6	37,858	301,934 11 0	7,000 „ - - 11 16 3	435	435	15	15	20	20		470	470	26	143 6 6	18	99 4 6	4	22 1 0		48	264 12 0	1863
1864	38,653	284,541 2 6	254	12,698 11 0	91	16,428 19 0	38,998	313,668 12 6	10,000 „ - - 15 15 0	432	432	17	17	16	16		465	465	20	110 5 0	21	115 15 3	4	22 1 0		45	248 1 3	1864
1865	37,473	301,811 4 6	262	13,822 2 6	88	16,612 12 6	37,823	332,245 19 6	20,000 „ - - 31 10 0	368	368	18	18	15	15		401	401	14	77 3 6	19	104 14 9	4	22 1 0		37	203 19 3	1865
1866	37,447	310,939 7 0	224	15,134 18 0	96	18,178 5 0	37,767	344,252 10 0	30,000 „ - - 47 5 0	421	421	18	18	18	18		457	457	12	66 3 0	1	5 10 3	4	22 1 0		17	93 14 3	1866
					40,000 „ - - 63 0 0																							
					Exceeding 40,000 „ - - 78 15 0																							
					Beginners - - - 0 10 6																							
					With a surcharge at the expiration of licence.																							
					Brewers of black or spruce beer as above.																							
					Other common Brewers, not ex. 20 brls. 0 12 6																							
					„ „ 50 „ 1 7 6																							
					„ „ 100 „ 2 0 0																							
					„ „ 1,000 „ for every 50 barrels over 100 the additional sum of - - - - 0 15 0																							
					No exceeding 50,000 barrels: for every 5 barrels or fraction of 50 barrels over 1000 the additional sum of - - 0 14 0																							
					Exceeding 50,000; for every 50 barrels or faction of 50 barrels over 50,000, the further sum of - - - - 0 12 6																							
					Beginners - - - - 0 12 6																							
					With a surcharge at the expiration of licence.																							

LICENCES.—Numbers granted, with Amounts and Rates of Duty, in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866—*continued.*

STAGE CARRIAGES (DUTY AND LICENCES).

Year ended 31st March.	England. Number.	England. Amount.	England and Scotland. Rates of Duty.	Scotland. Number.	Scotland. Amount.	Great Britain. Number.	Great Britain. Amount.
		£ s. d.			£ s. d.		£ s. d.
1857	2,908	115,513 15 7	Licence, 3*l.* 3*s.* Supplementary Licence, 1*s.* Duty, 1*d.* per mile.	319	9,517 17 1	3,227	125,031 12 8
1858	3,004	119,294 16 0	" " "	323	9,881 11 0	3,327	129,176 7 0
1859	3,024	125,785 19 3	" " "	353	10,653 4 8	3,377	136,439 3 11
1860	3,115	128,342 15 1	" " "	342	10,635 17 9	3,457	138,978 12 10
1861	3,078	128,146 6 2	" " "	357	10,674 19 9	3,435	138,821 5 11
1862	2,961	126,688 11 2	To carry any number of Persons:—Licence 3*l.* 3*s.* Supplementary Licence, 1*s.* Duty, 1*d.* per mile.	349	10,460 1 7	3,310	137,148 12 9
1863	3,212	134,664 7 0	To carry not more than Eight Persons:—Licence, 10*s.* Supplementary Licence, 6*d.* Duty, ½*d.* per mile.	352	10,165 0 9	3,564	144,829 7 9
1864	2,988	128,122 1 5	Occasional Licences:—Various rates from 3*s.* to 10*s.* per day. If for more than one day, half these rates for each day from two to six days.	345	9,795 18 7	3,333	137,918 0 0
1865	2,411	127,538 11 7		244	10,004 2 1	2,655	137,542 13 8
1866	2,376	128,608 16 5		252	11,192 18 10	2,628	139,801 15 3

POST HORSES AND CARRIAGE LICENCES.

Year ended 31st March.	England No.	England Amount.	England and Scotland. Rates of Duty.	Scotland. No.	Scotland. Amount.	Ireland. No.	Ireland. Amount.	Ireland. Rate of Duty.	United Kingdom. No.	United Kingdom. Amount.
		£ s. d.			£ s. d.		£ s. d.			£ s. d.
1857	6,744	115,455 0 0	Keeping 1 Horse or Carriage, 7*l.* 10*s.* per Annum.	769	15,290 12 6	1,691	3,728 13 1		9,204	134,474 5 7
1858	7,023	117,901 5 0	Not exceeding— 2 Horses or 2 Carriages, 12*l.* 10*s.*	784	15,444 7 6	1,765	3,891 16 6		9,572	137,237 9 0
1859	6,792	118,266 17 6	4 " 3 " 20*l.*	746	15,307 10 0	1,938	4,273 15 9	2*l.* 2*s.* per Annum, and 1*s.* in the £ thereon.	9,476	137,848 3 3
1860	7,071	122 506 17 6	8 " 6 " 30*l.*	774	15,596 17 6	1,944	4,286 10 5		9,789	142,390 5 5
1861	7,173	123,284 7 6	12 " 9 " 40*l.*	779	15,506 17 6	1,874	4,132 3 5		9,826	142,923 8 5
1862	7,208	121,111 5 0	16 " 12 " 50*l.*	781	15,269 7 6	1,886	4,158 12 7		9,875	140,539 5 1
1863	7,299	121,997 10 0	20 " 15 " 60*l.*	790	15,200 0 0	1,833	4,041 15 3		9,922	141,239 5 3
1864	7,624	126,648 2 6	Exceeding 15 " 70*l.* Exceeding 20 Horses, then for every additional number of 10 Horses, and for every additional number less than 10 over and above 20 or any other multiple of 10 Horses, the further additional Duty of 10*l.*	820	15,603 2 6	1,891	4,169 13 1		10,335	146,420 18 1
1865	8,499	132,266 5 0		892	15,818 2 6	1,888	4,163 0 9		11,279	152,247 8 3
1866	8,842	137,876 17 6		931	16,333 2 6	1,971	4,346 1 1		11,744	158,556 1 1

HACKNEY CARRIAGES (DUTY and LICENCES).

Year ended 31st March.	London. Number.	London. Amount.	London. Rates of Duty and Licence.
		£ s. d.	
1857	5,292	80,028 19 0	Duty 7*s.* per week, or 6*s.* if not used on Sunday.
1858	5,474	85,842 6 0	
1859	5,646	87,889 8 0	
1860	5,860	92,437 0 0	Licence, 1*l.* per annum.
1861	5,977	93,862 9 0	
1862	6,215	97,995 12 0	
1863	6,872	104,833 13 0	
1864	6,647	105,136 0 0	
1865	7,037	110,244 13 0	
1866	7,160	114,638 4 0	

RAILWAY DUTY.

Year ended 31st March.	England. Amount.	England and Scotland. Rate of Duty.	Scotland. Amount.	Great Britain. Amount.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1857	308,827 15 2	5 per cent. on amount received from Passenger Traffic, subject to certain exemptions in respect of 3d-class trains.	27,677 13 8	336,505 8 10
1858	320,331 17 11		28,537 5 6	348,869 3 5
1859	311,493 15 5		28,820 11 8	340,314 7 1
1860	329,578 12 2		29,442 17 11	359,021 10 1
1861	339,366 8 7		29,581 5 5	368,947 14 0
1862	339,103 11 1		29,380 14 11	368,484 6 0
1863	357,157 10 0		29,967 12 6	387,125 2 6
1864	372,172 17 11		32,081 9 8	404,254 7 7
1865	410,661 3 6		34,125 17 10	444,787 1 4
1866	414,371 15 9		34,946 19 7	449,318 15 4

Licences.—Numbers granted, with Amounts and Rates of Duty, in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866—*continued.*

Auctioneers', * Appraisers', and * House Agents' Licences.

Year ended 31st March.	England. Auctioneers.	England. Appraisers and House Agents.	England. Amount.	England. Rates of Duty.	Scotland. Auctioneers.	Scotland. Appraisers and House Agents.	Scotland. Amount.	Scotland. Rates of Duty.	Ireland. Auctioneers.	Ireland. Appraisers and House Agents.	Ireland. Amount.	Ireland. Rates of Duty.	United Kingdom. Number.	United Kingdom. Amount.	Year ended 31st March.
	No.	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.* *d.*			£ *s.* *d.*	
1857	3,589	—	35,890 0 0	Auctioneers, 10*l.*	438	—	4,380 0 0	Auctioneers, 10*l.*	343	—	3,430 0 0	Auctioneers, 10*l.*	4,370	43,700 0 0	1857
1858	3,581	—	35,810 0 0		425	—	4,250 0 0		352	—	3,520 0 0		4,358	43,580 0 0	1858
1859	3,652	—	36,520 0 0		435	—	4,350 0 0		359	—	3,590 0 0		4,446	44,460 0 0	1859
1860	3,609	—	36,090 0 0		427	—	4,270 0 0		375	—	3,750 0 0		4,411	44,110 0 0	1860
1861	3,705	—	37,050 0 0		396	—	3,960 0 0		389	—	3,890 0 0		4,490	44,900 0 0	1861
1862	3,874	—	38,740 0 0		407	—	4,070 0 0		404	—	4,040 0 0		4,685	46,850 0 0	1862
1863	3,900	—	39,000 0 0		419	—	4,190 0 0		405	—	4,050 0 0		4,754	47,540 0 0	1863
1864	3,936	Transferred from Stamps	39,360 0 0		460	Transferred from Stamps	4,600 0 0		398	Transferred from Stamps	3,980 0 0		4,798	47,880 0 0	1864
1865	3,987	3,259	46,388 0 0	Auctioneers, 10*l.*	448	273	5,026 0 0	Auctioneers, 10*l.*	491	14	4,038 0 0	Auctioneers, 10*l.*	8,382	55,452 0 0	1865
1866	4,045	3,442	47,334 0 0	Appraisers, 2*l.* House Agents, 3*l.*	455	288	5,126 0 0	Appraisers, 2*l.* House Agents, 3*l.*	408	21	4,122 0 0	Appraisers, 2*l.* House Agents, 3*l.*	8,659	56,582 0 0	1866

* These licences were transferred from the Stamps by 27 & 28 Vict. c. 56. *Vide* page lvi.

Coffee and Tea Licences.

Year ended 31st March.	England. Number.	England. Amount.	England. Rates of Duty.	Scotland. Number.	Scotland. Amount.	Scotland. Rates of Duty.	Ireland. Number.	Ireland. Amount.	Ireland. Rates of Duty.	United Kingdom. Number.	United Kingdom. Amount.
		£ *s.* *d.*			£ *s.* *d.*			£ *s.* *d.*			£ *s.* *d.*
1857	105,851	61,084 16 11	11*s.* 6½*d.*	16,224	9,362 12 0	As in England.	17,415	10,049 18 1	As in England.	139,490	80,497 7 0
1858	106,945	61,716 3 6	„	16,383	9,454 7 1		18,098	10,444 1 1		141,426	81,614 11 8
1859	108,751	62,758 7 9	„	16,556	9,554 3 10		19,079	11,010 3 5		144,386	83,322 15 0
1860	111,917	64,585 8 8	„	17,011	9,816 15 3		20,020	11,553 4 2		148,948	85,955 8 1
1861	114,332	65,979 1 10	„	17,339	10,006 0 11		21,062	12,154 10 7		152,733	88,139 13 4
1862	115,865	66,863 15 2	„	17,564	10,135 17 10		21,546	12,433 16 9		154,975	89,433 9 9
1863	116,898	67,459 17 9	„	17,730	10,231 13 9		21,560	12,441 18 4		156,188	90,133 9 10
1864	118,867	68,596 3 3	„	17,911	10,336 2 9		21,546	12,433 16 9		158,324	91,366 2 9
1865	124,020	50,845 0 4	House rated at 8*l.* or upwards, 11*s.* 6½*d.*	18,816	7,283 15 6		22,736	7,413 18 4		165,572	65,542 14 2
1866	126,999	51,765 15 5	Rated under 8*l.*, 2*s.* 6*d.*	19,419	7,428 15 5		23,876	7,362 18 6		170,294	66,557 9 4

Game Licences and Certificates.

Year ended 31st March.	England. No. of Licences. To kill Game.	England. No. of Licences. Gamekeepers.	England. No. of Licences. To deal in Game.	England. Amount of Duty.	England. Rates of Duty.	Scotland. No. of Licences. To kill Game.	Scotland. No. of Licences. Gamekeepers.	Scotland. No. of Licences. To deal in Game.	Scotland. Amount of Duty.	Scotland. Rates of Duty.	Ireland. No. of Licences. To kill Game.	Ireland. No. of Licences. Gamekeepers.	Ireland. No. of Licences. To deal in Game.	Ireland. Amount of Duty.	Ireland. Rates of Duty.	United Kingdom. No. of Licences. To kill Game.	United Kingdom. No. of Licences. Gamekeepers.	United Kingdom. No. of Licences. To deal in Game.	United Kingdom. Amount of Duty.	Year ended 31st March.
				£ *s.* *d.*					£ *s.* *d.*					£ *s.* *d.*					£ *s.* *d.*	
1857	28,950	1,575	1,163	124,188 16 4	Licence to kill game, to other than gamekeepers, 4*l.* 0*s.* 10*d.*	2,761	873	—	12,535 17 6	Same as in England.	3,347	167	—	11,069 2 0	Certificates to kill game, 3*l.* 3*s.*	35,058	2,615	1,163	147,793 15 10	1857
1858	31,160	1,645	1,199	132,859 17 0	To gamekeepers not being assessed servants, 4*l.* 0*s.* 10*d.*	2,742	892	—	12,374 14 2		3,482	169	—	11,560 13 0		37,384	2,706	1,199	156,735 4 2	1858
1859	33,589	1,677	1,240	142,316 15 8	To gamekeepers being assessed servants, 1*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.*	2,707	924	—	12,282 11 8		3,676	206	—	12,228 6 0		39,972	2,807	1,240	166,827 13 4	1859
1860	35,283	1,727	1,325	148,863 4 6	For the sale of game, 2*l.* 4*s.*	2,933	975	—	13,295 15 10		3,942	200	—	13,047 6 0	*Certificate to kill game, if taken out after 5th April and before 1st November, to expire on 31st October, 2*l.*	42,158	2,902	1,325	175,206 6 4	1860
1861	34,441	2,536	1,368	106,279 0 0	Licence to kill game, if taken out after 5th April and before 1st November, to expire on 31st October, 2*l.*	3,619	977	177	12,533 0 0		3,633	308	44	11,029 9 0		41,693	3,821	1,589	129,841 9 0	1861
*1862	37,906	2,725	1,437	117,684 0 0		3,837	996	193	13,147 0 0		3,393	225	61	10,152 0 0	Ditto, to expire on 5th April following, 3*l.*	45,136	3,946	1,631	140,983 0 0	1862
1863	34,702	2,719	1,422	107,677 0 0	Ditto, to expire on 5th April following, 3*l.*	3,450	990	181	11,983 0 0		3,420	194	52	9,636 0 0	Ditto, if taken out on or after 1st November, to expire on 5th April following, 2*l.*	41,572	3,903	1,655	129,296 0 0	1863
1864	36,570	2,865	1,550	113,794 0 0	Ditto, if taken out on or after 1st November, to expire on 5th April following, 2*l.*	3,536	1,025	179	12,243 0 0		3,060	379	52	9,410 0 0	Gamekeepers the same amounts.	43,166	4,269	1,781	135,447 0 0	1864
1865	39,354	3,048	1,702	122,497 0 0	Gamekeepers, 2*l.*	3,779	1,031	191	12,988 0 0		3,008	326	68	9,222 0 0		46,141	4,405	1,961	144,707 0 0	1865
1866	43,231	3,217	1,838	133,913 0 0	Gamedealers, 2*l.*	4,017	1,139	205	13,915 0 0		3,493	368	69	10,477 0 0	Gamedealers as in England.	50,741	4,724	2,112	158,305 0 0	1866

Licences to kill and deal in game in Great Britain were transferred from the Assessed Taxes to the Excise by 23 & 24 Vict. c. 90., and the rates of duty, for the whole kingdom, were at the same time reduced.

Licences.—Numbers granted, with Amounts and Rates of Duty, in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866—*continued.*

Methylated Spirit Licences.

Year ended 31st March.	England. Methylated Spirit. Makers.	England. Methylated Spirit. Retailers.	England. Amount.	England. Rates of Duty.	Scotland. Methylated Spirit. Makers.	Scotland. Methylated Spirit. Retailers.	Scotland. Amount.	Scotland. Rates of Duty.	Ireland. Methylated Spirit. Makers.	Ireland. Methylated Spirit. Retailers.	Ireland. Amount.	Ireland. Rates of Duty.	United Kingdom. Methylated Spirit. Makers.	United Kingdom. Methylated Spirit. Retailers.	United Kingdom. Amount.
	No.	*No.*	£ *s.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.*		*No.*	*No.*	£ *s.*
1857	11	—	115 10	Makers of Methylated Spirits. 10*l.* 10*s.*	—	—	—	As in England.	1	—	10 10	As in England.	12	—	126 0
1858	9	—	94 10		—	—	—		—	—	—		9	—	94 10
1859	9	—	94 10		—	—	—		1	—	10 10		10	—	105 0
1860	9	—	94 10	Makers of Methylated Spirit, 10*l.* 10*s.*	1	—	10 10		1	—	10 10		11	—	115 10
1861	6	New	63 0		1	New	10 10		1	New	10 10		8	—	84 0
1862	5	49	155 8		1	15	42 0		1	—	10 10		7	64	207 18
1863	5	102	266 14	Retailers of Methylated Spirit, 2*l.* 2*s.*	1	26	65 2		1	2	14 14		7	130	346 10
1864	4	119	291 18		2	25	73 10		1	3	16 16		7	147	382 4
1865	5	127	319 4		2	32	88 4		1	3	16 16		8	162	424 4
1866	5	140	346 10		2	34	92 8		1	7	25 4		8	181	464 2

Papermakers' Licences.

Year ended 31st March.	England. No. issued.	England. Amount.	England. Rate of Duty.	Scotland. No. issued.	Scotland. Amount.	Scotland. Rate of Duty.	Ireland. No. issued.	Ireland. Amount.	Ireland. Rate of Duty.	United Kingdom. No. issued.	United Kingdom. Amount.
		£ *s.*	£ *s.*		£ *s.*			£ *s.*			£ *s.*
1857	324	1,360 16	4 4	51	214 4	As in England.	28	117 12	As in England.	403	1,692 12
1858	318	1,335 12		52	218 8		28	117 12		398	1,671 12
1859	318	1,335 12		52	218 8		27	113 8		397	1,667 8
1860	314	1,318 16		54	226 16		27	113 8		395	1,659 0
1861	314	1,318 16		56	235 4		27	113 8		397	1,667 8
1862	314	1,318 16		56	235 4		23	96 12		393	1,650 12
1863	322	1,352 8		55	231 0		22	92 8		399	1,675 16
1864	336	1,411 4		54	226 16		24	100 16		414	1,738 16
1865	327	1,373 8		53	222 12		22	92 8		402	1,688 8
1866	316	1,327 4		56	235 4		20	84 0		392	1,646 8

Soap Makers' Licences.

Year ended 31st March.	England. No. issued.	England. Amount.	England. Rate of Duty.	Scotland. No. issued.	Scotland. Amount.	Scotland. Rate of Duty.	Ireland. No. issued.	Ireland. Amount.	Ireland. Rate of Duty.	United Kingdom. No. issued.	United Kingdom. Amount.
		£ *s.*			£ *s.*			£ *s.*			£ *s.*
1857	178	747 12	4*l.* 4*s.*	22	92 8	As in England.	134	562 16	As in England.	334	1,402 16
1858	188	789 12		23	96 12		126	529 4		337	1,415 8
1859	183	768 12		25	105 0		122	512 8		330	1,386 0
1860	178	747 12		26	109 4		122	512 8		326	1,369 4
1861	185	777 0		22	92 8		119	499 16		321	1,348 4
1862	180	756 0		22	92 8		114	478 16		316	1,327 4
1863	186	781 4		26	109 4		114	478 16		326	1,369 4
1864	182	764 8		25	105 0		108	453 12		315	1,323 0
1865	179	751 16		23	96 12		100	420 0		302	1,268 8
1866	174	730 16		24	100 16		96	403 4		294	1,234 16

Vinegar Makers' Licences.

Year ended 31st March.	England. No. issued.	England. Amount.	England. Rate of Duty.	Scotland. No. issued.	Scotland. Amount.	Scotland. Rate of Duty.	Ireland. No. issued.	Ireland. Amount.	Ireland. Rate of Duty.	United Kingdom. No. issued.	United Kingdom. Amount.
		£ *s.*			£ *s.*			£ *s.*			£ *s.*
1857	55	288 15	5*l.* 5*s.*	6	31 10	As in England.	2	10 10	As in England.	63	330 15
1858	56	294 0		6	31 10		1	5 5		63	330 15
1859	58	304 10		7	36 15		1	5 5		66	346 10
1860	59	309 15		9	47 5		1	5 5		69	362 5
1861	60	315 0		9	47 5		1	5 5		70	367 10
1862	64	336 0		8	42 0		1	5 5		73	383 5
1863	59	309 15		6	31 10		1	5 5		66	346 10
1864	57	299 5		6	31 10		1	5 5		64	336 0
1865	61	320 5		6	31 10		1	5 5		68	357 0
1866	55	288 15		7	36 15		1	5 5		63	330 15

LICENCES.—Numbers granted, Amounts and Rates of Duty, in the Two Years ended 31st March 1866.

* HAWKERS AND PEDLARS' LICENCES.

Year ended 31st March.	ENGLAND. Number granted.	ENGLAND. Amount.	ENGLAND. Rates of Duty. —	For 6 months.	For 1 Year.	SCOTLAND. Number granted.	SCOTLAND. Amount.	SCOTLAND. Rates of Duty.	IRELAND. Number granted.	IRELAND. Amount.	IRELAND. Rates of Duty.	UNITED KINGDOM. Number granted.	UNITED KINGDOM. Amount.	Year ended 31st March.
		£ s. d.	Hawkers and pedlars on foot -	£ 1	£ 2		£ s. d.			£ s. d.	Hawkers and pedlars on foot or otherwise - 2*l.* 2*s.*		£ s. d.	
1865	17,123	45,487 0 0	Do. with one beast of burden -	2	4	1,600	4,443 0 0	As in England.	13	31 10 0		18,736	49,961 10 0	1865
1866	16,339	46,086 0 0	Do. for every additional beast of burden - - -	2	4	1,424	4,300 0 0		201	556 10 0	Do. for every servant and horse or beast of burden used - - - 2*l.* 2*s.*	17,964	50,942 10 0	1866

* MEDICINE VENDORS' LICENCES.

Year ended 31st March.	ENGLAND. No. granted.	ENGLAND. Amount.	ENGLAND. Rates of Duty.	SCOTLAND. No. granted.	SCOTLAND. Amount.	SCOTLAND. Rates of Duty.	GREAT BRITAIN. No. granted.	GREAT BRITAIN. Amount.
	From Stamps.	£ s. d.	In London, 2*l.*		£ s. d.	In Edinburgh, 2*l.*		£ s. d.
1865	10,188	5,760 0 0	In other cities or boroughs, 10*s.*	734	365 0 0	In other cities or boroughs, 10*s.*	10,922	6,125 0 0
1866	10,757	6,005 0 0	Elsewhere, 5*s.*	761	381 10 0	Elsewhere, 5*s.*	11,518	6,386 10 0

* PLAYING CARDS LICENCES.

ENGLAND. No. granted.	ENGLAND. Amount.	ENGLAND. Rates of Duty.	SCOTLAND. No. granted.	SCOTLAND. Amount.	SCOTLAND. Rates of Duty.	IRELAND. No. granted.	IRELAND. Amount.	IRELAND. Rates of Duty.	UNITED KINGDOM. No. granted.	UNITED KINGDOM. Amount.	Year ended 31st March.
	£ s. d.	Maker and seller, 1*l.*		£ s.			£ s.			£ s. d.	
5,898	750 7 6	Seller, not being maker, 2*s.* 6*d.*	798	99 15	As in England.	583	73 15	As in England.	7,279	923 17 6	1865
6,289	795 15 0		848	106 0		635	80 5		7,772	982 0 0	1866

* PLATE LICENCES.

Year ended 31st March.	ENGLAND. No. granted.	ENGLAND. Amount.	ENGLAND. Rates of Duty.	SCOTLAND. No. granted.	SCOTLAND. Amount.	SCOTLAND. Rates of Duty.	IRELAND. No. granted.	IRELAND. Amount.	IRELAND. Rates of Duty.	UNITED KINGDOM. No. granted.	UNITED KINGDOM. Amount.
		£ s.	To sell 2 dwts. and under 2 oz. Gold or more than 5 dwts. and under 30 oz. Silver in one Article, 2*l.* 6*s.* To sell 2 oz. Gold, or 30 oz. Silver, and upwards, 5*l.* 15*s.*		£ s.	As in England.		£ s.	As in England.		£ s.
1865	6,795	20,093 11		964	2,831 6		388	1,106 6		8,147	24,031 3
1866	7,161	21,924 15		990	2,877 6		378	1,014 6		8,529	25,816 7

* PAWNBROKERS' LICENCES.

ENGLAND. No. granted.	ENGLAND. Amount.	ENGLAND. Rates of Duty.	SCOTLAND. No. granted.	SCOTLAND. Amount.	SCOTLAND. Rates of Duty.	IRELAND. No. granted.	IRELAND. Amount.	IRELAND. Rates of Duty.	UNITED KINGDOM. No. granted.	UNITED KINGDOM. Amount.	Year ended 31st March.
	£ s.			£ s.			£ s.			£ s.	
2,699	23,632 10	London 15*l.*	527	2,452 15	7*l.* 10*s.*	619	4,642 10	7*l.* 10*s.*	3,845	30,727 10	1865
2,764	24,135 0	Elsewhere 7*l.* 10*s.*	336	2,520 0		624	4,680 0		3,724	31,335 0	1866

* These licences were transferred from the Stamps by 27 & 28 Vict. c. 56. *Vide* page lvi.

UNITED KINGDOM.

Legacy and Succession Duties.

Amount paid at each Rate in the Years ended 31st March 1865 and 1866.

Rates of Duty.	Legacy Duty.				Rates of Duty.
	Year ended 31st March 1865.		Year ended 31st March 1866.		
	Amount of Duty.	Amount of Property on which Duty was paid.	Amount of Duty.	Amount of Property on which Duty was paid.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
1 per cent - -	400,346 12 6	40,034,967 11 9	401,899 9 4	40,190,282 15 2	1 per cent.
2½ „ - -	199 13 1	7,986 3 4	150 19 4	6,038 13 4	2½ „
3 „ - -	654,162 17 6	21,805,538 12 2	777,407 9 8	25,913,685 15 4	3 „
4 „ - -	24 14 4	2,742 0 0	1,302 11 11	32,564 17 11	4 „
5 „ - -	123,251 19 0	2,465,049 8 9	145,955 10 3	2,919,116 11 4	5 „
6 „ - -	14,734 19 5	245,583 19 6	22,670 5 4	377,840 11 9	6 „
8 „ - -	338 11 2	4,231 19 7	76 0 8	950 8 4	8 „
10 „ - -	595,217 17 3	5,952,179 14 4	643,155 14 3	6,431,567 8 1	10 „
Under 56 G. 3. c. 56.	686 0 0	22,957 14 2	194 11 0	18,277 10 2	Under 56 G. 3. c. 56.
	1,788,963 4 3	70,541,237 3 7	1,992,812 11 9	75,890,324 11 5	
	Succession Duty.				
1 per cent. - -	197,941 1 1	19,815,971 7 7	219,057 9 8	21,925,030 15 5	1 per cent.
3 „ - -	182,221 6 10	6,082,630 4 6	186,137 3 10	6,214,671 15 10	3 „
5 „ - -	41,159 14 1	823,790 3 1	52,281 10 9	1,046,240 6 8	5 „
6 „ - -	9,512 6 2	158,611 1 3	7,289 16 10	121,630 4 11	6 „
10 „ - -	133,132 17 9	1,331,667 11 2	150,670 9 1	1,508,113 0 2	10 „
	563,967 5 11	28,212,670 7 7	615,436 10 2	30,815,686 3 0	

Net Receipt in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866.

Year ended 31st March.	Legacy Duty.	Succession Duty.	Total.
	£		£
1857 -	1,865,258		1,865,258
1858 -	1,845,204		1,845,204
	£	£	
1859 -	1,636,714	560,819	2,197,533
1860 -	1,507,761	596,908	2,104,669
1861 -	1,561,645	600,180	2,161,825
1862 -	1,672,265	594,085	2,266,350
1863 -	1,727,490	646,946	2,374,436
1864 -	1,662,910	588,671	2,251,581
1865 -	1,778,154	559,840	2,337,994
1866 -	1,991,726	612,606	2,604,332

Note.—The duty on succession to real property was not distinguished in the accounts until the Year 1858-9.

Fire Insurance Duty.

Gross Amount received in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866.

Year ended 31st March.	Gross Amount of Duty received.	Increase of Duty.	Decrease of Duty.	Value of Property insured.	Increase of Property insured.	Value of Agricultural Stock insured but exempted from Duty.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
1857	1,387,311	—	—	924,874,000	—	71,602,376
1858	1,423,512	36,201	—	949,008,000	24,134,000	72,136,675
1859	1,472,411	48,899	—	981,607,000	32,599,000	73,570,481
1860	1,504,173	31,762	—	1,002,782,000	21,175,000	74,342,336
1861	1,558,608	54,435	—	1,039,072,000	36,290,000	73,309,898
1862	1,611,084	52,476	—	1,074,056,000	34,984,000	73,595,607
1863	1,659,674	48,590	—	1,106,449,000	32,393,000	74,103,921
1864	1,715,122	55,448	—	1,143,415,000	36,966,000	74,785,409
1865	1,651,335	—	63,787	1,209,928,000	66,513,000	77,170,475
1866	1,237,513	—	413,822	1,259,893,000	49,965,000	78,175,322

Receipt in each Quarter of the Five Years *ending 30th September* 1866.

Periods at which the Accounts are made up by the Companies.	Net Receipt.				Gross Receipt.	Amount of Property insured.
	In Quarters ended	At 3*s.* per Cent.	At 1*s.* 6*d.* per Cent.	Total.		
		£	£	£	£	£
29 Sept. 1861	31 Dec. 1861	339,789	—	339,789		
24 Dec. 1861	31 Mar. 1862	403,415	—	403,415		
25 Mar. 1862	30 June 1862	441,546	—	441,546		
25 June 1862	30 Sept. 1862	358,624	—	358,624		
Year to	30 Sept. 1862	1,543,374	—	1,543,374	1,620,484	1,080,322,000
29 Sept. 1862	31 Dec. 1862	336,159	—	336,159		
24 Dec. 1862	31 Mar. 1863	444,308	—	444,308		
25 Mar. 1863	30 June 1863	454,678	—	454,678		
25 June 1863	30 Sept. 1863	370,514	—	370,514		
Year to	30 Sept. 1863	1,605,659	—	1,605,659	1,686,186	1,124,124,000
29 Sept. 1863	31 Dec. 1863	365,385	—	365,385		
24 Dec. 1863	31 Mar. 1864	442,857	—	442,857		
25 Mar. 1864	30 June 1864	468,820	—	468,820	At 3*s.* 0*d.*, 1,701,518	
25 June 1864	30 Sept. 1864	343,314	22,936	366,250	At 1*s.* 6*d.*, 23,936	
Year to	30 Sept. 1864	1,620,376	22,936	1,643,312	1,725,454	1,166,260,000
29 Sept. 1864	31 Dec. 1864	278,306	62,966	341,272		
24 Dec. 1864	31 Mar. 1865	325,899	70,155	396,054		
25 Mar. 1865	30 June 1865	338,232	70,806	409,038	At 3*s.* 0*d.*, 1,207,664	
25 June 1865	30 Sept. 1865	207,148	86,074	293,222	At 1*s.* 6*d.*, 304,001	
Year to	30 Sept. 1865	1,149,585	290,001	1,439,586	1,511,665	1,210,444,000
29 Sept. 1865	31 Dec. 1865	11,700	201,542	213,242		
24 Dec. 1865	31 Mar. 1866	—	262,883	262,883		
25 Mar. 1866	30 June 1866	—	256,136	256,136	At 3*s.* 0*d.*, 12,200	
25 June 1866	30 Sept. 1866	—	210,002	210,002	At 1*s.* 6*d.*, 977,473	
Year to	30 Sept. 1866	11,700	930,563	942,263	989,673	1,311,422,000

...he under-mentioned LICENCES and CERTIFICATES in the Ten Years ended 31st March 1866.

Year ended 31st March.	LICENCES. Attorneys, &c.	Conveyancers.	Bankers.	Drivers, &c. of Metropolitan Public Carriages.	Marriage, issued by Superintendent Registrars.	Appraisers.	Makers of Playing Cards for Sale.	Sellers of Playing Cards, not being Makers.	Hawkers and Pedlars.	Medicine Vendors.	Pawnbrokers.	Plate Dealers.	Surcharges.	Total.	Year ended 31st March.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1857	89,424	882	30,540	2,778		5,494	1	—	30,268	5,120	24,975	18,904	477	208,863	1857
1858	89,662	726	32,640	2,990	No separate account kept prior to the year 1861.	5,386	2	—	37,432	5,153	24,607	19,091	89	217,778	1858
1859	89,091	672	31,020	2,991		5,506	2	—	39,680	5,254	25,095	20,015	198	219,524	1859
1860	88,669	651	30,210	3,119		5,436	1	—	40,612	5,264	25,942	20,424	128	220,456	1860
1861	88,849	639	30,420	3,177	208	5,584	1	—	37,624	5,384	26,512	20,857	144	219,399	1861
						Appraisers and House Agents.									
1862	88,636	654	30,690	3,226	2,667	7,530	1	—	58,979	5,571	27,060	21,672	101	246,787	1862
1863	88,675	594	31,920	3,426	2,904	6,916	17	789	47,319	5,605	27,765	21,791	249	237,970	1863
1864	88,969	675	33,540	3,253	3,194	7,016	16	806	47,938	5,734	29,272	22,808	204	243,425	1864
1865	88,943	573	34,410	3,353	3,645	These Licences were transferred to the Excise by the Act 27 & 28 Vict. c. 56. s. 6., and the produce of the duties for the years ended 31st March 1865 and 1866 is accounted for under that head of Revenue.							507	131,431	1865
1866	89,673	528	36,390	3,462	3,900								148	134,101	1866

RATES OF DUTY.

1857	London, Edinbro', and Dublin, 9*l.* Elsewhere, 6*l.* (Half only for the first three years of being in practice.)	London and Dublin, 9*l.* Elsewhere, 6*l.*	£ 30	*s.* 5	*s.* 10	£ 2	*s* 5	—	Great Britain. On foot, 4*l.* For each horse used, 4*l.* — Ireland. On foot, 2*l.* 2*s.* For each horse used, 2*l.* 2*s.*	London, 2*l.* Other corporate towns, 10*s.* Elsewhere, 5*s.*	London, 15*l.* Elsewhere, 7*l.* 10*s.*	Selling above 2 oz. gold or 30 oz. silver, 5*l.* 15*s.* Under the above weights, 2*l.* 6*s.*	—	—	1857

ALTERATIONS IN THE RATES OF DUTY.

CONVEYANCERS.—1865-6.—For the first three years of being in practice, reduced to half the duty, viz., from 9*l.* to 4*l.* 10*s.*, 28 & 29 Vict. c. 96.

APPRAISERS.—1861-2.—House agents letting furnished houses exceeding the rent or value of 25*l.* New licence duty imposed from 5th July 1861, 24 & 25 Vict. c. 21.

MAKERS OF PLAYING CARDS FOR SALE. SELLERS OF PLAYING CARDS, NOT BEING MAKERS.—1862-3.—To makers of cards or dice, duty of 5*s.* repealed. Persons selling playing cards, if a maker, a duty of 1*l.* imposed; if not a maker, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 25 Vict. c. 22.

HAWKERS AND PEDLARS. *Great Britain.*—1861-2.—Duties reduced from 31st July 1861, 24 & 25 Vict. c. 21. 1862-3.—(With one horse) duty of 8*l.* reduced to 4*l.*, 25 Vict. c. 22.

INCOME TAX.

RATES of DUTY charged in each Year from 1842, and the ACTS by which imposed.

Year ended 5th April.	Rates of Duty on Incomes of: 100*l.*, and under 150*l.* a-year.	Rates of Duty on Incomes of: 150*l.* a-year, and upwards.	Act by which imposed.	Date of Act.
1843	—	7*d.* in the £	5 & 6 Vict. c. 35.	22d June 1842.
1844	—	7*d.* „		
1845	—	7*d.* „		
1846	—	7*d.* „	8 Vict. c. 4.	5th April 1845.
1847	—	7*d.* „		
1848	—	7*d.* „		
1849	—	7*d.* „	11 Vict. c. 8.	13th April 1848.
1850	—	7*d.* „		
1851	—	7*d.* „		
1852	—	7*d.* „	14 Vict. c. 12.	5th June 1851.
1853	—	7*d.* „	15 Vict. c. 20.	28th May 1852.
1854	5*d.* in the £	7*d.* „	16 & 17 Vict. c. 34.	28th June 1853.
1855	10*d.* „	1*s.* 2*d.* „	17 Vict. c. 24.	16th June [illegible]
1856	11½*d.* „	1*s.* 4*d.* „	18 Vict. c. 20.	25th May 18[illegible]
1857	11½*d.* „	1*s.* 4*d.* „		
1858	5*d.* in the £	7*d.* in the £	20 Vict. c. 6.	21st May 1857.
1859	5*d.* „	5*d.* „	16 & 17 Vict. c. 34.	28th June 1853.
1860	6½*d.* „	9*d.* „	16 & 17 Vict. c. 34., and 22 & 23 Vict. c. 18.	28th June 1853. 13th August 1859.
1861	7*d.* „	10*d.* „	23 Vict. c. 14.	3rd April 1860.
1862	8*d.* „	9*d.* „	24 Vict. c. 20.	12th June 1861.
1863	6*d.* „	9*d.* „	25 Vict. c. 22.	3d June 1862.
	All Incomes of 100*l.* a-year and upwards chargeable with like rates of duty, but an abatement of the duty on 60*l.* allowed on Incomes under 200*l.*			
1864	7*d.* in the £		26 Vict. c. 22.	8th June 1863.
1865	6*d.* „		27 Vict. c. 18.	13th May 1864.
1866	4*d.* „		28 Vict. c. 30.	26th May 1865.
1867	4*d.* „		29 Vict. c. 36.	11th June 1866.

INCO[illegible] TAX.

AMOUNT of PROPERTY and INCOME charged under each SCHEDULE of the INCOME [illegible] ACT for the Years ended 5th April 1864 and 1865, and the AMOUNT of DUTY thereon.

	Year ended 5th April 1864. Amount of Property and Income charged in: England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	Amount of Duty charged.	Year ended 5th April 1865. Amount of Property and Income charged in: [illegible]ngland.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	Amount of Duty charged.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
SCHEDULE A. - -	113,449,577	13,997,418	13,470,700	140,917,695	4,109,304	2,055,044	14,825,600	13,801,616	150,682,260	3,766,260	- - SCHEDULE A.
„ B. - -	27,861,718	3,617,496	2,930,874	34,410,088	475,711	[illegible],147,879	3,718,451	2,946,072	35,812,402	427,379	- - „ B.
„ C. - -	30,414,103	—	1,114,594	31,528,697	919,587	[illegible]89,559	—	1,154,930	32,044,489	801,112	- - „ C.
„ D. - -	87,307,979	8,536,243	4,368,610	100,212,832	2,922		9,799,026	4,669,979	110,105,766	2,752,494	- - „ D.
„ E. - -	17,487,270	986,761	1,152,707	19,626,738	573		996,947	1,157,242	20,451,166	511,273	- - „ E.
Total - -	276,520,647	27,137,918	23,037,485	326,696,050	9,001[illegible]52	[illegible]26,220	29,340,024	23,729,839	349,096,083	8,258,518	- - Total.

SCHEDULE A.

Year ended 5th April.	Gross Amount of Property and Profits assessed.				Net Amount of Property and Profits charged to Duty.				Amount of Duty charged.				Year ended 5th April.
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1856	101,938,175	12,428,781	11,878,545	126,245,501	93,019,152	11,558,331	11,878,545	116,456,028	6,195,499	767,679	791,903	7,755,081	1856
1857	103,603,063	12,543,811	11,952,285	128,099,164	94,347,263	11,657,882	11,952,285	117,957,430	6,265,482	774,302	796,819	7,836,603	1857
1858	109,978,265	13,809,321	12,826,739	136,614,325	101,942,863	12,529,68	12,826,739	127,299,291	2,965,528	364,308	373,465	3,703,301	1858
1859	110,923,084	13 885,457	12,858,701	137,667,242	102,426,268	12,574,81	12,858,701	127,859,783	2,133,579	261,975	267,243	2,662,797	1859
1860	112,082,749	13,974,080	12,893,829	138,950,658	103,276,204	12,588,2	12,893,829	128,758,283	3,862,820	470,755	482,943	4,816,518	1860
1861	114,058,538	14,601,691	13,003,554	141,663,783	105,464,059	13,212,8	13,003,554	131,680,495	4,382,205	548,862	541,214	5,472,281	1861
1862	120,124,206	15,128,538	13,398,938	148,651,682	111,721,224	13,742,2	13,398,938	138,862,376	4,177,620	513,500	501,894	5,193,014	1862
1863	121,328,434	15,279,846	13,494,091	150,102,371	112,208,257	13,853,2	13,494,091	139,555,566	4,195,917	517,576	505,459	5,218,982	1863
1864	122,993,875	15,478,013	13,470,700	151,942,588	113,449,577	13,997,4	13,470,700	140,917,695	3,308,842	408,258	392,204	4,109,304	1864
1865	131,341,499	16,254,230	13,801,616	161,397,345	122,055,044	14,825,6	13,801,616	150,682,260	3,051,072	370,640	344,548	3,766,260	1865

SCHEDULE C.

Year ended 5th April.	Gross Amount of Property and Profits assessed.				Net Amount of Property and Profits charged to Duty.				Amount of Duty charged.				Year ended 5th April.
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1856	24,407,355	—	1,371,045	25,778,400	24,407,355	—	1,371,045	25,778,400	1,627,157	—	91,403	1,718,560	1856
1857	26,935,770	—	1,408,980	28,344,750	26,935,770	—	1,408,980	28,344,750	1,795,718	—	93,932	1,889,650	1857
1858	28,083,017	—	1,432,354	29,515,371	28,083,017	—	1,432,354	29,515,371	819,088	—	41,777	860,865	1858
1859	27,945,120	—	1,401,792	29,346,912	27,945,120	—	1,401,792	29,346,912	582,190	—	29,204	611,394	1859
1860	28,343,070	—	1,358,213	29,701,283	28,343,070	—	1,358,213	29,701,283	1,062,866	—	50,933	1,113,799	1860
1861	26,306,304	—	1,174,536	27,480,840	26,306,304	—	1,174,536	27,480,840	1,096,096	—	48,939	1,145,035	1861
1862	27,943,866	—	1,139,334	29,083,200	27,943,866	—	1,139,334	29,083,200	1,047,895	—	42,725	1,090,620	1862
1863	29,528,213	—	1,124,400	30,652,613	29,528,213	—	1,124,400	30,652,613	1,107,308	—	42,165	1,149,473	1863
1864	30,414,103	—	1,114,594	31,528,697	30,414,103	—	1,114,594	31,528,697	887,075	—	32,509	919,587	1864
1865	30,889,559	—	1,154,930	32,044,489	30,889,559	—	1,154,930	32,044,489	772,239	—	28,873	801,112	1865

SCHEDULE E.

Year ended 5th April.	Gross Amount of Property and Profits assessed.				Net Amount of Property and Profits charged to Duty.				Amount of Duty charged.				Year ended 5th April.
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1856	15,516,421	862,222	947,497	17,326,080	15,312,800	76	925,767	17,008,422	958,462	49,211	59,168	1,066,841	1856
1857	15,932,511	913,288	966,666	17,712,465	15,677,440	81	942,338	17,438,154	983,676	52,405	60,754	1,097,835	1857
1858	16,383,306	946,769	1,003,748	18,333,823	16,260,84		981,434	18,111,401	450,944	24,340	27,714	502,998	1858
1859	16,949,287	982,035	1,117,954	19,048,356	16,817,7		,695,133	18,815,362	350,468	18,803	22,815	391,986	1859
1860	17,609,260	1,031,220	1,053,804	19,694,284	16,871,016		,080,787	18,851,200	601,983	34,286	37,419	673,688	1860
1861	17,879,940	1,076,526	1,210,457	19,666,923	17,268,691		,190,251	19,470,712	671,518	39,389	47,543	758,450	1861
1862	17,930,116	1,142,849	1,262,603	20,335,568	17,814,48	1,05	,215,282	20,114,608	626,615	37,545	44,566	708,726	1862
1863	18,513,890	1,196,725	1,254,720	20,965,335	18,276,80	1,10	1,237,016	20,760,681	650,429	39,342	44,022	733,793	1863
1864	17,951,610	1,078,464	1,172,983	19,869,057	17,487,270	98	1,152,707	19,626,788	511,497	28,781	32,602	572,880	1864
1865	18,432,683	1,079,755	1,177,523	20,620,191	18,296,977	99	1,157,242	20,451,106	457,434	24,923	28,916	511,273	1865

TAX.

SCHEDULE B.

Year ended 5th April.	Gross Amount of Property and Profits assessed.				Net Amount of Property and Profits charged to Duty.				Amount of Duty charged.				Year ended 5th April.
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1856	41,070,148	5,872,714	2,574,684	49,517,546	24,588,648	3,044,207	2,574,684	30,207,539	791,545	69,026	61,302	921,873	1856
1857	41,186,404	5,932,156	2,582,538	49,701,098	24,425,964	3,118,377	2,582,538	30,126,879	787,830	70,711	61,489	920,030	1857
1858	42,777,237	6,254,218	2,804,243	51,835,703	26,842,243	3,397,365	2,804,248	33,043,856	383,595	33,936	29,187	446,718	1858
1859	42,702,530	6,230,021	2,766,932	51,699,483	26,033,925	3,432,198	2,766,932	32,833,055	277,634	25,095	20,076	322,805	1859
1860	42,955,963	6,281,680	2,765,387	52,003,030	26,648,480	3,507,233	2,765,387	32,921,100	490,454	45,921	37,420	573,795	1860
1861	42,971,952	6,356,800	2,773,644	52,102,396	26,783,208	3,571,444	2,773,644	33,128,296	547,024	50,335	40,199	637,558	1861
1862	44,688,148	6,675,244	2,937,899	54,301,291	28,534,721	3,847,121	2,937,899	35,319,741	524,398	46,513	36,667	607,578	1862
1863	44,647,701	6,715,341	2,938,923	54,301,965	28,223,458	3,881,881	2,938,923	35,044,262	518,555	46,909	36,690	602,154	1863
1864	44,696,296	6,717,827	2,930,874	54,344,997	27,861,718	3,617,496	2,930,874	34,410,088	407,483	37,754	30,474	475,711	1864
1865	46,403,853	6,830,659	2,946,072	56,180,564	29,153,450	3,918,451	2,946,072	36,017,973	364,894	34,942	27,543	427,379	1865

SCHEDULE D.

Year ended 5th April.	Gross Amount of Property and Profits assessed.				Net Amount of Property and Profits charged to Duty.				Amount of Duty charged.				Year ended 5th April.
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1856	72,579,557	11,003,079	4,618,735	88,201,371	67,832,390	6,718,656	4,336,674	78,887,720	4,370,132	432,811	280,210	5,083,153	1856
1857	73,511,927	11,109,149	4,577,874	89,198,950	69,110,522	6,856,106	4,280,182	80,246,810	4,453,006	442,417	276,421	5,171,844	1857
1858	77,503,022	8,548,591	4,788,017	90,839,630	73,106,832	7,107,287	4,510,470	84,724,589	2,064,444	200,506	127,293	2,392,243	1858
1859	77,442,051	8,070,784	4,852,588	90,365,423	73,444,998	6,779,421	4,587,457	84,811,876	1,532,484	141,341	96,098	1,769,923	1859
1860	81,921,267	8,626,144	4,891,652	95,439,063	76,990,577	7,382,513	4,627,922	89,001,012	2,809,495	268,735	168,857	3,247,087	1860
1861	81,531,326	8,372,740	4,836,203	94,740,269	77,824,790	7,176,475	4,604,257	89,605,522	3,141,135	288,040	184,732	3,613,907	1861
1862	85,208,610	9,306,060	4,858,800	99,373,470	81,120,368	7,893,125	4,677,568	93,691,061	2,937,254	284,779	168,132	3,390,165	1862
1863	88,809,996	9,464,120	4,846,497	103,120,613	85,088,087	8,234,777	4,673,743	97,996,607	3,078,975	297,430	167,834	3,544,239	1863
1864	90,606,712	9,594,081	4,546,147	104,746,940	87,307,979	8,536,243	4,368,610	100,212,832	2,546,606	248,973	127,401	2,922,980	1864
1865	99,300,135	11,067,097	4,850,199	115,217,431	95,636,761	9,799,026	4,669,979	110,105,766	2,390,783	244,976	116,735	2,752,494	1865

TOTAL.

Year ended 5th April.	Gross Amount of Property and Profits assessed.				Net Amount of Property and Profits charged to Duty.				Amount of Duty charged.				Year ended 5th April.
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1856	255,511,656	30,166,796	21,390,446	307,068,898	225,160,345	22,091,049	21,086,715	268,338,109	13,942,795	1,318,727	1,283,986	16,545,508	1856
1857	261,069,680	30,498,404	21,488,343	313,056,427	230,496,959	22,450,741	21,166,323	274,114,023	14,286,082	1,339,835	1,289,415	16,915,332	1857
1858	274,724,847	29,558,899	22,855,106	327,138,852	246,235,295	23,903,968	22,555,245	292,694,508	6,682,999	623,090	599,436	7,905,525	1858
1859	275,962,072	29,168,297	22,997,047	328,127,416	247,268,021	23,688,952	22,710,015	293,666,988	4,876,255	447,214	435,436	5,758,905	1859
1860	282,312,309	29,913,124	22,962,885	335,188,318	252,129,347	24,427,393	22,676,138	299,232,878	8,827,618	819,697	777,572	10,424,887	1860
1861	282,248,060	30,407,757	22,998,394	335,654,211	253,647,052	24,952,471	22,746,342	301,345,865	9,837,978	926,626	862,627	11,627,231	1861
1862	295,894,976	32,252,691	23,597,574	351,745,241	267,134,668	26,587,297	23,399,021	317,070,986	9,313,782	882,337	793,984	10,990,103	1862
1863	302,828,234	32,656,032	23,658,631	359,142,897	273,404,815	27,076,111	23,468,203	323,949,129	9,551,214	901,257	796,170	11,248,641	1863
1864	306,362,596	32,863,385	23,236,298	362,462,279	276,520,647	27,137,918	23,037,485	326,696,050	7,661,476	723,766	616,190	9,001,432	1864
1865	326,367,979	35,231,701	23,930,340	385,530,020	296,031,791	29,540,024	23,729,839	349,301,654	7,036,422	675,481	546,615	8,258,518	1865

INCOME

SCHEDULE

Amount of Property assessed under the different heads of Assessment in Schedule A. of the Income Tax Act

Year ended 5th April.	Lands, including Tithes commuted under Tithes Commutation Act.				Messuages.				Tithes not commuted.				Year ended 5th April.
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£			£	
1856	41,048,091	5,872,714	—	46,920,805	44,196,369	4,239,216	—	48,435,585	366,897	—	—	366,897	1856
1857	41,176,957	5,932,156	—	47,109,113	44,994,174	4,358,398	—	49,352,572	367,877	—	—	367,877	1857
1858	42,684,577	6,254,218	—	48,938,795	47,438,766	4,703,733	—	52,142,499	209,960	—	—	209,960	1858
1859	42,701,895	6,230,021	—	48,931,916	48,138,024	4,842,322	—	52,980,346	210,587	—	—	210,587	1859
1860	42,940,209	6,281,680	—	49,221,889	48,779,076	4,988,840	—	53,767,916	54,738	—	—	54,738	1860
1861	42,975,768	6,356,800	—	49,332,568	49,505,163	5,109,115	—	54,614,278	60,386	—	—	60,386	1861
1862	44,639,211	6,675,244	8,990,830	60,305,285	53,234,970	5,355,425	3,333,783	61,924,178	47,277	—	—	47,277	1862
1863	44,611,281	6,715,341	8,747,754	60,074,376	54,103,563	5,447,186	3,585,809	63,136,558	51,374	—	—	51,374	1863
1864	44,672,219	6,717,827	8,728,794	60,118,840	55,120,765	5,575,909	3,636,347	64,333,021	51,344	—	—	51,344	1864
1865	46,403,437	6,830,639	8,893,060	62,127,136	59,285,537	5,801,551	3,670,106	68,757,194	58,178	—	—	58,178	1865

Year ended 5th April.	Mines.				Iron Works.				Fisheries.				Year ended 5th April.
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
	£		£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1856	2,657,975	328,089	—	2,986,064	915,830	511,138	—	1,426,968	17,699	44,339	—	62,038	1856
1857	2,694,461	311,583	—	3,006,044	983,735	475,753	—	1,459,488	15,820	47,614	—	63,434	1857
1858	3,485,150	337,219	—	3,822,369	1,249,531	641,469	—	1,881,000	17,959	50,086	—	68,045	1858
1859	3,548,923	337,429	—	3,886,352	1,213,635	563,288	—	1,776,923	18,597	52,607	—	71,204	1859
1860	3,658,517	356,938	—	4,015,455	1,134,012	383,218	—	1,517,230	16,840	54,847	—	71,687	1860
1861	3,802,201	393,290	—	4,195,491	1,112,049	506,932	—	1,618,981	25,276	56,998	—	82,274	1861
1862	3,906,473	450,225	79,412	4,436,110	778,609	300,677	303	1,079,589	18,818	57,032	11,589	87,439	1862
1863	3,987,395	444,832	83,471	4,515,698	728,985	291,966	303	1,021,254	19,642	55,805	10,771	86,218	1863
1864	4,046,527	469,310	55,949	4,571,786	792,463	336,683	404	1,129,550	23,144	59,949	11,860	94,953	1864
1865	4,276,567	466,839	85,983	4,829,389	1,247,597	550,834	—	1,798,431	30,913	65,090	12,004	108,007	1865

Year ended 5th April.	Other Property.*				General Profits.†			
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1856	1,710,733	250,596	—	1,961,329	127,757	62,964	—	190,721
1857	1,798,003	248,575	—	2,046,578	127,917	70,447	—	198,364
1858	1,860,290	267,794	—	2,128,084	147,163	73,790	—	220,953
1859	1,865,833	277,086	—	2,142,919	149,286	78,487	—	227,773
1860	2,080,266	285,502	—	2,365,768	191,364	79,482	—	270,846
1861	2,078,595	339,060	—	2,417,655	198,263	80,460	—	278,723
1862	1,934,846	351,786	48,576	2,335,208	384,196	85,500	10,622	480,318
1863	2,031,850	338,309	48,429	2,418,588	358,946	85,760	11,777	456,483
1864	2,083,153	348,747	50,406	2,482,306	357,456	91,522	9,294	458,272
1865	2,485,831	356,960	60,762	2,903,553	386,721	120,466	8,654	515,841

* Salt Springs or Works, Alum Mines or Works, Docks, Drains, and Levels, Rights of Market and Fairs, Tolls, Bridges, and Ferries.
† All other profits arising from Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, or Heritages not in the actual possession or occupation of the party to be charged and not before enumerated.

TAX.

A.

in England, Scotland, Ireland and the United Kingdom, in each of the Ten Years ended 5th April 1865.

Year ended 5th April.	Manors.				Fines.				Quarries.				Year ended 5th April.
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
	£		£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
[illegible]	186,832	—	—	186,832	304,959	1,877	—	Great Britain. 306,836	274,399	45,575	—	Great Britain. 319,974	1856
[illegible]	191,003	—	—	191,003	255,706	1,742	—	257,448	277,404	43,045	—	320,449	1857
[illegible]	203,479	—	—	203,479	218,363	2,276	—	220,639	366,801	49,007	—	415,808	1858
[illegible]	207,538	—	—	207,538	212,145	3,133	—	215,278	372,595	47,879	—	420,474	1859
[illegible]	212,014	—	—	212,014	225,639	3,498	—	229,137	366,222	47,021	—	413,243	1860
[illegible]	209,883	—	—	209,883	215,819	3,896	—	219,715	366,908	47,697	—	414,605	1861
[illegible]	191,983	—	59	192,042	195,219	3,838	32,214	231,271	386,316	48,694	5,008	440,018	1862
[illegible]	196,581	—	259	196,840	213,659	4,953	27,931	246,543	389,759	49,664	5,027	444,450	1863
[illegible]	193,308	—	259	193,567	193,205	3,452	25,115	221,772	407,085	48,684	5,517	461,286	1864
[illegible]	188,944	—	812	189,756	165,645	3,141	27,037	195,823	526,049	56,168	8,005	590,222	1865

Year ended 5th April.	Canals.				Railways.				Gas Works.				Year ended 5th April.
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1856	823,088	58,758	—	Great Britain. 881,846	8,630,356	898,873	—	Great Britain. 9,529,229	677,190	114,642	—	Great Britain. 791,832	1856
1857	830,432	58,451	—	888,883	9,209,449	891,292	—	10,100,741	680,130	104,755	—	784,885	1857
1858	802,765	70,179	—	872,944	10,450,401	1,246,592	—	11,696,993	843,060	112,958	—	956,018	1858
1859	779,405	70,889	—	850,294	10,631,816	1,264,675	—	10,896,491	872,805	117,641	—	990,446	1859
1860	772,312	70,684	—	842,996	10,732,838	1,299,724	—	12,032,562	918,702	122,646	—	1,041,348	1860
1861	850,982	70,672	—	921,654	11,652,058	1,512,816	—	13,164,874	1,005,187	123,955	—	1,129,142	1861
1862	857,701	74,384	29,080	961,165	12,413,177	1,603,283	797,689	14,814,149	1,135,410	122,450	59,773	1,317,633	1862
1863	835,845	74,141	27,788	937,774	12,583,668	1,655,627	885,410	15,124,705	1,215,886	116,262	59,362	1,391,510	1863
1864	828,851	74,333	32,442	935,626	12,971,767	1,634,296	848,642	15,454,705	1,252,588	117,301	65,671	1,435,560	1864
1865	785,809	84,303	29,605	899,717	13,882,200	1,772,523	920,853	16,575,576	1,618,071	145,716	84,735	1,848,522	1865

Total.				Year ended 5th April.
England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	United Kingdom.	
£	£	£	£	
101,938,175	12,428,781	11,878,545	126,245,501	1856
103,603,068	12,543,811	11,952,285	128,099,164	1857
109,978,265	13,809,321	12,826,739	136,614,325	1858
110,923,084	13,885,457	12,858,701	137,667,242	1859
112,082,749	13,974,080	12,893,829	138,950,658	1860
114,058,538	14,601,691	13,003,554	141,663,783	1861
120,124,206	15,128,538	13,398,938	148,651,682	1862
121,328,434	15,279,846	13,494,091	150,102,371	1863
122,993,875	15,478,013	13,470,700	151,942,588	1864
131,341,499	16,254,230	13,801,616	161,397,345	1865

Prior to the Year ended 5th April 1862 the Returns for Ireland did not distinguish the Amount assessed under the different heads of Assessment under Schedule A.

SCHEDULE D.

Under £100 a year.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	17,600	1,129,877	3,316	189,192	1,493	94,218	22,409	1,413,287	1856
1857	17,017	1,101,192	3,331	192,088	1,422	89,035	21,770	1,382,315	1857
1858	17,3[illegible]	1,106,758	3,433	196,804	1,302	83,235	22,279	1,386,797	1858
1859	32,706	1,844,097	9,222	381,552	2,967	164,480	44,895	2,390,129	1859
1860	13,943	903,055	3,035	179,596	1,227	78,279	18,205	1,160,930	1860
1861	14,407	935,363	3,295	193,452	1,254	77,999	18,956	1,206,814	1861
1862	15,170	979,836	3,591	208,553	1,264	78,749	20,025	1,267,138	1862
1863	15,197	936,952	3,593	207,725	1,224	75,424	20,014	1,250,101	1863
1864	42,008	1,998,199	14,674	504,143	5,015	238,726	61,697	2,741,068	1864
1865	50,920	2,362,920	16,667	569,564	4,703	222,575	72,290	3,155,059	1865

£100 and under £200.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	142,963	16,573,929	16,220	1,552,919	10,373	1,170,925	169,556	19,297,773	1856
1857	144,420	16,641,628	16,316	1,524,017	10,034	1,141,854	170,770	19,317,499	1857
1858	148,529	17,202,635	17,219	1,604,804	10,598	1,209,285	176,346	20,016,774	1858
1859	131,129	16,239,011	11,115	1,365,744	8,931	1,101,920	151,175	18,706,675	1859
1860	152,215	17,555,033	18,042	1,619,445	10,540	1,195,390	180,797	20,369,868	1860
1861	155,802	18,001,238	18,973	1,702,490	10,885	1,218,384	185,660	20,922,112	1861
1862	158,046	18,368,327	19,767	1,774,188	10,826	1,211,356	188,579	21,353,871	1862
1863	162,841	18,777,294	19,807	1,807,437	10,773	1,211,594	193,421	21,796,325	1863
1864	143,899	12,834,016	9,221	932,669	6,934	674,146	160,054	14,440,831	1864
1865	149,716	13,080,800	9,933	964,535	7,826	731,640	167,535	14,776,975	1865

£200 and under £300.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	30,091	6,672,963	2,420	552,003	2,220	497,495	34,731	7,722,461	1856
1857	30,272	6,713,578	2,393	546,355	2,204	488,707	34,869	7,748,640	1857
1858	31,094	6,943,416	2,517	574,045	2,257	504,408	35,868	8,021,869	1858
1859	32,924	7,277,205	2,629	600,308	2,436	547,771	37,989	8,425,284	1859
1860	33,742	7,477,826	2,793	589,254	2,451	553,156	38,986	8,620,246	1860
1861	33,676	7,485,518	2,571	587,215	2,395	535,093	38,642	8,607,826	1861
1862	34,394	7,581,961	2,735	624,213	2,354	522,093	39,483	8,728,267	1862
1863	35,400	7,821,850	2,844	639,293	2,276	508,272	40,520	8,969,415	1863
1864	38,530	8,506,139	3,032	698,736	2,345	516,906	43,937	9,721,772	1864
1865	41,296	9,061,754	3,192	738,984	2,285	505,298	46,773	10,306,036	1865

£600 and under £700.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	2,757	1,710,018	304	189,592	225	139,457	3,286	2,039,067	1856
1857	2,813	1,739,950	292	182,684	209	131,588	3,314	2,054,222	1857
1858	2,997	1,851,589	331	206,828	272	176,786	3,600	2,235,203	1858
1859	3,000	1,845,121	313	195,426	256	167,321	3,569	2,207,868	1859
1860	3,126	1,922,867	342	205,857	250	154,729	3,718	2,283,453	1860
1861	3,136	1,927,418	313	201,244	244	149,734	3,693	2,278,396	1861
1862	3,302	2,035,599	331	204,382	251	155,521	3,884	2,395,502	1862
1863	3,514	2,163,949	348	219,709	262	168,130	4,124	2,551,788	1863
1864	3,696	2,276,446	330	213,390	245	151,959	4,271	2,641,795	1864
1865	3,899	2,401,526	394	246,658	262	162,390	4,555	2,810,574	1865

£700 and under £800.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	1,783	1,294,840	220	158,841	142	105,236	2,145	1,558,917	1856
1857	1,865	1,347,980	201	147,616	141	104,325	2,207	1,599,921	1857
1858	1,904	1,373,979	197	148,177	160	117,267	2,261	1,639,423	1858
1859	2,010	1,455,781	188	138,252	163	118,943	2,361	1,712,976	1859
1860	2,080	1,502,027	215	162,186	172	126,003	2,467	1,790,216	1860
1861	2,090	1,511,988	224	162,303	173	129,998	2,487	1,804,289	1861
1862	2,043	1,489,178	253	184,755	162	118,715	2,458	1,792,648	1862
1863	2,118	1,532,464	230	168,115	148	109,952	2,496	1,810,531	1863
1864	2,277	1,646,486	272	200,423	137	99,684	2,686	1,946,593	1864
1865	2,452	1,767,510	302	221,764	137	99,416	2,891	2,088,690	1865

£800 and under £900.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	1,552	1,269,065	151	124,926	124	103,195	1,827	1,497,186	1856
1857	1,568	1,280,105	177	145,265	116	99,210	1,861	1,524,580	1857
1858	1,635	1,337,776	183	150,427	108	90,410	1,926	1,578,613	1858
1859	1,681	1,378,773	154	127,185	129	106,412	1,964	1,612,370	1859
1860	1,820	1,494,758	145	120,858	154	125,060	2,119	1,740,676	1860
1861	1,806	1,480,930	140	115,741	141	116,039	2,087	1,712,710	1861
1862	1,850	1,508,793	198	163,638	138	113,435	2,186	1,785,866	1862
1863	1,826	1,496,167	179	147,261	138	111,216	2,143	1,754,644	1863
1864	2,040	1,654,633	191	157,023	142	116,069	2,373	1,927,725	1864
1865	2,171	1,766,830	188	155,205	134	109,333	2,493	2,031,368	1865

£3,000 and under £4,000.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	704	2,323,257	77	252,973	41	141,278	822	2,717,508	1856
1857	699	2,322,418	74	248,636	43	141,030	816	2,712,084	1857
1858	717	2,363,421	85	283,854	46	152,318	848	2,799,593	1858
1859	707	2,336,481	74	247,669	43	141,505	824	2,725,655	1859
1860	798	2,609,004	81	268,403	45	150,996	924	3,028,403	1860
1861	809	2,620,212	86	282,751	45	154,918	940	3,057,881	1861
1862	865	2,824,028	82	274,348	44	144,268	991	3,242,644	1862
1863	906	2,995,328	101	335,254	45	144,608	1,052	3,475,190	1863
1864	990	3,262,243	110	364,774	46	153,515	1,146	3,780,532	1864
1865	1,029	3,378,691	109	361,907	50	163,500	1,188	3,904,098	1865

£4,000 and under £5,000.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	391	1,753,848	43	188,200	14	63,149	448	2,005,197	1856
1857	399	1,717,780	51	211,197	16	71,732	466	2,000,709	1857
1858	428	1,851,807	44	190,228	12	52,878	484	2,094,913	1858
1859	454	1,994,028	48	210,219	11	47,024	513	2,251,271	1859
1860	454	1,954,283	44	193,705	12	52,314	510	2,200,302	1860
1861	450	1,929,881	43	186,340	11	48,482	504	2,164,703	1861
1862	446	1,946,916	46	197,326	15	65,071	507	2,209,313	1862
1863	470	2,045,785	40	176,293	20	92,155	530	2,314,233	1863
1864	491	2,132,999	63	280,358	19	84,223	576	2,497,580	1864
1865	554	2,364,186	73	318,630	28	122,525	655	2,805,341	1865

£5,000 and under £10,000.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	651	4,919,111	50	332,014	27	192,276	728	5,443,401	1856
1857	751	5,040,845	60	394,547	30	209,290	841	5,644,682	1857
1858	792	5,326,675	70	428,210	30	201,059	892	5,955,944	1858
1859	752	4,998,858	64	422,938	27	189,874	843	5,611,670	1859
1860	818	5,493,206	69	469,533	27	165,382	914	6,128,121	1860
1861	827	5,510,868	70	455,485	28	170,986	925	6,167,339	1861
1862	882	5,911,993	80	534,442	35	214,436	997	6,660,871	1862
1863	935	6,193,046	84	576,720	29	196,825	1,048	6,966,591	1863
1864	1,025	6,829,870	115	735,200	30	192,797	1,170	7,757,867	1864
1865	1,151	7,673,565	132	883,284	44	298,433	1,327	8,855,282	1865

SCHEDULE D.

£300 and under £400.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	13,867	4,358,086	1,281	414,588	1,019	336,537	15,967	5,109,191	1856
1857	13,725	4,367,422	1,281	415,421	985	321,783	15,991	5,104,626	1857
1858	14,185	4,528,420	1,339	433,035	964	315,207	16,488	5,271,662	1858
1859	14,577	4,642,593	1,290	419,552	1,086	347,335	16,953	5,409,480	1859
1860	15,265	4,845,443	1,343	433,196	1,102	354,107	17,710	5,632,746	1860
1861	15,214	4,827,211	1,354	443,389	1,095	349,452	17,663	5,620,052	1861
1862	15,700	5,037,525	1,371	445,390	1,083	346,258	18,154	5,829,173	1862
1863	16,235	5,151,665	1,437	467,254	1,094	348,746	18,766	5,967,665	1863
1864	16,866	5,339,139	1,412	461,258	1,100	351,585	19,378	6,151,982	1864
1865	17,700	5,647,104	1,471	481,427	1,145	364,282	20,316	6,492,813	1865

£400 and under £500.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	6,504	2,727,380	669	285,751	542	230,465	7,715	3,243,596	1856
1857	6,767	2,822,032	640	272,762	536	229,509	7,943	3,324,303	1857
1858	6,839	2,866,873	689	290,928	556	233,331	8,084	3,391,132	1858
1859	7,111	2,975,712	718	307,994	542	237,268	8,371	3,520,974	1859
1860	7,418	3,096,286	712	302,752	572	242,043	8,702	3,641,081	1860
1861	7,394	3,098,026	718	309,712	561	237,782	8,673	3,645,520	1861
1862	7,680	3,202,391	752	322,420	536	224,861	8,968	3,749,672	1862
1863	7,946	3,316,262	777	336,352	548	214,949	9,271	3,867,563	1863
1864	8,525	3,557,039	788	336,025	523	220,517	9,836	4,113,581	1864
1865	9,137	3,800,558	836	363,313	528	221,569	10,501	4,385,440	1865

£500 and under £600.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	4,923	2,530,590	491	254,993	353	184,697	5,767	2,970,280	1856
1857	4,962	2,561,408	509	266,720	370	191,173	5,841	3,019,301	1857
1858	5,094	2,637,488	566	291,484	377	195,585	6,037	3,124,557	1858
1859	5,230	2,681,689	490	257,686	411	213,216	6,131	3,152,591	1859
1860	5,511	2,831,480	562	292,886	411	213,331	6,484	3,337,697	1860
1861	5,499	2,839,236	567	297,253	401	207,228	6,467	3,343,717	1861
1862	5,848	3,004,452	576	299,787	396	203,190	6,820	3,507,429	1862
1863	6,053	3,106,807	591	307,968	392	197,230	7,036	3,612,005	1863
1864	6,434	3,302,398	663	346,180	419	215,912	7,516	3,864,490	1864
1865	6,762	3,462,440	666	348,191	400	205,782	7,828	4,016,413	1865

£900 and under £1000.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	704	659,022	100	93,384	50	45,764	854	798,170	1856
1857	713	663,971	103	96,627	54	50,092	870	810,690	1857
1858	740	689,749	105	97,139	60	55,785	905	842,673	1858
1859	789	732,717	100	93,715	52	48,147	941	874,579	1859
1860	791	734,255	110	101,996	59	54,300	960	890,551	1860
1861	783	721,276	106	92,881	61	55,907	950	870,064	1861
1862	773	722,948	105	90,486	58	55,303	936	868,737	1862
1863	836	771,269	103	104,583	51	50,022	990	925,874	1863
1864	834	770,001	110	106,700	59	55,575	1,003	932,276	1864
1865	947	866,165	123	114,764	66	60,691	1,136	1,041,620	1865

£1,000 and under £2,000.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	4,739	6,104,141	532	694,535	342	452,343	5,613	7,251,019	1856
1857	4,876	6,283,116	547	716,815	318	420,470	5,741	7,400,401	1857
1858	4,966	6,397,684	573	748,923	327	429,616	5,866	7,576,223	1858
1859	5,004	6,412,049	552	728,262	329	427,123	5,885	7,567,434	1859
1860	5,325	6,862,307	607	784,075	307	399,038	6,239	8,045,420	1860
1861	5,424	6,885,507	596	802,914	305	397,282	6,325	8,085,703	1861
1862	5,489	7,030,180	603	794,837	318	409,614	6,410	8,234,631	1862
1863	5,773	7,335,135	631	841,294	318	408,143	6,722	8,584,572	1863
1864	6,148	7,806,912	714	927,196	315	394,973	7,177	9,129,081	1864
1865	6,622	8,415,456	752	992,263	342	427,551	7,716	9,835,270	1865

£2,000 and under £3,000.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	1,333	3,093,231	170	394,949	90	208,015	1,593	3,696,195	1856
1857	1,388	3,233,229	180	422,267	89	208,672	1,657	3,864,168	1857
1858	1,474	3,362,333	179	419,549	97	224,397	1,750	4,006,279	1858
1859	1,454	3,339,996	145	337,574	92	215,017	1,691	3,892,587	1859
1860	1,597	3,679,312	171	398,632	103	236,931	1,871	4,314,875	1860
1861	1,585	3,638,913	176	405,725	96	222,327	1,857	4,266,965	1861
1862	1,669	3,839,192	202	469,614	94	221,332	1,965	4,530,138	1862
1863	1,750	3,984,528	205	472,715	95	211,977	2,050	4,669,220	1863
1864	1,873	4,318,160	230	535,695	112	255,646	2,215	5,109,501	1864
1865	1,955	4,481,561	249	588,919	103	238,546	2,307	5,309,026	1865

£10,000 and under £50,000.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	409	7,572,851	36	640,685	27	371,624	472	8,585,160	1856
1857	413	7,646,514	31	697,888	21	324,155	465	8,668,557	1857
1858	459	8,533,381	36	744,222	24	383,020	519	9,660,623	1858
1859	452	8,560,932	37	705,941	23	393,440	512	9,660,313	1859
1860	475	9,152,365	37	777,477	24	411,764	536	10,321,606	1860
1861	496	9,398,195	34	696,053	25	417,547	555	10,511,795	1861
1862	553	10,135,718	48	977,984	26	459,539	627	11,553,241	1862
1863	567	10,996,284	51	1,013,992	22	373,371	640	12,383,647	1863
1864	661	12,651,222	70	1,413,797	23	383,558	754	14,448,577	1864
1865	772	14,701,988	94	1,776,087	25	461,920	891	16,939,995	1865

£50,000 and upwards.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	35	3,140,201	5	399,111	—	—	40	3,539,312	1856
1857	42	3,647,354	4	365,201	1	57,557	47	4,070,112	1857
1858	48	4,737,798	3	298,630	1	85,883	52	5,122,311	1858
1859	51	4,729,955	3	239,404	1	120,661	55	5,090,020	1859
1860	56	4,897,060	3	482,662	1	115,099	60	5,494,821	1860
1861	56	4,983,010	3	241,527	1	115,039	60	5,339,636	1861
1862	62	5,501,331	5	326,762	2	153,827	69	5,981,920	1862
1863	74	6,433,302	6	412,812	3	251,129	83	7,097,243	1863
1864	87	8,422,086	4	322,676	3	262,819	94	9,007,581	1864
1865	98	10,403,707	9	673,531	3	274,528	110	11,351,766	1865

TOTAL.

Year ended 5th April.	England. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	England. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Scotland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Scotland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Ireland. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	Ireland. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Number of Persons charged to Tax.	United Kingdom. Amount of Profits charged to Tax.	Year ended 5th April.
		£		£		£		£	
1856	230,806	67,852,390	26,085	6,718,656	17,082	4,336,674	273,973	78,887,720	1856
1857	232,690	69,110,522	26,190	6,856,106	16,589	4,280,182	275,469	80,246,810	1857
1858	239,445	73,106,832	27,569	7,107,287	17,191	4,510,470	284,205	84,724,589	1858
1859	240,031	73,444,998	27,142	6,779,421	17,499	4,587,457	284,672	84,811,876	1859
1860	245,434	76,990,577	28,311	7,382,513	17,457	4,627,922	291,202	89,001,012	1860
1861	249,454	77,824,790	29,269	7,176,475	17,721	4,604,257	296,444	89,605,522	1861
1862	254,772	81,120,368	30,685	7,893,125	17,602	4,677,568	303,059	93,691,061	1862
1863	262,441	85,088,087	31,027	8,234,777	17,498	4,673,743	310,906	97,996,607	1863
1864	276,387	87,307,979	32,029	8,536,243	17,467	4,368,610	325,883	100,212,832	1864
1865	297,181	95,636,761	35,250	9,799,026	18,081	4,669,979	350,512	110,105,766	1865

ASSESSED

NUMBER of ARTICLES charged to the ASSESSED

Year ended 5th April.	SCHEDULE B.—HOUSES.									SCHEDULE C.—SERVANTS.									Year ended 5th April.
	Dwelling Houses.			Shops and Farm Houses.			Total.			Of the Age of 18 or upwards.			Other Servants.			Total.			
	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	
1856	269,807	25,154	294,961	188,537	5,505	194,042	458,344	30,659	489,003	128,034	12,058	140,092	62,883	6,537	69,420	190,917	18,595	209,512	1856
1857	273,675	25,652	299,327	189,398	5,372	194,770	463,073	31,024	494,097	134,053	12,054	146,107	70,381	6,992	77,373	204,434	19,046	223,480	1857
1858	281,393	26,395	307,788	192,676	5,331	198,007	474,069	31,726	505,795	135,550	12,175	147,725	72,953	7,197	80,150	208,503	19,372	227,875	1858
1859	289,640	27,762	317,402	196,300	5,478	201,778	485,940	33,240	519,180	136,861	12,302	149,163	75,467	7,516	82,983	212,328	19,818	232,146	1859
1860	299,027	28,851	327,878	198,922	5,783	204,705	497,949	34,634	532,583	137,858	12,573	150,431	78,113	7,577	85,690	215,971	20,150	236,121	1860
1861	306,565	29,559	336,124	202,411	5,853	208,264	508,976	35,412	544,388	139,653	12,827	152,480	81,356	7,683	89,039	221,009	20,510	241,519	1861
1862	315,956	30,458	346,414	204,035	5,988	210,023	519,991	36,446	556,437	141,453	12,979	154,432	83,189	7,759	90,948	224,642	20,738	245,380	1862
1863	332,062	31,240	363,302	208,204	6,115	214,319	540,266	37,355	577,621	142,253	13,109	155,362	84,992	7,868	92,860	227,245	20,977	248,222	1863
1864	343,250	31,709	374,959	212,891	6,240	219,131	556,141	37,949	594,090	145,906	13,203	159,109	86,447	8,019	94,466	232,353	21,222	253,575	1864
1865	356,864	32,625	389,489	218,915	6,294	225,209	575,779	38,919	614,698	150,268	13,429	163,697	88,537	7,998	96,535	238,805	21,427	260,232	1865

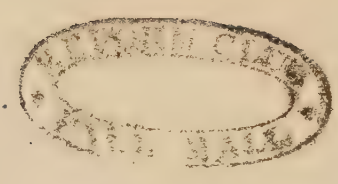
Year ended 5th April.	SCHEDULES E. and F.—HORSES.																		Year ended 5th April.
	Exceeding 13 hands, used for riding and drawing carriages chargeable with duty.			Used by Farmers, Clergymen, Surgeons, &c.			Exceeding 13 hands used in trade.			Not exceeding 13 hands.			Racehorses.			Total.			
	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	
1856	136,872	10,023	146,895	110,250	13,630	123,880	152,324	16,779	169,103	52,860	4,358	57,218	1,496	45	1,541	453,802	44,835	498,637	1856
1857	145,256	10,200	155,456	114,362	13,676	128,038	152,043	17,454	169,497	56,414	4,913	61,327	1,376	45	1,421	469,451	46,288	515,739	1857
1858	148,550	10,576	159,126	115,736	13,898	129,634	153,750	18,434	172,184	58,913	5,143	64,056				476,949	48,051	525,000	1858
1859	150,614	10,781	161,395	117,884	15,040	132,924	156,061	19,345	175,406	60,943	5,502	66,445				485,502	50,668	536,170	1859
1860	153,644	11,217	164,861	118,834	15,154	133,988	159,344	19,993	179,337	63,899	5,806	69,705				495,721	52,170	547,891	1860
1861	156,699	11,439	168,138	119,870	15,216	135,086	165,369	20,810	186,179	65,871	6,000	71,871				507,809	53,465	561,274	1861
1862	159,071	11,686	170,757	120,738	15,303	136,041	170,476	21,157	191,613	66,756	6,022	72,778	The duty on racehorses was transferred to the Excise from 5th April 1857.			517,041	54,148	571,189	1862
1863	160,278	11,834	172,112	120,964	15,204	136,168	172,541	21,505	194,046	69,177	6,012	75,189				522,960	54,555	577,515	1863
1864	164,802	11,972	176,774	121,930	15,060	136,990	179,129	22,298	201,427	71,778	6,098	77,876				537,639	55,428	593,067	1864
1865	170,554	12,285	182,839	122,604	14,852	137,456	188,580	22,847	211,427	74,858	6,349	81,207				556,596	56,333	612,929	1865

TAXES.

TAXES in each of the Ten Years ended 5th April 1865.

Year ended 5th April.	SCHEDULE D.—CARRIAGES.																	Year ended 5th April.
	With 4 Wheels.						With less than 4 Wheels.						Used by Common Carriers.			TOTAL.		
	Drawn by 2 or more Horses.			Drawn by 1 Horse.			Drawn by 2 or more Horses.			Drawn by 1 Horse.								
	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	
1856	22,596	2,139	24,735	45,242	2,531	47,773	215	28	243	133,291	13,834	147,125	5,448	23	5,471	206,792	18,555	225,347	1856
1857	24,521	2,334	26,855	49,498	2,800	52,298	216	17	233	137,977	14,169	152,146	5,627	22	5,649	217,839	19,342	237,181	1857
1858	24,984	2,419	27,403	52,099	3,133	55,232	217	14	231	140,928	14,613	155,541	5,695	16	5,711	223,923	20,195	244,118	1858
1859	25,318	2,530	27,848	54,683	3,399	58,082	206	26	232	143,769	15,379	159,148	5,763	15	5,778	229,739	21,349	251,088	1859
1860	25,535	2,620	28,155	57,438	3,629	61,067	192	27	219	146,352	15,785	162,137	6,007	12	6,019	235,524	22,073	257,597	1860
1861	25,919	2,720	28,639	60,443	3,886	64,329	186	24	210	149,344	15,976	165,320	6,206	13	6,219	242,098	22,619	264,717	1861
1862	26,444	2,766	29,210	62,744	4,213	66,957	221	23	244	150,639	16,192	166,831	6,188	13	6,201	246,236	23,207	269,443	1862
1863	26,716	2,835	29,551	64,790	4,478	69,268	205	22	227	150,958	16,358	167,316	6,193	10	6,203	248,862	23,703	272,565	1863
1864	27,526	2,892	30,418	67,723	4,745	72,468	203	29	232	154,091	16,426	170,517	6,353	9	6,362	255,896	24,101	279,997	1864
1865	28,328	3,002	31,330	70,924	5,012	75,936	167	20	187	158,409	16,401	174,810	6,505	8	6,513	264,333	24,443	288,776	1865

Year ended 5th April.	SCHEDULE G.—DOGS.			SCHEDULE H.—HORSE DEALERS.			SCHEDULE I.—HAIR POWDER.			SCHEDULE K.—ARMORIAL BEARINGS.									Year ended 5th April.
										Persons chargeable with the Duty of Assessed Taxes for any Carriage at the rate of £3 10s.			Other Persons.			Total.			
	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	England.	Scotland.	Great Britain.	
1856	301,281	31,971	333,252	864	119	983	993	48	1,041	11,445	1,090	12,535	24,430	2,228	26,658	35,875	3,318	39,193	1856
1857	299,413	32,643	332,056	897	114	1,011	1,035	49	1,084	12,303	1,165	13,468	25,486	2,341	27,827	37,789	3,506	41,295	1857
1858	294,645	31,805	326,450	943	119	1,062	991	49	1,040	12,304	1,186	13,490	26,493	2,450	28,943	38,797	3,636	42,433	1858
1859	293,764	32,444	326,208	961	117	1,078	976	48	1,024	12,363	1,220	13,583	28,048	2,505	30,553	40,411	3,725	44,136	1859
1860	298,143	32,714	330,857	953	131	1,084	941	48	989	12,484	1,246	13,730	29,568	2,563	32,131	42,052	3,809	45,861	1860
1861	303,672	33,021	336,693	989	126	1,115	920	54	974	12,585	1,272	13,857	30,791	2,631	33,422	43,376	3,903	47,279	1861
1862	309,544	33,741	343,285	982	121	1,103	895	44	939	12,769	1,293	14,062	32,148	2,785	34,933	44,917	4,078	48,995	1862
1863	313,326	34,063	347,389	935	115	1,050	868	45	913	12,856	1,309	14,165	33,259	2,831	36,090	46,115	4,140	50,255	1863
1864	324,790	34,769	359,559	956	105	1,061	868	46	914	13,137	1,326	14,463	34,966	2,931	37,897	48,103	4,257	52,360	1864
1865	340,758	34,991	375,749	984	99	1,083	845	55	900	13,338	1,363	14,701	36,299	3,034	39,333	49,637	4,397	54,034	1865



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Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.
For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

TWELFTH REPORT

OF

THE POSTMASTER GENERAL,

ON

REFORM CLUB
PALL MALL

THE POST OFFICE.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY GEORGE E. EYRE AND WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
PRINTERS TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

1866.

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TWELFTH REPORT.

To the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury.

My Lords,

I have the honour to present to your Lordships the Twelfth Annual Report on the Post Office.

The following table, which is similar in plan to that which appeared in the second and third pages of the Eleventh Annual Report, will give a tolerably complete view of the business of the Post Office, the Money Order Office, and the Post Office Savings Banks, in England and Wales, in Scotland, and in Ireland, during 1864 and 1865, and will show the increase and per-centage of increase in each branch of business during the latter year.

It will also furnish some information with regard to the business transacted by the Post Office under the Government Insurance and Annuity Act, which Act was in operation in one division of the kingdom during a part of the year 1865.

The table and the statements which follow it will show what efforts have been made, and what has been the result of the efforts made, during the past year, to afford additional accommodation to the public; and I trust that the results exhibited will be satisfactory to the country.

—	Houses and Population.				Post Office.														Money			
	Number of Inhabited Houses.		Population.		Number of Receptacles for Letters.		Proportion of Receptacles for Letters to Inhabited Houses, or Number of Houses to each Receptacle for Letters.		Total Number of Letters delivered in the Year.		Proportion of Letters to Population, or Number of Letters to each Person.		Proportion of Letters to Inhabited Houses, or Number of Letters to each Inhabited House.		Number of Book Packets, including chargeable Newspapers delivered in the Year.		Number of Free Newspapers delivered in the Year.		Number of Packets sent by the Pattern Post delivered in the Year.		Number of Money Order Offices.		Proportion of Money Order Offices to Inhabited Houses.	
	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.
The whole of England and Wales - -	3,893,991	3,934,703	20,915,859	21,134,529	12,127	12,707	1 R. to 321 H.	1 R. to 309 H.	560,320,761	597,277,616	27 to each person.	28 to each person.	144 L. to 1 H.	151 L. to 1 H.	39,811,954	42,930,706	31,415,202	30,261,426	454,363	940,771	2,280	2,535	1 M. O. O. to 1,707 H.	1 M. O. O. to 1,552 H.
Increase in the whole of England and Wales in 1865 over 1864 -	—	40,712	—	218,670	—	580	—	—	—	36,956,855 or at the rate of 6·59 per cent.	—	—	—	—	—	3,118,752 or at the rate of 7·83 per cent.	Decrease	1,153,776	—	486,408 or at the rate of 107·05 per cent.	—	255	—	—
Scotland - -	400,463	402,692	3,118,701	3,136,057	1,565	1,583	1 R. to 255 H.	1 R. to 254 H.	64,261,483	67,048,891	20 to each person.	21 to each person.	160 L. to 1 H.	166 L. to 1 H.	5,478,915	5,744,635	6,080,516	5,579,405	77,766	175,474	363	395	1 M. O. O. to 1,103 H.	1 M. O. O. to 1,019 H.
Increase in Scotland in 1865 over 1864 -	—	2,229	—	17,356	—	18	—	—	—	2,787,408 or at the rate of 4·33 per cent.	—	—	—	—	—	265,720 or at the rate of 4·85 per cent.	Decrease	501,111	—	97,708 or at the rate of 125·64 per cent.	—	32	—	—
Ireland - -	974,019	968,831	5,675,517	5,645,291	1,938	1,956	1 R. to 502 H.	1 R. to 495 H.	54,502,578	56,140,500	9 to each person.	10 to each person.	56 L. to 1 H.	58 L. to 1 H.	4,736,199	5,067,476	8,023,054	7,729,124	92,821	169,871	516	524	1 M. O. O. to 1,887 H.	1 M. O. O. to 1,848 H.
Increase in Ireland in 1865 over 1864 -	Decrease	5,188	Decrease	30,226	—	18	—	—	—	1,637,922 or at the rate of 3·005 per cent.	—	—	—	—	—	271,271 or at the rate of 5·72 per cent.	Decrease	293,930	—	76,050 or at the rate of 81·05 per cent.	—	8	—	—
The United Kingdom -	5,268,473	5,306,226	29,710,077	29,915,877	15,630	16,246	1 R. to 337 H.	1 R. to 326 H.	679,084,822	720,467,007	23 to each person.	24 to each person.	129 L. to 1 H.	135 L. to 1 H.	50,027,068	53,082,811	45,518,772	43,569,955	625,950	1,286,116	3,159	3,454	1 M. O. O. to 1,667 H.	1 M. O. O. to 1,536 H.
Increase in the United Kingdom in 1865 over 1864 -	—	37,753	—	205,800	—	616	—	—	—	41,382,185 or at the rate of 6·09 per cent.; the increase in 1864 over 1863 having been at the rate of 5·72 per cent.	—	—	—	—	—	3,055,743 or at the rate of 7·3 per cent.; the increase in 1864 over 1863 having been at the rate of 13·98 per cent.	Decrease	1,948,817	—	660,166 or at the rate of 105·46 per cent.	—	295	—	—

Order Offices.				Post Office Savings Banks.								Total No. of Depositors in Post Office Savings Banks and old Savings Banks combined, on 31st December 1864.	Total Number of Depositors in Post Office Savings Banks and old Savings Banks combined, on 31st December 1865.	Proportion of Savings Bank Depositors to Population.		Government Insurance and Annuity Office.												
Amount of Money Orders issued.		Amount of Money Orders paid.		No. of Post Office Savings Banks.		Proportion of Post Office Savings Banks to Inhabited Houses.		Number of Depositors.		Balance due to Depositors, inclusive of Interest to 31st December.						Insurances in force at close of 1865.			Annuities purchased or in course of Purchase at close of 1865.								
																			Immediate Annuities.			Deferred Annuities. Purchased by Single Payments.			Deferred Annuities. Purchased by Annual or more frequent Payments.			
1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.			1864.	1865.	Number of Policies.	Premium Income due annually thereon.	Total Amount insured.	Number.	Purchase Money received.	Amount of Annuities.	Number.	Purchase Money received.	Amount of Annuities.	Number.	Purchase Money payable annually.	Amount of Annuities.	
£ 24,8[illegible],025	£ 15,257,385	£ 14,613,479	£ 17,121,459	2,206	2,421	1 P.O.S.B. to 1,765 H.	1 P.O.S.B. to 1,625 H.	431,937	565,133	£ 4,687,891	£ 6,161,489	1,705,356	1,809,942	1 Depositor to 12 Persons.	1 Depositor to 11 Persons.	560*	£ *1,333	£ 41,734	94	£ 24,349	£ 2,236	10	£ 1,006	£ 138	44	£ 507	£ 927	The whole of England and Wales.
—	450,360 or at the rate of 3·03 per cent.	—	507,980 or at the rate of 3·47 per cent.	—	215	—	—	—	133,196 or at the rate of 30 per cent.	—	1,473,598 or at the rate of 31 per cent.	—	104,586	—	—													Increase in the whole of England and Wales in 1865 over 1864.
£ 1,[illegible],961	£ 1,411,065	£ 1,496,043	£ 1,559,896	357	375	1 P.O.S.B. to 1,121 H.	1 P.O.S.B. to 1,073 H.	22,357	27,260	£ 123,746	£ 147,775	182,011	189,721	1 Depositor to 17 Persons.	1 Depositor to 16 Persons.	Not extended to Scotland during 1865.												Scotland.
—	43,704 or at the rate of 3·19 per cent.	—	63,853 or at the rate of 4·26 per cent.	—	18	—	—	—	4,903 or at the rate of 22 per cent.	—	24,029 or at the rate of 20 per cent.	—	7,710	—	—													Increase in Scotland in 1865 over 1864.
£ 1,[illegible]2,707	£ 1,160,840	£ 1,434,595	£ 1,493,195	518	525	1 P.O.S.B. to 1,880 H.	1 P.O.S.B. to 1,845 H.	16,564	19,426	£ 181,486	£ 217,136	80,296	78,683	1 Depositor to 70 Persons.	1 Depositor to 71 Persons.	Not extended to Ireland during 1865.												Ireland.
—	18,133 or at the rate of 1·58 per cent.	—	28,800 or at the rate of 1·99 per cent.	—	7	—	—	—	2,862 or at the rate of 17 per cent.	—	35,650 or at the rate of decrease 19 per cent.	—	1,613	—	—													Increase in Ireland in 1865 over 1864.
£ 17,[illegible],[illegible]	£ 17,829,290	£ 17,544,117	£ 18,144,550	3,081	3,321	1 P.O.S.B. to 1,709 H.	1 P.O.S.B. to 1,597 H.	476,858	611,819	£ 4,993,123	£ 6,526,400	1,967,663	2,078,346	1 Depositor to 15 Persons.	1 Depositor to 14 Persons.	* On eleven of these 560 policies the premium was paid in one sum. The total amount of these eleven single payments was 234*l*.												The United Kingdom.
—	512,197 or at the rate of 2·95 per cent. the increase in 1864 over 1863 having been at the rate of 4·99 per cent.	—	600,433 or at the rate of 3·42 per cent. the increase in 1865 over 1863 having been at the rate of 5·44 per cent.	—	240	—	—	—	140,961 or at the rate of 29 per cent.	—	1,533,277 or at the rate of 30 per cent.	—	110,683	—	—													Increase in the United Kingdom in 1865 over 1864.

Improvements of Postal Accommodation during the Year.

Receptacles for Letters.

It will be seen from the foregoing table that the increase during 1865, in the number of receptacles for letters, was, as it had been during 1864, more than proportionate to the increase in the number of inhabited houses. The following statement shows the proportion of receptacles for letters to inhabited houses in each of the years 1863, 1864, and 1865 :—

	In England and Wales.	In Scotland.	In Ireland.
At the close of 1863 there was one receptacle for letters to every - -	327 houses.	261 houses.	517 houses.
At the close of 1864 there was one to every - - - - - - -	321 houses.	255 houses.	502 houses.
At the close of 1865 there was one to every - - - - - - -	309 houses.	254 houses.	495 houses.

The actual increase in the number of receptacles for letters during 1865 was considerably in excess of the increase in each of several previous years. For some years an addition of about 400 per annum had been made to the number of these receptacles, but in the year 1865 no less than 616 additional receptacles were brought into use.

Free Deliveries.

The following statement will show that the establishment, extension, and improvement of free deliveries were carried on more actively in 1865 than in 1864 :—

	Number of Places in which Free Deliveries were for the first time established.	Number of Places in which additional Free Deliveries were established.	Number of Places in which the Boundaries of existing Free Deliveries were extended.
In 1864 - - -	413	100	88
In 1865 - - -	437	182	111
Excess of improvements in 1865 over improvements in 1864 - - -	24	82	23

Day Mails.

The following table will show how many of the towns in England and Wales were provided, in 1865, with additional means of communicating with London, and at the same time with additional means of communicating with many other towns :—

Year.	Towns having a Night and Day Mail from London.	Towns having a Night and Day Mail to London.	Towns having three Mails daily from London.	Towns having three Mails daily to London.	Towns having four Mails daily from London.	Towns having four Mails daily to London.	Towns having five Mails daily from London.	Towns having five Mails daily to London.	Towns having six Mails daily from London.	Towns having six Mails daily to London.	Towns having seven Mails daily from London.	Towns having seven Mails daily to London.
1864	397	276	55	78	10	15	3	6	—	—	—	—
1865	410	266	57	85	9	29	6	10	—	3	—	2
Increase - -	13	—	2	7	—	14	3	4	—	3	—	2
Decrease - -	—	10	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

In Scotland five additional towns were provided with a Day Mail to, and seven with a Day Mail from, Edinburgh. In Ireland nine additional towns were provided with a Day Mail to and from Dublin.

Accelerations of Mails.

At the commencement of the year 1865, by means of an acceleration of the London Night Mail to and from South Wales, much additional accommodation was afforded to a large district. The effect of this acceleration may be gathered from the fact that Pembroke obtained its letters nearly two hours sooner and despatched them half an hour later than under the previous arrangement. The communication between the towns on the South Wales Railway, from Newport to Carmarthen, has been greatly improved by the establishment of additional local Mails during the day.

In the course of arrangements arising out of the acceleration of the Mail to South Wales, an acceleration of the Mail from the West of England for the North was effected. Under this arrangement the train conveying the letters for the North of England, Scotland, and Ireland (as well as for South Wales) was despatched from Falmouth at 10.15 a.m., instead of at the early hour of 7.20 a.m.; from Plymouth at 1.45 p.m., instead of at 12.40 p.m.; and from Exeter at 4.15 p.m., instead of at 3.30 p.m.

By the establishment of an earlier Morning Mail from Ferry Hill to Hartlepool, the morning delivery of London letters at Hartlepool and West Hartlepool was accelerated by nearly two hours.

In Scotland a considerable improvement was afforded to a large but thinly-populated district by increasing the frequency of postal communication from three days to six days a week between Dingwall on the East Coast, and the Isle of Skye on the West during the summer months, when the correspondence is much larger than during the winter. By the establishment of a Mid-day Mail from Edinburgh and Glasgow to Stirling, Perth, and Dundee, much additional accommodation, of a kind which had long been desired, was afforded to those towns.

Many accelerations were effected in Ireland during the year 1865, and Mails were placed upon several lines of railway which had not been previously employed. The most important accelerations were those of the Day Mail from Cork and the South West generally to Dublin, of the Day Mail in both directions between Dublin and Belfast, and of the Night Mail in both directions between Dublin and Londonderry, by which last acceleration a large district in the North-west of Ireland was benefited.

Contracts for the general use of all ordinary trains were entered into with the Great Southern and Western, the Dublin and Drogheda, and the Dublin and Belfast Junction Railway Companies, and the contract with the Ulster Railway Company was extended. It was chiefly by means of these contracts that the improvements effected in the Mail Service in Ireland during 1865 were greater than they had been in any previous year for a considerable time past.

Extension of Postal District System to Provincial Towns.

In the Seventh Annual Report, the Report for the year 1860, I stated that the marked success which had attended the establishment of the postal district system in London, had suggested an extension of that system to some of the large provincial towns, and that I had determined in the first instance to apply it to Liverpool, with a view to the development of local letter correspondence in that town.

In accordance with this determination the postal district of Liverpool was divided into four districts, which were respectively entitled the Western, Eastern, Northern, and Southern districts, and suitable sites for district offices were obtained in the Eastern, Northern, and Southern districts. The Western or principal district was already provided with an office, but this office had for some time been over-crowded, and, but for the introduction

of the district system, must, ere now, have been abandoned for some larger and more commodious building. The new district offices were rapidly constructed: the Eastern and Southern offices were respectively opened on 1st July and 1st August 1864, and the Northern office was opened on 12th March 1865, from which date the district system has been in full operation in Liverpool. It has been thought right since the first introduction of the system to make several modifications of the original scheme of operations, but it is not necessary that I should describe them. It will be sufficient for me to contrast the existing arrangements with those which prevailed before the district system was introduced, and to describe the advantages which have been secured to the public from the alteration.

Prior to the alteration, *i.e.* in 1863, the postal district of Liverpool was divided into a town and a suburban district, in the first of which there were four collections and four deliveries of letters daily, whilst in the second there were two collections and two deliveries daily. The postal district of Liverpool is now divided into four districts, each of which is again divided into a town and a suburban district. In the four town districts there are seven collections, and six deliveries of letters daily, whilst in the four suburban districts there are three collections and three deliveries daily. Formerly the area of the town district contained about 5,000 acres, now the area of the four town districts contains about 7,000 acres, so that 5,000 acres of the Liverpool district have gained an addition of three collections and two deliveries whilst 2,000 acres have gained an increase of five collections and four deliveries. Concurrently with these changes a very large addition has been made to the number of receptacles for letters in Liverpool. These indeed have been trebled, and it is probable that no house in the town districts of Liverpool is now distant more than 200 yards from a receptacle for letters. The following illustrations of the improvements in the course of post for local letters which have been effected under these alterations will probably be received as conclusive proofs of the advantages which have accrued from them to the public.

In 1863, if A.B., residing in the town district of Liverpool, wrote a letter to C.D., residing also in the town district, and posted it before 7.15 p.m. on a Monday, it was delivered by 9.30 a.m. on the following day, and if C.D. managed to post his reply by 11.30 a.m., it was delivered by 3.15 p.m. to A.B., who might then post a further letter up to 7.15 p.m. for delivery by 9.30 on the following (Wednesday) morning.

Thus between 7.15 p.m. on Monday and 9.30 a.m. on Wednesday, a period of 38 hours, only two letters and one reply could pass between A.B. and C.D.

Now if A.B. posts a letter to C.D. by 5 a.m. on Tuesday, or, to put the case less strongly, by midnight on Monday, it is delivered by 9.10 a.m. on Tuesday, and C.D.'s reply, if posted by 10.15 a.m., will reach A.B. by 12.30. And if A.B. writes a fur-

ther letter and [illegible] posts it by 3 p.m., it will be delivered by 5 p.m., in which case C.D. may post a reply up to 6.30, which will be delivered by 9 p.m., and A.B. may then send a further letter to C.D., which, posted at any time before 5 a.m. on Wednesday, will be delivered by 9.10 a.m. on the same day.

Thus between midnight on Monday and 9.10 a.m. on Wednesday, a period of 33 hours, three letters and two replies may pass between A.B. and C.D.

Again, if A.B., in 1863, had posted a letter by 9.30 a.m., it would have been delivered by 12.45, and C.D.'s reply, if posted by 2.15 p.m., would have been delivered by 5.30. A.B. might then have posted a rejoinder up to 7.15 p.m., and this rejoinder would have been delivered by 9.30 a.m. on the following day. Thus the transmission of the letter, the reply, and the rejoinder would then have occupied 24 hours. Now, if A.B.'s letter be posted by 10.15 a.m., it will be delivered by 12.30 ; the reply, if posted by 3 p.m., will be delivered by 5 p.m., and the rejoinder, if posted by 6.30, will be delivered by 9 p.m., so that the transmission of the letter, the reply, and the rejoinder will not now occupy 11 hours, and will be completed within one ordinary working day.

The foregoing illustrations show very plainly that the course of post in the town districts of Liverpool has been much improved, but the following tables will perhaps exhibit the effect of the improvements more completely. These tables are similar in plan to those which were submitted by Sir Rowland Hill in the year 1837 (to the Commissioners appointed to inquire into the management of the Post Office), in support of his suggestions for the improvement of the course of post, and the development of local letter correspondence in the London district.

They show the time at which a letter from one part of the town district to any other part of the town district of Liverpool, and posted in 1863, or at the present time, at any hour of the day from 8 a.m. to 12 p.m., would have been delivered then, and the time at which it would be delivered now ; the time at which the reply could then have been, and the time at which it can now be posted ; and, lastly, the times at which the reply could then have been and can now be delivered. It will be seen, on examination of these tables, that at every hour of the day there has been a great improvement in the course of post for a letter and the reply thereto, and that whereas, in 1863, the time required for the transmission of a letter and the reply thereto was—

At the maximum,	on the average,	and at the minimum,
$24\frac{1}{4}$ hours,	$19\frac{1}{2}$ hours,	$8\frac{1}{2}$ hours,

it is now—

$17\frac{1}{6}$ hours,	11 hours, and	5 hours.

In 1863.

A Letter posted at	Would be delivered at	And the Reply posted at	Would be delivered at	So that the time required for the interchange of Letters was
				hours.
8 a.m.	12.45 p.m.	2.15 p.m.	5.30 p.m.	$9\frac{1}{2}$
9 „	12.45 „	2.15 „	5.30 „	$8\frac{1}{2}$
10 „	3.15 „	7.15 „	9.30 a.m.	$23\frac{1}{2}$
11 „	3.15 „	7.15 „	9.30 „	$22\frac{1}{2}$
Noon.	5.30 „	7.15 „	9.30 „	$21\frac{1}{2}$
1 p.m.	5.30 „	7.15 „	9.30 „	$20\frac{1}{2}$
2 „	5.30 „	7.15 „	9.30 „	$19\frac{1}{2}$
3 „	9.30 a.m.	11.30 a.m.	3.15 p.m.	$24\frac{1}{4}$
4 „	9.30 „	11.30 „	3.15 „	$23\frac{1}{4}$
5 „	9.30 „	11.30 „	3.15 „	$22\frac{1}{4}$
6 „	9.30 „	11.30 „	3.15 „	$21\frac{1}{4}$
7 „	9.30 „	11.30 „	3.15 „	$20\frac{1}{4}$
8 „	12.45 p.m.	2.15 p.m.	5.30 „	$21\frac{1}{2}$
9 „	12.45 „	2.15 „	5.30 „	$20\frac{1}{2}$
10 „	12.45 „	2.15 „	5.30 „	$19\frac{1}{2}$
11 „	12.45 „	2.15 „	5.30 „	$18\frac{1}{2}$
Midnight.	12.45 „	2.15 „	5.30 „	$17\frac{1}{2}$
			Average	$19\frac{1}{2}$ hours.

(Next day. / Next day. / Next day.)

In 1866.

A Letter posted at	Is delivered at	And the Reply posted at	Is delivered at	So that the time required for the interchange of Letters is	So that the gain at each period is
				hours.	hours.
8 a.m.	12.30 p.m.	3.0 p.m.	5.0 p.m.	9	$\frac{1}{2}$
9 „	12.30 „	3.0 „	5.0 „	8	$\frac{1}{2}$
10 „	12.30 „	3.0 „	5.0 „	7	$16\frac{1}{2}$
11 „	3.0 „	4.15 „	6.15 „	$7\frac{1}{4}$	$15\frac{1}{4}$
Noon.	3.0 „	4 15 „	6.15 „	$6\frac{1}{4}$	$15\frac{1}{4}$
1 p.m.	5.0 „	6.30 „	9.0 „	8	12
2 „	5.0 „	6.30 „	9.0 „	7	12
3 „	5.0 „	6.30 „	9.0 „	6	$18\frac{1}{2}$
4 „	6.15 „	6.30 „	9.0 „	5	$18\frac{1}{2}$
5 „	9.0 „	5.0 a.m. Next day.	9.10 a.m. Next day.	$16\frac{1}{6}$	6
6 „	9.0 „	5.0 a.m.	9 10 a.m.	$15\frac{1}{6}$	6
7 „	9.10 a.m. Next day.	10.15 „	12.30 p.m.	$17\frac{1}{2}$	$2\frac{3}{4}$
8 „	9.10 a.m.	10.15 „	12.30 „	$16\frac{1}{2}$	5
9 „	9.10 „	10.15 „	12.30 „	$15\frac{1}{2}$	5
10 „	9.10 „	10.15 „	12.30 „	$14\frac{1}{2}$	5
11 „	9.10 „	10.15 „	12.30 „	$13\frac{1}{2}$	5
Midnight.	9.10 „	10.15 „	12.30 „	$12\frac{1}{2}$	5
			Average, nearly 11 hours		

A considerable improvement has been effected in the course of post between Liverpool and Birkenhead, which last-named place must, for postal purposes, be regarded as a district of Liverpool. Formerly, if a letter were posted in the town district of Liverpool for the town district of Birkenhead by 9.30 a.m.,

the reply to that letter could not be received until 9.30 a.m. on the following day; now, if such a letter be posted in Liverpool by 10.15 a.m., the reply can be delivered in Liverpool by 9 p.m. on the same day. So that in the course of post for such letters there is a gain of 13 out of 24 hours.

A further advantage has accrued to the town division of the western, or principal district in Liverpool, as regards its correspondence with the town district of Birkenhead. In 1863 the transmission of a letter, the reply, and the rejoinder between these districts occupied 30 hours; it now occupies but 24 hours. It is probable that this further advantage will shortly be extended to the town divisions of the other districts of Liverpool.

The gain to the suburban divisions has not been so great as the gain to the town divisions of the Liverpool districts; but it has still been considerable. The gain consists chiefly in the increased facilities for communication between the town and the suburban districts—for example, between a merchant's office in the town district and his residence in the suburban district—during the ordinary hours of business. In 1863 only one letter could pass from the merchant's residence to his office during the ordinary hours of business. This letter, if posted by 11.30 a.m., would have been delivered by 3.15 p.m. Now, two such letters can pass. The first, if posted by 9.30 a.m., will be delivered by 12.30; and the second, if posted by 2.15 p.m., will be delivered by 5 p.m.

Again, in 1863 only one letter could pass from the merchant's office in the town district to his residence in the suburban district during the ordinary hours of business. This letter, if posted by 11.30 a.m., would have been delivered by 3.45 to 4 p.m. Now, two such letters can pass; the first, if posted by 12.15, will be delivered about 3.15 or 3.30 p.m.; the second, if posted by 3 p.m., will be delivered by 5 to 5.15 p.m.

If the extension of the area of the town districts and the great increase in the number of receptacles for letters be taken into account, together with the foregoing illustrations, it will be admitted that a very considerable improvement has been effected in the course of post for local letters in Liverpool.

So much having been done to develop local letter correspondence by shortening the period required for the transmission of a letter and the reply thereto, or for the transmission of a letter, the reply, and the rejoinder, I come now to consider whether the desired result has been obtained, and I am happy in being able to report that a very large increase in the number of local letters has taken place, and that it is directly traceable to the improvements which I have described. In the nine years preceding the introduction of the improvements which I have described, the Liverpool local letters rose in number from 1,500,000 to 3,800,000 per annum, there having thus been an average annual increase of 250,000 letters. In the two years following the introduction of those improvements, and during a portion of which two years

only a part of the improvements took effect, the local letters rose in number from 3,800,000 to 5,300,000 per annum, there having been an average annual increase of 750,000 letters. It appears, therefore, that the annual rate of increase in local letter correspondence has been raised from 250,000 to 750,000 letters, and that the improvements which I have described have already developed that correspondence to the extent of half a million of letters per annum.

A considerable benefit, however, has accrued, under these changes, to the general as well as to the local correspondence of Liverpool.

The town districts have gained three-quarters of an hour in the dispatch of the Day Mail to London. In 1863 letters for this Mail must have been posted by 9.30 a.m., that is before the morning delivery of letters from London. Now they may be posted up to 10.15 a.m., that is one hour after the morning delivery of letters from London.

And the suburban districts have gained a Day Mail to and a Day Mail from London. In 1863 there was no collection for the Up Day Mail, and no delivery of the Down Day Mail in those districts. Now letters posted in those districts by 9.30 a.m. are in time for the Up Day Mail, and letters arriving by the Down Day Mail are delivered throughout the districts in ample time to admit of replies being sent to London by the Night Mail. The extension of the Up and Down Day Mails to the suburban districts of Liverpool has, of course, benefited the correspondence between those districts and many other towns.

The town districts of Liverpool have now six deliveries of letters from Manchester daily, as compared with only three deliveries of such letters in 1863. Under the extension of deliveries and collections in Liverpool the course of post between correspondents in the town districts of Liverpool and private box holders in Manchester (who can obtain their letters at the Box Office shortly after the arrival of each dispatch from Liverpool) has been greatly improved; but the improvement in the course of post between ordinary correspondents in Liverpool and ordinary correspondents in Manchester is at present only partial and one-sided. A scheme is under consideration, however, for the extension of the deliveries and collections in Manchester, and when this plan shall have been carried out a very marked improvement will be effected in the course of post between these great towns, and will, I doubt not, be followed by a rapid development of their already large correspondence.

The deliveries of letters from the rest of the principal towns in Lancashire and from the principal towns in Yorkshire have also been considerably increased in number.

The improvements which have thus been effected in the mode of dealing with the general correspondence of Liverpool have had the effect of largely increasing that correspondence.

In the nine years preceding the introduction of these improve-

ments it had increased at an average annual rate of 600,000 letters, but in the two years following the introduction of the improvements that rate of increase has been doubled, so that the improvements may be credited with having developed the general correspondence to the extent of 600,000 letters per annum. But, as was to be expected, the effect of the improvements in the local letter correspondence has been proportionately much greater than their effect on the general correspondence; for whereas the local letters have increased, since the introduction of the improvements, at the rate of 38 per cent., the general correspondence, exclusive of the local letters, has increased at the rate of only 17 per cent. The increase in the general correspondence of the kingdom during the corresponding period has been at the rate of 12 per cent.

Alteration in the Scale of Postage for Inland Letters.

In the year 1865 I carried into effect, with your Lordships' sanction, a measure, which had for some time been under consideration, for the alteration of the scale of postage for Inland letters from a progression by one ounce, and the charge for one ounce at each step after the first ounce of weight to a progression by half an ounce and the charge for half an ounce at each step.

The effect of this measure, which formed a part of Sir Rowland Hill's original scheme of penny postage, may be illustrated by the following table:—

	From.	To.
	d.	*d.*
By the new arrangement the charge on inland letters weighing more than 1 oz., but not exceeding 1½ ozs., was reduced	4	3
And on letters between 2 ozs. and 2½ ozs.	6	5
And on letters between 3 ozs. and 3½ ozs.	8	7
And so on at each alternate step in the scale.		

In proposing to your Lordships to effect this reduction of postage, I stated that the greatest loss which it would entail would not in my estimation exceed 1*s.* 1¼*d.* per 1,000 letters, which would have produced a total loss on the correspondence of the year 1865 of from 39,000*l.* to 40,000*l.* I added, however, that as the public might reasonably be expected to become less solicitous as to the weight of their letters when the charge for over weight was diminished by one half, it was fair to suppose that the loss which would result from the carriage of those letters at 3*d.*, which had heretofore paid 4*d.*, would be in some degree counterbalanced by the gain resulting from the transmission of letters at 3*d.*, which would otherwise have been kept by their writers within the limits for which a charge of 2*d.* would suffice.

I am happy in being able to state that my expectation has been realized, for the actual loss under the alteration appears to be at the present time at the rate of only 10*d.* per 1,000 letters. This on the correspondence of 1865 gives a total loss of 30,000*l.*, but the loss appears to be in the course of gradual diminution, and may ultimately disappear altogether.

Since the commencement of the present year a corresponding alteration has been made in the scales of postage for books, patterns, and samples.

Late Letters.

In the Eleventh Annual Report I stated that at the close of the year 1864 I had under consideration a measure for giving additional facilities for the late posting of letters for the Night Mails out of London at the chief and district offices. This measure, which was carried out early in 1865, and has been attended with success, may be thus described. Under the pre-existing arrangement letters for the Night Mails generally could be posted for an extra payment of one penny up to 6.45 p.m. at the district offices, and up to 7.0 p.m. at the chief office, and, for an extra charge of sixpence, up to 7.30 p.m. at the chief office. Under the arrangement which came into operation in the beginning of 1865, letters for the Night Mails generally may be posted for an extra charge of one penny up to 6.45 p.m. at the chief and district offices, for an extra charge of twopence up to 7.15 p.m. at the chief and district offices, and for an extra charge of fourpence up to 7.30 p.m. at the chief office. Thus the period for posting late letters at the district offices has been extended by half an hour, whilst the extra charge for the late posting of letters has been reduced, in the case of letters posted between 6.45 p.m. and 7.15 p.m., from sixpence to twopence; and in the case of letters posted between 7.15 p.m. and 7.30 p.m., from sixpence to fourpence. A further advantage has been given to letters posted at a district office in the vicinity of the railway station from which they are to be conveyed. The period for the late posting of such letters at district offices has been extended to 7.45 p.m., at an extra charge of twopence.

The success of this measure as a whole will be obvious when it is stated that, notwithstanding the considerable reductions of charge involved in it, the revenue derived from late letter fees in London, during 1865, exceeded by 20 per cent. the revenue derived from the same source in 1864.

Foreign and Colonial Posts.

The principal improvements in regard to postal communication with foreign countries and colonies, during the year 1865, were:—

I. The extension to the correspondence with Canada, British

North America, and Newfoundland, Vancouver's Island, and British Columbia, Sierra Leone, Gambia, the Gold Coast, Lagos, the Falkland Islands, Gibraltar, Malta, Alexandria, Labuan, China, and Japan, of the half ounce scale of postage, that is, of a scale of postage progressing at each step by half an ounce and the charge for half an ounce.

II. The extension of the Pattern Post to Belgium, Switzerland, Denmark, the Cape of Good Hope, Natal, and St. Helena, the Danish Colonies in the West Indies, the foreign ports in China, and the foreign ports on the West Coast of Africa.

III. The extension of the Book Post to the ports in China.

And IV. The reduction of postage on correspondence with Belgium viâ Ostend from 4*d.* to 3*d.* per single half ounce letter; on correspondence with Denmark from 9*d.* to 4*d.*; on correspondence with Sweden from 1*s.* to 6*d.*; on correspondence with Norway from 1*s.* 2*d.* to 8*d.*; on correspondence with Holstein and Schleswig from 9*d.* to 8*d.*; on correspondence with Vancouver's Island, British Columbia, San Francisco, Oregon, and the Sandwich Islands, viâ St. Thomas and Panama, from 2*s.* 4*d.* to 1*s.* 6*d.*, and on correspondence with Switzerland, viâ France, from 6*d.* to 5*d.* per single quarter ounce letter.

During the year 1865 fresh contracts were made for the conveyance of the Pacific and the Australian Mails. Under these contracts, which involved no alteration of service, a saving of 21,000*l.* per annum was effected, and this saving, if added to the saving previously effected under the new contracts for the Dover and Calais and Dover and Ostend, and the West Indian, Brazilian, and Cape services, makes a total saving in the cost of ocean mail services, within the last three years, to the amount of 100,000*l.* per annum.

Increase of Correspondence.

The table at page 2 shows that the increase in the number of letters conveyed by the Post Office during the year 1865, was more than proportionate to the increase in population, and in the number of inhabited houses; and the following statement will show what has been the actual increase during the last three years :—

Articles conveyed by the Post Office.	Increase in 1863 over 1862.	Increase in 1864 over 1863.	Increase in 1865 over 1864.
Letters	36 Millions.	36 Millions.	41 Millions.
Books and Free and Chargeable Newspapers	2 Millions.	6½ Millions.	1¾ Millions.
Samples and Patterns	The Sample and Pattern Post was not in existence in 1863	625,000	660,000

The gross total of the articles conveyed by the Post Office rose, in 1865,

to—Letters, - - - - -	-	720,460,000
Books, and Free and Chargeable Newspapers - - - -	-	97,250,000
Samples and Patterns - - -	-	1,280,000
	In all	818,990,000

In the Number of registered letters also a continued increase took place, the number of such letters having risen from 1,965,000 in 1863, and 2,130,000 in 1864, to 2,232,000 in 1865.

As in previous years there was an increase in the number of valentines transmitted through the Post Office, the number posted in London having risen from 494,700 in 1863, and 530,300 in 1864, to 542,000 in 1865. As in former years nearly one-fourth of the whole number of valentines posted in London, were posted in the Western District. It is also worthy of note, that the valentines sent from London to the country were more than twice as numerous as those sent from the country to London.

The correspondence with Foreign countries and colonies continued to increase during the year, but the increase calls for no special comment.

The number of returned letters rose from 2,864,000 in 1863, and 3,154,000 in 1864, to 3,518,000 in 1865. It is estimated, however, that among the returned letters of 1865 were upwards of 50,000 circulars issued by agents and committees at the general election. Under these circumstances, the increase in the number of returned letters was not more than proportionate to the general increase of correspondence, whilst the proportion which could be satisfactorily disposed of either by retransmission to the addressees or by return to the writers, was greater than in former years.

During the year upwards of 12,000 letters were posted in England and Wales without any address, and, of these, 298 contained cash, notes, bills, and cheques, to the amount in all of 3,700*l.*

Books, Papers, Samples, and Patterns.

The progress of the Book Post calls for no special comment, but it will be seen from the table at page 2 that the business of the Pattern Post increased in 1865 on 1864 by more than 105 per cent.

The following account of the number and variety of the samples and patterns which were transmitted from London to the provinces during the year, and which formed about one-sixth part of the whole number of samples and patterns transmitted through the Post, will best show the growing importance of this branch of Post Office business :—

59,346	Were samples of	Tea.	44	Were samples of	Braid.
36,851		Sugar.			
16,888		Coffee.	16		Nets.
9,510		Currants.	208		Worsted.
206		Cocoa.	18		Embroidery.
130		Pepper.			
380		Sago.	32		Furs and Skins.
64		Ginger.	163		Feathers.
1,492		Rice.	16		Flowers (Artificial).
286		Oil Cake.			
290		Arrowroot.	106		Stockings and Socks.
10		Liquorice.	563		Shirts.
19		Soap.	22		Collars.
161		Dried Fruits.	44		Gloves.
35		Nuts.	26		Handkerchiefs.
38		Almonds.	4		Braces.
17		Nutmegs.	10		Vests and Drawers.
2		Salt.	3		Stays.
10		Tapioca.			
6		Mustard.	471		Carpets.
6		Chocolate.	31		Druggets.
			445		Cocoa Fibre.
10,561		Hops.	34		Kamptulicon.
5,255		Seeds.	63		Oil Cloth.
4,626		Corn.	21		Leather Cloth.
231		Peas.			
135		Beans.	7,659		Cloth (Woollen).
118		Flour.	27		Caps (Cloth).
12		Bran.	739		Tailors' Patterns.
23		Oatmeal.	262		Sacking.
13		Linseed.			
			932		Cotton (Raw).
6,927		Silks.	38		Silk (do.)
2,320		Muslins and Merinos.	7,283		Wool.
1,815		Printed Cottons.	132		Hemp.
6,308		Drapers' Patterns (Mixed).	21		Yarn.
			87		Flax.
520		Damasks.	27		Felt.
234		Calico.	67		Jute.
197		Canvas.			
4,973		Stuffs.	902		Drugs.
31		Ribbon.	70		Wax.
68		Velvet.	161		Glue.
498		Flannel.	179		Indigo.
230		Trimmings.	273		Gum.
113		Lace.	30		Rosin.
489		Linen.	18		Red Lead.
72		Capes.	18		Isinglass.
3		Shawls.	13		Bark.
2		Towels.	235		Shellac.
21		Elastic.	3		Pitch.
1		Tape.	116		Black Lead.
9		Curtains.	5		Oil.
3		Cambric.	15		Colours.
9		Jackets (Ladies).	44		Materials for effervescing drinks.
17		Cotton Cords.			

3	Were samples of	Soda.	7	Were samples of	Slippers.
65		Cochineal.			
2		Alum.	41		Tobacco.
2		Camphor.	23		Cigars.
1		Pastiles.	3		Snuff.
			11		Pipes.
15		Tallow.			
2		Candles.	19		String.
			33		Thread.
207		Iron.	28		Rope.
13		Tin.			
12		Lead.	113		Wood.
10		Zinc.	40		Wood Moulding.
13		Steel.	9		Printers Blocks.
201		Brass.	5		Fancy Boxes.
33		Screws.	1		Mouse Traps.
33		Keys.	2		Shoemakers' Lasts.
23		Locks.			
15		Rings.	2		Glass.
5		Buckles.	43		China and Earthenware.
4		Copper.			
6		Copper Plates.	3		Porcelain.
30		Wire.			
4		Iron Tubing.	15		Brushes.
5		Nails.	6		Combs.
7		Door Handles.	69		Biscuits.
12		Rules for Measuring.	96		Lozenges.
3		Chains.	20		Preserved Meat.
16		Pens.	4		Sugar Candy.
2		Files.			
12		Type.	313		Corks.
2		Spoons.	10		Cork Soles.
8		Knives.			
9		Seals.	3		Flower Roots.
47		Dies.	29		Herbs.
5		Taps.	7		Moss.
7		Buttons.	19		Indian Corn.
7		Hooks.			
1		Scissors.	7		Shells.
4		Weighing Machines.	115		Hair.
1		Glaziers Diamonds.	17		Rushes.
1		Small Lamps.	2		Guano.
28		Beads.	2		Marble.
3		Hinges.	6		Pencils.
1		Bells.	3		Fishing Tackle.
			1		Cricket Balls.
7		Ivory.	3		Gold Leaf.
4		Shirt Studs.	2		Catgut.
1		Earrings.	14		Greaves.
1		Silver Knives.	1		Hay.
			14		Purses.
167		Leather.	5		Sponges.
37		Gutta-percha.	4		Razor Strops.
235		India-rubber.	5		Felt Hats.
93		Boots and Shoes.	6		Lamp Cottons.

28	Were samples of	Atlantic Cable.	1	Were samples of	Opera Glasses.
1		Gun Caps.	1		Blacking.
1		Yeast.	1		Clock Works.
3		Curry Powder.	1		Quadrant.
7		Wadding.	23		Medals.
2		Cement.	13		Grease.
250		Pharaohs' Serpents.	1		Elastic Stockings.
2		Trusses.			

The Money Order Office.

The increase in the number of Money Order Offices during the year 1865 not only was more than proportionate to the increase in the number of inhabited houses, but was much greater than in each of many previous years. In the 10 years ending on the 31st December 1864, the number of Money Order Offices in the United Kingdom rose from 1,872 to 3,159, there having been an average annual increase of 129 offices. In the year 1865 no less than 295 additional Money Order Offices were opened. Of these many were opened in large towns with a view to afford additional accommodation to the public by lessening the distance between their homes or places of business and a Money Order Office, and with a view also to relieve the chief Money Order Offices by distributing the pressure of Money Order business. Much additional accommodation for the transaction of Money Order business was thus given in Birmingham, Birkenhead, Derby, Leicester, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Sheffield, Sunderland, Wolverhampton, Worcester, and also in Edinburgh, Glasgow, and Dublin, and a smaller amount of additional accommodation was given to many other large towns.

The following table will afford some illustrations of the extent to which additional Money Order accommodation has been given in certain postal districts of England and Wales, and of the gain accruing to the public from the consequent distribution of the business.

Postal District.	Number of Money Order Offices.		Amount of Money Orders issued in Year	
	1864.	1865.	1864.	1865.
			£	£
Birmingham	31	39	269,640	271,009
Birkenhead	9	13	55,300	53,187
Derby	11	14	73,134	75,507
Leicester	11	16	76,944	80,153
Liverpool	26	39	551,940	561,386
Manchester	60	74	491,233	510,401
Newcastle	8	11	153,914	162,532
Nottingham	15	18	107,638	109,780
Sheffield	12	16	146,453	152,180
Sunderland	3	6	95,544	98,171
Wolverhampton	4	9	72,656	71,697
Worcester	6	9	50,738	51,296

In the year 1865 the Money Order system was extended to Honduras, St. Kitts, New Brunswick, Tasmania, and Constantinople.

The following table will show the nature and amount of the Money Order business transacted between the United Kingdom and the Colonies and Foreign Parts during the years 1863, 1864, and 1865.

Year.	Money Orders issued in United Kingdom for payment in Colonies.		Money Orders issued in Colonies and paid in United Kingdom.	
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
		£		£
1863 - - - -	8,194	31,373	44,720	177,314
1864 - - - -	10,326	40,173	62,590	272,074
1865 - - - -	11,744	44,927	77,732	371,979

It will be seen from the above statement that the increase of business in both directions, and in each of the years 1864 and 1865, was considerable.

Since the commencement of the present year the Money Order system has been extended to Alexandria; its immediate extension to Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, Bahia, Pernambuco, and Rio de Janeiro, is under consideration; and I hope to be able at no distant date to arrange for the extension of the system to France and Prussia.

Post Office Savings Banks.

It will be seen from the table at page 3, that the depositors in Post Office Savings Banks increased in number during the year 1865 at the rate of 29 per cent., and that the total sum deposited increased at the rate of 30 per cent. These evidences of progress are in themselves sufficiently striking; but the following statement of the business of the banks in the first nine weeks of 1863 (when they had been one year in operation), 1864, 1865, and 1866, will show that the rate of increase in that business is constantly progressive :—

Period.	I. Number of Deposits.	II. Number of Withdrawals.	III. Number of Accounts opened.	IV. Number of Accounts closed.
First nine weeks of 1863	154,224	23,542	37,366	6,312
„ „ 1864	215,501	39,878	41,892	9,947
„ „ 1865	258,917	60,690	48,777	14,731
„ „ 1866	331,027	75,014	58,472	18,569

On an examination of columns III. and IV. in the foregoing table it will be seen that the difference between the number of depositors coming in and the number going out, in the first nine weeks of 1863 was 31,000, which gave a net increase of 15,000 per month; that in 1864 the net increase was still about 15,000 per month; that in 1865 it had risen to 17,000 per month; and that in the first nine weeks of the present year it had mounted up to 20,000 per month. It is evident, therefore, that great as had been the progress of the Post Office Banks up to the close of last year there are good grounds for expecting a greater progress hereafter. And I am happy in being able to state that the scheme which was framed for the conduct of the Post Office Savings Banks, before any one of them was established, has been found to work well in each and all of its parts, and to admit of any expansion of business, no matter how great or how sudden that expansion of business may be. The officers by whom this scheme was framed calculated, as a matter of course, upon a large and constant growth of business; but sudden augmentations, arising from causes which could not be foreseen, have been by no means unfrequent. In the first week of the present year, for instance, no less than 10,000 new depositors entered the banks; but even under such sudden and unexpected augmentations of business the scheme of operations has been found to work well.

In framing this scheme of operations, and in computing its probable cost, it was necessary to take into account, not merely the work which would have to be performed at the commencement of operations, but certain other portions of work which would not require attention for some time, but would press more and more heavily as years went on. It was known, for example, that the withdrawals, which at first would be few in number, must increase largely as the accumulated fund of deposits increased, and they have increased in number, since December 1862, from 12,000 to 37,000 per month. Again, it was known that the "cross entries" (that is entries relating to deposits or withdrawals at banks other than those at which the persons making the deposits or withdrawals opened their accounts) must increase as the number of banks increased, and as depositors became more familiar with their power of using at pleasure, for deposit or withdrawal, any one of the whole number of banks. The number of banks in December 1862, when the system had been one year in operation, was 2,535, it is now 3,321, and the "cross entries" have risen from 5,000 to 25,000 per month. Again, it was well known that the number of deposit books arriving daily for the annual examination must increase with the number of depositors, and with the duration of their accounts. It was known, of course, that on the 16th September 1862, those books which had been issued on the 16th September 1861 would come up for annual examination, that in 1863 those books which had been issued in 1861 and 1862 would arrive, and that in 1864 the books of three years,

and in 1865 the books of four years (excluding, of course, those which had been closed in the interim) would require examination. In December 1862 the number of books coming up for examination was at the rate of 9,000 per month, it is now at the rate of 9,000 per week.

After making due allowance for these and many other prospective additions to the work which would have to be performed at the outset of business, it was computed (before the Bill for the establishment of the Post Office Banks received the sanction of Parliament) that the cost of the banks would be at the rate of 7*d.* for each transaction, *i.e.*, for each deposit or each withdrawal, the cost for each transaction in the old Savings Banks having ranged from 10*d.* to 1*s.* This estimate of cost, which was submitted to Parliament, and printed in paper 523 of the Session of 1861, has never been exceeded, the total cost of the Post Office Savings Banks up to the close of last year, that is after rather more than four years of actual work, having been at the rate of $6\frac{9}{10}d.$ for each transaction.

The following is a comprehensive statement of the business of the Post Office Savings Banks from the commencement of operations to the close of last year, of the cost of that business year by year, and of the funds in hand at the close of each year, and applicable to the payment of the balances due to depositors if such payment had been demanded.

Period.	1	2	3	4		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	Number of Post Office Savings Banks at close of Period.	Number of Deposits received during Period.	Total Amount of Deposits received during Period.	Average Amount of each Deposit received during Period.	Number of Withdrawals during Period.	Total Amount of Withdrawals during Period.	Average Amount of each Withdrawal during Period.	Charges of Management during Period.	Average Cost of each Transaction, viz., of each Deposit or Withdrawal.	Number of Accounts opened during Period.	Number of Accounts closed during Period.	Number of Accounts remaining open at close of Period.	Total Amount standing to credit of all open Accounts, inclusive of Interest, to close of Period.	Average Amount standing to credit of each open Account at close of Period.	Total Sum standing to credit of Post Office Savings Banks on Books of National Debt Commissioners at close of Period.	Balance in hands of Postmaster-General, after allowing for Charges of Management, at close of Period.	Total Balance in hand, applicable to payment of Depositors, at close of Period.	Number of Old Savings Banks and Post Office Banks combined, at close of Period.	Number of the Depositors in Old Savings Banks and Post Office Banks combined, at close of Period.
			£	£ s. d.		£	£ s. d.	£	d.				£	£ s. d.	£	£			
From 16th Sept. 1861 to 31st Dec. 1862 - -	2,535	639,216	2,114,669	3 6 2	97,294	438,637	4 10 2	20,591	$6\frac{7}{15}$	205,928	27,433	178,495	1,698,221	9 10 3	1,659,032*	35,692	1,694,724*	3,157	1,732,555
From 31st Dec. 1862 to 31st Dec. 1863 - -	2,991	842,848	£ 2,651,209	£ s. d. 3 2 11	197,431	£ 1,027,154	£ s. d. 5 4 0	£ 25,401	d. †$5\frac{8}{10}$	185,934	44,760	319,669	£ 3,377,481	£ s. d. 10 11 4	£ 3,328,182*	£ 44,413	3,372,595*	3,594	1,876,389
From 31st Dec. 1863 to 31st Dec. 1864 - -	3,081	1,110,762	£ 3,350,084	£ s. d. 3 0 3	309,242	£ 1,834,849	£ s. d. 5 18 8	£ 45,856	d. †$7\frac{7}{10}$	226,153	74,964	470,858	£ 4,993,163	£ s. d. 10 12 1	£ 4,995,663*	£ 5,522	5,001,185*	3,659	1,967,663
From 31st Dec. 1864 to 31st Dec. 1865 - -	3,321	1,302,309	£ 3,719,017	£ s. d. 2 17 1	407,412	£ 2,318,610	£ s. d. 5 13 9	£ 49,527	d. $6\frac{6}{10}$	239,686	98,725	611,819	£ 6,526,400	£ s. d. 10 13 4	£ 6,582,329*	£ 4,327	6,586,656*	3,822	2,078,346
From 16th Sept. 1861 to 31st Dec. 1865 - -	3,321	3,895,135	£ 11,834,979	£ s. d. 3 0 9	1,011,379	£ 5,619,250	£ s. d. 5 11 1	£ 141,375	d. $6\frac{9}{10}$	857,701	245,882	611,819	£ 6,526,409	£ s. d. 10 13 4	£ 6,582,329	£ 4,327	6,586,656	3,822	2,078,346

* These sums do not include the dividends accruing to the Post Office Savings Banks on the 5th January, that is, five days after the close of the account in each year.

† The falling off in the cost per transaction during 1863 and the increase in that cost during 1864 are attributable to one and the same cause, viz., to the payment during 1864, of various charges properly belonging to 1863.

It will be seen from the foregoing statement that the total number of depositors in Post Office Savings Banks and Old Savings Banks combined, and throughout the kingdom, had risen at the close of the year 1865 to 2,078,000. The total number of depositors at the end of the year 1855 was 1,304,000, so that there has been in the last ten years an increase of 774,000 in the number of Savings Banks depositors. In the six years preceding the establishment of Post Office Banks there was an increase of 305,000 (or an increase of 50,000 per annum) in the number of depositors; but in the four years following the establishment of Post Office Banks there has been an increase of 468,000 (or an increase of 117,000 per annum) in their number. It may then fairly be stated that the Post Office Savings Banks have more than doubled the rate of increase in the number of Savings Bank depositors.

Government Insurances and Annuities.

The Government Insurances and Annuities Act, which was entitled "An Act to grant additional facilities for the Purchase "of small Government Annuities, and for assuring Payments of "Money on Death," received the Royal assent on the 14th July 1864, but it was provided by the 6th and 7th clauses of the Act that the Act should not come into operation until the tables of premiums, together with a statement of the rules observed in constructing them, had been laid before both Houses of Parliament for a period of thirty days.

The tables of premiums, with a statement of the rules observed in their construction, were submitted to Parliament by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, under whose superintendence they were framed, in February 1865, and at the same time the regulations which the 16th clause of the Act empowered me to make for the purpose of carrying out its provisions, so far as my department was concerned, were laid before both Houses.

These regulations are printed in the Appendix to this Report, in which I have also thought it right to insert the statement of the rules observed in constructing the tables, and some remarks explanatory of the tables, which were made on behalf of the National Debt Commissioners when the tables were submitted to Parliament.

I now propose to show what are the principal rules of the Government Insurance and Annuity Office, under the above-cited Act, and the regulations formed in accordance therewith, and to give some brief illustrations of the premiums charged for the Insurance of Lives and the grant of Annuities.

Principal Rules of the Government Insurance and Annuity Office.

1. The Postmaster-General is empowered, under the Act 27 & 28 Victoriæ, cap. 43, to insure the lives of persons of either sex, between

the ages of 16 and 60, for not less than 20*l.* or more than 100*l.* He is also empowered under the same Act to grant Immediate or Deferred Annuities of not more than 50*l.* on the lives of persons of either sex, and of the age of 10 years and upwards. The persons whose lives are insured, or to whom Annuities are granted, by the Postmaster-General, have direct Government security for the payment of the money at the proper time.

2. Certain Post Offices (the names of which may be obtained at any Post Office) have been opened for the receipt of proposals for the Insurance of Lives and the purchase of Annuities, and forms of proposal, with full instructions for filling up and delivering these forms, may be obtained at these Post Offices.

3. Tables of the premiums to be charged for the Insurance of Lives; for the grant of Immediate Annuities; for the grant of Deferred Annuities or Deferred Monthly Allowances, without return of purchase money, and for the grant of Deferred Annuities or Deferred Monthly Allowances, with return of purchase money, have been printed, and may be seen at the Post Offices which have been opened for the receipt of proposals.

4. The premiums to be charged for the Insurance of Lives vary with the ages of the persons whose lives are to be insured, and with the mode in which they are to be paid.

The life of a Man or Woman in his or her 30th year may be insured for 100*l.*—

	£	*s.*	*d.*
By a single payment of - - - -	43	3	7
or,			
By an annual payment, throughout life, of - -	2	6	7
By a quarterly payment, throughout life, of -	0	13	0
or,			
By a monthly payment, throughout life, of - -	0	4	4
or,			
By a fortnightly payment, throughout life, of -	0	2	2
or,			
By an annual payment, until the insured person reaches the age of 60, of - - - -	2	13	10
or,			
By a quarterly payment, until the insured person reaches the age of 60, of - - - -	0	15	0
or,			
By a monthly payment, until the insured person reaches the age of 60, of - - - -	0	5	0
or,			
By a fortnightly payment of - - - -	0	2	6

Smaller sums may be insured by proportionate payments, but no one of the periodical payments must be of less amount than two shillings.

5. No one life can be insured for less than 20*l.* in the whole; but when a life has been insured for 20*l.*, further insurances may be effected on the same life from time to time, for any amount, until the whole sum for which it is insured amounts to 100*l.*

6. If, after having duly made his payments for a period of five years, the insured person shall be unable to continue, or shall desire to discontinue, such payments, a portion of the premiums paid by him, which portion will in no case be less than one-third of the whole sum paid by him, will be returned to him.

7. The sums to be charged for the purchase of Immediate Annuities will vary with the age and sex of the person on whose life the Annuity is to depend:—

	£	s.	d.
A Man aged 65 can purchase an Immediate Annuity of 10*l.*, payable half-yearly, for - - -	88	18	4
A Woman of the same age can purchase a like Annuity for - - - - -	103	16	8
A Man aged 70 can purchase an Immediate Annuity of 10*l.*, payable half-yearly, for - - -	73	3	4
A Woman of the same age can purchase a like Annuity for - - - - -	84	19	2

8. The sums to be charged for the purchase of Deferred Annuities, or Deferred Monthly Allowances, will vary with the age and sex of the person on whose life the Annuity or Monthly Allowance is to depend; and with the length of the term for which the Annuity is deferred (or, in other words, with the number of years which are to pass before the commencement of the Annuity), and with the conditions of the contract as to the mode of purchase, mode of payment, and return or non-return of purchase money.

When the condition of the contract is to be that no part of the purchase money shall, in any event, be returned:—

	£	s.	d.
A Man aged 30 may purchase a Deferred Annuity of 10*l.*, to commence on his reaching the age of 60, and to be payable half-yearly, either by an immediate payment of - - - - -	24	3	4
or,			
By an annual payment, until he reaches the age of 60, of - - - - - -	1	8	4
A Woman of like age may purchase a like Annuity by an immediate payment of - - -	32	8	4
or,			
An annual payment, up to 60, of - - -	1	17	6

and a Man aged 30 may purchase a Deferred Allowance of 2*l.* 7*s.* 3*d.* per month, to commence when he reaches the age of 60, by a payment until he reaches that age, of 8*s.* per month; and a Woman of like age may, by a like payment of 8*s.* per month, purchase a Deferred Allowance of 1*l.* 16*s.* 7*d.*, to commence when she reaches the age of 60.

When the condition of the contract is to be that, in the event of the death of the person on whose life the Annuity or Allowance is to depend before the commencement of the Annuity or Allowance, the purchase money is to be returned to his representatives, and that if the purchaser at any time before the commencement of the Annuity or Allowance is unable to continue, or wishes to discontinue, the purchase, the purchase money shall be returned to him; the price charged will be higher than when no such condition is made.

	£	s.	d.
Under this condition, a Man aged 30 may purchase a Deferred Annuity of 10*l.*, to commence when he attains to 60 years of age, and to be payable half-yearly, either by an immediate payment of -	40	9	2
or,			
By an annual payment, until he attains to 60 years, of - - - - - -	2	0	10
And a Woman of like age may purchase a like Annuity, either by an immediate payment of -	47	0	10
or,			
By an annual payment of - - - -	2	7	6

and a Man aged 30 may purchase an allowance of 1*l.* 14*s.* 2*d.* per month, to commence when he attains the age of 60 years, by a monthly payment of 8*s.*; and a Woman of like age, by a like payment, until she reaches the age of 60 years, may purchase an allowance of 1*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.* per month.

9. The Annuity or Monthly Allowance granted on any one life must not exceed 50*l.* per annum, or 4*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* per month; but purchasers need not purchase the whole amount of such Annuity or Allowance at one time. They may begin by purchasing such part as they can afford to purchase, and go on increasing their purchases from time to time as their circumstances will permit.

10. Husband and Wife may each be insured to the full amount of 100*l.*, and may each purchase an Annuity of 50*l.* or a Monthly Allowance of 4*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* Any two persons may purchase an Annuity on their joint lives, with continuance of the Annuity to the survivor.

11. Persons contracting for the Insurance of their Lives, or for the purchase of Annuities or Monthly Allowances, will be allowed to pay their periodical premiums or instalments of purchase money at such of the Post Offices, which have been or may hereafter be opened for the purpose, as will suit them best.

12. Persons proposing to effect insurances on their lives, or to purchase Deferred Monthly Allowances, must provide at their own cost such certificates of birth or baptism, or other evidence of age, as shall be required from them, but will not be required to pay any fee for medical examination, or to pay the cost of any inquiry which the Postmaster-General may think fit to make with regard to their health, habits, age, and occupation, or to pay any fee for the issue of any contracts which may be made in accordance with their proposals, or to pay any postage for the transmission of their proposals, or for the transmission of any correspondence arising out of such proposals between them and the Postmaster-General, inasmuch as a provision for all such costs and charges is included in the premiums which they will be required to pay, in accordance with the Tables framed for the purpose for the Insurance of their Lives or the purchase of Deferred Monthly Allowances.

Persons proposing to purchase Immediate or Deferred Annuities, payable half-yearly, must provide at their own cost such certificates of birth or baptism, or other evidence of age as shall be required of them; and, inasmuch as the premiums fixed by the Tables framed for the grant of such Annuities do not include any provision for costs and charges, must pay, at the time of purchase, a fee of 1*s.* for every 1*l.* of Annuity purchased.

The foregoing statement shows what are the chief provisions of the Act, and the regulations framed under the Act, and the following statement of the course taken by the Post Office for the purpose of giving effect to these provisions will, I trust, show on the one hand that due facilities are given to intending insurers and annuitants, and, on the other hand, that proper precautions have been taken for the protection of the State against fraud.

Forms of proposal are obtainable at almost every Money Order Office in England and Wales. Full instructions for the filling up of these forms are printed on the forms themselves, which are thereby increased in size, and made to present a somewhat formidable appearance; but in practice, the forms present no

difficulty to the proposers. The instructions for the preparation of the forms of proposal must, I think, be clear and serviceable, since, although proposals have come from all sections of the community, not one proposal, from the very outset of business until now, has been incorrectly filled up.

When a proposal for Life Insurance, or for the purchase of an Annuity has been made in accordance with the instructions printed on the forms for such proposals, and when the declaration at the foot of the form has been duly signed in the presence of a postmaster, or other officer of the department, in the manner prescribed by the 3rd and 18th clauses of the Regulations; and when the form of proposal has been transmitted to the Chief Office by the Postmaster, or other officer, with whom it is deposited, and in the proper form of report, the receipt of the proposal is acknowledged and the proposal is recorded.

In the record of proposals for Life Insurance, space has been provided for noting the name and address of the proposer, the date and place of his birth, his age, and the nature of his proposal. A space has also been provided for noting the dates of the references to private friends and employers, and to the medical examiner, and for noting the dates of the replies to such references. Further space has been provided for noting the dates of rejection or acceptance of the proposal, the dates of issue of contracts, the amounts of the premiums to be paid, and the terms and periods of payments. Space has also been provided for noting the date of breach of contract in case of default, and the date of renewal after such default. Lastly, space has been provided to record the dates of death of insured persons, and of the payment to their representatives of the sums insured, and to insert a statement of the actual duration of the insured person's life from the date of the contract as compared with the term during which he was expected to live when the contract was made.

The record of the proposals for the purchase of Annuities is prepared on a similar plan, but provides, of course, for the entry of somewhat different particulars.

Each page of either book contains sufficient space for the entry of all particulars relating to two proposals; the spaces for the record of the proposals are numbered consecutively, and when a proposal is recorded in any one of these spaces a number corresponding with the number in the record is placed on the Proposal Form, and on all the forms used for the inquiries arising out of that proposal. The proposals are also indexed alphabetically under the names of the proposers.

On the receipt of a proposal for Life Insurance the officers entrusted with the conduct of the business proceed to make the prescribed preliminary inquiries as to the proposer's age, health habits, and occupation, and note the dates of their references and of the replies thereto in the Proposal Record as they proceed.

Having obtained replies to the prescribed references, and if the replies be satisfactory, they direct the proposer, by a letter, to

present himself for examination by a medical man living near to the proposer, and who will effect the examination at a time convenient to the proposer. If the report of the medical examiner be not altogether satisfactory, or if there be anything in it or in the replies to the previous references, or in the proposer's own statements, which tend to raise a doubt as to the propriety of accepting the proposal on the ordinary terms, the papers are sometimes referred to the medical officer of the Department for his advice, but as a general rule such further reference is unnecessary. The acceptance or rejection of a proposal as a rule depends upon the replies to the preliminary references, and upon the result of the medical examination. To carry the inquiry further in every case would lead to a vast expenditure of time and labour for no useful purpose, but in cases of doubt and in cases in which it may be desirable to accept the proposal on condition of more than the ordinary premium being paid, further advice is valuable and is obtained.

I believe that under the system of inquiry which has been described we run but little risk of being led into the acceptance of proposals which a well regulated insurance office would desire to reject.

By means of our preliminary inquiries we obtain very important information as to the habits, health, and occupation of the proposer, and ascertain with a close approximation to certainty whether he has been temperate, whether his occupation has at any time been prejudicial to health, and whether during the two years preceding the date of his proposal he has been prevented by ill health from following his business or occupation.

The forms of inquiry are so framed as to furnish us with the means of identifying the person whose life is to be insured with the subject of our inquiries and with the person who at our instance submits himself for medical examination. That examination is, I believe, sufficiently searching, and affords a valuable protection. The Department has indeed been urged to dispense with medical examination, but I cannot think that the grounds on which this proposition has been made are tenable. On the contrary, I am of opinion that the arguments which are adduced to prove that medical examination is valueless, do in reality furnish a conclusive proof that it is valuable.

The effects of medical selection, and the extent to which it protects insurance offices have for some time been well understood. It protects insurance offices against the fraudulent presentation of bad lives and against the acceptance of lives, honestly presented, which are actually attacked by disease of a fatal character.

Eminent statisticians have reported that the protective effects of medical selection do not last for more than two or three years, and that after a period of two or three years the selected lives fall into the common average of life throughout the country. From this well-ascertained fact it has sometimes been inferred

that medical selection is of no value, but I can see no ground for this inference. It is true, doubtless, that the protective effects of medical selection are not permanent, but while they endure they are valuable. They are not permanent because the conditions of life are not permanent, and because changes of condition which cannot be foreseen by a medical examiner may after a while prejudicially affect the lives of the persons whom he examines. Of every 100,000 persons now living, a certain number will die in each succeeding year from the present time, until all are dead. Of those who will die within the present year many are now dying, whilst many more have the seeds of fatal disease present and visible within them; of those who will die within two years from this time, a smaller number are moribund, and a smaller number are sick at this moment; of those who will die within three years from this time, the majority are to all appearance in sound health. If these 100,000 persons were submitted to medical examination, it is highly probable that the medical examiners would at once detect a large proportion of those who will die in the first year, and a considerable, though a smaller proportion, of those who will die in the second year. It is probable also that they would detect but few of those who will die in the third year; and hardly any, if any, of those who will die in the fourth year. But their inability to detect many of those who will die in the third year, or any of those who will die in the fourth, does not render it the less desirable that they should exercise their power of detecting those who will die in the first or second years, especially as it is probable that those who will die within the first two years will be more anxious than the rest of the community to effect insurances on their lives, and certain that if their lives be insured they will contribute a very trifling sum to the fund of the insuring office. I think it is highly probable that the Post Office will from time to time be urged to dispense with medical examination, and I have therefore thought it right to put on record the reasons which have led me to conclude that the results of a compliance with such a request would be exceedingly disastrous. To dispense with medical examination would in fact be to invite proposals from the moribund and the sick throughout the country; and I cannot think it desirable that such an invitation should be given. Some insurance companies, indeed, have dispensed with medical examination, but have been forced to protect themselves in a different way, by a provision that in the event of the death of an insured person within a certain period from the date of the insurance, no benefit shall accrue to his representatives. It seems to me that these exceptions to the rule prove the value and soundness of the rule, and supply all that is wanted to complete my argument.

If the proposal be for the purchase of an annuity, the officers entrusted with the conduct of the business make the prescribed inquiries as to the age of the person on whose life the annuity is to depend.

When the officers entrusted with the conduct of the insurance and annuity business have thus collected all the required information with regard to a proposal for the insurance of a life or the purchase of an annuity, they take instructions from the secretary as to the acceptance or rejection of the proposal.

When it is decided to issue contracts for the insurance of lives or the grant of annuities, and when the rates of premium or purchase money have been assessed in accordance with the prescribed tables, the contracts are executed, and sent to the Receiver and Accountant-General, who makes a record of the premiums which he will thenceforth have to collect, and then transmits the contracts to the postmasters at whose offices the proposers have desired to receive them. At these offices the premiums are thenceforth payable, unless the holders of the contracts give notice of their desire to pay them at some office more convenient to themselves.

It has sometimes been stated that the arrangements of the Post Office for the issue of policies of insurance and the sale of annuities are peculiarly complicated, and that their complexity is likely to lead to a tedious and unnecessary delay; but the foregoing observations will show that this statement has been made under a misapprehension of the case. As a rule, insurances are effected within a week from the date of the proposals, and at a minimum of inconvenience to the proposer, who has merely to submit himself to examination by a medical man residing in his immediate neighbourhood, and to attend twice at the nearest Money Order Office, *i.e.*, once, that he may sign and deliver his proposal, and next, that he may receive his contract. It is not probable that business of this kind can anywhere be conducted in a more rapid or more simple manner.

The scheme which has thus been described was brought into operation at a small number of offices in England and Wales on the 16th April 1865, and it has subsequently been generally extended throughout England and Wales, but it has not yet been extended to Ireland and Scotland. I hope, however, immediately to extend it to a small number of towns in each of these countries.

At the outset of operations the Post Office was met by the difficulty which it had had to encounter on the first establishment of Post Office Savings Banks, viz., the difficulty of making known the nature and advantages of the scheme to the persons for whose benefit it was intended. In the case of the Post Office Savings Banks a long period, a period of many months, elapsed before the great mass of the population could be made aware even of the existence of such institutions. The press and many private individuals lent to the department a cordial and powerful aid in the promulgation of the rules and advantages of the Post Office Banks, nor has this aid been withheld from the Government Insurance and Annuity Office. But it was impossible for this aid to be so immediately effectual in the latter as in the former case.

Much more persistent efforts are required for the satisfactory explanation of the system and the advantages of Life Insurance, than for making known the nature and the benefits of a Savings Bank; nor is it so easy to persuade men into an economy from which, at some distant date, their relatives may derive a benefit, as to persuade them to lay by money for their own use and benefit. Under these circumstances it was not to be expected, nor did I expect, that the business of the Government Insurance and Annuity Office would progress with great rapidity; but I did anticipate that this business would, in the course of years, as the working classes became acquainted with the principles and merits of the scheme, attain to a considerable magnitude, and I am happy in being able to report that there are already indications, apart from the actual amount of business transacted, that my expectations will be realized. In the first place, I may state that no day has passed since the commencement of business without the arrival of fresh proposals for the Insurance of Lives or the purchase of Annuities. A business which is so constantly accumulative cannot fail to become one of magnitude and importance. In the next place, I am glad to perceive that a continually increasing proportion of the proposals comes from the poorer classes of the community. This result was to be anticipated. As the advantages of the Post Office Savings Banks became more and more widely known to the poorer classes, the average amount of each deposit fell from 3*l.* 6*s.* 2*d.*, the average amount at the outset of operations, to 2*l.* 17*s.* 1*d.*, the average amount at the present time. Concurrently with the decrease in the average amount of each deposit there has come an increase in the number of depositors. A like cause is gradually producing a like result in the business of the Insurance and Annuity Office; but much more must be done, and much time must elapse before the principles and benefits of the scheme are generally understood and appreciated.

The table at page 3 shows how far the public had availed themselves of the facilities by the Government Insurances and Annuities Act up to the close of the year 1865; and the following statement will show the whole amount of business transacted up to the present time, *i.e.* in one year from the commencement of business.

INSURANCES.

	No.	Amount.
		£
Proposals received and accepted - - -	809	60,874
„ declined - - - - -	61	4,292
„ dropped - - - - -	35	2,702
„ under consideration - - - -	29	2,289
	934	70,157

Of the whole number of persons whose proposals have been accepted,—

501	decided to pay their premiums	-	annually.
20	„ „	-	half-yearly.
81	„ „	-	quarterly.
5	„ „	-	six times a year.
181	„ „	-	monthly.
3	„ „	-	fortnightly.

and

18 have paid their premiums in one sum.

Of the whole number of persons who have commenced to pay premiums, 8 have allowed their policies to lapse by default, and 14, having defaulted, have on application been re-admitted. In no case, however, have I found it necessary to impose the prescribed fine for default.

The total sum insured at the present time is 60,874*l.*, and the gross annual premium income, exclusive of the sums received in single payments, is 1,924*l.*

Of the whole number of proposers, 866 have been males, and 68 females. In a very few cases it has been necessary to charge an extra premium for extra risk, arising out of somewhat defective health ; and in the case of a few married women, who were pregnant at the date of the insurance, it has been thought right to add to the first premium, but only to the first premium, a special premium of 10*s.* per 100*l.* to cover the risk attendant on confinements.

No deaths have occurred up to the present time amongst the persons insured.

Annuities.

Since the commencement of business, 238 proposals for the purchase of Annuities have been received; of these, 4 have been dropped, 4 are under consideration, and 230 have been accepted. Of the proposals which have been accepted, 150 have been for the purchase of Immediate Annuities, the amount of annuity purchased being 3,430*l.*, and the purchase money being 39,774*l.* Of the remainder, 15 were for the purchase, by immediate payments, of Deferred Annuities, the amount of deferred annuity purchased being 232*l.*, and the amount of purchase money paid down being 1,543*l.* The remainder, 65, were for the purchase of Deferred Annuities by annual or more frequent payments, the amount in course of purchase being 1,368*l.*, and the amount of purchase money annually payable being 759*l.* Of the 238 intending annuitants, 103 were males and 129 were females. The remaining six proposals were for Insurances on Joint Male and Female Lives.

While the Government Insurance and Annuity Act was under consideration by the Legislature, an opinion was expressed that Friendly Societies which had undertaken to provide, in return for a single subscription, sick pay, old age pay, and death pay, would do well to make arrangements for the transfer of their

old age and death risks to the Government, by payment, of course, of a proper consideration, and to confine themselves to dealing with the liabilities contingent on sickness. I have recently received a proposal from a large Friendly Society for the transfer of its old age risks to the Government, and the terms of the arrangement are now under consideration. I am informed, moreover, that other proposals of this kind are likely shortly to be made.

On the whole, I am able to conclude my observations on this subject by stating, that the scheme framed for the conduct of insurance and annuity business has worked smoothly and well; that the checks established for the protection of the Government have hitherto proved sufficient for their purpose; that the advantages of the measure are gradually becoming known to the classes for whose benefit it was devised; and that, looking to all the circumstances of the case, and the steady and continued growth of the business, the success of the measure may be regarded as established.

Revenue and Expenditure.

The following tables give, in considerable detail, the particulars of the actual expenditure (inclusive of the cost of Mail Packets), and of the gross and net revenue, and of the total effective and non-effective force of the Post Office, in each of the ten years from 1856 to 1865.

The cost of the Post Office Savings Banks, and the cost of the Insurance and Annuity Office, which are not chargeable on the Post Office, are excluded from the following table, and separately stated, so far as the Savings Banks are concerned, at page 22, and, so far as the Insurances and Annuities are concerned, in the Appendix.

Force and Expenditure.

Date.	Force. Effective. Staff Officers, Postmasters, Clerks, Sorters, Stampers, Messengers, Guards, Letter Carriers.	Force. Non-Effective. Pensioners.	Cost of Collection and Delivery, of Management, and of Money Order Business. Salaries, Wages, Pensions, Travelling Allowances, Poundage on Sale of Stamps, Commission on Money Order business, Cost of Uniform Clothing, Medical Expenses, and Cost of Substitutes during Annual Holidays or Sickness of Officers and Men, Official Postage, Law Charges, and Incidental Expenses.	Manufacture of Postage Stamps, *i.e.*, Printing, Paper, and Miscellaneous Charges.	Stationery.	Buildings and Repairs, Rents, Rates, Taxes, Fuel, and Light.	Total Cost of Collection, Delivery, and Management, and of Money Order Business.	Cost of Conveyance of Mails. Conveyance by Coaches, Carts, and Omnibuses.	Conveyance by Railways.	Cost of Supply and Repair of Mail Bags and Boxes, Tolls, and Ferryage, Cost of Apparatus for Exchange of Bags conveyed by Railway, and Miscellaneous Expenses.	Conveyance of Mails by private Ships and by Packets under Contract with Admiralty or Post Office.	Conveyance of Mails over Isthmus of Suez and Isthmus of Panama, and in other Foreign Parts, and Salaries of Admiralty Agents and other Officers in charge of Foreign and Colonial Mails.	Total Cost of Conveyance.	Total Cost of Post Office Service.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1856	23,130	427	1,021,656	18,022	29,129	50,297	1,119,104	141,835	376,363	15,502	759,397	26,531	1,319,628	2,438,732
1857	23,545	481	1,033,667	19,933	33,317	44,893	1,131,810	147,177	422,943	19,344	826,697	22,930	1,439,091	2,570,901
1858	24,186	501	1,075,217	17,988	33,493	93,870	1,220,568	145,616	545,073	18,907	935,883	28,371	1,673,850	2,894,418
1859	24,608	589	1,167,656	20,094	35,332	106,478	1,329,560	147,905	428,647	24,280	948,038	28,730	1,577,600	2,907,160
1860	25,192	765	1,140,396	19,177	42,174	62,215	1,263,962	150,368	490,223	26,985	869,952	29,647	1,567,175	2,831,137
1861	25,376	862	1,214,303	19,414	34,781	85,702	1,354,200	152,508	635,046	25,929	940,657	33,071	1,807,211	3,161,411
1862	25,285	927	1,249,268	19,261	31,365	84,795	1,384,689	152,280	526,966	22,393	821,067	24,700	1,547,406	2,932,095
1863	25,492	1,017	1,254,605	18,485	32,182	81,548	1,386,820	149,333	538,512	20,189	837,655	29,542	1,575,231	2,962,051
1864	25,637	1,131	1,322,945	19,750	32,561	39,730	1,414,986	145,089	565,852	21,807	900,610	29,953	1,663,311	3,078,297
1865	25,082	1,274	1,295,153	22,064	32,396	75,331	1,424,944	140,517	528,220	22,220	796,399	28,786	1,516,142	2,941,086

Gross and Net Revenue.

Year.	Gross Revenue from Letters, Books, Packets, &c.	Money Order Commission.	Gross Revenue collected by the Post Office.	Produce of the Impressed Stamp on Newspapers collected by Inland Revenue Office.	Total Postal Revenue.	Total Cost of Post Office Service.	Net Revenue.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1856 - - - -	2,764,606	103,348	2,867,954	168,000	3,035,954	2,438,732	597,222
1857 - - - -	2,928,858	106,855	3,035,713	160,000	3,195,713	2,570,901	624,812
1858 - - - -	2,975,939	111,596	3,087,535	154,000	3,241,535	2,894,418	347,117
1859 - - - -	3,197,258	116,417	3,313,675	148,249	3,461,924	2,907,160	554,764
1860 - - - -	3,267,662	121,693	3,389,355	141,810	3,531,165	2,831,137	700,028
1861 - - - -	3,402,691	127,866	3,530,557	134,571	3,665,128	3,161,411	503,717
1862 - - - -	3,496,635	136,954	3,633,589	130,415	3,764,004	2,932,095	831,909
1863 - - - -	3,730,073	144,226	3,874,299	125,156	3,999,455	2,962,051	1,037,404
1864 - - - -	3,957,047	151,979	4,109,026	122,532	4,231,558	3,078,297	1,153,261
1865 - - - -	4,142,086	157,113	4,299,199	124,409	4,423,608	2,941,086	1,482,522
Average Net Revenue of first Five Years - - - - - - - - -						— £	564,788
Ditto second ditto - - - - - - - - -						— £	1,001,762

The foregoing tables show that the force of the department has been largely increased during the past ten years; that the emoluments of the force have undergone considerable improvement; and that, with a view to meet the just requirements of the public for increased accommodation, all parts of Post Office expenditure have been augmented. The tables also show that whilst the actual cost of the department has been largely increased, it has continued to bear a less and less proportion to the revenue, and has fallen from 81 per cent. of the gross revenue in 1856 to 66 per cent. of the gross revenue in 1865. The tables further show that the net revenue of the department, which was rather less than 600,000*l.* in 1856, bordered very closely upon 1,500,000*l.* in 1865.

It is right that I should here declare, both for my predecessors and myself, that this satisfactory result has not been brought about by any special effort to produce a revenue from the Post Office. It was their practice, and it has been mine, to extend Post Office accommodation wherever such extension seemed to be required, and to incur any reasonable expense for the attainment of an adequate public good. If in the course of this prolonged and systematic endeavour to promote the public advantage we had not frequently declined to incur an expense which seemed likely to purchase no commensurate benefit for the public, it is more than probable not only that there would have been no surplus revenue to exhibit, but that there would have been no funds for the carrying out of many measures by which in the past ten years the whole community has been benefited.

Whilst, however, the net revenue of the Post Office has not resulted from any special effort to make the Post Office a revenue-producing department, but is attributable partly to the growing magnitude and prosperity of the population, and partly to the measures which have been employed to develope and promote correspondence, it has gradually and quietly grown to be a not insignificant item in the total revenue of the country. It is, moreover, an item of taxation which it would be impossible to replace by any less onerous or disagreeable impost.

The steady growth of Post Office business during a long series of years gives us every reason to expect that if the prosperity of the country be not diminished the Post Office may, without sparing any effort to satisfy the just wants of the public, or to keep pace with the growing desire for improvement, produce in a few years a net revenue nearly equal in amount to the present produce of the income tax. So long as the net revenue of the Post Office continued to be either a little less or a little more than half a million, the statement, so frequently made, that the Post Office *ought not* to be a source of revenue, did not demand immediate or careful examination, but under the strong probability that this net revenue may, at no very distant date, attain

the proportions which I have anticipated for it, it is well to point out that it would be difficult, if not impossible, to devise any mode of raising a public income less burdensome or more equitable in its operation than that which exacts no payment without giving a service in return, and which is not open to the appellation of a tax.

I have the honour to be,
My Lords,
Your Lordships' obedient Servant,
STANLEY OF ALDERLEY.

General Post Office,
March 1866.

APPENDIX.

APPENDIX A.

REGULATIONS RESPECTING GOVERNMENT INSURANCES AND ANNUITIES.

The following REGULATIONS are made under the AUTHORITY of the Act of Parliament 27th and 28th Vict. c. 43, intituled "An Act to grant "additional Facilities for the Purchase of small Government "Annuities, and for assuring Payments of Money on Death."

Hours and Places of Business.

1. Every Post Office, being a Money Order Office, at which the Postmaster General shall permit Proposals for the Insurance of Lives or the purchase of Government Annuities to be received, shall be open for such purpose, and for the receipt of the Premiums becoming due to the Postmaster General from time to time under Contracts for the Insurance of Lives or the purchase of Government Annuities, and for the payment of any sums which shall become payable by the Postmaster General under the said Contracts, during the hours appointed for the transaction of Money Order business at the said Post Office.

Any Office, not being a Money Order Office, at which the Postmaster General shall permit such Proposals or Premiums to be received or such payments to be made, shall be open for such purposes during such hours and on such days as the Postmaster General shall determine.

Terms of Proposals for the Insurance of Lives.

2. At the Offices appointed for such purposes by the Postmaster General, Proposals shall be received for the Insurance of Lives,—

I. By payment of a Single Premium;

II. By payment of a Premium annually throughout the whole life of the person insured;

III. By payment of a Premium once in every six months, or once in every three months, or monthly (that is, once in each calendar month), or fortnightly (that is, twice in each calendar month), or weekly (that is, four times in each calendar month), throughout the life of the person insured;

IV. By payment of a Premium annually until the person insured shall have attained the age of 60 years;

V. By payment of a Premium once in six months, or once in three months, or monthly, or fortnightly, or weekly, until the insured person shall have attained the age of 60 years;

but no such Proposal shall be received from or on behalf of any person under the age of 16 years, or over the age of 60 years, or for the payment of any Premium of less amount than two shillings, or for the insurance of more than 100*l.* on any one life, or for the insurance of less than 20*l.*, unless the Proposer shall have previously insured his life under these Regulations, in which case he may make further Proposals for the insurance of not less than 5*l.* at any one time, and may repeat such Proposals until the whole sum insured on his life shall amount to 100*l.*, but no longer.

The sums which shall become due under Contracts for the Insurance of Lives shall be paid to the persons who shall be entitled to receive them, immediately after proof, in the manner hereafter to be described, of the death of the persons insured.

Form of Proposal for Insurance of Lives.

3. Every person who shall desire to insure his life for the first time under the provisions of the above-cited Act shall make his Proposal for such insurance on a Form, to be obtained at any Money Order Office, and shall deposit the Proposal at one of the offices appointed by the Post-

master General for the receipt thereof. In this Proposal the Proposer shall specify his Christian name and surname, his occupation, his residence, the date and place of his birth, the sum for which he is desirous of insuring his life, and whether he desires to pay his Premium in a single sum or to pay it by instalments. The Proposer shall also give written answers on the form to the questions contained in the form, shall furnish the Postmaster General with evidence of his age in the manner pointed out on the form, shall furnish in writing on the form the names and addresses of persons from whom the Postmaster General may obtain information as to the Proposer's age, health, habits, and occupation, and shall sign the declaration at the foot of the Form in the presence of an officer of the Postmaster General.

The PROPOSER will be required to furnish EVIDENCE as to his AGE.

If the Proposer be a native of England or Wales, and born after the 30th June 1837, he or she must produce a certificate of birth from the Registrar General at Somerset House, or from the Registrar of the district in which the birth took place. If the Proposer be not a native of England or Wales, or if his or her birth took place before 30th June 1837, or if from any other circumstance he or she be unable to produce a certificate of birth from the Registrar of the district or from the Registrar General at Somerset House, he or she must, if possible, produce a record of birth or baptism from a Parochial or other Register of births and baptisms. When the Proposer is able to furnish either a certificate of birth or a record of birth or baptism as above described, he or she must enclose it in the proper Form. When the Proposer is unable to furnish such certificate or record, he or she must state whether he or she has any other evidence, and, if so, what evidence, to offer in support of his or her statement as to his or her age. To enable the officers of the Postmaster General to identify the Proposer with the person named in the certificate of birth or record of birth or baptism, and to obtain a general confirmation of the Proposer's statements with regard to his or her age and health, the Proposer must furnish the name and address of his or her employer or superior officer (if any) at the date of Proposal, and in the event of the Proposer having served under more than one employer or superior officer the name and address of some one of those under whom he or she has previously served. The Proposer must also furnish the names and addresses of two respectable householders who have for some time been well acquainted with him or her.

FORM of DECLARATION to be signed by the PROPOSER in the presence of a POSTMASTER or other OFFICER of the POSTMASTER GENERAL duly appointed for the purpose.

I do hereby declare that the statements made by me are true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that I have not withheld or concealed any circumstance with regard to which information has been required from me. I agree that the statements and those which I shall make to the medical referee of the Postmaster General shall be the basis of the proposed Contract for an insurance on my life, and that if it shall hereafter appear that I have wilfully made any untrue statement, or have fraudulently concealed any circumstance which I ought to have made known, then all the Premiums which shall have been paid under the said Contract shall be forfeited, and the Contract rendered absolutely null and void.

Proposer to undergo Medical Examination.

4. The said Proposal, thus duly signed by the Proposer, shall be forwarded to the office of the Postmaster General in London by the Postmaster or other officer with whom it is deposited, and the Postmaster General, after examination of the said Proposal, and after inquiry of the persons to whom the Proposer refers him, shall, if he think fit, direct the Proposer to present himself for medical examination by a legally qualified medical practitioner to be named by the Postmaster General.

Form of Report from Medical Examiner.

5. The Medical Examiner, after examination of the Proposer, shall make his report on the Proposal in a prescribed form, shall require the

Proposer to answer the questions contained in that form, and any other questions which he may think proper to be asked, shall record the Proposer's answers in writing in the form, and shall read over to the Proposer the said answers and the declaration at the foot of the form. And the proposer shall sign the said declaration in the presence of the Medical Examiner.

DECLARATION of PROPOSER.

I do hereby declare that the answers given by me to the Medical Examiner are true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that I have not withheld or concealed any circumstance with regard to which information has been required from me. I agree that the said answers and the statements made by me to the Postmaster General in my Proposal shall be the basis of the proposed Contract for an Insurance on my life, and that if it shall hereafter appear that I have wilfully made any untrue statement, or have fraudulently concealed any circumstance which I ought to have made known, then all the Premiums which shall have been paid under the said Contract shall be forfeited, and the Contract rendered absolutely null and void.

Signature of Proposer } _____

_____ day of _____ 18__.

The Statements made and the Answers given by the Proposer in his Proposal Form and to the Medical Examiner to be the basis of the Contract for the Insurance of Proposer's Life. Such Contract to be null and void if such Statements or Answers, or any of them, be false.

6. If the Postmaster General shall think fit, on receipt of the report from the Medical Examiner, to enter into a Contract on behalf of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt with the Proposer, then the statements made and the answers given by the Proposer on the Proposal Form and to the Medical Examiner shall be taken to be the basis of the Contract; and if it shall afterwards appear that the said statements or answers, or any of them, are untrue, or that the Proposer withheld any of the information which was required from him, then any Premiums which shall have been paid by the Proposer under the Contract shall be forfeited, and the Contract rendered absolutely null and void.

Proposer's Statement of Age may be admitted in the Contract, and if so admitted shall not afterwards be called in question.

If, however, the Postmaster General, before the execution of the Contract, shall be satisfied that the Proposer has stated his age correctly, he shall, if he think fit, declare in the Contract that he has admitted the Proposer's statement of age, and if the Proposer's statement of age be thus admitted in the Contract it shall not subsequently be called in question.

In fixing the Premiums to be charged for the Insurance of Lives, the "Tables for Ordinary Lives" to be used, except in certain cases.

7. If the Postmaster General shall think fit to enter into a Contract on behalf of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt for the Insurance of the Proposer's life, he shall require the Proposer to pay according to age the Premiums fixed by the Tables framed under the authority of the Act 27th and 28th Vict. c. 43., and intituled "Tables for Ordinary Lives," unless he be made aware of any circumstances connected with the health or habits of the Proposer which may tend to shorten the Proposer's life, in which case he shall, if he think fit, require the Proposer to pay, in addition to the Premiums fixed by the "Tables for Ordinary Lives," such additional Premiums as shall appear sufficient to cover the additional risk, or unless the Proposer shall at the date of his Proposal follow the occupation of a miner, or that of a butcher, or that of an innkeeper, publican, or beerseller, or that of a sailor or mariner, or shall follow any other occupation which shall seem likely to be attended by special risk to life, in which case the Postmaster General shall, if he think fit, require him to pay, according to age, the Premiums fixed by any Tables which may be specially framed under the above-cited Act for persons following the above-named occupations.

Persons insured under "Tables for Ordinary Lives" to give notice to Post-

8. If the Postmaster General shall enter into a Contract on behalf of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt with the Proposer, and shall require the Proposer to pay, according to age, the Premiums fixed by the "Tables for Ordinary Lives," on the understanding that the

Proposer is not, at the date of the Contract, following any one of the above-named occupations or any other occupation which shall seem to be attended by special risk to life, and if the said Proposer or Contractor at any period subsequent to the date of the Contract shall take up and follow either of such occupations, or any occupation which shall have been excepted by the Contract, or shall go beyond the limits of Europe, or shall go on the high seas, except in time of peace in passing from one part of Europe to another part of Europe, or shall enter upon active service as a soldier, he shall give notice accordingly to the Postmaster General, and the Postmaster General shall, if he think fit, require the Proposer or Contractor to pay such Premiums, in addition to those paid or payable under the Contract, as shall be necessary to cover the additional risk, or shall require the surrender of the Contract; but if the Proposer or Contractor does not give such notice to the Postmaster General, or if he shall die by his own hands or by the hands of justice, then all the Premiums which he shall pay or shall have paid under the Contract shall be forfeited, and the Contract rendered absolutely null and void.

master General if they subsequently enter on certain Occupations, or go out of Europe or on the high seas.

Contract to be null and void if such Notice be not given.

9. If the Postmaster General shall think fit to enter into a Contract, on behalf of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, for the Insurance of the Proposer's life, the Contract shall specify—

Form of Contract for Insurance of Life.

I. The name of the person insured under the Contract:
II. The amount insured:
III. The amount of Premium:
IV. The periods at which the Premiums will become due and payable:
V. The conditions under which the Premiums will be forfeited, and the Contract rendered null and void.

10. The Contract shall be executed by an officer appointed for the purpose by the Postmaster General, with the consent of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and shall be delivered to the Contractor, on payment by him of the first Premium due under the Contract, at such one of the offices appointed for the purpose as the Contractor shall select; and the Contractor shall continue to pay the Premiums due under the Contract at the said office until he shall give notice to the Postmaster General, on a Form to be obtained at any Money Order Office, of his desire to pay them at some other office than that which he at first selected.

Execution and Delivery of Contract.

Premiums to be paid at such of the Offices appointed for that purpose as Contractor shall select.

11. If the Contractor be required by the Contract to pay for the Insurance of his life by a single Premium, the delivery of the Contract to him, on payment by him of the said Premium, shall be a sufficient receipt for the Premium. If he be required by the Contract to pay an annual Premium, or to pay Premiums more often than once in each year, there shall be delivered to him, together with the Contract, a Premium Receipt Book, in which book the date and amount of each Premium paid by him shall be entered at the time of payment by the Postmaster or other officer to whom the payments are made, and who shall affix his signature and the dated stamp of his office to each such entry. An abstract of these regulations, and a statement of the dates on which the Premiums will be payable, from time to time, under the Contract with him, shall be given on the cover of the Contractor's Premium Receipt Book.

Receipts for Premiums.

12. The Premiums due annually or more frequently than once in each year under Contracts for the Insurance of lives must in every case be paid by the Contractors within the weeks (that is, before the close of business on Saturday,) in which the days appointed by the Contracts for such payments shall fall. Thus, if the Contract shall appoint the first day of January as the day on which a Premium payable annually shall become due, the said Premium must be paid annually within the week (that is, before the close of business on Saturday,) in which the first day of January shall fall; and if the Contract shall appoint the first Monday and the third Monday in each calendar month as the days on which a Premium payable fortnightly shall become due, the said Premium must be paid within the weeks (that is, before the close of business on Saturday,) in which the first Monday and the third Monday in each calendar month shall fall. And any Contractor who shall omit to pay his Premiums within the weeks in

Premiums becoming due periodically to be paid within the weeks in which the days appointed by the Contracts for such payments shall fall. If not so paid, Contractor to be held to have made default of payment.

which the days appointed for the payment of such Premiums fall shall be held to have made default of payment.

Contract to be renewed after default if application be made for such renewal within four weeks from date of default, and if Postmaster General shall think fit.

13. If any Contractor for an Insurance on his life shall thus make default of payment, the Contract for the Insurance of his life shall be null and void; and if he shall desire to renew the said Contract he must make application accordingly to the Postmaster General within four weeks from the date on which the default of payment shall occur. On receipt of the said application the Postmaster General shall, if he think fit, direct the defaulting Contractor to present himself for medical examination by a legally qualified medical practitioner, to be named by the Postmaster General, and the Postmaster General shall, if he think fit, but not otherwise, renew the Contract with the defaulting Contractor, and shall, as a condition of such renewal of the Contract, require the defaulting Contractor to pay any arrears of Premium from the date of default which shall be due from him, and shall also, if he think fit, require the defaulting Contractor to pay a *fine* for default of 4*s*. if the amount assured by the Contract does not exceed, and a *fine* of 8*s*. if that amount does exceed, the sum of 60*l*.

Contractors who have paid Premiums under Contracts with them for five years or upwards, and who make default of payment, or desire to surrender their Contracts, to receive not less than one third of the Premiums paid by them.

14. If any Contractor for an Insurance on his life, after having paid the Premiums due under the Contract with him for a period of not less than five years, shall desire to surrender the said Contract, or shall make default in the payments due under that Contract, the Postmaster General, on the application of the person beneficially interested in the said Contract, on a Form to be obtained at any Money Order Office, shall pay to such person such sum of money, not being less than one third of the Premiums which shall have been paid by him, as shall be fixed by any Regulations * which may be framed for the purpose under the authority of the Act 27 & 28 Vict. cap. 43, or shall grant to such person such a paid-up Contract of Assurance, or such an immediate or deferred annuity, as shall be equivalent in value to the said sum of money.

Contractors who have paid the Premiums due under the Contracts with them for five years or upwards may assign such Contracts.

15. If any Contractor for an Insurance of his life, after having paid for five years or upwards the Premiums due under the Contract with him, shall desire to assign to some other person his right and interest in the said Contract, he shall notify such desire to the Postmaster General, on a form to be obtained at any Money Order Office, and shall pay such fee and conform to such conditions as shall be required by the Postmaster General under the Regulations† which shall be framed for the purpose.

Sums becoming due under Contracts for payments on Death to be made to the persons entitled to receive them on production of proof of death.

16. On the death of any Contractor for an Insurance on his life, and on production to the Postmaster General of Probate of the Will of the said Contractor, or of Letters of Administration to the effects of the said Contractor, or of an assignment of the Contract with the said Contractor made under such conditions as shall hereafter be prescribed by the Regulations, and on production of a certificate of the death or a certificate of the burial of the said Contractor, together with a statutory declaration made before a Justice of the Peace by some person not beneficially interested in the Contract, of the identity of the Contractor with the person named in the certificate of death or certificate of burial, and on production of such other evidence of death and identity as the Postmaster General shall see fit to require, the Postmaster General shall issue to the executor, administrator, or assignee of the said Contractor a warrant for the sum due under the Contract, which warrant shall be payable forthwith, upon delivery of the Contract and the Premium Receipt Book, at such one of the offices appointed for the purpose as the executor, administrator, or assignee shall select.

* As under the Provisions of the Act 27 & 28 Vict. c. 43. no Policy or Contract of Assurance will have a surrender value until the Premiums due under the said Policy or Contract have been paid for five years, and as no question with regard to the surrender value of such Policies or Contracts can arise until the year 1870, the Regulations with respect to such surrender are withheld for further consideration.

† As no Policy or Contract which shall be issued or made under the Authority of the Act 27 & 28 Vict. c. 43. can be assigned until the Premiums due under it shall have been paid for five years or upwards, and as no assignment of any such Policy or Contract can be made legally until the year 1870, the Regulations with regard to such assignment are reserved for further consideration.

17. At the offices appointed for the purpose by the Postmaster General Proposals shall be received— Terms of Proposal for purchase of Immediate or Deferred Annuities or Deferred Monthly Allowances.

I. For the purchase by a single payment of an immediate Life Annuity, payable half-yearly, of not less than 4*l.* and not more than 50*l.*;

II. For the purchase by a single payment of an Annuity of not less than 1*l.*, or more than 50*l.*, and payable half-yearly on and from the second quarter day * next following the expiration of a term of years, the condition of such purchase being that no part of the purchase money shall in any event be returned;

III. For the purchase by an annual payment throughout a term of years of an Annuity of not less than 4*l.* or more than 50*l.*, and payable half-yearly on and from the second quarter day* next following the expiration of such term of years, the condition of such purchase being that no part of the purchase money shall in any event be returned;

IV. For the purchase by a half-yearly, quarterly, monthly, fortnightly, or weekly payment continued throughout a term of years of a Monthly Allowance of not less than 4*s.* and not more than 4*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*, to commence on the first day of the month next following the expiration of such term of years, the condition of such purchase being that no part of the purchase money shall in any event be returned;

V. For the purchase by a single payment or by an annual payment for a term of years of an Annuity of not less than 4*l.* and not more than 50*l.*, payable half-yearly, on and from the second quarter day next following the expiration of such term of years, the conditions of such purchase being that if the Proprietor shall die before the Annuity becomes due, the purchase money shall be returned to his representatives; and that if the Proprietor shall, during his life, and before the Annuity becomes due, desire the purchase money to be returned to him, the said purchase money shall be so returned; and

VI. For the purchase by a half-yearly, quarterly, monthly, fortnightly, or weekly payment through a term of years of a Monthly Allowance of not less than 4*s.* and not more than 4*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*, to commence on the first day of the month next following the expiration of such term of years, the condition of such purchase being that if the Proprietor shall die before the Monthly Allowance shall become due, the purchase money shall be returned to his representatives; and that if during his life, and before the Monthly Allowance shall become due, he shall desire to have the purchase money returned to him, it shall be so returned to him;

but no such Proposal shall be received from or on behalf of a person under the age of ten years.

18. Every person who shall desire to purchase an Immediate Annuity, or a Deferred Annuity, or a Deferred Monthly Allowance, shall, if he has not previously made any such purchase, make his Proposal on a Form, to be obtained at any Money Order Office, and shall deposit the Proposal at one of the offices appointed by the Postmaster General for the receipt thereof. In this Proposal the Proposer shall specify his Christian name and surname, and his residence, and the Christian name, surname, and Form of first Proposal for purchase of Immediate or Deferred Annuities or Deferred Monthly Allowances.

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* If the Annuity be purchased, and the purchase-money, or the first instalment thereof, be paid, after the 5th day of January and before the 5th day of April - - - - { Such Annuity will be payable the 5th of July and the 5th of January in every year.

If after the 5th day of April and before the 5th day of July - { Such Annuity will be payable the 10th of October and the 5th of April in every year.

If after the 5th day of July and before the 10th day of October - - - - - - - - { Such Annuity will be payable the 5th of January and the 5th of July in every year.

If after the 10th day of October and before the 5th day of January - - - - - - - - { Such Annuity will be payable the 5th of April and the 10th of October in every year.

residence of the person on whose life the Annuity or Monthly Allowance is to depend, and for whose benefit it is to be purchased, if the Proposer be not that person. He shall also specify the place and date of birth of the person on whose life the Annuity or Monthly Allowance is to depend, and for whose benefit it is to be purchased, the amount of the Annuity or Monthly Allowance which he proposes to purchase, the manner in which he proposes to purchase such Annuity or Allowance, and the period at which such Annuity or Allowance is to become payable. He shall also furnish, in the manner pointed out in the Proposal Form, evidence as to the age of the person on whose life the Annuity or Monthly Allowance is to depend, and for whose benefit it is to be purchased, shall furnish in writing on the Proposal Form the names and addresses of persons from whom the Postmaster General may obtain information as to the age of that person, and shall sign the declaration at the foot of the Form of Proposal, in presence of an officer of the Postmaster General.

The PROPOSER will be required to furnish EVIDENCE as to the AGE of the PERSON on whose life the Annuity is to depend.

If that Person be a native of England or Wales, and born after the 30th June 1837, the Proposer must produce a certificate of birth from the Registrar General at Somerset House, or from the Registrar of the district in which the birth took place. If the Person be not a native of England or Wales, or if his or her birth took place before 30th June 1837, or if from any other circumstance the Proposer be unable to produce a certificate of birth from the Registrar of the district or from the Registrar General at Somerset House, the Proposer must, if possible, produce a record of birth or baptism from a Parochial or other Register of births and baptisms. When the Proposer is able to furnish either a certificate of birth or a record of birth or baptism as above described, he or she must enclose it in the proper Form. When the Proposer is unable to furnish such certificate or record, he or she must state whether he or she has any other evidence, and if so, what evidence, to offer in support of his or her statement as to his or her age. To enable the officers of the Postmaster General to identify the Person named in the certificate of birth or record of birth or baptism, with the Person on whose life the Annuity is to depend, and to obtain a general confirmation of the Proposer's statements with regard to age, the Proposer must furnish the name and address of that Person's employer or superior officer (if any) at the date of Proposal, and in the event of that Person having served under more than one employer or superior officer the name and address of some one of those under whom he or she has previously served. The Proposer must also furnish the names and addresses of two respectable householders who have for some time been well acquainted with the Person on whose life the Annuity is to depend.

FORM of DECLARATION to be signed by the PROPOSER in the presence of a POSTMASTER or other OFFICER of the POSTMASTER GENERAL duly appointed for the purpose.

I do hereby declare that the statements made by me are true to the best of my knowledge and belief. I agree that the statements shall be the basis of the proposed Contract, and that if it shall hereafter appear that I have wilfully made any untrue statement, then all the Premiums which shall have been paid under the said Contract shall be forfeited, and the Contract rendered absolutely null and void.

The Statements in the Proposal to be taken as the basis of the Contract, and the Contract to be null and void if such Statements be found to be untrue.

19. The proposal thus duly signed by the Proposer shall be forwarded to the office of the Postmaster General in London by the Postmaster or other officer with whom it is deposited, and if the Postmaster General, after examination of the evidence of age, and inquiry of the persons to whom the Proposer refers him, shall think fit to enter into a Contract on behalf of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt with the Proposer in the manner proposed, the Proposal shall be taken to be the basis of such Contract; and if the Proposer shall afterwards be proved to have wilfully made any untrue statement of the age of the person upon

whose life and for whose benefit the Annuity is granted, then any Purchase Money or instalments of Purchase Money which shall have been paid under the Contract shall be forfeited, and the Contract rendered absolutely null and void.

The Purchase Money to be fixed in accordance with the Tables framed under the Acts 16 & 17 Vict. c. 45. and 27 & 28 Vict. c. 43.

20. If the Postmaster General shall think fit to enter into a Contract on behalf of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, for the grant of an Annuity or Monthly Allowance on the life of any person, he shall require the Purchaser to pay such sum or sums of Purchase Money according to the age and sex of the person on whose life the Annuity or Monthly Allowance is to depend, and the period at which the Annuity is to commence, as shall be fixed by the Tables framed under the authority of the Act 16 & 17 Vict. c. 45., or under the authority of the Act 27 & 28 Vict. c. 43.

Form of Contract for Grant of Annuity or Monthly Allowance.

21. The Contract shall specify—

I. The name of the person on whose life the Annuity or Monthly Allowance is to depend;

II. The amount of the Annuity or Monthly Allowance;

III. The amount of the Purchase Money, if it be payable in one sum, or of an instalment of the Purchase Money, if it be payable by instalments;

IV. The periods at which such instalments will become due and payable;

V. The period at which the Annuity or Monthly Allowance is to commence; and

VI. The conditions under which the Purchase Money or any instalments thereof will be forfeited, and the Contract rendered null and void.

Proof of age once given need not be repeated.

22. If any person who shall have purchased an Annuity of less than 50*l.*, or a Monthly Allowance of less than 4*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*, and who shall have produced proof of the age of the person for whose benefit and on whose life such Annuity or Monthly Allowance shall have been purchased, shall desire to purchase a further Annuity or Monthly Allowance on the life of the same person, the proof of age furnished by him on the occasion of his first Proposal shall be deemed sufficient on the occasion of the second or any subsequent Proposal; and the statement of age which he made on the occasion of his first Proposal shall be taken as the basis of the Contract to be made in accordance with the second or any subsequent Proposal. And if the said statement shall at any time be proved to be untrue, the Purchase Money which shall have been paid under any Contracts based on that statement shall be forfeited and the Contracts rendered null and void.

Execution and Delivery of Contract.

23. The Contract shall be executed by an officer appointed for the purpose by the Postmaster General, with the consent of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and shall be delivered to the Purchaser on payment by him of the Purchase Money, or first instalment of the Purchase Money due under the Contract, at such one of the offices appointed for the purpose as the Purchaser shall select; and the Purchaser shall continue to pay any instalments due under the Contract at the said office until he shall give notice to the Postmaster General, on a Form to be obtained at any Money Order Office, of his desire to pay them at some other office than that which he first selected.

Purchase Money to be paid at such of the Offices appointed for the purpose as Purchaser shall select.

Receipts for Purchase Money or Instalments of Purchase Money.

24. If the Purchaser be required by the Contract to purchase the Annuity by a single payment, the delivery of the Contract to him on payment of the said Purchase Money shall be a sufficient receipt for the Purchase Money. If he be required by the Contract to pay the Purchase Money by annual instalments or to pay instalments more often than once in each year, there shall be delivered to him, together with the Contract, an Instalment Receipt Book, in which book the date and amount of each instalment paid by him shall be entered at the time of payment by the Postmaster or other officer to whom the payments are made, and who shall affix his signature and the dated stamp of his office to each such entry.

An abstract of these regulations, and a statement of the dates on which the instalments will be payable from time to time under the Contract with

him, will be given on the cover of the Purchaser's Instalment Receipt Book.

Periodical Instalments of Purchase Money to be paid within the weeks in which the days appointed by the Contracts for the payment of such instalments shall fall. If not so paid the Purchaser shall be held to have made default of payment.

25. The instalments due annually or more frequently than once in each year, under Contracts for the grant of Annuities or Monthly Allowances, must in every case be paid by the Purchasers within the weeks (that is before the close of business on Saturday) in which the days appointed by the Contracts for such payments shall fall.

Thus, if the Contract shall appoint the first day of January as the day on which an instalment payable annually shall become due, the said instalment must be paid annually within the week (that is before the close of business on Saturday) in which the first day of January shall fall; and if the Contract shall appoint the first Monday and the third Monday in each calendar month as the days on which an instalment payable fortnightly shall become due, the said instalment must be paid within the weeks (that is before the close of business on Saturday) in which the first Monday and the third Monday in each calendar month shall fall. And any Purchaser who shall omit to pay his instalment within the weeks in which the days appointed for the payment of such instalments fall, shall be held to have made default of payment.

Conditions under which Purchase Money shall be returnable in case of default of payment or death of person on whose life an Annuity is granted before commencement of the Annuity.

26. If any person who shall have agreed to purchase a Deferred Annuity or Deferred Monthly Allowance, by payments made annually or more often than annually, on condition that in the event of default of payment or in the event of the death of the person on whose life the Annuity depends before the period at which the Annuity is to commence, the Purchase Money paid shall be returnable, shall make default of payment, or if the person on whose life the Annuity is to depend shall die before the Annuity commences, then the person for whose benefit the Annuity was purchased or his representatives shall make application to the Postmaster General, on a Form to be obtained at any Money Order Office, for the return of so much of the Purchase Money as shall have been paid. And the Postmaster General, on being satisfied of the right of the applicant to receive back such Purchase Money, shall issue a warrant for the amount, which warrant shall be payable at such one of the offices appointed for the purpose as the applicant shall select.

Conditions under which Purchase Money shall not be returnable.

But if it shall have been a condition of the purchase that no part of the Purchase Money be in any event returned, then, in case of default of payment, or in case of the death of the person on whose life the Annuity is to depend before the period at which the Annuity commences, the Contract shall be cancelled and be at an end.

Contracts for Deferred Monthly Allowances which shall be cancelled by default may be renewed, if Postmaster General shall think fit, on application from Purchaser within four weeks from date of default, and on payment of arrears and of a fine.

If, however, the Purchaser of any Deferred Monthly Allowances shall make default, and shall desire a renewal of the Contract which will have been cancelled by his default, he shall make application accordingly to the Postmaster General *within four weeks* from the date of default, and the Postmaster General shall, if he think fit, but not otherwise, renew the Contract upon payment by the defaulting Purchaser of any arrears of Purchase Money which shall be due from him, and of a fine for the default of two shillings and sixpence.

Postmaster General may, if he shall think fit, grant Annuities in trust.

27. The Annuities or Monthly Allowances granted under these Regulations shall be granted in the sole name of the person on whose life and for whose benefit they are granted, except in the case of females, infants under twenty-one years of age, idiots, persons of unsound mind, or persons incapacitated by bodily or mental infirmity from taking care of themselves, in which cases the Postmaster General shall, if he think fit, and on proper application being made to him, grant such Annuities or Monthly Allowances upon the life of such person to such person, and to two or more persons not interested therein, as trustees for such person; but in all such cases the name of the person to whose life and for whose benefit the Annuity or Monthly Allowance is granted shall be inserted in the Contract as joint proprietor of the said Annuity or Monthly Allowance.

Postmaster General may permit such trusts to be transferred.

28. When the Postmaster General shall thus have contracted, on behalf of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, to grant an Annuity or Monthly Allowance to more persons than one, he may, if he think fit, permit the persons not beneficially interested therein, jointly

with the person who is beneficially interested therein, whether that person is or is not twenty-one years of age, to transfer the said Annuity or Monthly Allowance to other persons, of whom the person beneficially interested shall always be one, and he may, if he think fit, permit such transfer even when the person beneficially interested is incapacitated by mental or bodily infirmity from joining in it.

The Right and Interest in and to an Annuity or Monthly Allowance shall not be assignable except in case of the Bankruptcy of the person beneficially interested therein.

29. No Right, Title, Interest, or Benefit in or to any Annuity or Monthly Allowance which shall be purchased under these Regulations shall be assignable by the Proprietor thereof, except in the case of the bankruptcy of such Proprietor, when the same shall become the property of his assignee or assignees for the benefit of his creditors; and in case of such bankruptcy the Postmaster General shall, on behalf of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, repurchase such Annuity or Monthly Allowance, according to the value thereof, to be computed by the Tables in accordance with which the Annuity or Monthly Allowance was granted, and shall pay the value thereof to the said assignee or assignees, whose receipt shall be a sufficient discharge.

Annuities and Monthly Allowances to be paid at such of the Offices appointed for the purpose as the Proprietors shall select. Conditions and mode of payment.

30. The Half-yearly Payments or Monthly Allowances which shall become due from time to time under the Contracts into which the Postmaster General shall enter shall be made and paid by Warrants, which Warrants shall be issued from the Office of the Postmaster General in London to the Proprietors of such Annuities or Monthly Allowances, and shall be payable at such of the Offices appointed for the purpose as the said Proprietors shall select. The Postmasters of the Offices at which the Warrants are made payable shall be advised from the Office of the Postmaster General in London of all Warrants made payable at their Offices; and shall not pay any Warrant unless so advised, and unless the Proprietor of the Annuity or Monthly Allowance shall present the Warrant in person, sign the receipt at the foot of the said Warrant in the presence of the paying officer, and produce a certificate declaring the said Proprietor to be alive at the date of the Warrant, and signed by a justice of the peace, or by a minister of any denomination, or by a churchwarden, or by a legally qualified medical practitioner, or by a postmaster, or any other officer, not being the paying officer, of the Postmaster General. And if by reason of bodily infirmity the Proprietor of the Annuity or Monthly Allowance shall be unable to present the Warrant at the Office appointed for the payment, then an officer of the Postmaster General shall carry the amount of the Warrant to the residence of such Proprietor, obtain from him the requisite Life Certificate, pay him the amount of the Warrant, and take the signature of the Proprietor on the receipt at the foot of the Warrant. The Warrants when paid and receipted shall be transmitted, together with the corresponding Life Certificates, to the Office of the Postmaster General in London.

On the death of the Proprietor of an Annuity payable half-yearly, one fourth part of the said Annuity and any arrears of half-yearly payments to be paid to his representatives.

31. If the Proprietor of a Deferred Annuity, payable half-yearly, shall die after having received one or more of such half-yearly payments, there shall be paid to his representatives, on proof of his death and of their title, within two years from the date of his death, a sum equal to one fourth part of the said Annuity, and any arrears of half-yearly payments which shall have been due to him at the date of his death.

Postmaster General may, if he shall think fit, make arrangements with the Superior Officers of or employers of persons who shall have insured their lives or contracted to purchase Annuities, for the collection of the Premiums or Instalments by deductions from the salaries and

32. If any person under the control of the Postmaster General, or under the control of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue or the Commissioners of Customs, or any person employed in any Government Department, or any person employed by the directors of a railway company, or by a manufacturer, or other large employer of labour, after effecting an Insurance on his life or contracting to purchase a Deferred Annuity or Monthly Allowance under these Regulations, shall desire to have his Premiums or Instalments deducted from his salary or wages, and paid over to the officers of the Postmaster General, and if the persons under whom or by whom he is employed shall be willing to undertake the deduction of such Premiums or Instalments from his salary or wages, with the view of paying them over to the officers of the Postmaster General, then the Postmaster General shall, if he think fit, make arrangements with the said employers for such purpose, and shall constitute the Departments, Offices, or Places of business of such employers "Offices for

wages of such persons as shall be willing to permit of such deductions.

" the receipt of Proposals and for the receipt of Premiums and Instal-
" ments," and shall pay to such employers such remuneration for the work done by them or their officers or servants as shall be agreed upon between him and them.

Depositors in Post Office Savings Banks may pay their Single Premiums on Contracts made under these Regulations by transfers from their Savings Bank Accounts.

33. If any Depositor in a Post Office Savings Bank shall propose under these Regulations to insure his life by a Single Premium, or to purchase an Immediate or Deferred Annuity by payment of a single sum, he may, if he shall think fit, request the Postmaster General to apply the whole or part of the sum standing to his credit in the books of the Post Office Savings Bank to the payment of the said Single Premium; and on receipt of such application the Postmaster General shall, if he think fit, cause the sum which the Depositor shall wish so to be applied to be transferred from the Depositor's Account in the books of the Post Office Savings Bank to the Account to be opened with him for the Insurance of his life, or for the grant of an Annuity; and the sum so transferred shall be entered on the withdrawal side of the Depositor's Savings Bank Book, as if it had actually been paid to him, and shall be held to have been paid to him, and shall be held to have been received from him as the Premium, or as part of the Premium, according to its amount, which he shall be required to pay for the Insurance of his life or for the purchase of the Annuity.

Insurances may be effected and Annuities granted on the lives of married women.

34. The Postmaster General may, if he think fit, contract, on behalf of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, to insure the life of a married woman for not less than 20*l.* and not more than 100*l.*, and may grant an Annuity of not more than 50*l.* or a Monthly Allowance of not more than 4*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* on her life, even though he shall have insured the life of her husband to any amount within the prescribed limits, or granted an Annuity of any amount within the prescribed limits on the life of such husband.

Annuities due to married women shall be paid to them, unless their husbands give notice to the contrary.

Annuities or Monthly Allowances granted to married women, or to women who shall afterwards marry, shall, when they become payable, be paid to such women, unless their husbands shall give notice in writing to the Postmaster General of their desire to have such Annuities or Monthly Allowances paid to themselves.

All costs and charges, except cost of furnishing evidence of age, are provided for in the Premiums for Insurance of lives and Grant of Deferred Monthly Allowances.

35. Persons proposing to insure their lives, or to purchase Deferred Monthly Allowances, under these Regulations, shall provide at their own cost such Certificates of Birth or Baptism, or other evidence of age, as shall be required from them, but shall not be required to pay any Fee or Fees for Medical Examination, or to pay the cost of any inquiry which the Postmaster General may think fit to make with regard to their health, habits, age, and occupation, or to pay any Fee or Fees for the issue of any Contracts which may be made in accordance with their Proposals, or to pay any postage for the transmission of their Proposals, or for the transmission of any correspondence arising out of such Proposals between them and the Postmaster General, inasmuch as a provision for all such costs and charges is included in the Premiums which they will be required to pay, in accordance with the Tables framed for the purpose, for the Insurance of their lives or the purchase of Deferred Monthly Allowances.

Persons purchasing Immediate and Deferred Annuities to pay cost of producing evidence of age, and a fee of one shilling for every Pound of Annuity purchased.

36. Persons proposing to purchase Immediate or Deferred Annuities, payable half-yearly, shall provide at their own cost such certificates of birth or baptism or other evidence of age as shall be required of them, and, inasmuch as the Premiums fixed by the Tables framed for the grant of such Annuities do not include any provision for costs and charges, shall, if the Postmaster General think fit, be required to pay, at the time of purchase, a fee of one shilling for every Pound of Annuity purchased.

Annuities to be free from tax.

37. Life Annuities or Deferred Monthly Allowances purchased under these Regulations shall be free from all taxes, charges, or impositions whatever, and all such Annuities or Deferred Monthly Allowances shall be declared personal estate.

Persons insuring their lives or purchasing Annuities under these Regula-

38. Every person purchasing an Annuity or having purchased the same under these Regulations, or contracting for the payment of a sum of money on his death, shall be considered as a Depositor in a Savings Bank; and all the provisions of the Acts now in force relating to Savings Banks, in

as far as the same can or may be applicable, shall apply to the parties having purchased or purchasing such Annuities, or contracting for the payment of money on death, and to the rules and regulations to be made for carrying the same into effect: Provided always, that nothing in this clause contained shall be held to exempt any person or persons entering into a Contract for a payment on death, or any person or persons becoming beneficially interested therein, from any probate or stamp duty payable by law.

tions to be regarded as Savings Bank Depositors.

39. If payment of any sum of money due on a Contract made by the Postmaster General on behalf of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, for payment of money on death, shall be refused, the person beneficially interested therein may, if he think fit, instead of proceeding to arbitration in manner provided by the said Savings Banks Acts, take proceedings against the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt in the County Court of the district in which such Contract was entered into, or, with the consent of the said Commissioners, in any other County Court in the jurisdiction of which such person may be resident, for the recovery of the amount; and any County Court in which such proceedings may be taken shall have jurisdiction in the matter, and the decision thereupon shall be final and binding on all persons to all intents and purposes, and without any appeal; and for the purposes of this Regulation the Contract shall be deemed to have been entered into at the place where the person insured resided at the date of the Contract. For the purpose of arbitration under the said Acts relating to Savings Banks, the said Commissioners shall, when necessary, be deemed to be in the place of the Trustees of the Savings Banks. In Scotland the Sheriff Court, and in Ireland the Civil Bills Court of the Chairman of Quarter Sessions, shall have the same jurisdiction as is given by Act 27 & 28 Vict. c. 43. to the County Court.

Disputes to be settled by arbitration under Savings Banks Acts, or in County Courts in England and Wales, Sheriff Court in Scotland, or Civil Bills Court in Ireland.

40. In the construction of these Regulations, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant thereto, every word importing the singular number only shall mean and include several persons or things, as well as one person or thing, and the converse, and every word importing the masculine gender only shall mean and include a female as well as a male; and the word month shall refer to a calendar and not to a lunar month.

Interpretation.

APPENDIX B.

I.

COPY of a LETTER from Sir A. Y. SPEARMAN, Bart., to the SECRETARY of HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY.

Sir, National Debt Office, 8th February 1865.

The Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt direct me to transmit herewith, to be laid before the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the following Tables which have been prepared to carry into effect the enactments of the Act 27 & 28 Vict. c. 43., intituled "An Act to grant additional facilities for the purchase of small Government Annuities, and for assuring payments of money on death," viz. :—

Deferred Life Annuities.—Money not returnable.

1. Tables showing what Annual Payment and what Single Payment must be made, according to the age and sex of the person on whose life the Annuity is to depend, to purchase an Annuity of 1*l.* payable half-yearly at and from the expiration of the second quarter next following the expiration of terms of years ranging from a term of 10 years to a term of 50 years from the date of purchase.

2. A Table showing what Monthly Allowance, to commence on the first day of the month next following the expiration of 10 or 15, or 20 or 25, or 30 or 35, or 40 or 45, or 50 years from the day of purchase, may be pur-

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chased, according to the sex of the person on whose life the Annuity is to depend, and according to his or her age at the time of purchase, by a monthly payment of eight shillings.

Tables for Assurance of Payments on Death.—For ordinary Lives.

1. A Table showing what Single Premium or "Consideration Money in one Sum" must be paid by the assured person in any year of his or her age, from 16 years to 60 years, to assure the payment of 100*l.* on his or her death.

2. A Table showing what Single Premium or "Consideration Money in one Sum" must be paid by the assured person in any year of his or her age, from 16 years to 60 years, to assure the payment of 20*l.*, 25*l.*, 30*l.*, 35*l.*, 40*l.*, 45*l.*, or 50*l.*, on his or her death.

3. A Table showing what Annual Premium or "Consideration Money payable in Annual Sums" must be paid by the assured person from any year of his or her age, from 16 years to 60 years, to the close of his or her life, in order to assure the payment of 100*l.* on his or her death.

4. A Table showing what sum, payable on death, may be assured by the payment of an Annual Premium of *One pound* from any year in the age of the assured person, from 16 years to 60 years, up to the close of his or her life.

5. A Table showing what sum, payable on death, may be assured by the payment of a Monthly Premium of *two shillings* from any year in the age of the assured person, from 16 years to 60 years, to the close of his or her life.

6. A Table showing what Annual Premium must be paid by the assured person from any year of his or her age, from 16 years to 50 years, up to the time at which he or she attains the age of 60 years, in order to assure the payment of 100*l.* on his or her death.

7. A Table showing what sum, payable on death, may be assured by the payment of a Monthly Premium of two shillings from any age of the assured person, from 16 years to 50 years, up to the time at which he or she attains the age of 60 years.

These Tables are accompanied by a statement of the rules which have been observed in constructing them.

If their Lordships shall sanction these Tables, under the powers vested in them by the 6th section of the Act in question, it will be necessary that they should be laid before both Houses of Parliament, because by the enactments of the Act they cannot come into operation until after the expiration of thirty days from the day they are laid before Parliament.

There remain two Tables, one for the grant of Deferred Life Annuities, the money to be returnable, by payment in one sum or by annual instalments, and the other by payments smaller in amount at more frequent periods, which will be forwarded to you for their Lordships' consideration without delay.

I have, &c.

The Secretary, Treasury. (Signed) A. Y. Spearman.

II.

A Statement of the Rules which have been observed in constructing the Tables framed under the provisions of the Acts 16 & 17 Vict. c. 45. and 27 & 28 Vict. c. 43., together with some remarks in explanation of the Tables.

1. The following Tables are divided into two parts, and consist of Tables for the Insurance of Lives, *i.e.*, for the assurance of payments on death, and Tables for the grant of Annuities. The Tables for the Insurance of Lives, and that portion of the Tables for the grant of Annuities (*i.e.*, the Table for the Grant of Deferred Monthly Allowances), which have been framed under the authority of the Act 27 & 28 Vict. c. 43., have been constructed in accordance with the 6th section of that Act, which section declares it to be "expedient that the fund to be formed by the receipt of sums on account "of contracts effected under the Act shall be adequate to meet all claims

" accruing and to accrue thereon, so as to render certain the fulfilment of " all engagements under such Contracts, without entailing any charge in " respect thereof or in respect of costs and expenses on the Consolidated " Fund of the United Kingdom."

2. For the construction of the Tables for the Insurance of Lives of both sexes, the Life Table which is known as "The English Life Table, No. 3., for males," and which has recently been published under the authority of the Registrar General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in England, has been selected as being a Table which appears to give the most accurate estimate of the probabilities of English life, and in computing from the said Life Table the Net Premiums to be charged for the Insurance of Lives the interest of money has, in accordance with the 6th section of the above-cited Act, been taken as Three per centum per annum.

To the Net Premiums thus obtained there has been added a provision for costs and charges, and this provision has, so far as was practicable, been made proportionate to the work to be done in return for it. Thus, in framing the Table for the Insurance of Lives by Premiums payable more often than once in each year, an addition of twenty per cent. has been made to the Net Premiums, and this addition, it is believed, will cover the cost of collecting such Premiums twice, four times, twelve times, or forty-eight times in each year, according as the persons insured shall elect to pay them half-yearly, quarterly, monthly, or weekly. In framing the tables for the Insurance of Lives by payment of an annual premium, an addition of ten per cent. has been made to the Net Premiums, and in framing the Tables for the Insurance of Lives by payment of a single premium, an addition of two per cent. has been made to the Net Single Premiums, with a further addition of 2*s*. to the Single Premiums required for the insurance of sums not amounting to 50*l*.

The "loading," or provision for expenses, thus included in the Gross Premiums to be charged for the Insurance of Lives, is intended to cover all costs and charges whatsoever arising out of such Insurance, except the cost of procuring certificates of birth or baptism, or other evidence of age, which will, in all cases, have to be defrayed by the person proposing for the Insurance.

3. The Tables for the Insurance of Lives which are now submitted to Parliament are Tables for the Insurance of Ordinary Lives only. Persons following dangerous or unhealthy occupations, amongst which occupations that of a miner, that of a butcher, and that of an innkeeper or beerseller, may be specified, will not, for the present at least, be insured under the Tables for Ordinary Lives. The question of framing special Tables for the Insurance of the lives of persons following specially dangerous or unhealthy occupations is still under consideration. If it shall be thought right to frame such Tables, they will in due course be submitted to Parliament.

And if on the occasion of any proposal for Life Insurance there shall appear to be any circumstances connected with the health or habits of the Proposer which would have a tendency to shorten his life, that life will not be insured under the Tables for Ordinary Lives. In such cases the Proposal will either be rejected altogether, or accepted only on condition that the insured person shall pay such Premiums, in addition to the ordinary Premiums, as shall be deemed sufficient to cover the additional risk.

4. The Tables for the Sale of Deferred Annuities and Deferred Monthly Allowances have been constructed with respect to "Probabilities of Life," and to the Rates of Interest, precisely as the Tables previously framed under the Act 16 & 17 Vict. c. 45. were constructed. The law of mortality which has been observed in the construction of these Tables is set forth in the observations Nos. 13 and 20 of the Report made on the 28th March 1829 to the Lords of the Treasury, by the then Actuary to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and printed by order of the House of Commons on 31st March 1829 in Parliamentry Paper 122.

In computing the Net Premiums upon this basis the rate of interest has been taken to be Three and a quarter per centum per annum.

To the Net Premiums chargeable for the purchase of Deferred Monthly Allowances by instalments payable more often than once in each year, an addition of ten per cent. has been made to cover costs and charges,

and it is believed that this addition will cover all costs and charges, whether the instalments of purchase money be payable twice, four times, twelve times, or forty-eight times in each year.

To the Premiums fixed for the purchase of Annuities, payable half-yearly, by single or annual payments, no addition has been made for costs and charges, but to provide for such costs and charges the purchasers of such Annuities will, as heretofore, be required to pay, at the time of purchase, fees not exceeding those sanctioned in respect to such Annuities by the Acts 7 & 8 Vict. c. 83. s. 9. and 16 & 17 Vict. c. 45. s. 11.

The purchasers of Annuities or Deferred Monthly Allowances will in all cases be required also to provide at their own cost any certificates of birth or baptism or other evidence of age that may be required.

5. The Tables for the grant of Annuities and Monthly Allowances which are now submitted to Parliament are framed on the condition that no part of the purchase money shall in any event be returned to the purchaser. Other Tables to be framed on the condition that the purchase money shall be returnable at any time prior to the commencement of the Annuity or Deferred Monthly Allowance are under consideration, and will be submitted to Parliament in due course.

6. The Tables for fixing the Surrender Value of, or sum to be returned on, a Contract or Policy of Insurance, are also under consideration; but it may be observed that by the 8th section of the Act 27 & 28 Vict. c. 43. no Policy or Contract of Assurance will have a Surrender Value until premiums shall have been paid under it for five years, that is, not before the year 1870.

7. *The following Remarks are offered in explanation of the Tables now submitted to Parliament.*

Table 1. of the Tables for the Insurance of Lives shows what Single Premium will be required for the Insurance of 100*l.* on the life of a man or woman at any year of age from 16 to 60 years, the limits of age prescribed by the Act 27 & 28 Vict. c. 43. Table 2. shows what Single Premiums will be required in like circumstances for the Insurance of 20*l.*, 25*l.*, 30*l.*, 35*l.*, 40*l.*, or 50*l.*

In Table 1. the premiums are stated, firstly, in pounds, shillings, and pence, and, secondly, in pounds, florins, and mils, with a view to facilitate the computation of the premium required for the Insurance of sums between 100*l.* and 50*l.*, which computation may be effected thus: At age 35, the Single Premium for the Insurance of 100*l.* is 46*l.*, 8 florins, 08 mils; and if this premium be multiplied by ·9, or ·8, or ·7, or ·6, the products will be the premiums required for the Insurance of 90*l.*, or 80*l.*, or 70*l.*, or 60*l.*

Tables 1. and 2. may be read thus, by way of illustration:—A.B., being in his 35th year, may insure the payment of 20*l.* to his representatives, *immediately on proof of his death*, by paying a Single Premium of 9*l.* 9*s.* 3*d.*, and—

£		£	s.	d.	£		£	s.	d.
May insure 25	by paying	11	16	1	May insure 60	by paying	28	1	9
,, 30	,,	14	2	10	,, 70	,,	32	15	6
,, 35	,,	16	9	8	,, 80	,,	37	9	0
,, 40	,,	18	16	6	,, 90	,,	42	2	6
,, 45	,,	21	3	4	,, 100	,,	46	16	2
,, 50	,,	23	8	1					

It is believed that the Tables for the Insurance of Lives by Single Premiums will be very useful to those persons who are too uncertain of their future prospects to be willing to undertake the payment of premiums at regular periods, but who would gladly apply towards the insurance of their lives from time to time sums which they may have accumulated, or of which they may from time to time become possessed.

Under the fifth section of the Act 27 & 28 Vict. c. 43. no one life may be insured for a less amount than 20*l.*, or a greater amount than 100*l.*, but persons may commence by insuring their lives for 20*l.*, and may increase their Insurance from time to time by smaller sums than 20*l.*, until they shall have effected an aggregate Insurance of 100*l.*

The following are illustrations of the progress of Insurance of this kind:—

The Insured	Being aged next Birthday	Pays a Single Premium of	And effects an Insurance on his life of	And stands insured in all for
		£ s. d.	£	£
A.B.	17	7 2 8	20	20
„	20	3 16 1	10	30
„	23	2 0 9	5	35
„	25	2 2 0	5	40
„	30	4 8 4	10	50
„	32	6 15 9	15	65
„	33	2 7 4	5	70
„	35	2 8 10	5	75
„	40	12 16 2	25	100
C.D.	18	10 16 10	30	30
„	19	1 18 5	5	35
„	21	3 17 2	10	45
„	24	5 19 11	15	60
„	26	2 2 6	5	65
„	28	4 5 8	10	75
„	34	7 0 1	15	90
„	36	4 17 2	10	100

Table 3 is for the Insurance of a fixed sum by the payment of an Annual Premium, varying according to the age at which the premium commences, and payable throughout life. The fixed amount of insurance specified in the Table is 100*l.*, but the premiums for the Insurance of smaller sums may be computed from it, and the Table may be read thus:—

	£ s. d.		£
A.B., by paying from the 35th year of his age to the close of his life, an annual premium of	2 13 8	insures	100
And by paying - - - - - -	1 6 10	„	50
And by paying - - - - - -	0 10 8	„	20
And by paying - - - - - -	0 5 4	„	10
And by paying - - - - - -	0 2 8	„	5

Under Table 3, as under Tables 1 and 2, the insured person may commence by insuring his life for 20*l.*, and may gradually increase the amount of his insurance up to 100*l.*, according as he is able to increase his annual payments.

The following is an illustration of the progress of an Insurance of this kind:—

The Insured	By paying an Annual Premium of	From the Age of	Insures the Sum of	His Annual Premium rises to	And the Sum for which he is insured rises to
	£ s. d.		£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
A.B.	0 7 3	20	20	—	—
„	0 4 1	25	10	0 11 4	30 0 0
„	0 9 4	30	20	1 0 8	50 0 0
„	0 13 5	35	25	1 14 1	75 0 0
„	0 15 9	40	25	2 9 10	100 0 0

Table 4 shows the amount which may be insured by the payment annually and throughout life of 1*l.* from any year of age within the prescribed limits. The Table may be read thus:—

	£ s. d.
A.B., by paying 1*l.*, annually, from the 35th year of his age to the close of life, insures - - -	37 5 3
By paying 10*s.*, annually, insures - - -	18 12 8
By paying 5*s.*, annually, insures - - -	9 6 4
And by paying 2*s.* 6*d.*, annually, insures - -	4 13 2

Under this Table, again, progressive insurances from 20*l.* up to 100*l.* may be effected, thus:—

The Insured	By paying annually and throughout life	From the Age of	Insures payment on Death of	His Annual Premium rises to	And he stands insured for
	s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
A.B. -	10 0	17	29 17 9	—	—
„ -	5 0	20	13 16 5	0 15 0	43 14 2
„ -	5 0	25	12 4 11	1 0 0	55 19 1
„ -	10 0	35	18 12 8	1 10 0	74 11 9
„ -	15 0	40	23 18 2	2 5 0	98 9 11

Table 5 shows what sums may be insured by the payment throughout life from any year of age within the prescribed limits of a monthly premium of 2*s.*, but from it may be computed the sums which may be assured by more frequent or less frequent payments. It may be read thus:—

	£ s. d.
A.B., by making twelve payments of 2*s.* each in each year, from 35 to his death, insures - - -	39 17 10
And by making twenty-four such payments insures -	79 15 8
And by making six such payments insures - -	19 18 11
And by making three such payments insures - -	9 19 6

Under this Table also progressive insurances from 20*l.* to 100*l.* may be effected thus :—

The Insured	By paying instalments of two shillings as below	From the age of	Insures the following sums.	The annual number of his payments of 2*s.* rises to	And his Insurance rises to
			£ *s.* *d.*		£ *s.* *d.*
A.B. -	On the first Monday in January, April, July, and October of each year -	17	21 8 8	—	—
„ -	On the first Monday in February, May, August, and November of each year -	20	19 16 1	8	41 4 9
„ -	On the first Monday in March, June, September, and December of each year	25	17 10 7	12	58 15 4
„ -	On the third Monday in January, April, July, and October of each year -	30	15 7 3	16	74 2 7
„ -	On the third Monday in February, May, August, and November of each year -	35	13 5 11	20	87 8 6
„ -	On the third Monday in March, June, September, and December of each year	40	11 7 0	24	98 15 6

Tables 6 and 7 are similar to Tables 3 and 5, but with this exception, that the premiums payable under Tables 3 and 5 are so payable to the close of life, whilst the premiums payable under Tables 6 and 7 are payable only until the assured person attains the age of 60 years. It is believed that these Tables will prove useful to persons whose incomes are likely to suffer diminution at or about the time of their attaining the age of 60 years.

8. The sums insured under Tables 1 to 7 will be payable to the representatives of assured persons immediately on proof of death.

9. Table 1 of the Tables for the grant of Annuities shows what amount of Monthly Allowance, to commence after the expiration of a term of years, can be purchased according to the age and sex of the person upon whose life the allowance is to depend, by a payment throughout that term of years of eight shillings per month. From this Table the amount of Monthly Allowance purchasable by a larger or that purchasable by a smaller monthly payment than eight shillings, or that purchasable by a less frequent payment may readily be computed, and the Table may be read thus :

If A.B., being 20 years of age, shall pay eight shillings per month in four instalments of two shillings each until he reaches the age of 55, he will then receive for the rest of his life a Monthly Allowance of 2*l.* 12*s.*, which will be equivalent to an allowance of 12*s.* per week throughout the whole year ; and if he shall pay from the same age and through the same term twelve shillings per month, in four instalments of three shillings each, he will receive, when he reaches the age of 55, a Monthly Allowance of 3*l.* 18*s.*, which will be equivalent to an allowance of 18*s.*, per week throughout the whole year. If, however, he cannot afford to make so large a monthly payment, and shall pay from the same age and throughout the same term no more than four shillings per month in two instalments of two shillings each he will receive, when he reaches the age of 55, a Monthly Allowance for the rest of his life of 1*l.* 6*s.*, which will be equivalent to an allowance throughout the whole year of 6*s.* per week ; and if he shall pay no more than two shillings per month he will receive at the age of 55 a Monthly Allowance of 13*s.*, which will be equivalent to an allowance throughout the whole year of 3*s.* per week.

Under this Table also progressive purchases may be made, according as the circumstances of the purchaser shall permit him to increase the amount and frequency of his payments. The following is an illustration of a progressive purchase of a Monthly Allowance.

The Purchaser	By paying an instalment of two shillings	From the age of	Secures a monthly allowance to commence at 55 of	His total monthly payment rises to	And the amount of monthly allowance which he undertakes to purchase rises to
			£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.
A.B. -	On the first Monday in each month -	10	1 2 0	—	—
" -	On the third Monday in each month -	15	0 17 1	4 0	1 19 1
" -	On the second Monday in each month	20	0 13 0	6 0	2 12 1
" -	On the fourth Monday in each month -	25	0 9 8	8 0	3 1 9

If A.B. keeps up his payments to the age of 55 he will receive for the rest of his life a Monthly Allowance of 3*l.* 1*s.* 9*d.*, which will be equivalent to an allowance throughout the whole year of 14*s.* 3*d.* per week.

Table 2 of the Tables for Government Annuities shows,

*a.** What payment must be made, according to the age and sex of the purchaser, every year throughout a term of years to secure an annuity of 1*l.* for life at the expiration of such term of years; and,

*b.** What sum must be paid down at the commencement of the term to secure a like annuity at the end of the term.

The annual or single payments required for the purchase of any amount of annuity within the prescribed limits may readily be ascertained from this Table, and the Table may be read thus:—

	£	s.	d.
A.B. by paying 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* annually from the 21st to the 56th year of his age secures an annuity for the rest of his life of - - - - - - -	10	0	0
and by paying 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* annually secures an annuity of - - - - - - - -	20	0	0
and by paying 4*l.* annually secures an annuity of -	30	0	0
and by paying 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* annually secures an annuity of - - - - - - - -	40	0	0
and by paying 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d*, annually secures an annuity of - - - - - - - -	50	0	0
or A.B. by paying down, in the 21st year of his age, 23*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* secures for himself, from the 56th year of his age, an annuity of - - - - - - -	10	0	0
and by paying down 47*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* secures an annuity of -	20	0	0
and by paying down 71*l.* secures an annuity of - -	30	0	0
and by paying down 94*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* secures an annuity of -	40	0	0
and by paying down 118*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* secures an annuity of -	50	0	0

Again, under Sub-Table (*a.*) or Sub-Table (*b.*) progressive purchases of Annuities may be made until the total amount purchasable under the Act has been secured.

The illustration which has already been given of the progressive purchase, of a Monthly Allowance, by gradually increasing the Monthly Payments for such Allowance, will sufficiently indicate the manner in which an Annuity may be purchased progressively by a gradual increase in the amount of the

* To the first annual payment for an annuity purchased under Sub-Table *a*, and to the single sum paid for an annuity purchased under Sub-Table *b*, will be added a small fee, to cover costs and charges, and proportioned to the amount of the annuity.

annual payments for such an Annuity. The following, however, is an illustration of the progressive purchase of an Annuity by single payments.

Thus:

			£	s.	d.		An Annuity to commence at 55. £
A.B., being	10	years old, pays	1	12	1	and secures	1
,,	13	,,	7	3	8	,,	4
,,	15	,,	3	17	6	,,	2
,,	20	,,	14	4	0	,,	6
,,	23	,,	5	8	6	,,	2
,,	24	,,	2	16	10	,,	1
,,	27	,,	16	6	3	,,	5
,,	29	,,	7	2	10	,,	2
,,	33	,,	4	5	6	,,	1
,,	35	,,	4	13	6	,,	1
,,	36	,,	4	17	9	,,	1
,,	38	,,	10	13	10	,,	2
,,	40	,,	11	14	4	,,	2
						Or in all -	£30

The whole Annuity of 30*l.* to be payable from the age of 55 to the close of life.

It must be borne in mind that the Tables, of which the foregoing illustrations have been given, have been framed *on the condition that no part of the Purchase Money shall in any event be returnable.* The Tables for the Grant of Deferred Annuities or Monthly Allowances on condition of the purchase money being returnable are still under consideration.

10. The Table for the Grant of Immediate Life Annuities which is contained in the Appendix requires little explanation. It may be read thus:—

A.B., being in his 36th year, may purchase an Immediate Annuity of 50*l.* on his own life by a payment of 881*l.* 0*s.* 10*d.*, and may purchase an Annuity of 10*l.* by a payment of 176*l.* 4*s.* 2*d.*

C.D., being in her 36th year, may purchase an Immediate Annuity of 50*l.* on her own life by a payment of 951*l.* 0*s.* 10*d.*, and may purchase an Annuity of 10*l.* by a payment of 190*l.* 4*s.* 2*d.*

APPENDIX C.

Memorandum illustrative of the Tables for the grant of Deferred Monthly Allowances, and Deferred Annuities, on the condition that the Purchase Money shall be returnable without interest, in case the person on whose life the Monthly Allowance or Annuity is to depend shall die before the commencement of the Monthly Allowance or Annuity, or in case the Purchaser shall wish, before such commencement, to give up the Purchase.

These Tables, which are referred to as in course of preparation at pages 6 and 15 of the Preface to the Tables issued in April last, and which are also referred to in clause 26 of the Regulations, have been approved by the Treasury, and submitted to Parliament in accordance with the provisions of the Act 27 & 28 Vict. cap. 43. The Postmaster General is prepared now to grant Contracts in accordance with these Tables.

The following is an illustration of the Table for the grant of Deferred Monthly Allowances, Money returnable:—

If A.B., being 35 years of age, shall pay sixteen shillings per month, in four instalments of four shillings each, until he reaches the age of 60, he will then receive for the rest of his life a Monthly Allowance of 2*l.* 12*s.*,

which will be equivalent to an allowance of 12*s.* per week throughout the whole year; and if he shall pay from the same age and through the same term twenty-four shillings per month, in four instalments of six shillings each, he will receive, when he reaches the age of 60, a Monthly Allowance of 3*l.* 18*s.*, which will be equivalent to an allowance of 18*s.* per week throughout the whole year. If, however, he cannot afford to make so large a monthly payment, and shall pay from the same age and throughout the same term no more than eight shillings per month, in two instalments of four shillings each, he will receive, when he reaches the age of 60, a Monthly Allowance for the rest of his life, of 1*l.* 6*s.*, which will be equivalent to an allowance throughout the whole year of 6*s.* per week; and if he shall pay no more than four shillings per month he will receive at the age of 60, a Monthly Allowance of 13*s.*, which will be equivalent to an allowance throughout the whole year of 3*s.* per week.

If at any period of the time during which the Annuity is in course of purchase, he shall desire to discontinue the purchase, the sum paid by him will be returned to him, and in the event of his death before the commencement of the Annuity, the sum paid by him will be returned to his representatives.

The following is an illustration of the Table for the grant of Deferred Annuities, Money returnable:—

If John Jones, when in his 21st year, desire to purchase a Deferred Annuity of 10*l.* to commence when he reaches the age of 55, and to continue for the rest of his life, he may purchase it either by paying down 39*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* in one sum, or by paying 1*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* a year until he reaches the age of 55, when he will no longer have to pay anything, but will have an annuity of 10*l.* for the rest of his life. And if Jane Jones, when in her 21st year, desire to purchase a Deferred Annuity of 10*l.* to commence when she reaches the age of 55 and to last for the rest of her life, she may purchase it either by paying down 45*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*, or by paying 2*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* a year until she reaches the age of 55, when she will have no more payments to make, and will have an annuity of 10*l.* paid to her for the rest of her life.

In either case the money paid would be returnable if the person on whose life the Annuity was to depend died before the commencement of the Annuity, or if the purchaser desired to discontinue the purchase at any time prior to the commencement of the Annuity.

APPENDIX D.

Government Annuities and Insurances granted under Act 27 & 28 Vict. Cap. 43.

An Account showing the Number and Amount of Sums received and paid, and the Number and Amount of Contracts granted by Her Majesty's Postmaster-General, under authority of the Act 27 & 28 Vict. c. 43., from the Commencement of Business on the 17th April 1865 to the 31st December 1865, together with the Number and Amount of Contracts in existence on the 31st December 1865, and the Amount paid for Charges of Management.

(I.)

An Account showing the Number and Amount of Sums received and paid on Account of Government Annuity and Insurance Contracts from the Commencement of Business on the 17th April 1865 to the 31st December 1865.

	Receipts.			Payments.		
	No.	Amount.			No.	Amount.
To Cash received for the purchase of Annuities, viz.:—		£ s. d.		By Cash paid to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt for Investment on account of Sums received for the purchase of Annuities -		£ s. d. 23,046 8 9
	No.	Amount.		By Cash paid to Annuitants, viz.:—		
For Immediate Annuities - -	87	£ s. d. 22,738 9 9				£ s. d.
For Deferred Annuities, Money not returnable -	27	845 7 10		Cash paid - - -		423 18 4
Ditto, Money returnable - -	40	497 7 6	154 24,081 5 1	Warrants issued, but not cashed at date -		5 10 0 33 429 8 4
To Cash received for Fees on Annuity Contracts - - -			139 14 0	By Cash paid to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt for investment on account of premiums received on Contracts for Sums payable at Death - - - - -		984 0 0
To Cash received from the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt for payment to Annuitants:—				By Balance remaining to be paid to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt on the 31st December 1865, viz.:—		
		£ s. d.				£ s. d.
Gross - - - -		430 5 0		On account of Annuity Contracts, including Fees - -		1,174 10 4
Less Income Tax -		0 16 8	429 8 4	On account of Contracts for Sums payable at Death - -		181 13 1 1,356 3 5
To Cash received on account of Contracts for the payment of Sums at Death - - - -	1,076		1,165 13 1			
		£	25,816 0 6			£ 25,816 0 6

(II.)

An Account showing the Number and Amount of Contracts entered into by Her Majesty's Postmaster-General from the Commencement of Business on the 17th April 1865 to the 31st December 1865, and the Number and Amount of Contracts in existence on the 31st December 1865.

			Contracts.	
			No.	Amount.
Contracts for Annuities granted from the commencement of business on the 17th April 1865 to the 31st December 1865, viz.:—				£ s. d.
	£	s. d.		
Immediate Annuities - - -	87	2,100 0 0		
Deferred Annuities, Money not returnable	20	438 4 0		
Deferred Annuities, Money returnable -	25	511 10 0	132	3,049 14 0
Contracts for Sums payable at Death granted from the commencement of business on the 17th April 1865 to the 31st December 1865 - -			547	40,649 2 4
Contracts for Annuities in existence on the 31st December, 1865, viz.:—				
	£	s. d.		
Immediate Annuities - - -	87	2,100 0 0		
Deferred Annuities, Money not returnable	20	438 4 0		
Deferred Annuities, Money returnable	25	511 10 0	132	3,049 14 0
Contracts for Sums payable at Death in existence on the 31st December 1865 - - - - - - - - - - -			544	40,349 2 4

(III.)

An Account showing the Amount paid for the Charges of Management from the Commencement of Business on the 17th April 1865 to the 31st December 1865.

	£	s.	d.
Salaries of Officers - - - -	159	0	10
Stamps on Policies - - - -	32	10	0
Fees to Medical Officers - - - -	13	7	6
Incidental disbursements, including Travelling Charges - - - - -	7	3	8
Postage - - - - - -	123	4	6
	335	6	6

LONDON:
Printed by George E. Eyre and William Spottiswoode,
Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.
For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

THE

TWENTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

DEPUTY KEEPER

OF THE

PUBLIC RECORDS.

[14 February 1866.]

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

REFORM CLUB
PALL MALL

LONDON:
PRINTED BY GEORGE E. EYRE AND WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
PRINTERS TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

1866.

14563.

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THE TWENTY-SEVENTH REPORT

OF

THE DEPUTY KEEPER OF THE PUBLIC RECORDS.

TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR MAJESTY,

I HAVE the honour to lay before Your Majesty my Annual Report of the proceedings in the Public Record Office, for the year 1865.

I. FEES.

The current business of the Department consists in conducting the Searches and Inspections for Legal and Literary purposes; and for the Treasury, Secretaries of State, Admiralty, and other Government Departments

No less than 3,773 persons have transacted business in the Legal Search Office, and paid 861*l.* 13*s.* 0*d.* in Fees, the particulars of which are given in the following Table:—

Searches.	—	Inspections.	—	Authenticated Copies.	—	Attendances.	—	Amount of Fees in 1865.	Total Amount of Fees paid into the Exchequer since 1840.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.		£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1,289	64 9 0	3,307	102 3 0	892	633 9 0	46	61 12 0	861 13 0	21,393 8 3

Attendances at the Rolls Chapel Office were also given in matters relating to Foreclosures of Mortgages, as follow:—

Number of cases where Attendance was given, and the money paid:—

Attendances, 4. Money paid, 6,683*l.* 9*s.* 3*d.*

Number of cases where Attendance was given to receive, but no one attended to pay:—

Attendances, 30. Money unpaid, 98,483*l.* 3*s.* 2*d.*

Total of Attendances - - 34

Total of Money - - 105,166*l.* 12*s.* 5*d.*

II. BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS.

NUMBER of SEARCHES, INSPECTIONS, ISSUES, and RETURNS of GOVERNMENT PAPERS, for GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS, in 1865.

Department.	Number of Searches or Applications.	Number of Inspections, Issues, Returns, &c.
Privy Council Office* - -	1	190
Treasury - - - -	6	35
Colonial Office - - -	15	147
War Office - - -	954	1,234
Admiralty - - - -	32	249
Admiralty Registrar - -	6	60
Audit Office - - -	5	31
Exchequer (Comptroller-General) -	1	39
Patent Office - - -	107	128
	1,127	2,113

* Extensive Search relating to the Cattle Plague.

In the Twenty-sixth Report (§ III.), I had the honour to state to Your Majesty, that the Committee appointed, on the suggestion of the Lords Commissioners of Your Majesty's Treasury, to examine the Government Documents in this Office, had commenced their meetings on the Audit Office Documents, but not reported thereon. The Report, however, was afterwards made, 14 November 1865. The Master of the Rolls called the attention of the Lords Commissioners of Your Majesty's Treasury, and of the Commissioners for Auditing the Public Accounts, to the Report in question, and inquired whether the Commissioners of Audit were willing to permit their Records in this Office to be thrown open to Legal and Literary Inquirers, as had been done by the Treasury, the Home, Foreign, Colonial, and War Offices, and the Admiralty. The answer has not yet been received.

III. LITERARY INQUIRIES.

NUMBER OF LITERARY INQUIRERS, AND OF DOCUMENTS USED.

Years.	Number of Literary Inquirers.	Number of Attendances.	Number of Documents used.
1865	153 (of whom 70 were new Applications, and 28 were renewed).	3,453	12,667 (exclusive of Calendars, Catalogues, Repertories, Inventories, Indexes, and Printed Books of Reference).
1852–1865	1,728	24,326	154,390

In each of my Reports for the last four years I had the honour to submit to Your Majesty a List of the subjects for which the Records had been consulted by Literary Inquirers: I now beg leave to add a similar List for 1865:—

Subjects of Research by Literary Inquirers in the Public Record Office, 1865.

History of England during the reign of Elizabeth.—To prepare a Paper for the Sussex Archæological Society.—History of Artillery.—To take extracts from the Inventories of Church Goods for Kent, Edw. VI.—Literary Researches.—To edit Martin Frobisher's Voyages for the Hakluyt Society.—History of Anglesey and Beaumaris.—Genealogical and Antiquarian Researches.—To inspect Records relating to Bridport.—History of the Family of Massey of Rixton, Lancashire.—The origin of the Eleanor Crosses.—History of Families connected with Sussex.—To copy the Welsh Rolls.—History of St. Katharine's Hospital.—To search MSS. relative to Battle Abbey.—History of the Town of Selby, Yorkshire.—History of the Gregory Family.—Researches relating to an illegitimate Son of Charles II.—Literary Research, James I.—Family History.—History of the De Vere Family.—History of Kent.—Literary Purposes.—To investigate the ancient forms of Pleading in Chancery.—Historical Inquiries relating to Sir Francis Bacon.—Researches relating to Shakespeare.—To consult the Chancery Petitions.—To consult State Papers, James I. and Charles I.—To consult Documents of the time of the Commonwealth.—Historical Researches.—History of the Province of Anjou.—Historical and Genealogical Researches.—History of the Parish of Launton, Oxfordshire.—To inspect the Foreign Correspondence, Eliz., &c.—To consult Inquisitions, Charters, &c., for Literary Researches.—Family and Literary History.—History of Kent.—Literary Inquiries relating to Kingston-on-Hull.—History of Somersetshire.—To examine the Records of the Court of Delegates.—History of Mary Queen of Scots.—Literary Research.—History of the Parish of Yaxley, Suffolk.—Family Research.—History of the Isle of Wight.—Historical Lectures.—History of the Manor of St. Florence, Pembrokeshire.—History of the Rectory and Parish of Cold Norton, Essex.—Literary Research.—History of the Paget Family.—History of William III.—Lives of the Archbishops of Canterbury.—Early History of Eton College.—Genealogical purposes connected with the Family of Maxwell.—Genealogical Research.—History of the Parish of Lower Swell, Gloucestershire.—History of Hemingburgh, Yorkshire.—To examine the Diplomatic Correspondence with France, Germany, and Holland, 1700–1704.—History of Wales.—Genealogical Research.—Family History.—To search for Deed of Purchase of the Hermitage of St James in the Wall, Cripplegate, by Wm. Lambe, temp. Hen. VIII.—To inspect Domesday, &c.—English History during the Stewart reigns.—Family History; and Topography of South Wales.—History of Lostwithiel, Cornwall.—Literary purposes: History of Scotland.—To search the Pardon Rolls, Henry VI.—History of Yorkshire.—Family Biography.—Topography and Genealogy of Norfolk.—History of Arabella Stewart.—Church Antiquities of Essex.—Literary purposes.—To consult the Royal Letters.—History of the Abbey of Strata Marcella, Montgomeryshire.—History of Cornwall.—Particulars as to the Family of Parker, of the Midland and Northern Counties.—To examine Papers of the reigns of Henry VIII., Edward VI., and Mary.

—History of St. Peter's Church, Tower of London.—To collect Materials for a Topographical Work.—Antiquities of Lincolnshire.—Subjects connected with the Civil Wars, 1642–1660.—History of Cornwall, and its Mines.—To inspect a Deed, dated 15th April 1702, in connexion with the West New Jersey Society.—Literary Research.—To collect Materials having reference to Legal Education.—To collect information for a Biographical Work, entitled "Athenæ Cantabrigienses."—To have a copy of a Petition for a Licence to change the name of Hammond to Spencer, in 1817.—History of County of Glamorgan; and General Literary Researches.—Researches relating to Queen Mary of Modena.—Researches relating to Patrick, Earl of Dunbar.—Biography and Family History.—To inspect, &c., the Books of the Queen's Prison for 1856.—Historical Research connected with the History of Tenures in Kent.—History of Dartmouth.—To inspect Colonial Correspondence bearing on the Services of the Royal Artillery in America, 1755–1760.—History of the Popham Family.—History of the Parish of Fincham, Norfolk.—Historical Research.—History of Kimbolton.—History of Kimbolton.—To examine Colonial Correspondence to prove the Naturalization of Hyman Samuels, who resided, 1788–1813, in Pittsburg, Virginia; and in Jamaica.

IV. REMOVALS OF RECORDS TO AND FROM THE PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE.

The usual transfers of the Accruing Chancery Records have taken place, the particulars of which are given in section XII. The Accruing Common Law Records have not been received since 1863, on account of want of space to accommodate them. A Warrant has been issued by the Master of the Rolls, dated 28 March 1865, at the request of the Clerk of the Petty Bag, for the removal into the Public Record Office of the more ancient Records in the Petty Bag Office; a portion has been received (§ XII.), and the remainder is in course of being transferred.

Transfers have taken place from the Registrar of Your Majesty's High Court of Admiralty, and from the War Office, particulars of which are given (§ XII.).

In pursuance to a letter from the Lords Commissioners of Your Majesty's Treasury, dated 24 October 1865, certain Draft Minutes and Registered Papers, the particulars of which are hereafter given (§ XII.), have been removed from the Treasury into this Office.

The Papers connected with Church Cases, alluded to in the last Report (§ IV.), have been transferred to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England.

Certain Documents relating to the Land Revenues of the Crown, preserved among the Treasury Solicitor's Papers in this Office, have been transferred (§ XII.) to the Office of Woods. This transfer was made in continuation of a previous transmission in 1860 (Twenty-second Report, § 25).

It is necessary to state that the Documents mentioned in the Twenty-sixth Report (§ IV.) have not yet been removed here on account of want of space.

V. LAND REVENUE RECORDS AND ENROLMENTS.

In the Twenty-fifth Report (§ X. (2.)) I had the honour to state to Your Majesty that the Office of Land Revenue Records and Enrolments was established pursuant to the Statute 2 William IV. cap. 1., entitled "An Act for uniting the Office of the "Surveyor General of His Majesty's Works and Public Buildings "with the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, "Forests, and Land Revenues; and for other Purposes relating "to the Land Revenues." That Act abolishes the Office of Auditor of the Land Revenue, and directs the Lords of your Majesty's Treasury to provide a proper building in London or Westminster, for the reception and safe custody of all the Records and other official Papers deposited in the Offices of the Auditors of Land Revenues in England or Wales; and also for the reception and safe custody of such deeds and instruments as should be thereafter enrolled in pursuance of the directions therein-after contained. It also empowers Your Majesty's Treasury to appoint a proper person to be the Keeper of the Records and Enrolments in question, and to make rules and regulations for the execution of the duties of the office of Keeper. The Documents in his custody consist of two classes: (1), Records which, according to the course of business, are accruing and increasing in the Office; (2), Records belonging to classes the formation of which is discontinued, or which are no longer transmitted to the Office; viz.:

(1.)—*Accruing Records.*

Books of Enrolments of Grants from the Crown, &c.
Rentals.
Court Rolls of Crown Manors.
Enrolments of Treasury Warrants.
Declared Accounts of Commissioners of Woods, Forests, &c.
Declared Accounts of Receivers, &c.
&c. &c.

(2.)—*Non-Accruing Records.*

Common Entry Books.
Surveys of Crown Property.
Forfeited Estates' Accounts.
Parliamentary Surveys of Crown Lands.
Particulars of Leases and Sales of Crown Lands.
Queens-Dowagers' Accounts.
Auditors' Reports.
Ministers' Accounts.
" " Drafts.
Debet Books.

Receivers' Accounts.
Cofferers' Accounts, &c.
Accounts of the Commissioners of the Alienation Office.
Assessed Taxes' Accounts.
Accounts of the Receivers of the Land Tax.
&c. &c.

The reasons for depositing a portion of the above-mentioned Records in the Public Record Office, together with the particulars of some correspondence on the subject in 1841–43, were given in the Twenty-fifth Report.

The matter was revived in the course of last year, on the resignation of Mr. Fearnside, Keeper of the Land Revenue Records and Enrolments. Several conferences and communications between the Treasury, the Office of Woods, and the Public Record Office, took place with reference to the clause in the Public Record Act, 1 & 2 Vict. c. 94., which places the Records in the Land Revenue Office under the charge and superintendence of the Master of the Rolls, subject to the approval of the Lords of the Treasury. The discussion ended in a case being submitted to the Law Officers of the Crown, who gave as their opinion that it was clearly in the contemplation of the Public Record Act that some of the Records in question ought to be deposited in the Public Record Office, and that other Records ought not to be removed from their existing custody; and they suggested that an inquiry should be made whether there are not Records and Documents in the Land Revenue Record Office which might with propriety, and without detriment or inconvenience, be removed to the Public Record Office. The Lords Commissioners of Your Majesty's Treasury determined, therefore, to appoint a Keeper of the Land Revenue Records and Enrolments, *vice* Mr. Fearnside, in order that an inquiry should take place in the manner suggested by the Law Officers of the Crown. Mr. Henry Gay Hewlett was consequently appointed Keeper of the Land Revenue Records and Enrolments, and is proceeding with the inquiry in question.

VI. DOMESDAY BOOK.

In the Twenty-sixth Report (§ V.), I mentioned that it had become necessary to re-bind the two volumes of Domesday Book, that the Master of the Rolls had suggested to the Treasury the advisability of binding that priceless book in a manner worthy of the nation, and that the Department of Science and Art had been requested to furnish a fitting design for his approval. The subject is still under consideration.

VII. FAC-SIMILES OF NATIONAL MANUSCRIPTS BY PROCESS OF PHOTOZINCOGRAPHY.

The arrangements which were made at the Ordnance Survey Office, Southampton, for producing fac-similes of Records and Documents by the process of Photozincography, are given in the

Twenty-sixth Report (§ VI.). The task has been continued under the direction of Mr. Sanders, an Assistant Keeper of Records. The first Part of the Work was published in March 1865. The second Part is nearly ready for publication, and will comprise the Documents a list of which is annexed to this Report (Appendix No. 5). The third Part has been commenced. A similar series of the National Manuscripts of Scotland is in progress, under the circumstances mentioned in the Twenty-sixth Report. The Report of Mr. Sanders for the year 1865 is as follows :—

Ordnance Survey Office, Southampton,
23rd January 1866.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to submit to you the following Report upon the work in which I have been engaged during the past year.

In my Report for 1864, I stated that the series of fac-similes of documents, extending from the Conquest to the reign of Henry VII., inclusive, and forming Part I. of the selection of National Manuscripts, had been transferred to zinc, and that the specified number of copies was in process of being struck off, the notes and translations to be appended to the volume being also in the hands of Her Majesty's printers.

This volume was published in March, and has been distributed among the agents for the sale of the Record and Ordnance Publications.

I have now to make nearly the same statement with regard to Part II., comprising the reigns of Henry VIII. and Edward VI., which has been transferred, and 500 copies pulled. The notes and translations are in the press, and the whole will be published without delay.

In addition to this, Part III., comprising the reigns of Mary and Elizabeth, has been transferred, and a proof pulled.

The collation of the final proof and letter-press of Part I., the supervision of the editing of Part II., writing the translations, notes, &c., and superintending the preparation of the fac-similes forming Part III., have occupied most of my time during the year.

On the 26th of July Dr. Robertson, of the General Register House, Edinburgh, arrived here, and made over to my custody, in pursuance of an arrangement entered into between his Lordship the Master of the Rolls and the Lord Clerk Register of Scotland, Sir William Gibson Craig, a portion of the documents selected under the direction of the Lord Clerk Register to furnish the first part of the series of the National Manuscripts of Scotland. The whole of these were photographed by the end of September.

The plan adopted for the Scotch series differs in some respects from that pursued in the publication of the English. Sir William Gibson Craig preferred a larger page than that chosen by Sir Henry James, and desired that each copy should be exactly to scale with the original. Many of the Scotch MSS. are so large, that in order to copy them in the manner decided upon, without any reduction in size, it was necessary to photograph them in sections, as many as seven separate negatives having to be taken of the same Record in one or two instances. There were other difficulties, too, of which we had no previous experience. The size of the documents prevented their being taken in the glass frame, and it consequently became impossible to prevent the parchment from temporarily shrinking under the sun, and so rendering the size of the letters smaller in each succeeding negative ; and it was equally

difficult to get a perfectly flat surface to the document; the only means to effect this, without running the risk of injury, being to fasten it to a board with pentagraph pins all round the edge. It happened fortunately that the weather was exceptionally fine, and the exposure consequently so short that we were enabled to get the negatives before the sun and wind had time to distort or shake the letters to any important extent. The next step was to prepare the transfer, and in order to do this, it was first necessary to take a separate carbon print of each of the sections in which the original had been photographed, cut off the superfluous portions, and piece the remainder together with such nicety as that they should furnish a whole in which no division should appear. It is almost impossible to get a number of carbon prints so evenly prepared (as regards their preliminary coating of gelatine and bi-chromate of potash, and subsequent rolling in with ink,) as to require exactly the same amount of rubbing off, the paper thus becomes reduced in thickness in proportion to the use of the sponge, and its contractability varies in the same ratio. Before laying down the carbon transfers on to a zinc plate, they are placed between sheets of paper damped with water, for the purpose of softening any gelatine that may still remain upon them after soaking, and to loosen the ink, and it is at this stage that the inequality of expansion in the several portions manifests itself. To counteract this unevenness, Mr. Appel, the chief printer attached to this establishment, prepared other sheets of paper with an acid solution, mixed in the proportion of one part of nitric acid to five of water, and, by laying those portions of the transfer, which had expanded beyond the others in the damping book, in them for a few seconds, varying the time in proportion to the excess of expansion, reduced them to the proper size.

The first instrument copied in this way was the Bull of Pope Honorius III. to King Alexander II., conferring privileges on the Church and Kingdom of Scotland, and dated from the Lateran, November 21, 1218, and Mr. Appel succeeded so well, that when a proof was pulled, no irregularity in the lines or variation in the size of the letters could be detected, although the transfer had been made in seven separate sections.

Sir Henry James sent a copy of this to Sir William Gibson Craig, who has expressed himself much pleased with it. I must add, however, that these acidulated damping sheets can only be used where the carbon print is to be transferred to *zinc*, as the contact of the acid with *stone* would affect the surface and destroy the transfer.

Since that, copies of two other documents of nearly equal size have been transferred with the like success. One of these, King Malcolm's Charter concerning the abbacy of Kelso, A.D. 1159, is adorned with a large illuminated initial letter representing King David and King Malcolm "the Maiden," seated on their thrones, which has been coloured by Lance-corporal Goodwin, R.E., with excellent effect. As this is, I think, the earliest specimen of illumination among the Scottish Records, it would seem a pity not to have each copy coloured instead of a limited number only. The extra cost for this would be but small, I believe. Among the MSS. forming Part I. of the Scottish Series, there are, in addition to those preserved in the Register House, some belonging to different nobles and gentlemen of Scotland, some to the Dean and Chapter of Durham, some to the Duchy of Lancaster, and some to H.M. Public Record Office.

With the exception of the latter, all these were lent under a bond for their return at Christmas last, but inasmuch as only a portion of those

to be comprised in Part I. has been sent to me, and as it is impossible to set up the plates till the whole list be complete, I have written to Dr. Robertson urging the necessity of his applying to the various owners for an extension of time, as I could by no means undertake to guarantee the accuracy of the fac-similes if the originals were removed from my custody before a final proof was pulled. I presume Dr. Robertson has done this, as I have received no notice of their being about to be returned.

Subjoined is a list of abstracts, arranged in chronological order, of those documents, of the reigns of Henry VIII. and Edward VI., the fac-similes of which appear in Part II. of the work now in progress.

I also inclose, by permission of Sir Henry James, two copies of King Malcolm's Charter, reduced to one-third of the scale, and consequently one-ninth of the size of the original, one with the initial letter coloured, the other plain, in order that you may be able to form an opinion on their comparative merits.

I have only, in conclusion, to repeat my acknowledgment of the services of the members of this Office who have been appointed by Sir Henry James to assist in carrying out the orders of H.M. Government.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
(Signed) William Basevi Sanders,
Assistant Keeper of H. M. Records.

To the Deputy Keeper of the Public Records.

VIII. CALENDARS.

The arrangements made to carry on the compilation of Calendars in this Office, have been submitted to Your Majesty in previous Reports, as well as statements of their progress (Twenty-Fifth Report, § VI.; Twenty-Sixth Report, § VII.) In the present Report (§§ XIV. & XV.) is given a List of such Calendars and Inventories as have been compiled during the year 1865. The following are annexed to this Report:—

Appendix No. 1. List of the Awards of Inclosure enrolled in the Courts of Chancery, Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer; to which is added, a List of Inclosure Awards preserved in the Office of Your Majesty's Duchy of Lancaster.

Appendix No. 2. contains a List of References to Charters granted by various Sovereigns, from the Anglo-Saxon times to the reign of James I., which are entered on the Cartæ Antiquæ and the Confirmation Rolls of Chancery. The Cartæ Antiquæ consist of copies of Charters which were brought before the King and his Council in Chancery, from the Saxon period to the reign of Hen. III. inclusive, for the purpose of showing what liberties and privileges were conveyed to the various Grantees; that the Court might know to what extent those privileges affected the Forest and other prerogative rights of the Crown. These Grants were confirmed and re-confirmed by successive Sovereigns to the Grantees and their representatives, and were enrolled upon the Charter Rolls. The Confirmation Rolls contain copies of Charters which were granted by Sovereigns anterior to the one making the Confirmation.

Appendix No. 3. A Calendar of the Close Rolls has been commenced, and the Rolls of the 12th and 13th years of the reign of Henry III. are calendared. The Close Rolls anterior to that time were printed "verbatim et litteratim," by the late Record Commissioners,* but as Your Majesty's Government did not then consider it advisable to continue the publication of those Records in the way adopted, I have deemed it necessary to have a Calendar of them made in English, in a form different from any that has hitherto appeared. In order that the contents of these invaluable muniments may be widely known, I have inserted in the Appendix (No. 3) the Calendar of the Roll of the 12th of Henry III. as a specimen. It will be seen that the Calendar, being arranged alphabetically, answers the double purpose of text and index at the same time. A new Calendar of the Patent Rolls is being compiled on a similar plan; the Roll for the first year of the reign of Edward I. is nearly completed.

Appendix No. 4. A Calendar of Deeds, Inquisitions, and Writs of Dower entered on the Chester Plea Rolls, for the reign of Edward II., in continuation of the Calendar for the reigns of Henry III. and Edward I., in the Twenty-sixth Report (App. No. 4.).

I also annex to this Report (App. No. 6) a List of the Calendars and Indexes which have been placed in the Search Office during the year 1865, in addition to the Lists given in previous Reports (Appendix to Twenty-fourth Report; Twenty-fifth Report, App. No. 5.; Twenty-sixth Report, App. No. 7.).

Copies of the Calendars of State Papers printed for sale since the last Report, have also been placed in the Search Rooms for the use of the public.

The sale of the "Calendarium Genealogicum," or Calendar of Heirs extracted from the Inquisitions, for the reigns of Henry III. and Edward I., has fully answered the expectations which were entertained of the usefulness of the work.

The Calendar of the Papers of the reign of Henry VIII., under the editorship of Mr. Brewer, has been continued, and 1,034 pages, to the end of the year 1522, have been printed. The Volume, when finished, will embrace five years instead of four only as the last, and will contain more matter, as a smaller type has been used, and a more compact form adopted in the description of the formal documents. It will disclose important information on the following subjects:—

The contention for the Empire, which ended in the election of Charles V.: The meeting at the Field of the Cloth of Gold: The two visits paid to England by the Emperor: The conference at Calais: The war with France: Materials for Scottish history, from 1519 to 1523: Notices connected with the elections of Popes Adrian VI. and Clement VII.: &c. &c.

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* Rotuli Litterarum Clausarum in Turri Londinensi Asservati. 2 vols. folio (1833–1844). The first volume, 1204–1224. The second volume, 1224–1227.

Mr. Lemon has completed his volume of the Domestic Series of State Papers of the reign of Elizabeth, extending from 1581 to 1590. It contains a large collection of documents illustrating the history of the Royal Navy, and much interesting matter relative to the Spanish Armada. The letters from Lord Burleigh to various distinguished persons on public affairs will be read with interest, and the notices of him and his family affairs which appear in the volume will be valuable to his future biographer. The life and character of Queen Elizabeth are also illustrated by the papers in this volume, as well as of her successor James VI. of Scotland, and his ill-fated mother, Mary Queen of Scots. Sir Francis Walsingham's correspondence sheds light upon his character, and will be acceptable to many readers, while there is scarcely an individual of any reputation, living in that period, of whom some notice will not be found.

Mr. Stevenson has completed at press and published two volumes of the Calendar of Foreign State Papers and correspondence of the reign of Queen Elizabeth, between 1 October 1559 and 28 February 1561. Another volume is nearly ready, and will be shortly issued. The documents abstracted in these volumes are of much historical interest; they narrate with considerable detail the progress of Elizabeth's negociations with France during the reign of Francis II., whose youth and pliancy of disposition afforded an opportunity for the development of the schemes of the family of Guise, which were avowedly hostile to England. The history of the Queen's intervention in favour of the Scottish Protestants, who strongly opposed the French power in Scotland, here comes out in minute detail; and the progress of the campaign which ended with the siege of Leith, and the expulsion of the French from Scotland, may be traced, as in a journal, from day to day. Not less interesting, though less clearly visible, are the Queen's dealings with Spain, in order to secure the neutrality of King Philip, who terrified her by offering to arbitrate in the Scottish dispute. The correspondence is not, however, limited to these more prominent subjects, but, taking a wider range, touches more or less upon the history and politics of nearly every European country of any importance. It also furnishes some interesting particulars of Elizabeth's various suitors, their persons, characters, and mode of approaching Her Majesty, ending with the appearance among the number of the notorious Lord Robert Dudley, afterwards Earl of Leicester.

The contents of these volumes are also of exceeding importance, chiefly as illustrating the position taken by Elizabeth's Ministers in regard to France and Scotland. Although at peace with both of these kingdoms, England took an active part in fomenting the internal discords by which they were divided into hostile factions, thinking thereby to secure its own tranquillity. We here trace, in the former country, the gradual increase of the Huguenots, and observe how the King of Navarre and the Prince of Condé gained strength by the secret encouragement of Throckmorton. The first War of Religion is just about to commence, and the papers

analyzed in these volumes enable us to understand the relative position of the rival parties, their motives, and their objects. It is not too much to affirm that, read by the light thrown upon its pages by the materials preserved in this Office, the History of France will be better understood than hitherto it has been.

Nearly the same remarks apply to the History of Scotland. It is important to understand the state of parties in that kingdom upon the return of Queen Mary from France, and the correspondence of Randolph upon this point is full of interest and instruction. Mary's personal character developes itself almost daily, nor do we fail to detect the first traces of that jealousy which ere long cast a shadow over the intercourse which hitherto had at least worn the appearance of cordiality between the Queens of Scotland and England.

The correspondence between the Courts of London and Madrid is interesting chiefly as revealing to us something of the personal character of Philip the Second; but the chief topic of communication turns upon the complaints brought by the Spanish merchants against the acts of piracy committed by English sailors, whether privateers or pirates it is not easy to decide. Some curious information may also be gathered respecting the disastrous defeat of the Spanish fleet at Gerbes.

There are also a curious series of letters written by Cecil to his son Thomas while the latter was resident in France. "Mr. Thomas" gave his father some uneasiness. He would not read with his travelling tutor Windebank; he would not learn French; he would not write home; and he spent too much money. Cecil might have the art of managing the Queen and Council, but did not know how to manage his own son. His letters are cold, harsh, and repulsive. The volume ends with seeing the great statesman in great perturbation, as Windebank writes that "Mr. Thomas" is upon the eve of running off with a young French lady whom he intends to marry.

The Calendar of the Domestic Papers of Charles the First has progressed under the editorship of Mr. Bruce. During the past year, Mr. Bruce has principally confined his attention to the arrangement and calendaring of the undated papers at the end of the year 1635, and the dated papers of the year 1636. The main subjects are, 1. The levy of ship-money under the second writs issued for that purpose: 2. The unwillingness of a large number of the people to pay the tax, and the means taken to compel the payment: 3. The fitting out of a fleet under the command of the Earl of Northumberland to maintain the ancient English dominion of the sea: and, 4. The proceedings of Archbishop Laud to compel uniformity in matters ecclesiastical. All will be illustrated by these papers, which have never been used in reference to these important subjects by any historical inquirer.

Mrs. Green was principally engaged in completing the Papers of the year 1667, which form the sixth and seventh volumes

of the Domestic Series of the reign of Charles the Second. The seventh volume, which is on the eve of publication, principally relates to the attack of the Dutch Fleet upon the ships in the Medway in 1667. There are a few notices about the dissatisfied state of the country, the fall of Lord Chancellor Clarendon, and the temporary disgrace of the Duke of Buckingham.

Mr. Hans C. Hamilton is employed in compiling a Calendar of State Papers relating to Ireland; the first volume, extending from 1509 to 1573, was published in 1860. The index to the second volume has been continued during 1865. The period embraced in this volume extends through the years 1574–1585, and includes two very stormy episodes in the History of Ireland; viz., the invasion under the leading of Sir James Fitzmaurice, and the invasion by Don Pedro de Alonso at Smerwick, coupled with the rebellion of the Earl of Desmond. They were fostered and set on foot by the Kings of Spain and France under the guidance of the Pope, and furthered by all the influence of ecclesiastical power not only in Spain, Italy, and France, but in Ireland, Scotland, and England.

Mr. W. Noël Sainsbury is engaged on the Calendar of State Papers relating to "East Indies, China, and Japan." The Calendar includes all papers from the three great archives of the Public Record Office, the India Office, and the British Museum. The first volume, already published, goes down to the year 1616. The second volume is in progress. The regular series of the East India Papers in the Public Record Office is calendared to the year 1623; the Papers relating to the same subject in the Domestic Correspondence to 1625, and in the Foreign Correspondence to 1620; the Court Minutes of the East India Company to February 1619, and the original Correspondence in the India Office to March 1618; many undated papers have likewise been dated, and put in their proper places. These documents are of great historical value and importance. They give a minute account of the proceedings of the East India Company from its first establishment; of the various successes of the early voyages to the East Indies, and the settling of the different factories there. They also furnish details of the battles by sea and other conflicts between the English and the Spaniards and Portuguese.

Mr. Bergenroth is at press with the second volume of the Calendar of Spanish Papers; the publication has been delayed longer than could have been desired on account of the great difficulties he experienced in prosecuting his researches at Simancas and Madrid. His present volume relates more to our diplomatic than domestic history. It may be remarked that the Spanish Papers of the time of Henry the Eighth differ essentially from those of the preceding reign; they contain less personal information of the Monarch and his Court, and deal more with the political affairs of Europe. This difference is not however without its advantage; Spain will supply any little deficiency that may exist in the Venetian Archives respecting purely diplomatic docu-

ments; while the Venetian Papers, which are more general and far more interesting than those in Spain, will supply exactly that information which would be sought for in vain at Madrid or Simancas.

Mr. Rawdon Brown has made rapid progress with the second volume of his Calendar of the Venetian Papers. The forthcoming volume will contain much important information relative to the Accession of Henry VIII., and his marriage with Katharine of Arragon; and many graphic descriptions of the Monarch's personal appearance, and of the chief personages of his Court. Among the miscellaneous matter will be found papers relating to the proposed interview between the Kings of France and England: to the Battle of Flodden: to the war with France in 1513, and the capture of Tournay: to the peace with France, and the marriage of Princess Mary, sister of Henry VIII., with King Louis XII., and long descriptions of the ceremonies in honour of that event: to her marriage with Charles Brandon, Duke of Suffolk, after the death of King Louis: to the betrothal of Princess Mary, daughter of Henry VIII., to the Dauphin: to the accession of Francis I. in 1515: to the war in Italy, between the Emperor Maximilian and Ferdinand the Catholic on the one hand, and the French and Venetians on the other: to the subsidies given by Henry VIII. to the Emperor and the Swiss for the recovery of the Duchy of Milan, and the defence of Brescia and Verona: to the treaty of Noyon: to the disputes between England and Scotland: to the flight of Margaret, Queen of Scots, to England, for refuge from the Duke of Albany: to the Reformation: to Richard de la Pole, pretender to the English throne: to the aggrandizement and increasing authority of Cardinal Wolsey: to the contest for the Imperial Crown: to the proposed Crusade against the Turks: to the Peace with France, in 1518, &c.

The Calendars of Mr. Bergenroth and Mr. Brown naturally lead to the consideration of the necessity of making similar researches in other Foreign Archives and Libraries. There can be no doubt of the advisability of such a step; for, until the contents of all Foreign collections have been laid open and every matter therein connected with the history of this country gathered together and made public, a perfect and reliable history of the kingdom cannot be possessed. Men of different minds may draw different conclusions from the same document, but there will be the satisfaction of knowing that all the evidence will be patent which it is in the power of man to accumulate. It is therefore earnestly hoped that Your Majesty's Government will take steps to ensure so desirable an end, by the employment in the first instance of an agent at Paris. This will not be attended with any great expense, and the result of his labours would greatly enrich our national collections, and more than repay the cost which may be incurred.

IX. CARTE AND CAREW PAPERS.

Carte Papers.

The formation of a Calendar of these Papers not being considered expedient, the Lords of Your Majesty's Treasury determined to adopt the suggestion of the Master of the Rolls, to have duplicate copies made of such Irish Official Documents as are in the Bodleian Library, Oxford; one copy to be placed in the Public Record Office, for the use of the public; the other copy to be deposited in such place in Dublin as may be selected for that purpose. Their Lordships were desirous that this work, which is so calculated to facilitate the study of Irish History, should be undertaken under the supervision of the Master of the Rolls. Permission having been obtained from the Curators of the Bodleian Library for the Papers to be selected and copied, the Lords of Your Majesty's Treasury thereupon appointed Mr. John P. Prendergast, Barrister-at-law, to select the Papers for transcription, and afterwards associated with him the Rev. Dr. Russell; their Lordships being of opinion that the work having relation to occurrences which took place at that eventful period of the history of Great Britain and Ireland comprehended within the Carte Collection, might be performed with greater advantage by two persons conversant with the history of that period, rather than by one, however eminent and unexceptionable.

Mr. Harper, of the Bodleian Library, has been appointed to copy the Papers selected by the Commissioners to be transcribed.

The Commissioners have selected for transcription about 1,754 official documents from 25 folio volumes, each containing upwards of 8,000 documents, principally between 1640 and 1649. The Papers comprise Letters of Charles I., official and confidential, Letters of the Lords Justices, the Duke of Ormond's Correspondence on public affairs, Civil and Military Letters from Queen Henrietta Maria and Prince Charles, Papers concerning the Cessation of Arms, and the Peaces of 1646 and 1648, &c. Lists of the Papers selected and finally agreed upon have been transmitted by the Commissioners to Mr. Harper for transcription, and considerable progress has been made in the work.

Carew Papers.

The Lords Commissioners of Your Majesty's Treasury decided that a Calendar of the Carew Papers in Lambeth Library should be made, including the six volumes which formed at one time a portion of the Laud Manuscripts. The Calendar is to be printed and published for sale in the same manner as the other Calendars compiled under the direction of the Master of the Rolls. His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury having permitted the Calendar of the Documents in question to be made, the Lords of the Treasury appointed the Rev. J. S. Brewer, Professor of English Literature, King's College, London, and Mr. William Bullen, to carry out their decision. Mr. Bullen makes the rough draft of

the Calendar and prepares the index, and Mr. Brewer collates Mr. Bullen's work, prepares it for the press, writes the preface, and is responsible for the correctness of the work. As the period embraced in the earlier volumes principally relates to the reigns between Henry VIII. and Elizabeth, it has been selected the first for publication; nine volumes have been calendared by Mr. Bullen, and the abstracts are undergoing examination and revision. Mr. Brewer states that "from a closer examination of the contents of this invaluable collection" he is "inclined to think that the attention bestowed upon it by the "Government will be amply repaid. The documents in it "emanate from the highest authorities, and consist in many "instances of narratives of the proceedings of the Irish Deputies, "which were intended for no eyes but their own, or those of "the Home Government. It may be said that such materials "for the History of Ireland are not only unique in themselves, "but bear on the face of them marks of their high value and "importance. A complete Calendar of them cannot fail of "being welcome to all students of Irish History, owing not "merely to the munificence of the Government but to the great "liberality of the Archbishop of Canterbury in permitting the "MSS. to be brought to the Public Record Office, without which "a systematic Calendar of these papers would be impossible."

X. CHRONICLES AND MEMORIALS OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND DURING THE MIDDLE AGES.

Since my last Report to Your Majesty, nine volumes of the Chronicles and Memorials of Great Britain and Ireland have been published, making a total of sixty-six volumes since the Government publication commenced. Of these 15,438 volumes have been sold, and the sale is steadily increasing. In the following list of those which have been published will be found a notice of the period embraced in each, consequently showing to what extent the various periods of our history have been more or less elucidated:—

Extreme Dates to which each Work refers.	Title of Work.
Albina to 688 -	Recueil des Croniques et anchiennes Istories de la Grant Bretaigne a present nomme Engleterre, par Jehan de Waurin. From Albina to 688.
Albina to 688 -	A Collection of the Chronicles and Ancient Histories of Great Britain, now called England, by John de Wavrin. From Albina to 688. (Translation.)

Extreme Dates to which each Work refers.	Title of Work.
447 to 871 - -	RICARDI DE CIRENCESTRIA SPECULUM HISTORIALE DE GESTIS REGUM ANGLIÆ. Vol. I.—447–871.
Saxon Times -	LEECHDOMS, WORTCUNNING, AND STARCRAFT OF EARLY ENGLAND; being a collection of Documents illustrating the History of Science in this Country before the Norman Conquest. Vols. I. and II.
Ethelred II. to Battle of Hastings. 979 to 1066.	LIVES OF EDWARD THE CONFESSOR. I.—La Estoire de Seint Aedward le Rei. II.—Vita Beati Edvardi Regis et Confessoris. III.—Vita Æduuardi Regis qui apud Westmonasterium requiescit.
The Creation to 1154.	THE ANGLO-SAXON CHRONICLE, ACCORDING TO THE SEVERAL ORIGINAL AUTHORITIES. Vol. I., Original Texts. Vol. II., Translation.
Latter half of 12th century.	ALEXANDRI NECKAM DE NATURIS RERUM LIBRI DUO; with NECKAM'S POEM, DE LAUDIBUS DIVINÆ SAPIENTIÆ.
Lucius to 1 Rich. I. 201 to 1189.	CHRONICON MONASTERII DE ABINGDON. Vols. I. and II.
Arrival of St. Augustine to 3 Rich. I. 597 to 1191.	HISTORIA MONASTERII S. AUGUSTINI CANTUARIENSIS, by THOMAS OF ELMHAM, formerly Monk and Treasurer of that Foundation.
Anterior to the Norman Invasion to 1200.	DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE OF MANUSCRIPTS RELATING TO THE HISTORY OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND. Vol. I. (in Two Parts); Anterior to the Norman Invasion. Vol. II.; 1066–1200.
36 Hen. I. to 2 John. 1135 to 1200.	MAGNA VITA S. HUGONIS EPISCOPI LINCOLNIENSIS. From Manuscripts in the Bodleian Library, Oxford, and the Imperial Library, Paris.
31 Hen. II. to 3 John. 1185 to 1201.	CHRONICLES AND MEMORIALS OF THE REIGN OF RICHARD THE FIRST. Vol. I.—ITINERARIUM PEREGRINORUM ET GESTA REGIS RICARDI. Vol. II.—EPISTOLÆ CANTUARIENSES; the Letters of the Prior and Convent of Christ Church, Canterbury; 1187 to 1199.
1150–1220.	THE WORKS OF GIRALDUS CAMBRENSIS. Vols. I., II., and III.
1 to 20 Hen. III. 1216 to 1235.	ROYAL AND OTHER HISTORICAL LETTERS ILLUSTRATIVE OF THE REIGN OF HENRY III., from the Originals in the Public Record Office. Vol. I., 1216-1235.
9 to 37 Hen. III. 1225 to 1253.	LETTERS OF BISHOP GROSSETESTE, illustrative of the Social Condition of his Time.
50–51 Hen. III. 1266–1267.	THE "OPUS TERTIUM," "OPUS MINUS," &c., of Roger Bacon.
681 to 10 Edw. I. 681 to 1282.	BRUT Y TYWYSOGION; or, The Chronicle of the Princes of Wales.
444 to 16 Edw. I. 444 to 1288.	ANNALES CAMBRIÆ.

Extreme Dates to which each Work refers.	Title of Work.
1 to 19 Edw. I. 1 to 1291.	Annales Monastici. Vol. I.:—Annales de Margan, 1066–1232; Annales de Theokesberia, 1066–1263; Annales de Burton, 1004–1263. Vol. II.:—Annales Monasterii de Wintonia, 519–1277; Annales Monasterii de Waverleia, 1–1291.
Hengist and Horsa to 21 Edw. I. 449 to 1293.	Chronica Johannis de Oxenedes.
Hengist and Horsa to 26 Edw. I. 449 to 1298.	Bartholomæi de Cotton, Monachi Norwicensis, Historia Anglicana. 449–1298.
Geographical Introduction.	Polychronicon Ranulphi Higden, with Trevisa's Translation. Vol. I.
30–33 Edw. I. 1302 to 1305.	Year Books of the Reign of Edward the First. Years 30–31, and 32–33.
8 Hen. III. to 27 Edw. III. 1224 to 1353.	Monumenta Franciscana; scilicet, I.—Thomas de Eccleston de Adventu Fratrum Minorem in Angliam. II.—Adæ de Marisco Epistolæ. III.—Registrum Fratrum Minorum Londoniæ.
681 to 13 Ric. II. 681 to 1390.	Historia et Cartularium Monasterii S. Petri Gloucestriæ. Vols. I. and II.
1 to 6 Hen. IV. 1399 to 1404.	A Collection of Royal and Historical Letters during the Reign of Henry IV.
The Creation to 1 Hen. V. B.C. 4004 to 1413.	Eulogium (Historiarum sive Temporis): Chronicon ab Orbe condito usque ad Annum Domini 1366; a Monacho quodam Malmesbiriensi exaratum. Vols. I., II., and III.
The Creation to 5 Hen. V. B.C. 4004 to 1417.	The Chronicle of England, by John Capgrave.
690 to 5 Hen. V. 690 to 1418.	Chronicon Abbatiæ Eveshamensis, Auctoribus Dominico Priore Eveshamiæ et Thomæ de Marleberge Abbate, a Fundatione ad Annum 1213, una cum Continuatione ad Annum 1418.
1 to 10 Hen. V. 1413 to 1422.	Memorials of Henry the Fifth. I.—Vita Henrici Quinti, Roberto Redmanno auctore. II.—Versus Rythmici in laudem Regis Henrici Quinti. III.—Elmhami Liber Metricus de Henrico V.
43 Hen. III. to 10 Hen. V. 1259 to 1422.	Chronica Monasterii S. Albani.—1. Thomæ Walsingham Historia Anglicana; Vol. I., 1272–1381: Vol. II., 1381–1422. 2. Willelmi Rishanger Chronica et Annales, 1259–1307.
37 Edw. III. to 6 Hen. VI. 1363–1428.	Fasciculi Zizaniorum Magistri Johannis Wyclif cum Tritico. Ascribed to Thomas Netter, of Walden, Provincial of the Carmelite Order in England, and Confessor to King Henry the Fifth.

Extreme Dates to which each Work refers.	Title of Work.
Early times to death of Jas. I. of Scotland, 1436.	THE BUIK OF THE CRONICLIS OF SCOTLAND; or, A Metrical Version of the History of Hector Boece; by WILLIAM STEWART.
British Kings to 16 Hen. VI., 1437.	MUNIMENTA GILDHALLÆ LONDONIENSIS; Liber Albus, Liber Custumarum, et Liber Horn, in archivis Gildhallæ asservati. Vol. I., Liber Albus. Vol. II. (in Two Parts), Liber Custumarum. Vol. III., Translation of the Anglo-Norman Passages in Liber Albus, Glossaries, Appendices, and Index.
918 to 24 Hen. VI. 918 to 1446.	JOHANNIS CAPGRAVE LIBER DE ILLUSTRIBUS HENRICIS.
Circa 27 Hen. VI. 1449.	THE REPRESSOR OF OVER MUCH BLAMING OF THE CLERGY. By REGINALD PECOCK, sometime Bishop of Chichester. Vols. I. and II.
27–28 Hen. VI. 1449–1450.	NARRATIVES OF THE EXPULSION OF THE ENGLISH FROM NORMANDY, 1449–1450.—Robertus Blondelli de Reductione Normanniæ: Le Recouvrement de Normendie, par Berry, Herault du Roy: Conferences between the Ambassadors of France and England.
22 Rich. II. to 1 Edw. IV. 1398 to 1461.	LETTERS AND PAPERS ILLUSTRATIVE OF THE WARS OF THE ENGLISH IN FRANCE DURING THE REIGN OF HENRY THE SIXTH, KING OF ENGLAND. Vol. I.; and Vol. II. (in Two Parts).
1 Edw. III. to 1 Rich. III. 1327 to 1483.	A COLLECTION OF POLITICAL POEMS AND SONGS RELATING TO ENGLISH HISTORY, FROM THE ACCESSION OF EDWARD III. TO THE REIGN OF HENRY VIII.
1 Edw. V. to 24 Hen. VII. 1483 to 1509.	LETTERS AND PAPERS ILLUSTRATIVE OF THE REIGNS OF RICHARD III. AND HENRY VII. Vols. I. and II.
35 Hen. VI. to 1 Hen. VIII. 1457 to 1509.	MEMORIALS OF HENRY THE SEVENTH: Bernardi Andreæ Tholosatis Vita Regis Henrici Septimi; necnon alia quædam ad eundem Regem spectantia.

The following volumes of Chronicles were published in 1865:—

RECUEIL DES CRONIQUES ET ANCHIENNES ISTORIES DE LA GRANT BRETAIGNE A PRESENT NOMME ENGLETERRE, par JEHAN DE WAURIN. From Albina to 688. *Edited by* WILLIAM HARDY, Esq., F.S.A.

A COLLECTION OF THE CHRONICLES AND ANCIENT HISTORIES OF GREAT BRITAIN, NOW CALLED ENGLAND, BY JOHN DE WAVRIN. From Albina to 688. (Translation of the preceding.) *Edited and translated by* WILLIAM HARDY, Esq., F.S.A.

POLYCHRONICON RANULPHI HIGDEN, with Trevisa's Translation. Vol. I. *Edited by* CHURCHILL BABINGTON, B.D., Senior Fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge.

Chronicles and Memorials of the Reign of Richard the First. Vol. II. :—Epistolæ Cantuarienses ; the Letters of the Prior and Convent of Christ Church, Canterbury ; 1187 to 1199. *Edited by* William Stubbs, M.A., Vicar of Navestock, Essex, and Lambeth Librarian.

Chronica Monasterii S. Albani. — 2. Willelmi Rishanger Chronica et Annales, 1259–1307. *Edited by* Henry Thomas Riley, Esq., M.A., of Corpus Christi College, Cambridge, and of the Inner Temple, Barrister-at-Law.

Historia et Cartularium Monasterii S. Petri Gloucestriæ. Vol. II. *Edited by* W. H. Hart, Esq., F. S.A., Membre correspondant de la Société des Antiquaires de Normandie.

Leechdoms, Wortcunning, and Starcraft of Early England ; being a collection of Documents illustrating the History of Science in this Country before the Norman Conquest. Vol. II. *Collected and edited by* Rev. T. Oswald Cockayne, M.A., of St. John's College, Cambridge.

Annales Monastici. Vol. II. :—Annales Monasterii de Wintonia, 519–1277 ; Annales Monasterii de Waverleia, 1–1291. *Edited by* Henry Richards Luard, M.A., Fellow and Assistant Tutor of Trinity College, and Registrary of the University, Cambridge.

Descriptive Catalogue of Manuscripts relating to the History of Great Britain and Ireland. Vol. II. : 1066–1200. *By* Thomas Duffus Hardy, Esq., Deputy Keeper of the Public Records.

And the following works are in the press, or in progress :—

Le Livere de Reis de Brittanie e le Livere de Reis de Engleterre. *Edited by* John Glover, M.A., Vicar of Brading, Isle of Wight.

The Wars of the Danes in Ireland : written in the Irish language. *Edited by* the Rev. J. H. Todd, D.D., Senior Fellow of Trinity College, Dublin.

A Collection of Sagas and other Historical Documents relating to the Settlements and Descents of the Northmen on the British Isles. *Edited by* George Webbe Dasent, Esq., D.C.L., Oxon.

Official Correspondence of Thomas Bekynton, Secretary to Henry VI., with other Letters and Documents. *Edited by* the Rev. George Williams, B.D., Senior Fellow of King's College, Cambridge.

Royal and other Historical Letters illustrative of the Reign of Henry III., from the Originals in the Public Record Office. Vol. II., 1236–1272. *Selected and edited by* the Rev. W. W. Shirley, D.D., Regius Professor in Ecclesiastical History, and Canon of Christ Church, Oxford.

Original Documents illustrative of Academical and Clerical Life and Studies at Oxford between the Reigns of Henry III. and Henry VII. *Edited by* the Rev. Henry Anstey, M.A.

Roll of the Privy Council of Ireland, 16 Richard II. *Edited by* the Rev. James Graves, A.B., Treasurer of St. Canice, Ireland.

Ricardi de Cirencestria Speculum Historiale de Gestis Regum Angliæ. Vol. II.—872–1066. *Edited by* John E. B. Mayor, M.A., Fellow and Assistant Tutor of St. John's College, and Librarian of the University, Cambridge.

THE WORKS OF GIRALDUS CAMBRENSIS. Vol. IV. *Edited by* J. S. BREWER, M.A., Professor of English Literature, King's College, London.

MATTHÆI PARISIENSIS HISTORIA ANGLORUM, SIVE, UT VULGO DICITUR, HISTORIA MINOR. *Edited by* Sir FREDERICK MADDEN, K.H., Keeper of the Department of Manuscripts, British Museum.

CHRONICON RADULPHI ABBATIS COGGESHALENSIS MAJUS ; and, CHRONICON TERRÆ SANCTÆ ET DE CAPTIS A SALADINO HIEROSOLYMIS. *Edited by* the Rev. JOSEPH STEVENSON, M.A., of University College, Durham.

YEAR BOOKS OF THE REIGN OF EDWARD THE FIRST. 20th, 21st and 22nd Years. *Edited and translated by* ALFRED JOHN HORWOOD, Esq., of the Middle Temple, Barrister-at-Law.

RECUEIL DES CRONIQUES ET ANCHIENNES ISTORIES DE LA GRANT BRETAIGNE A PRESENT NOMME ENGLETERRE, par JEHAN DE WAURIN (continued). *Edited by* WILLIAM HARDY, Esq., F.S.A.

CHRONICA MONASTERII DE MELSA, AB ANNO 1150 USQUE AD ANNUM 1400. *Edited by* EDWARD AUGUSTUS BOND, Esq., Assistant Keeper of the Department of Manuscripts, and Egerton Librarian, British Museum.

POLYCHRONICON RANULPHI HIGDEN, with Trevisa's Translation. Vol. II. *Edited by* CHURCHILL BABINGTON, B.D., Senior Fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge.

ITER BRITANNIARUM : THE PORTION OF THE ANTONINE ITINERARY OF THE ROMAN EMPIRE RELATING TO GREAT BRITAIN. *Edited by* WILLIAM HENRY BLACK, Esq., F.S.A.

ANNALES MONASTICI. Vol. III. *Edited by* HENRY RICHARDS LUARD, M.A., Fellow and Assistant Tutor of Trinity College, and Registrary of the University, Cambridge.

CHRONICA MONASTERII S. ALBANI.—3. JOHANNIS DE TROKELOWE ET HENRICI DE BLANEFORDE CHRONICA ET ANNALES, 1259–1296 ; 1307–1324 ; 1392–1406. *Edited by* HENRY THOMAS RILEY, Esq., M.A., of Corpus Christi College, Cambridge, and of the Inner Temple, Barrister-at-Law.

HISTORIA ET CARTULARIUM MONASTERII S. PETRI GLOUCESTRIÆ. Vol. III. *Edited by* W. H. HART, Esq., F.S.A., Membre correspondant de la Société des Antiquaires de Normandie.

LIBER DE HYDA : A CHRONICLE AND CHARTULARY OF HYDE ABBEY, WINCHESTER. *Edited, from a Manuscript in the Library of the Earl of Macclesfield, by* EDWARD EDWARDS, Esq.

CHRONICLE ATTRIBUTED TO BENEDICT, ABBOT OF PETERBOROUGH. *Edited by* WILLIAM STUBBS, M.A., Vicar of Navestock, Essex, and Lambeth Librarian.

LEECHDOMS, WORTCUNNING, AND STARCRAFT OF EARLY ENGLAND ; being a collection of Documents illustrating the History of Science in this Country before the Norman Conquest. Vol. III. *Collected and edited by* the Rev. T. OSWALD COCKAYNE, M.A., of St. John's College, Cambridge.

CHRONICON SCOTORUM : A CHRONICLE OF IRISH AFFAIRS, from the EARLIEST TIMES to 1135. *Edited and translated by* W. MAUNSELL HENNESSY, Esq., M.R.I.A.

DOCUMENTS RELATING TO ENGLAND AND SCOTLAND, FROM THE NORTHERN REGISTERS. *Edited by* the Rev. JAMES RAINE, M.A., of Durham University.

Willelmi Malmesbiriensis de Gestis Pontificum Anglorum, Libri V. *Edited, from William of Malmesbury's Autograph MS., by* N. E. S. A. Hamilton, Esq., of the Department of Manuscripts, British Museum.

Chronique de Pierre de Langtoft. *Edited by* Thomas Wright, Esq., M.A.

Chronicle of Robert of Brunne. *Edited by* Frederick James Furnivall, Esq., M.A., of Trinity Hall, Cambridge, Barrister-at-Law.

Descriptive Catalogue of Manuscripts relating to the History of Great Britain and Ireland. Vol. III.; 1201, &c. *By* Thomas Duffus Hardy, Esq., Deputy Keeper of the Public Records.

XI. NEW BLOCK OF RECORD REPOSITORY.

The progress of this work has been laid before Your Majesty in previous Reports (Twenty-fifth Report, § IX.; Twenty-sixth Report, § IX.). In the last Report a hope was expressed that the works would be finished by Midsummer, and the rooms ready for their furniture by Michaelmas, 1865. That desirable end, however, has not been accomplished, the fault resting entirely with the Contractors; it is now expected that the building will be ready for the use of the Department in the spring of 1866.

It is also stated in the Twenty-sixth Report (§ IX.), that it was in contemplation to complete the centre tower of the south front of the Repository, with the view of affording a more efficient supply of water in case of fire. The necessary grant has been voted by Parliament, and the works have been commenced.

The arrangements for placing the whole of the Record Premises under the sole charge of the Metropolitan Police, mentioned in the last Report, have not yet been settled.

XII. TRANSFERS AND REMOVALS.

1. Transfers into the Public Record Office.

Chancery:—

Close Rolls, 1862; from Enrolment Office; 7 January 1865; 263 Rolls.

Decrees and Dockets; from Clerks of Records and Writs; 90 Decrees and 90 Dockets.

Recognizance Rolls, 1861; from Enrolment Office; 7 January 1865; 3 Rolls.

Specification and Surrender Rolls, 1710–1848; 20 April 1865; 287 Rolls and 2 Volumes of Calendars.

Commissions, Inquisitions, and Decrees, under Statute 43 Eliz., respecting Lands given to Charitable Uses; 3 November 1865; 60 Bundles.

Awards and Replications to Decrees of Commissioners of Charitable Uses; 3 November 1865; 21 Parts.

} From Petty Bag Office, pursuant to Warrant dated 28 March 1865.

CHANCERY—*continued.*

Parliament Pawns, 21 Hen. VIII.–1818; 13 December 1865; 3 Bundles.
Reports of Commissioners upon Inquiries respecting Courts of Justice, 1740–1864; 13 December 1865; 64 Parts.
Adjudications of Sewers (Bedford Level), Charles II.; 13 December 1865; 8 Parts.
63 Laws and Ordinances of Sewers, 42 Eliz. —1831; 13 December 1865; 2 Parts.

} From Petty Bag Office, pursuant to Warrant dated 28 March 1865.

ADMIRALTY COURT:—

Registrar's Office:—

Papers in Instance Causes, 1772–1839; 7 December 1865; 343 Bundles.

} Pursuant to Registrar's Letter of 4 December 1865.

WAR OFFICE:—

Discharge Documents, 1863; 13 March 1865; 97 Bundles; pursuant to War Office Letter of 3 March 1865.
Discharge Documents, 1864; 9 October 1865; 118 Bundles; pursuant to War Office Letter of 29 September 1865.
District Accounts, and Depôt Battalion Pay Lists, 1855–6—1862–3; 19 June and 19 July 1865; 467 Volumes; pursuant to War Office Letter of 16 May 1865.
Regimental Pay Lists, 1857–8; 27 March 1865; 3 Volumes; pursuant to War Office Letter of 19 November 1864.

TREASURY:—

Draft Minutes, before 1807—December 1829; 30 and 31 October 1865; 296 Bundles; pursuant to Treasury Letter of 24 October 1865.
Registered Papers, 1830–1840; 30 and 31 October 1865; 862 Bundles; pursuant to Treasury Letter of 24 October 1865.

2. TRANSFERS FROM THE PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE.

TO ECCLESIASTICAL COMMISSIONERS FOR ENGLAND:—

Papers relating to Church Cases, among Treasury Solicitor's Papers; 23 January 1865; 26 Bundles.

TO OFFICE OF WOODS, &c.:—

Papers relating to Crown Lands, among Treasury Solicitor's Papers; 11 January 1865; pursuant to Treasury Letter of 2 October 1860.

XIII. ARRANGEMENT, REPAIRS, BINDING, AND SIMILAR OPERATIONS.

CHANCERY:—

Bedford Level, Decrees of Commissioners of, Charles II.; 8 Parts numbered, &c.; List.
Bills and Answers, James I., Bedford; mended.

CHANCERY—*continued.*

Charter Rolls; 1 Roll mended.

Close Rolls; 20 membranes flattened and mended; 1,244 Rolls ticketed; 104 covers mended and sewed on.

Courts of Justice, Reports of Commissioners on, 1740–1864; 64 Parts numbered, &c.; List.

Decrees; 321 membranes sewed, and made into Rolls.

Parliament Pawns and Returns, 21 Hen. VIII.—1818; 3 Parts numbered, &c.; List.

Patent Rolls; 2 Rolls mended; 3 volumes of Calendars, &c., bound.

Privy Signet Bills, to end of Charles I.; monthly files examined, arranged, compared with Index, ticketed, incorporated, &c.; List of files; 1 opened and flattened.

Recognizance Rolls, 1861; ticketed, &c.

Royal Letters; Index to Calendar bound.

Sewers, Laws and Ordinances of, 42 Eliz.—1831; 2 Parts numbered, &c.; List.

Specification and Surrender Rolls; 287 ticketed; 166 membranes mended; List.

Specifications; 12 leaves separated and sized.

COMMON PLEAS:—

Concords of Fines, Charles I. and II.; 8 bundles sorted and arranged in Counties; 170 suits refiled and sewed; 342 sewings.

Feet of Fines; 40 sewings.

Notes of Fines; 11,995 suits dusted, flattened, connected, and packed; 765 membranes flattened, mended, and guarded.

EXCHEQUER:—

Queen's Remembrancer:—

Depositions, Eliz.; ticketed; 7 membranes sewed.

Ministers' and Receivers' Accounts, Hen. VIII.; sorted chronologically, numbered, checked, &c.; 32 Rolls ticketed; covers, &c., mended and flattened; Lists.

Subsidies; numbered, identified with slips, and checked with printed Calendar; slips sorted and arranged, &c.; in continuation.

Tax Accounts, before 1689; incorporated with Subsidies.

Augmentation Office:—

Ministers' Accounts: 824 Rolls ticketed and sewed.

Treasury of the Receipt:—

Miscellaneous; classification and arrangement continued.

COURT OF REQUESTS:—

Proceedings of, Hen. VIII.—Charles I.; arrangement, repacking, ticketing, &c.

COURT OF ADMIRALTY:—

Registrar's Office:—

Instance Papers, 1770–1839; 1,062 in 343 bundles, arranged and placed in presses; Lists.

WELSH:—

Bills of Costs, &c., (Carmarthen), 1721–1830; sorted into years, flattened, and packed in 15 packages.

Declarations (Carmarthen Circuit), 9 Jas. I.—1830; sorted into years, flattened, and packed in 49 packages.

Early Deeds [?Exhibits] (Chester); 136 membranes flattened.

Escheators' Inquisitions, 19, 20, & 23 Edw. I.; 187 membranes sewed.

Exchequer (Chester); Miscellaneous examined; List.

Mainprize Rolls (Chester), Edw. III. and Ric. II.; 5 Rolls, 163 membranes, mended.

Plea Rolls; 50 Rolls flattened and ticketed; 91 sewings, 1 Roll and 4 membranes mended; loose membranes dated; arranged chronologically, and ticketed.

Plea Rolls (Chester), Edw. I. and II.; 541 membranes mended.

Prothonotary's Rule Books, &c., (Chester and Flint); 30 volumes repaired and bound; 441 leaves sized.

Registrar's Files, &c., (Brecon Circuit), 1705–1827; sorted into years, flattened, and packed in 9 packages.

Writs, &c., (Chester, and Brecon Circuit); sorted into reigns, and tied in 421 parcels.

ADMIRALTY:—

Books; 6,648 volumes ticketed.

Navy Board Correspondence, Charles II.; flattened, arranged, and tied up in portfolios.

AUDIT OFFICE:—

172 Books ticketed; Miscellaneous Lists, &c.

HOME OFFICE:—

Domestic, Hen. VIII.; 3 vols., 493 leaves, sized; 14 leaves sized and mended.

Domestic, James I.—Charles II.; 76 bundles, 13,265 leaves, repaired, guarded, and bound in 75 volumes; 65 volumes stamped.

FOREIGN OFFICE:—

Foreign, Elizabeth, &c.; 15 volumes, 3,120 leaves, sized; 67 volumes and 12 bundles stamped; Lists.

COLONIAL OFFICE:—

Ionian Islands' Papers, 1803–1864; arrangement continued; 624 bundles packed.

TREASURY:—

Commissariat Books; 134 volumes ticketed.

Registered Papers; sorted, dated, incorporated, and arranged chronologically, to end of 1699; 87 bundles ticketed and tied up; 820 bundles packed and numbered; 12 leaves sized and mended; Lists.

WAR OFFICE:—

Discharges, 1863 and 1864; 215 bundles arranged, tied up, ticketed, and placed in presses; Lists.

District Accounts, and Depôt Battalion Pay Lists, 1855–1863; 486 volumes arranged, tied up, ticketed, and placed in presses; Lists.

SCOTLAND:—

Charters; 21 membranes flattened and mended, for the General Register House, Edinburgh.*

Binding:—2 volumes bound, various bindings repaired, &c.; 46 documents flattened and mended.

Search Offices:—62,186 membranes stamped on production to Inquirers.

XIV. INVENTORIES.

CHANCERY:—

Close Rolls, 1756–7—1853; Awards of Inclosure Commissioners (*see* Appendix No. 1a).

Cartæ Antiquæ, Confirmation Rolls, { Ethelbert—James I.; Table of References to Charters (*see* Appendix, No. 2).

QUEEN'S BENCH:—

Plea Side:—

Plea Rolls, 1760–1842; Awards of Inclosure Commissioners (*see* Appendix No. 1b).

COMMON PLEAS:—

Recovery Rolls, 1762–1849; Awards of Inclosure Commissioners (*see* Appendix No. 1c).

EXCHEQUER OF PLEAS:—

Plea Rolls, 1771–1832; Awards of Inclosure Commissioners (*see* Appendix No. 1d).

EXCHEQUER:

Queen's Remembrancer:—

Memoranda Rolls, 1817–1851; Awards of Inclosure Commissioners (*see* Appendix No. 1e).

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* In addition, Mr. Hood, the Senior Foreman, was employed, by request of the Lord Clerk Register and with the sanction of the Treasury, at the General Register House, Edinburgh, in repairing Scottish Documents, &c., from 14 Nov. 1865 to 11 Jan. 1866.

WELSH:—

1741–1811; Awards of Inclosure Commissioners (*see* Appendix No. 1f).

CONTENTS OF PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE:—continued, chronologically: Press List completed.

CALENDARS, INDEXES, &c., IN PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE:—Additions to Inventory (*see* Appendix No. 6).

XV. CALENDARS AND CATALOGUES.

CHANCERY:—

Close Rolls, 12 & 13 Hen. III.; (*see* Appendix No. 3).
Decree Rolls; 1,082 entries.
Decrees, Vict.; 5 Rolls, 85 Decrees.
Inquisitions, Hen. III. and Edw. I.; Calendar of Heirs extracted, and printed under the title of "Calendarium "Genealogicum."
Patent Rolls, 56 & 57 Hen. III.; reign completed.
„ 1 Edw. I., continued; 1,251 entries, 4,982 cross references.

EXCHEQUER:—

Queen's Remembrancer:—

Bills and Answers, Eliz.; continued; 757 suits.
Depositions by Commission; continued to 30–33 Eliz.
Ministers' Accounts; continued to 30–33 Hen. VIII.
Special Commissions; 40 maps and plans.

WELSH:—

Fines, Edw. I.; in progress.
Plea Rolls; Deeds, Inquisitions, and Writs of Dower (Chester), Edw. II.; completed (*see* Appendix No. 4).
Recognizance Rolls; continued to 13 Hen. VI.; 303 entries and 220 cross references, in alphabetical arrangement.

LETTERS AND PAPERS, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC:—

Hen. VIII., continued; printed to end of 1522.

AUDIT OFFICE:—

Miscellaneous Catalogues and Lists (*see* Appendix No. 6).

HOME OFFICE:—

Domestic, Charles I.; continued; printed to April 1636.
Domestic, Charles II.; continued; printed to November 1667.

FOREIGN OFFICE:—

Foreign, Elizabeth; continued; printed to end of March 1562.

COLONIAL OFFICE:—
Colonial; East Indies, China, and Japan; continued to 1625.

TREASURY:—
Registered Papers; continued to end of 1699.

XVI. INDEXES.

CHANCERY:—
Close Rolls; 1837, commenced; 88 Rolls, 1,441 Instruments.
„ 1848, completed; 24 Rolls, 799 Instruments.
„ 1849, commenced; 49 Rolls, 783 Instruments.
„ 1850, commenced; 29 Rolls, 409 Instruments.

COMMON PLEAS:—
Feet of Fines, Geo. II.; continued.

EXCHEQUER:—
Queen's Remembrancer:—
Depositions by Commission, 30–32 Eliz.

COURT OF REQUESTS:—
Proceedings, Eliz.; 464 entries.

STATE PAPERS:—
Indexes to Printed Calendars.

ANNUAL REPORTS OF THE DEPUTY KEEPER OF THE PUBLIC RECORDS:—
Index to 22 Reports, completed at Press.
Index, 23rd to 27th Reports, completed at Press, and annexed to this Report.

All which is humbly submitted to Your Majesty.

Dated this 14th day of February 1866.

(Signed) T. DUFFUS HARDY,
Deputy Keeper of the Public Records.

I most humbly certify to Your Majesty that this Report is made by the Deputy Keeper of the Public Records, under my direction, pursuant to the Statute.

(Signed) ROMILLY, M.R.

APPENDIX

TO

THE TWENTY-SEVENTH REPORT OF THE DEPUTY KEEPER OF THE PUBLIC RECORDS.

No. 1.—List of Awards of Commissioners appointed to inclose, set out, and allot the open Commons and other Lands in England and Wales; enrolled in the Courts of Chancery, Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, Exchequer, etc.: also, in the Office of the Duchy of Lancaster.

No. 1a.—Chancery. 1756–7 to 1853.

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Close Rolls.	Particulars.
Norfolk	Swanton with Worthing	30 Geo. 2. 1756–7. Part 19, No. 8.	Inclosure and division of the common fields, &c., belonging to the manor of Swanton with Worthing, within the parishes of Swanton, Morley, and Worthing.
Norfolk	Brancaster	30 Geo. 2. 1756–7. Part 19, No. 9.	Inclosure and division of the common fields, &c., in the manor and parish of Brancaster.
Warwick	Newton, in the parish of Clifton upon Dunsmore.	31 Geo. 2. 1757–8. Part 7, No. 8.	Inclosure and division of the common fields, &c., in Newton, in the parish of Clifton upon Dunsmore.
Southampton (Plan.)	Barton Stacy	31 Geo. 2. 1757–8. Part 10, No. 13.	Inclosure and division of the common lands within the manor of Barton Stacy.
Leicester	Great Glen	33 Geo. 2. 1759–60. Part 16, No. 20.	Inclosure and division of the open fields and waste lands, &c., in Great Glen.
Nottingham	Staunton	34 Geo. 2. 1760. Part 6, No. 22.	Inclosure and division of the open fields and waste grounds in the manor and parish of Staunton.
Nottingham	Hawksworth	1 Geo. 3. 1760–1. Part 8, No. 17.	Inclosure and division of the common fields and waste grounds in the manor and parish of Hawksworth
Leicester	Evington and Stoughton	1 Geo. 3. 1760–1. Part 14, No. 9.	Division of lands, &c., in the manor of Evington and Stoughton.
Leicester	Hoby	1 Geo. 3. 1760–1. Part 19, No. 14.	Inclosure and division of the common fields in the parish of Hoby.
Rutland	Thistleton	2 Geo. 3. 1761–2. Part 9, No. 2.	Inclosure and division of the open fields, commons, and waste grounds in the manor of Thistleton.
Nottingham	Clifton, North and South	2 Geo. 3. 1761–2. Part 5, No. 3.	Inclosure and division of the open fields, commons, and waste grounds in the parish of Clifton.
Huntingdon	Folkesworth	2 Geo. 3. 1761–2. Part 15, No. 23.	Inclosure and division of the common fields, &c., in the parish of Folkesworth.

No. 1a.—Chancery—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Close Rolls.	Particulars.
Leicester	Barrow-upon-Soar	2 Geo. 3. 1761–2. Part 16, No. 4.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields, &c., within the lordship or liberty of Barrow-upon-Soar.
Huntingdon	Fletton	3 Geo. 3. 1762–3. Part 16, No. 24.	Inclosure and division of the open fields &c., in the manor and parish of Fletton.
Rutland	Greetham	4 Geo. 3. 1763–4. Part 9, No. 1.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields, heath, and waste grounds within the manor and parish of Greetham.
Nottingham (PLAN.)	Wiseton	4 Geo. 3. 1763–4. Part 10, No. 10.	Inclosure and division of the common fields, ings, and commonable grounds of Wiseton.
Derby (PLAN.)	Scropton	4 Geo. 3. 1763–4. Part 11, No. 11.	Inclosure and division of the common fields and waste grounds within the manor of Scropton.
Hertford	Walsworth (Hitchin)	7 Geo. 3. 1766–7. Part 8, No. 10.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields, &c., in the hamlet of Walsworth, in the parish of Hitchin.
Northampton	Twywell	7 Geo. 3. 1766–7. Part 18, No. 11.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields, commons, and commonable waste grounds in the manor and parish of Twywell.
Wilts	Ashen Keynes (Leigh)	8 Geo. 3. 1767–8. Part 16, No. 1.	Inclosure, division, and allotment of the commons, waste grounds, and open common fields in the manor of Leigh, in the parish of Ashen Keynes.
Warwick	Willey	10 Geo. 3. 1769–70. Part 6, No. 9.	Inclosure and division of the open common fields, commonable lands, and waste grounds within the parish of Willey.
Suffolk	Shernbourne	10 Geo. 3. 1769–70. Part 17, No. 15.	Inclosure, division, and allotment of the whole year lands, half-year inclosures, common fields, and commons in the parish of Shernbourne.
Suffolk	Cavenham	13 Geo. 3. 1772–3. Part 9, No. 17.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields and commonable grounds in the parish of Cavenham.
Lincoln	Candlesby	27 Geo. 3. 1786–7. Part 30, No. 1.	Inclosure and division of certain open common fields and commonable grounds in the parish of Candlesby.
Sussex	Walderton Down	28 Geo. 3. 1787–8. Part 11, No. 6.	Award of John Scott determining that Walderton Down lies in the manor of Stanstead, in the county of Sussex.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Owston	32 Geo. 3. 1791–2. Part 31, No. 16.	Inclosure and division of the common fields in the parish of Owston.
Warwick	Curdworth and Minworth	33 Geo. 3. 1792–3. Part 10, No. 4.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields, waste grounds, and other commonable lands in the lordship of Curdworth and Minworth, in the parish of Curdworth.
Middlesex (PLAN.)	Teddington	40 Geo. 3. 1799–1800. Part 9, No. 6.	Inclosure and division of the common fields and wastes within the manor of Teddington, otherwise Todington, Tottington, or Tudington.
Wilts	Oaksey	43 Geo. 3. 1802–3. Part 10, No. 10.	Inclosure, division, and allotment of Oaksey common within (or belonging to) the manor of Oaksey.
Suffolk (PLAN.)	Iken	45 Geo. 3. 1804–5. Part 15, No. 14.	Inclosure and division of lands in the parish of Iken.
Norfolk (PLAN.)	Potter Heigham	46 Geo. 3. 1805–6. Part 32, No. 2.	Inclosure, drainage, &c., of the common fields, marsh lands, and fens within the parish of Potter Heigham.
Hertford (PLAN.)	Northaw	47 Geo. 3. 1806–7. Part 18, No. 11.	Inclosure and division of the waste and commonable lands within the parish of Northaw.
Oxford (PLAN.)	Goring	53 Geo. 3. 1812–13. Part 26, No. 3.	Inclosure of the common or heath and other waste lands of Goring.

No. 1a.—Chancery—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Close Rolls.	Particulars.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Brocklesby and Great Limber	55 Geo. 3. 1814–15. Part 78, No. 8.	Allotment and exoneration from tithes of lands in the parishes of Brocklesby, and Great Limber.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Cabourne	55 Geo. 3. 1814–15. Part 78, No. 9.	Inclosure of lands in Cabourne.
Wilts (PLAN.)	Winterbourne Monckton	56 Geo. 3. 1815–16. Part 47, No. 5.	Inclosure and division of lands in Winterbourne Monckton.
Berks (PLAN.)	Beenham and Padworth	56 Geo. 3. 1815–16. Part 48, Nos. 5 & 6.	Inclosure and division of lands in Beenham and Padworth.
Berks (PLAN.)	Windsor Forest	57 Geo. 3. 1816–17. Part 20, No. 1.	Allotment to the King of the waste lands within the late forest of Windsor.
Gloucester (PLAN.)	Littleton (West)	58 Geo. 3. 1817–18. Part 41, No. 13.	Inclosure and division of the common fields, &c., within the manor of West Littleton.
Suffolk (PLAN.)	Walsham-le-Willows	1 Geo. 4. 1820. Part 63, No. 1.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Walsham-le-Willows.
Berks (PLAN.)	Thatcham	1 Geo. 4. 1820. Part 22, No. 7.	Inclosure of lands in the tythings or hamlets of Thatcham, Borough, Henwick, Colthrop Parsonage, and Awbery Street, a common called Ham Marsh, in the tything of Greenham, in the parish of Thatcham.
Northampton (PLAN.)	Borough Fen	2 Geo. 4. 1821. Part 34, No. 12.	Inclosure, drainage, and improvement of the lands called Borough Fen common and the four hundred acre common, for forming the same into a parish to be called "New Borough," and for building and endowing a church for such parish.
Salop (PLAN.)	Norton in Hales	3 Geo. 4. 1822. Part 45, No. 1.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Norton in Hales.
York (N.R.) (PLAN.)	Sneaton	5 Geo. 4. 1824. Part 32, No. 13.	Inclosure of common and waste lands in the parish of Sneaton.
Berks (PLAN.)	Marcham	8 Geo. 4. 1827. Part 24, No. 1.	Inclosure of lands within the township and parish of Marcham.
Essex (PLAN.)	Orsett	1837. Part 84, No. 1.	Inclosure, division, and improvement of waste grounds in the manor of Orsett.
Sussex (PLAN.)	Bosham and Funtington	1837. Parts 207, 208, 209.	Inclosure of lands in the parishes of Bosham and Funtington.
Devon	River Mole	1838. Part 20, No. 7.	Award of William Mackworth Praed as to the right of fishing in the river Mole where the said river flows between the lands of John Buller; and that the latter is entitled to place and keep a weir across the said river.
Cornwall	Garras, Helleston Borough,	1839. Part 13, No. 19.	Inclosure and division of the common called the Garras, lying in the parish of Mawgan in Meneage.
Berks (PLAN.)	West Hanney	1840. Part 68, No. 7.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields in the parish of West Hanney.
Wilts (PLAN.)	Damerham (South)	1841. Part 69, No. 1.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of South Damerham, Wilts.
Essex	Little Hallingbury	1845. Part 10, No. 5.	Inclosure and division of the common and open fields of Little Hallingbury, co. Essex.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Bardney	1847. Part 151, No. 5.	Inclosure of the open and common fields in the parish of Bardney.
Surrey (PLAN.)	Walworth	1851. Part 108.	Partition and division of Walworth common pursuant to Stat. 10 Geo. 3. c. 72.
Oxford (PLAN.)	Warborough	1853. Part 72.	Concerning the Warborough inclosure, conveyance to the rector of a piece of land for a school to be erected upon.

No. 1b.—Queen's Bench (Plea Side). 1760 to 1842.

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Plea Rolls.	Particulars.
Lancaster	Barton Halsale	33 Geo. 2. 1760. East. ro. 224.	Award concerning a road over Barton Moss, in dispute between the inhabitants of the vills or townships of Formby, Ainsdale, and Birkdale, and the inhabitants of the vill of Barton, in the parish of Halsale.
Leicester	Seagrave	1 Geo. 3. 1761. Trin. ro. 553.	Inclosure of certain open fields and commons within the lordship or liberty of Seagrave.
Nottingham	Newton	1 Geo. 3. 1761. Trin. ro. 554.	Inclosure and division of lands in the manor or lordship of Newton, and of certain charity lands there.
Nottingham	Costock, alias Cortlingstock.	1 Geo. 3. 1761. Trin. ro. 555.	Inclosure and division of the open fields and commons in Corstock, alias Cortlingstock.
Leicester	Melton Mowbray	2 Geo. 3. 1762. Hil. ro. 313.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields in the parish of Melton Mowbray.
Nottingham	Broughton Sulney	2 Geo. 3. 1762. Hil. ro. 314.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields in Broughton Sulney.
Leicester	Abkettleby	2 Geo. 3. 1762. Hil. ro. 400.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields of Abkettleby.
Leicester	Breedon, Tonge, Wilson	2 Geo. 3. 1762. East. ro. 58.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields of Breedon, Tonge, and Wilson, in the manor of Breedon.
Rutland	Whissendine	3 Geo. 3. 1763. Trin. ro. 159.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields in Whissendine.
Oxford	Great Tew	7 Geo. 3. 1767. Hil. ro. 160.	Inclosure and division of certain open fields and waste grounds in the manor, parish, and tything of Great Tew.
Huntingdon	Laighton Bromwood, otherwise Laighton Ecclesia.	9 Geo. 3. 1769. East. ro. 337.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields in the parish of Laighton Bromwold, otherwise Laighton Ecclesia.
Derby	Littleover, in the parish of Mickleover.	11 Geo. 3. 1770. Mich. ro. 208.	Inclosure and division of several common and waste grounds and open fields in the liberty of Littleover, and in the parish of Mickleover.
Derby	Normanton, next Derby	11 Geo. 3. 1770. Mich. ro. 209.	Inclosure and division of the open fields and commons in Normanton next Derby.
Leicester	Eaton	11 Geo. 3. 1771. East. ro. 36.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds in the parish of Eaton.
Leicester	Sproxton	12 Geo. 3. 1772. East. ro. 182.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields in the parish of Sproxton.
Leicester	Saltby	12 Geo. 3. 1772. East. ro. 183.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields in the parish of Saltby.
Chester (Plan.)	Cowhall, alias Coughall	13 Geo. 3. 1773. Hil. ro. 885.	Division of the common and waste lands in the manor of Cowhall, alias Coughall.
Derby	Priestwood, in the parish of Mackworth.	14 Geo. 3. 1773. Mich. ro. 252.	Division and inclosure of Priestwood common in the parish of Mackworth.
Leicester (Plan.)	Ibstock	15 Geo. 3. 1775. Trin. ro. 261.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within the township and liberty of Ibstock.
Westmoreland. (Plan.)	Brougham	18 Geo. 3. 1778. Hil. ro. 282.	Division and inclosure of a certain common called Brougham Moor and Sandwath, with the waste grounds within the parish of Brougham.
Leicester	Hatherne	18 Geo. 3. 1778. Trin. ro. 484.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within the lordship or liberty and parish of Hatherne.
Leicester	Castle Donington	20 Geo. 3. 1779. Mich. ro. 1251.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and common lands within the lordship or parish of Castle Donington.

No. 1b.—Queen's Bench (Plea Side)—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Plea Rolls.	Particulars.
Leicester (PLAN.)	Kegworth - - -	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Hil. ro. 515.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and common grounds within the parish of Kegworth.
Wilts - -	Highworth - - -	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Hil. ro. 124.	Division and inclosure of certain open fields, commonable and waste lands within the parish of Highworth.
Leicester -	Claxton, otherwise Long Clawson.	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Trin. ro. 479.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and other commonable lands within the parish of Claxton, alias Long Clawson.
Derby - (PLAN.)	Findern - - - -	21 Geo. 3. 1781. Trin. ro. 600.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and common pastures in the liberty of Findern, in the parish of Mickleover.
Wilts - -	Titcombe, otherwise Tidcombe.	22 Geo. 3. 1782. Trin. ro. 573.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields and downs in the parish of Titcombe, otherwise Tidcombe.
Salop - -	Baschurch, Hordley, Stanwardine in the Wood, &c.	23 Geo. 3. 1783. Trin. ro. 1023.	Division and inclosure of the moors, commons, and waste grounds within the manors of Baschurch, Hordley, Stanwardine in the Wood, Weston, Lullingfield, and Stanwardine in the Fields.
Derby - -	Weston-upon-Trent -	27 Geo. 3. 1787. Hil. ro. 474.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, common, and waste grounds within the parish of Weston-upon-Trent.
Oxford - -	Sarsden and Churchill -	29 Geo. 3. 1788. Mich. ro. 938.	Division and inclosure of the common fields, commons, and waste grounds in the parishes of Sarsden and Churchill, and tything of Lyncham, Merriscourt, Finescourt, in the parish of Shipton-under-Whichwood.
Nottingham - (PLAN.)	Cropwell-Butler - -	29 Geo. 3. 1788. Mich. ro. 1285.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, commons, and waste grounds in the lordship or liberty of Cropwell-Butler, and the Fern meadow, lying intermixed in the said lordship and the lordship of Cropwell-Bishop.
Northampton	Braybrooke - - -	30 Geo. 3. 1789. Mich. ro. 760.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields and waste grounds within the manor, parish, and liberties of Braybrooke.
Derby - - (PLAN.)	Spondon - - - -	30 Geo. 3. 1790. Hil. ro. 923.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, common, or moor and waste grounds within the hamlet or liberty of Spondon.
Leicester -	Bitteswell - - -	31 Geo. 3. 1790. Mich. ro. 659.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commonable places in the parish of Bitteswell.
Lincoln -	Skendleby, &c. - -	31 Geo. 3. 1791. Hil. ro. 1117 and 1118.	Partition of divers messuages and lands in Skendleby, &c.
Nottingham (PLAN.)	Whatton - - - -	31 Geo. 3. 1791. Hil. ro. 2108.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, common, and waste lands in the parish of Whatton.
Leicester - (PLAN.)	Hemmington - - -	31 Geo. 3. 1791. East. ro. 136.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within the manor or lordship of Hemmington, in the parish of Lockington.
Leicester -	Lutterworth - - -	32 Geo. 3. 1792. East. ro. 350.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commonable places in the parish of Lutterworth.
Leicester -	South Kilworth - -	32 Geo. 3. 1792. Trin. ro. 1897.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commons within the parish of South Kilworth.
Lincoln -	Pointon - - - -	33 Geo. 3. 1792. Mich. ro. 582.	Division and inclosure of the common cow pasture and common fen in the parish of Pointon.
Derby - - (PLAN.)	Chaddesden - - -	33 Geo. 3. 1793. Hil. ro. 114.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within the liberty of Chaddesden, in the parish of Spondon.

No. 1b.—Queen's Bench (Plea Side)—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Plea Rolls.	Particulars.
Derby - - (Plan.)	Melbourne and King's Newton.	33 Geo. 3. 1793. East. ro. 498.	Division and inclosure of the common and open fields and waste grounds in the liberties of Melbourne and King's Newton, and in the same parish and lordship.
Derby - -	Belper Ward and Chevin Ward.	34 Geo. 3. 1793. Mich. ro. 200.	Division and inclosure of certain commons called Belper Ward and Chevin Ward, and certain waste lands within the liberties of Duffield, Belper, Hazlewood, and Makeney, in the parish of Duffield.
Derby - - (Plan.)	Stanley - - - -	34 Geo. 3. 1794. East. ro. 547.	Division and inclosure of the common and waste grounds within the manor and liberty of Stanley.
Bedford -	Milton Bryant - -	36 Geo. 3. 1795. Mich. ro. 1859.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields and other commonable lands within the parish of Milton Bryant.
Derby - -	Mickleover - - - -	37 Geo. 3. 1797. Trin. ro. 2267.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, common, and waste lands in the liberty or lordship of Mickleover.
Derby - -	Heanor and Codnor -	37 Geo. 3. 1797. Trin. ro. 2268.	Division and inclosure of certain commons and waste lands within the lordships or liberties of Heanor and Codnor, in the parish of Heanor.
Derby - -	Marston-upon-Dove, Hatton Hoon, and Hoon Hay.	38 Geo. 3. 1797. Mich. ro. 1613.	Division and inclosure of the common and open fields, and common or moor, within the liberties of Marston-upon-Dove, Hatton Hoon, and Hoon Hay.
Nottingham - (Plan.)	Bunney - - - -	38 Geo. 3. 1798. Trin. ro. 742.	Division and inclosure of the common or waste grounds and open fields within the manor and parish of Bunney.
Derby - -	Eggington - - -	39 Geo. 3. 1798. Mich. ro. 315.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields, commons, and waste grounds within the manor and parish of Eggington.
Derby - -	Etwall - - - -	39 Geo. 3. 1799. Hil. ro. 39.	Division and inclosure of the several open fields and waste grounds within the parish of Etwall.
Nottingham - (Plan.)	Great Leke, otherwise East Leke.	39 Geo. 3. 1799. Trin. ro. 858.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, commons, and waste lands within the parish of Great Leke, otherwise East Leke.
Derby - - (Plan.)	Lea Moor, or Sapperton Moor, and Hare Hill.	39 Geo. 3. 1799. Trin. ro. 893.	Division and inclosure of the commons, moors, and waste lands called Lea Moor, or Sapperton Moor, and Hare Hill, and certain commonable places and waste grounds within the township or liberty of Sapperton, in the parish of Church Broughton.
Nottingham - (Plan.)	Keyworth - - -	40 Geo. 3. 1800. East. ro. 1081.	Division of the open fields and waste grounds in the township or liberty of Keyworth.
Bedford - (Plan.)	Crawley, otherwise Husborne Crawley.	40 Geo. 3. 1800. East. ro. 38.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, moors, commons, and waste lands in Crawley, otherwise Husborne Crawley.
Berks - -	Remenham - - -	40 Geo. 3. 1800. Trin. ro. 1134.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds in the parish of Remenham.
Lincoln - (Plan.)	Great Carleton - -	41 Geo. 3. 1800. Mich. ro. 806.	Draining and preserving certain low lands within the parish of Great Carleton.
Essex - - (Plan.)	Dedham - - - -	43 Geo. 3. 1803. Hil. ro. 949.	Inclosure and division of the open fields, common, and Lammas land within the manors of Dedham Hall, Overhall, and Netherhall.
Lancaster - (Plans.)	Oldham - - - -	44 Geo. 3. 1804. Trin. ro. 393.	Inclosure and division of the commons and waste lands in the parish of Prestwich cum Oldham.

No. 1b.—Queen's Bench (Plea Side)—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Plea Rolls.	Particulars.
Leicester -	Diseworth - - -	44 Geo. 3. 1804. Trin. ro. 479.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and common grounds within the lordship and liberty of Diseworth.
Hertford - (PLAN)	Tring - - - -	45 Geo. 3. 1804. Mich. ro. 373.	Division and inclosure of the common fields and waste grounds within the parish of Tring.
Derby - - (PLAN)	Chellaston - - -	45 Geo. 3. 1805. Hil. ro. 839.	Division of the open fields and waste grounds in the parish of Chellaston.
Derby - -	Snifin Moor - - -	45 Geo. 3. 1805. Hil. ro. 840.	Division and inclosure of a certain common or waste ground called Snifin Moor, with certain fields.
Berks - - (PLANS.)	Sutton Courtney and Sutton Wick.	45 Geo. 3. 1805. East. ro. 399.	Division and inclosure of the common fields and waste grounds in the parish of Sutton Courtney and the hamlet of Sutton Wick.
Berks - - (PLAN.)	Up-Lambourne - -	45 Geo. 3. 1805. East. ro. 400.	Division and inclosure of the common and waste lands within the township and hamlet of Up-Lambourne, in the parish of Chipping Lambourne.
Berks - - (PLAN.)	Harwell - - - -	45 Geo. 3. 1805. Trin. ro. 169.	Division of the common and waste lands in the parish of Harwell.
Berks - - (PLAN.)	Blewberry - - -	46 Geo. 3. 1805. Mich. ro. 65.	Division of the open fields and waste lands in Blewberry.
Derby - - (PLAN.)	Alvaston and Boulton -	46 Geo. 3. 1805. Mich. ro. 229.	Division and inclosure of the several open fields and waste lands in Alvaston and Boulton.
Sussex -	Rustington - - -	46 Geo. 3. 1805. Mich. ro. 1187.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields in the parish of Rustington.
Surrey and Sussex.	Goring - - - -	46 Geo. 3. 1805. Mich. ro. 1188.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields in the parish of Goring,
Sussex - -	Lancing - - - -	46 Geo. 3. 1805. Mich. ro. 1189.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Lancing.
Sussex - -	Leominster (Tottington, in parish of).	46 Geo. 3. 1805. Mich. ro. 1190.	Inclosure of the common fields within the hamlet of Tottington, in the parish of Leominster.
Leicester - (PLAN.)	Newbold - - -	46 Geo. 3. 1806. Hil. ro. 142.	Division and inclosure of the several open fields and waste grounds within the manors of Worthington and Breedon-on-the-Hill and township of Newbold, all in the parish of Breedon-on-the-Hill.
Stafford - (PLAN.)	Ellastone, Stanton -	46 Geo. 3. 1806. Hil. ro. 172.	Division and inclosure of the several commons and waste grounds within the lordship and liberty of Stanton, in the parish of Ellaston.
Hertford - (PLAN.)	Cheshunt - - -	46 Geo. 3. 1806. Hil. ro. 257.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, common, and Lammas meadows in the parish of Cheshunt, with Cheshunt common.
Derby - - (PLAN.)	Kirk Ireton and Callow	47 Geo. 3. 1807. Trin. ro. 316.	Inclosure of the lands in the townships and parishes of Kirk Ireton and Callow, in the parish of Wirksworth, and division of a certain moor called Callow moor, with other waste lands.
Bedford, Hunts, and Cambridge. (PLAN.)	Everton cum Tetworth	47 Geo. 3. 1807. Trin. ro. 991.	Division and inclosure of the common fields and waste lands in the township and hamlet of Everton, within the parish of Everton cum Tetworth.
Chester - (PLAN.)	Sale, in Ashton upon Mersey parish.	48 Geo. 3. 1807. Mich. ro. 33.	Inclosure of lands in the township of Sale, in the parish of Ashton upon Mersey, in the county palatine of Chester.
York - -	Richmond, N.R. - -	50 Geo. 3. 1810. East. ro. 1397.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commons in the parish of Richmond, N.R.
Stafford - (PLAN.)	Basford - - -	50 Geo. 3. 1810. Trin. ro. 456.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the liberty or township of Basford, in the parish of Cheddleton.

No. 1b.—Queen's Bench (Plea Side)—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Plea Rolls.	Particulars.
Bedford (PLAN.)	Houghton Conquest	50 Geo. 3. 1810. Trin. ro. 600.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Houghton Conquest.
Berks (PLAN.)	Bagpuize, Kingston	51 Geo. 3. 1810. Mich. ro. 350.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Kingston Bagpuize.
Berks (PLAN.)	Ardington, Lockinge, and Steventon.	53 Geo. 3. 1813. Hil. ro. 2517.	Division and inclosure of lands and a common meadow called Ardington meadow, in the parishes of Ardington, East and West Hundred, East and West Lockinge, and Steventon.
Gloucester (PLAN.)	Rangeworthy, in Thornbury parish.	53 Geo. 3. 1813. East. ro. 130.	Inclosure of lands in the hamlet of Rangeworthy, in the parish of Thornbury.
Essex (PLANS.)	Hornchurch, Romford, and Havering.	54 Geo. 3. 1814. Trin. ro. 751.	Division and inclosure of the commons and waste lands in the parishes of Hornchurch, Romford, and Havering, within the manor and liberty of Havering-atte-Bower.
Berks (PLAN.)	Chaddleworth	55 Geo. 3. 1815. East. ro. 222.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Chaddleworth.
Berks (PLAN.)	Drayton	55 Geo. 3. 1815. Trin. ro. 645.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Drayton.
Wilts (PLAN.)	Conock, in Cherton parish	56 Geo. 3. 1816. Trin. ro. 800.	Inclosure of lands in the township or hamlet of Conock, in the parish of Cherton.
Northumberland. (PLAN.)	Ovingham and Prudhoe	57 Geo. 3. 1816. Mich. ro. 400.	Inclosure of lands in the barony of Prudhoe, in the parish of Ovingham.
Northumberland.	Rothbury	57 Geo. 3. 1816. Mich. ro. 401.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Rothbury.
Derby (PLAN.)	Quarn, otherwise Quarndon.	57 Geo. 3. 1817. Trin. ro. 2542.	Inclosure of lands in the townships of Quarn, otherwise Quarndon.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Thorseway	58 Geo. 3. 1817. Mich. ro. 46.	Inclosure and division of lands in the parish of Thorseway.
Derby (PLAN.)	Breadsall	58 Geo. 3. 1817. Mich. ro. 423.	Inclosure and division of lands in the parish of Breadsall.
Berks	Longworth (Charney, in parish of).	58 Geo. 3. 1818. Hil. ro. 800.	Inclosure and division of lands in the township and hamlet of Charney, in the parish of Longworth.
Cornwall (PLAN.)	Helleston: Mawgan, Menеage, and Sithney.	59 Geo. 3. 1819. Hil. ro. 480.	Inclosure and division of certain waste lands in the borough of Helleston, in the several parishes of Wendron, Mawgan in Meneage, and Sithney.
Southampton (PLAN.)	Ecchinswell, Woodhay, otherwise Wydhey.	1 Geo. 4. 1820. Trin. ro. 331.	Inclosure of lands in the manor of Ecchinswell, in the tything of East Woodhay, otherwise Wydhey.
Berks (PLAN.)	Courage, Chieveley	1 Geo. 4. 1821. Hil. ro. 730.	Division and inclosure of lands in the tything of Courage, in the parish of Chieveley.
Southampton (PLAN.)	Emsworth common in Warblington parish.	1 Geo. 4. 1821. Hil. ro. 850.	Inclosure and division of Emsworth common and other waste lands in the parish of Warblington.
Sussex and Southampton. (PLAN.)	Chidham, Westbourne, and Warblington.	2 Geo. 4. 1821. Trin. ro. 906.	Inclosure and division of lands in the parishes of Chidham and Westbourne, in the county of Sussex, and the parish of Warblington, in the county of Southampton.
Oxford (PLAN.)	Taynton	3 Geo. 4. 1822. East. ro. 415.	Inclosure and division of lands in the parish of Taynton.
Sussex (PLAN.)	Woodmancot, Nutbourne, Prinsted, and Westbourne.	3 Geo. 4. 1823. Hil. ro. 944.	Inclosure and division of lands in the manors of Woodmancot, Nutbourne, and Prinsted, in the parish of Westbourne.
Lancaster (PLAN.)	Ulverston, Egton with Newland.	4 Geo. 4. 1823. Trin. ro. 31.	Inclosure and division of the commons, waste lands, and mosses in the manor and township of Egton with Newland, in the parish of Ulverston, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

No. 1b.—Queen's Bench (Plea Side)—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Plea Rolls.	Particulars.
Westmorelnd. (PLAN.)	Little Ormside - -	8 Geo. 4. 1827. Mich. ro. 738.	Inclosure and division of the common lands in the township of Little Ormside.
Berks - (PLAN.)	Garford - - - -	8 Geo. 4. 1827. Mich. ro. 1462.	Inclosure and division of the common lands in the township and hamlet of Garford, in the parish of Marcham.
Derby - (PLAN.)	Smisby - - - -	9 Geo. 4. 1828. Trin. ro. 2387.	Inclosure and division of lands in the parish of Smisby.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	Manton - - - -	10 Geo. 4. 1829. Trin. ro. 3068.	Inclosure and division of lands in the lordship of Manton, otherwise Maunton.
Berks -	Remenham - - -	3 Wm. 4. 1833. Trin. ro. 1626.	Inclosure and division of the open and common fields and commonable lands in the parish of Remenham.
Surrey - (PLAN.)	Penge, in Battersea parish.	7 Wm. 4. 1837. Hil. ro. 3152.	Inclosure, division, and exoneration from tythes, of lands in the hamlet of Penge, in the parish of Battersea.
Northampton (PLAN.)	Rockingham Forest, Gretton.	7 Wm. 4. 1837. Trin. ro. 5100.	Disafforestation and inclosure of so much of the forest of Rockingham as is situate in the bailiwick of Rockingham, and inclosure of the open fields and commons in the parish of Gretton.
Cornwall - (PLAN.)	Trevanson, Wadebridge -	1 Vict. 1838. Trin. ro. 3698.	Inclosure and division of the open and common lands situate on the western bank of the river Camel, and below the bridge at Wadebridge, called Trevanson marshes, or Wade Trevanson, or Wadebridge marshes.
Cornwall - (PLAN.)	Sancreed and Brane -	3 Vict. 1839. Mich. ro. 3164.	Inclosure and division of the open commons and moors, parcel of the estate of Brane, in the parish of Sancreed.
Cambridge & Isle of Ely. (PLAN.)	Littleport - - -	3 Vict. 1840. Trin. ro. 3099.	Inclosure and division of the open fields and commons in the parish of Littleport.
Cambridge & Isle of Ely. (PLAN.)	Witchford - - -	3 Vict. 1840. Trin. ro. 3100.	Inclosure of the open and common fields in the parish of Witchford.
Cornwall - (PLAN.)	Bollowall in Saint Just, in Penwith parish.	4 Vict. 1841. Hil. ro. 259.	Inclosure and division of certain parts of the estate of Bollowall, in the parish of Saint Just in Penwith.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	North Kelsey - - -	4 Vict. 1841. Hil. ro. 1376.	Inclosure and exoneration from tythes, of lands in the lordship of North Kelsey.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	Barnetby le Wold -	4 Vict. 1841. Hil. ro. 2143.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields called "the Costhills," in the parish of Barnetby le Wold.
Cornwall - (PLAN.)	Sennen, Escalls - -	5 Vict. 1842. Hil. ro. 2934.	Inclosure and division of the commons and moors, parcel of the estate of Escalls, in the parish of Sennen, called Escalls common.

No. 1c.—COMMON PLEAS. 1762 to 1849.

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Leicester -	Frisby upon the Wreak -	2 Geo. 3. 1762. Hil. ro. 37.	Inclosure and division of certain common fields in the parish of Frisby upon the Wreak.
Warwick -	Monk's Kirby, Pailton -	2 Geo. 3. 1762. East. ro. 49.	Inclosure and division of certain open fields in the hamlet of Pailton, in the parish of Monk's Kirby.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Northampton	Moreton Pinkney	2 Geo. 3. 1762. Trin. ro. 27.	Inclosure and division of certain open fields in the parish, township, and liberty of Moreton Pinkney.
Nottingham	Hayton	2 Geo. 3. 1762. Trin. ro. 100.	Inclosure and division of certain open fields in the parish of Hayton.
Leicester	Ashfordby	2 Geo. 3. 1762. Trin. ro. 132.	Division and inclosure of certain open fields in Ashfordby.
Leicester	Rearsby	3 Geo. 3. 1762. Mich. ro. 72.	Division and inclosure of certain open fields in the parish of Rearsby.
Leicester	Ansty	3 Geo. 3. 1762. Mich. ro. 112.	Division and inclosure of the open fields of Ansty, parcel of the manor of Gooby.
Nottingham	Coddington	3 Geo. 3. 1763. Hil. ro. 34.	Division and inclosure of certain open fields in the parish of Coddington.
Warwick	Princethorp, in the parish of Stretton.	3 Geo. 3. 1763. East. ro. 2.	Division and inclosure of certain open fields in the hamlet and liberty of Princethorp, in the parish of Stretton.
Coventry	Exhall	3 Geo. 3. 1763. Trin. ro. 116.	Division and inclosure of certain common fields and waste grounds in the parish of Exhall, in the county and city of Coventry.
Leicester	Hungerton	3 Geo. 3. 1763. Trin. ro. 146.	Division and inclosure of certain open fields in the parish of Hungerton.
Leicester	Thurmaston, in the parishes of Belgrave and Barkby.	4 Geo. 3. 1763. Mich. ro. 39.	Division and inclosure of the open fields of Thurmaston, in the parishes of Belgrave and Barkby.
Lincoln	Wellingore	4 Geo. 3. 1764. Trin. ro. 119.	Division and inclosure of certain common fields in the parish of Wellingore.
Northampton	Stoke Albany	5 Geo. 3. 1765. Trin. ro. 82.	Inclosure of the open and common fields in the manor and parish of Stoke Albany.
Northampton	Warkworth	5 Geo. 3. 1765. Trin. ro. 144.	Inclosure of lands in the township, hamlet, and liberties of Warkworth.
Leicester	Nether Broughton	5 Geo. 3. 1765. Trin. ro. 224.	Inclosure of lands in Nether Broughton.
Leicester	Sharnford	5 Geo. 3. 1765. Trin. ro. 241.	Inclosure of lands in Sharnford.
Leicester	Stoney Stanton	5 Geo. 3. 1765. Trin. ro. 255.	Inclosure of open fields and lands in Stoney Stanton, and commonable places in the lordship of Potters Marston.
Leicester	Billesdon	6 Geo. 3. 1765. Mich. ro. 67.	Inclosure of land in Billesdon.
Warwick	Atherston	6 Geo. 3. 1766. Hil. ro. 24.	Inclosure of lands in the manor of Atherston and parish of Mancester.
Lincoln	Heckington	6 Geo. 3. 1766. Hil. ro. 56.	Inclosure of lands in Heckington.
City of Lincoln.	Branston	6 Geo. 3. 1766. Trin. ro. 51.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Branston.
Buckingham	Westcote, in the parish of Waddesdon.	6 Geo. 3. 1766. Trin. ro. 165.	Inclosure of lands in Westcote, in the parish of Waddesdon.
Northampton	Spratton	6 Geo. 3. 1766. Trin. ro. 207.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Spratton.
Northampton	Denford	6 Geo. 3. 1766. Trin. ro. 275.	Inclosure of lands in the manor and parish of Denford.
Nottingham	Lowdham	6 Geo. 3. 1766. Trin ro. 328.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Lowdham.
Gloucester	Hathcrop	7 Geo. 3. 1766. Mich. ro. 24.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Hathcrop.
Oxford	Shutford, in the parish of Swalcliffe.	7 Geo. 3. 1766. Mich. ro. 30.	Inclosure of lands in the township of Shutford, in the parish of Swalcliffe.
Oxford	Horley and Hornton, in the parish of Horley.	7 Geo. 3. 1766. Mich. ro. 43.	Inclosure of lands in the townships of Horley and Hornton, in the parish of Horley.
Leicester	Burton Overy	7 Geo. 3. 1766. Mich. ro. 78.	Inclosure of lands in Burton Overy.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Leicester	Houghton-on-the-Hill	7 Geo. 3. 1766. Mich. ro. 126.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Houghton-on-the-Hill.
Leicester	Lubnam, otherwise Lubenham.	7 Geo. 3. 1767. Hil. ro. 112.	Inclosure of lands in Lubnam, otherwise Lubenham.
Northampton	Long Buckby	7 Geo. 3. 1767. Hil. ro. 184.	Inclosure of land in the manor, parish, and liberty of Long Buckby.
Leicester	Wigston	7 Geo. 3. 1767. Hil. ro. 212.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Great Wigston.
Leicester	Countesthorpe	7 Geo. 3. 1767. Trin. ro. 127.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Countesthorpe.
Leicester	Blaby	7 Geo. 3. 1767. Trin. ro. 140.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Blaby.
Oxford	Kencott	8 Geo. 3. 1767. Mich. ro. 5.	Inclosure of the open and common lands in the parish of Kencott.
Leicester	Cosby and Littlethorpe	8 Geo. 3. 1768. East. ro. 12.	Inclosure of lands in Cosby and Littlethorpe, in the parish of Cosby.
Nottingham	Balderton	8 Geo. 3. 1768. East. ro. 27.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Balderton.
Bedford	Tilsworth	8 Geo. 3. 1768. Trin. ro. 85.	Inclosure of lands in the manor of Tilsworth.
Northampton	Great Oxendon	8 Geo. 3. 1768. Trin. ro. 89.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Great Oxendon.
Buckingham	Olney	8 Geo. 3. 1768. Trin. ro. 110.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Olney.
Lincoln	Barnetby-upon-the-Wolds.	8 Geo. 3. 1768. Trin. ro. 164.	Inclosure of lands in the lordship or liberty of Barnetby-upon-the-Wolds.
Nottingham	Farndon	9 Geo. 3. 1769. Hil. ro. 136.	Division and inclosure of lands in the parish of Farndon.
Northampton	Arthingworth	9 Geo. 3. 1769. Hil. ro. 169.	Division and inclosure of the common fields in the manor and parish of Arthingworth.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Haute Huntre, Eight Hundred, or Holland Fen.	9 Geo. 3. 1769. Trin. ro. 141.	Division and inclosure of a fen called Haute Huntre, Eight Hundred, or Holland Fen, in the parts of Holland, co. Lincoln.
Huntingdon	Yaxley	9 Geo. 3. 1769. Trin. ro. 188.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields in the manor and parish of Yaxley.
Leicester	Thurlston, otherwise Thulston.	10 Geo. 3. 1770. Hil. ro. 48.	Division and inclosure of lands in Thurlston, otherwise Thulston.
Leicester	Fleckney	10 Geo. 3. 1770. Hil. ro. 55.	Division and inclosure of the common fields of Fleckney.
Middlesex	St. Katherine End, in the parish of Ryslip.	10 Geo. 3. 1770. Hil. ro. 99.	Division and inclosure of lands in the manor of Saint Katherine End, in the parish of Ryslip, called West Wood or West Coat Common, in the county of Middlesex.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Sudbrooke, within the manor and parish of Ancaster.	10 Geo. 3. 1770. Hil. ro. 112.	Division and inclosure of the common fields, &c., in the liberty of Sudbrooke, in the manor and parish of Ancaster.
Gloucester	Coln Saint Aldwin's	10 Geo. 3. 1770. Hil. ro. 157.	Division and inclosure of the common fields within the Manor and lordship of Coln Saint Aldwin's.
Nottingham	Epperstone	10 Geo. 3. 1770. Trin. ro. 7.	Inclosure of the open fields in the liberty of Epperstone.
Lincoln	North Hickham	10 Geo. 3. 1770. Trin. ro. 112.	Division, inclosure, and drainage of the open fields, meadows, fens, waste grounds, &c., in the parish of North Hickham.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Beckingham and Sutton, in the manor and parish of Beckingham.	10 Geo, 3. 1770. Trin. ro. 171.	Inclosure and division of the open fields, meadows, pastures, waste grounds, &c., within the township of Beckingham and Sutton, in the manor and parish of Beckingham.
Oxford	Westwell	11 Geo. 3. 1770. Mich. ro. 158.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields, lands, and downs within the manor and parish of Westwell.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Leicester	Little Stretton, in the parish of Norton.	11 Geo. 3. 1771. Hil. ro. 35.	Division and inclosure of the open fields of Little Stretton, in the parish of Norton.
Leicester	Foxton	11 Geo. 3. 1771. Hil. ro. 45.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish of Foxton.
Leicester	Saddington	11 Geo. 3. 1771. Hil. ro. 93.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish of Saddington.
Leicester and Derby.	Ravenstone, otherwise Raunston.	11 Geo. 3. 1771. East. ro. 12.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and lands in the lordship or liberty of Ravenstone, otherwise Raunston.
Leicester	Halloughton	11 Geo. 3. 1771. East. ro. 37.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commonable places in the parish of Halloughton.
Warwick	Aulcester Heath, within the manor of Aulcester.	11 Geo. 3. 1771. East. ro. 100.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields and other waste grounds called Aulcester Heath, within the manor of Aulcester.
Leicester	Ratby, in the parish of Ratby.	11 Geo. 3. 1771. Trin. ro. 142.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in Ratby, in the parish of Ratby.
Gloucester	Aston Subedge	12 Geo. 3. 1772. Hil. ro. 18.	Division and inclosure of the common fields and waste grounds within the manor and parish of Aston Subedge.
Leicester	Kilby and Newton Harcourt, in the parish of Wistow.	12 Geo. 3. 1772. Hil. ro. 181.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and common pastures in the liberty or hamlets of Kilby and Newton Harcourt, in the parish of Wistow.
Berks	East Garston	12 Geo. 3. 1772. Hil. ro. 213.	Division and allotment of the common fields, downs, and all other the commonable lands and waste grounds in the manor and parish of East Garston.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Westborough and Doddington, within the parish of Westborough and Doddington.	12 Geo. 3. 1772. Hil. ro. 282.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within the townships of Westborough and Doddington, within the parish of Westborough and Doddington.
Berks	Ashbury	12 Geo. 3. 1772. Trin. ro. 39.	Division of the open and common fields and commonable places in the parish of Ashbury.
Leicester	Keyham, in the parish of Rothley.	12 Geo. 3. 1772. Trin. ro. 143.	Division and allotment of the open fields and commonable places in Keyham, in the parish of Rothley.
Gloucester	Preston and Stratton	12 Geo. 3. 1772. Trin. ro. 193.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields, &c., in the parishes of Preston and Stratton.
Lincoln	Algarkirke-cum-Fosdyke, in the parts of Holland.	13 Geo. 3. 1772. Mich. ro. 117.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Algarkirke-cum-Fosdyke, in the parts of Holland, co. Lincoln.
Lincoln	Low Toynton	13 Geo. 3. 1773. Hil. ro. 79.	Inclosure of the open and commonable places in the parish, lordship, or liberty of Low Toynton.
Lincoln	Great Paunton	13 Geo. 3. 1773. East. ro. 70.	Division and inclosure of several fields, lands, and grounds in the manor and parish of Great Paunton, otherwise Great Ponton.
Leicester	Skeffington	13 Geo. 3. 1773. East. ro. 102.	Division, allotment, and inclosure of the open fields and commonable places in the parish of Skeffington.
Leicester	Gumley	14 Geo. 3. 1773. Mich. ro. 2.	Division and inclosure of the open field in the parish of Gumley.
Stafford (PLAN.)	Horninglow, in the parish of Burton.	14 Geo. 3. 1773. Mich. ro. 126.	Division and inclosure of a certain parcel of waste ground called the Outwoods, within the township or hamlet of Horninglow, in the parish of Burton.
Stafford (PLAN.)	Rushton James, in the parish of Leek.	14 Geo. 3. 1774. Mich. ro. 153.	Division and inclosure of the common and waste grounds within the manor of Rushton James, in the parish of Leek.
Gloucester	Eastleach Tourville	14 Geo. 3. 1774. Mich. ro. 172.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields within the manor and parish of Eastleach Tourville.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Northampton	Laxton - - - -	14 Geo. 3. 1774. Hil. ro. 54.	Division and inclosure of the common fields in Laxton.
Nottingham (PLAN.)	North Muskham, Holme, and Bathley, in the parish of North Muskham.	14 Geo. 3. 1774. Hil. ro. 93.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within the township of North Muskham, Holme, and Bathley, in the parish of North Muskham.
Nottingham (PLAN.)	Cromwell - - -	14 Geo. 3. 1774. East. ro. 6.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within the parish of Cromwell.
Leicester -	Speasby, in the parish of Knaptoft.	14 Geo. 3. 1774. Trin. ro. 11.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields of Speasby, in the parish of Knaptoft.
Rutland -	Preston - - - -	14 Geo. 3. 1774. Trin. ro. 22.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds belonging to the manor, parish, and liberty of Preston.
Rutland -	Wing - - - -	14 Geo. 3. 1774. Trin. ro. 38.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within and belonging to the manor, parish, and liberty of Wing.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	West Willoughby, in the manor of Sudbrooke and parish of Ancaster.	14 Geo. 3. 1774. Trin. ro. 151.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within the township of West Willoughby, in the manor of Sudbrooke and parish of Ancaster.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	Helpringham.	14 Geo. 3. 1774. Trin. ro. 223.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commonable lands in the parish of Helpringham.
Northampton	Thorpe Mandeville -	15 Geo. 3. 1774. Mich. ro. 124.	Exchange of lands in Thorpe Mandeville.
Gloucester -	Bourton-on-the-Water and Clapton-on-the-Hill.	15 Geo. 3. 1774. Mich. ro. 134.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds in the manor and parish of Bourton-on-the-Water and in the manor of Clapton-on-the-Hill.
Berks -	Letcomb Bassett, otherwise Upper Letcombe, and Childrey.	15 Geo. 3. 1775. Mich. ro. 156.	Division and allotment of the common fields and commonable lands in the several parishes of Letcomb Bassett, otherwise Upper Letcombe, and Childrey.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	Wilsford, otherwise Willesford.	15 Geo. 3. 1775. Hil. ro. 166.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields within the manor and parish of Wilsford, otherwise Willesford.
Nottingham - (PLAN.)	Laneham - - -	15 Geo. 3. 1775. Hil. ro. 191.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, &c., in the parish of Laneham.
Stafford (PLAN.)	Galey - - - -	15 Geo. 3. 1775. Hil. ro. 272.	Division and inclosure of the common and waste land called Galey Common, in the manor or lordship of Galey.
Leicester -	Hucklescote and Donnington-on-the-Heath, in the parish of Ibstock.	15 Geo. 3. 1775. East. ro. 59.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, wastes, and commonable places of Hucklescote and Donnington-on-the Heath, in the parish of Ibstock.
Northampton	Duddington - - -	16 Geo. 3. 1775. Mich. ro. 14.	Division and inclosure of the open and commonable lands within the parish of Duddington.
Nottingham - (PLAN.)	Cottmoore and Radley, within the district of Southwell and Westhorpe.	16 Geo. 3. 1776. Hil. ro. 78.	Division and inclosure of the common pasture and waste ground called Cottmoore, and the waste ground of Radley, within the districts of Southwell and Westhorpe.
Stafford - (PLAN.)	Trysull and Seisdon, in the parish of Trysull.	16 Geo. 3. 1776. Hil. ro. 149.	Division and inclosure of the common and waste lands within the manor of Trysull and Seisdon, in the parish of Trysull.
Nottingham - (PLAN.)	Normanton and Cow Meadow, in the parish of Southwell.	16 Geo. 3. 1776. Hil. ro. 173.	Division and inclosure of the open fields within the district of Normanton, in the parish of Southwell, and also the open meadow called the Cow Meadow, in the parish of Southwell.
Oxford - -	Broad Sibford, otherwise Sibford Gower, and Burdrup, in the parish of Swalcliffe.	16 Geo. 3. 1776. Trin. ro. 6.	Division and inclosure of the commonable lands in Broad Sibford, otherwise Sibford Gower, and Burdrup, in the parish of Swalcliffe.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Stafford (PLAN.)	Butterton	16 Geo. 3. 1776. Trin. ro. 147.	Division and inclosure of the common lands in the manor of Butterton, in the parish of Mayfield.
Oxford	Broadwell, otherwise Broadwell Saint John parish.	17 Geo. 3. 1776. Mich. ro. 41.	Division and inclosure of the common fields, &c., and Filkins, in the hamlets of Broadwell, in the manor and parish of Broadwell, otherwise Broadwell Saint John.
Oxford	Upper Tadmarton and Lower Tadmarton.	17 Geo. 3. 1777. Hil. ro. 63.	Division and inclosure of the open fields lying in the townships and liberties of Upper Tadmarton and Lower Tadmarton.
Oxford	Brize Norton parish	17 Geo. 3. 1777. Hil. ro. 111.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish of Brize Norton.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Quadring parish and hundred.	17 Geo. 3. 1777. Hil. ro. 194.	Division and inclosure of the common fields in the parish of Quadring, and in Quadring hundred.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Gunby and North Witham	17 Geo. 3. 1777. East. ro. 17.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the liberties of Gunby and North Witham.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Welby	17 Geo. 3. 1777. East. ro. 36.	Division and inclosure of the common fields within the manor and parish of Welby.
Hertford	Ickleford	17 Geo. 3. 1777. East. ro. 120.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish of Ickleford.
Gloucester	Todnam, otherwise Todenham.	17 Geo. 3. 1777. East. ro. 138.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish of Todnam, otherwise Todenham.
Leicester	Bruntingthorpe	17 Geo. 3. 1777. East. ro. 179.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish of Bruntingthorpe.
Berks	Eastbury, otherwise Isbury, and Blagrove, in the parish of Chipping Lambourne.	17 Geo. 3. 1777. Trin. ro. 5.	Division and inclosure of the common fields, downs, &c., in the tythings and liberties of Eastbury, otherwise Isbury, and Blagrove, in the parish of Chipping Lambourne.
Northampton	Clipston and Newbold, otherwise Nobald.	17 Geo. 3. 1777. Trin. ro. 169.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, &c., in the parish, liberty, and boundaries of Clipston and Newbold, otherwise Nobald.
Leicester	Great Bowden	17 Geo. 3. 1777. Trin. ro. 186.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish and liberty of Great Bowden.
Berks	Farmborough, otherwise Farnborough.	18 Geo. 3. 1778. Hil. ro. 44.	Division and inclosure of the common fields in the parish of Farmborough, otherwise Farnborough.
Northampton	Whilton, Norton, and Brockhall.	18 Geo. 3. 1778. Hil. ro. 216.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish and liberty of Whilton, Norton, and Brockhall.
Nottingham	Winthorpe	18 Geo. 3. 1778. East. ro. 48.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish of Winthorpe.
Gloucester	Condicote	18 Geo. 3. 1778. East. ro. 56.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish of Condicote.
Northampton	Welford	18 Geo. 3. 1778. Trin. ro. 169.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commonable places within the parish of Welford.
Berks	Uffington, Balking, and Woolston, otherwise Wolverston, and Kingston Lisle and Fawler.	19 Geo. 3. 1778. Mich. ro. 6.	Division and inclosure of the common fields in the township of Uffington, and the hamlets of Balking and Woolston, otherwise Woolverston, and within the hamlets of Kingston Lisle and Fawler.
Berks	Ditto	19 Geo. 3. 1778. Mich. ro. 61.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the townships and hamlets above mentioned, and exchange of land in the said places.
Wilts	Ramsbury Town, Park Town, Whitton Ditch, Eastridge and Baydon, in the manor of Ramsbury.	19 Geo. 3. 1778. Mich. ro. 141.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the tythings and liberty of Ramsbury Town, Park Town, Whitton Ditch, Eastridge, and Baydon, within the manor of Ramsbury.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Wilts	Ashton Keynes	19 Geo. 3. 1778. Mich. ro. 221.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the manor and parish of Ashton Keynes.
Leicester	Syston and Barkby	19 Geo. 3. 1778. Mich. ro. 305.	Division and inclosure of the common fields in the parishes of Syston and Barkby.
Leicester	Gilmorton	19 Geo. 3. 1778. Mich. ro. 390.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish of Gilmorton.
Nottingham (Plan.)	Clareborough and Welham.	19 Geo. 3. 1779. Hil. ro. 115.	Division and inclosure of the open fields &c., in the townships of Clareborough and Welham, in the parish of Clareborough.
Lincoln (Plan.)	Surfleet, within the soke of Kirton.	19 Geo. 3. 1779. Hil. ro. 164.	Division and inclosure of the open, common, and fen lands, containing 840 acres, in the parish of Surfleet, within the soke of Kirton.
Leicester	Kimcoate and Walton, in the parishes of Kimcoate and Knaptoft.	19 Geo. 3. 1779. East. ro. 38.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the liberties of Kimcoate and Walton, in the parishes of Kimcoate and Knaptoft.
Nottingham (Plan.)	Ollerton, in parish of Edwinstow.	19 Geo. 3. 1779. Trin. ro. 184.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields in the township of Ollerton, in the parish of Edwinstowe.
Lincoln (Plan.)	Tetney	19 Geo. 3. 1779. Trin. ro. 244.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish of Tetney, and for draining and improving part of the same parish.
Leicester	Earl Shilton	19 Geo. 3. 1779. Trin. ro. 308.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the lordship of Earl Shilton.
Leicester	Sapcote	19 Geo. 3. 1779. Trin. ro. 367.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds in the parish, lordship, and liberty of Sapcote.
Leicester	Long Whatton	19 Geo. 3. 1779. Trin. ro. 387.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste lands in the lordship of Long Whatton.
Leicester	Knightthorpe and Thorpe Acre.	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Hil. ro. 56.	Division and inclosure of the common fields in the lordships or liberties of Knightthorpe and Thorpe Acre.
Huntingdon	Little Stukeley	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Hil. ro. 337.	Division and inclosure of the open fields within the manor, parish, and liberty of Little Stukeley.
Huntingdon	Brampton	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Hil. ro. 355.	Division and inclosure of the common fields in the manor, parish, and liberties of Brampton.
Stafford (Plan.)	Trysull and Seisdon	20 Geo. 3. 1780. East. ro. 24.	Inclosure and division of the common and waste lands within the manor of Trysull and Seisdon, in the parish of Trysull.
Warwick (Plan.)	Weston-under-Wetheley	20 Geo. 3. 1780. East. ro. 68.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields in the parish of Weston-under-Wetheley.
Bucks	North Marston	20 Geo. 3. 1780. East. ro. 218.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish and liberties of North Marston.
Leicester	Barkby	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Trin. ro. 84.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish of Barkby.
Huntingdon	Graffham	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Trin. ro. 153.	Division and inclosure of the open fields within the manor and township of Graffham.
Huntingdon	Spaldwick-with-Upthorpe	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Trin. ro. 163.	Division and inclosure of the open fields within the parish and liberties of Spaldwick with Upthorpe.
Huntingdon	Easton	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Trin. ro. 191.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, &c., in the township and liberties of Easton.
Huntingdon	Ellington	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Trin. ro. 212.	Division and inclosure of the open fields within the manor, parish, and liberties of Ellington.
Nottingham (Plan.)	Bleasby	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Trin. ro. 256.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish of Bleasby.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Nottingham (PLAN.)	Farnsfield - - -	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Trin. ro. 274.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish of Farnsfield.
Leicester -	Leire - - - - -	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Trin. ro. 306.	Division and inclosure of the open fields of Leire.
Leicester -	Croft - - - - -	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Trin. ro. 324.	Division and inclosure of the open fields of Croft.
Leicester - (PLAN.)	Stanton-under-Bardon, in the parish of Thornton.	20 Geo. 3. 1780. Trin. ro. 448.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the township of Stanton-under-Bardon, in the parish of Thornton.
Gloucester -	Salperton - - - -	21 Geo. 3. 1780. Mich. ro. 82.	Division and inclosure of the lands and common fields within the manor and parish of Salperton.
Leicester -	Kibworth Beauchamp, Kibworth Harcourt, and Smeeton Westerby, in the parish of Kibworth Beauchamp.	21 Geo. 3. 1780. Mich. ro. 190.	Division and inclosure of the open fields within the manors, lordships, or liberties of Kibworth Beauchamp, Kibworth Harcourt, and Smeeton Westerby, in the parish of Kibworth Beauchamp.
Northampton	Little Bowden - -	21 Geo. 3. 1780. Mich. ro. 220.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste lands within the manor, lordship, or liberties of Little Bowden.
Gloucester -	Clifford Chambers - -	21 Geo. 3. 1781. Hil. ro. 43.	Division and inclosure of the open fields within the parish of Clifford Chambers.
Leicester - (PLAN.)	Stonesby - - - - -	21 Geo. 3. 1781. East. ro. 46.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in Stonesby.
Nottingham (PLAN.)	Halam and Edingley -	21 Geo. 3. 1781. East. ro. 84.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within the parishes of Halam and Edingley.
Northampton	East Farndon - - -	21 Geo. 3. 1781. East. ro. 153.	Division and inclosure of the open fields within the parish of East Farndon.
Northampton	Grendon - - - - -	21 Geo. 3. 1781. East. ro. 169.	Division and inclosure of the open fields within the manor, parish, and liberties of Grendon.
Nottingham (PLAN.)	Scarrington and Aslacton	21 Geo. 3. 1781. Trin. ro. 118.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the townships of Scarrington and Aslacton.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	Nettleham - - -	21 Geo. 3. 1781. Trin. ro. 180.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within the manor and parish of Nettleham.
Derby - (PLAN.)	Hilton, in the parish of Marston-upon-Dove.	21 Geo. 3. 1781. Trin. ro. 214.	Division and inclosure of the open fields within the manor and hamlet of Hilton, in the parish of Marston-upon-Dove.
Hertford -	North Mymms - -	22 Geo. 3. 1782. East. ro. 143.	Division and inclosure of the common or waste ground of North Mymms.
Derby - - (PLAN.)	Dale Moor, or Stanton Moor.	22 Geo. 3. 1782. Trin. ro. 253.	Division and inclosure of a certain common called Dale Moor, or Stanton Moor, within the manor of Stanton and Dale.
Leicester -	Swinford - - - -	23 Geo. 3. 1783. Hil. ro. 271.	Division and inclosure of the open fields within the manor and parish of Swinford.
Devon - -	Digge Port, in the parish of Stourton.	23 Geo. 3. 1783. Hil. ro. 300.	Award of certain arbitrators appointed to settle a dispute concerning a course of water arising in a field called Digge Port Park, belonging to the tenement called Digge Port, in the parish of Stourton.
Leicester -	Swinford - - - -	23 Geo. 3. 1783. East. ro. 164.	Division and inclosure of the open fields within the manor and parish of Swinford.
Leicester -	Orton-on-the-Hill - -	23 Geo. 3. 1783. Trin. ro. 283.	Division, &c., of the fields, commons, and lands formerly belonging to the Abbey of Mercvale, in the parish of Orton-on-the-Hill.
Leicester -	Orton-on-the-Hill - -	23 Geo. 3. 1783. Trin. ro. 286.	Deed poll, dated 15 Feb. 1783, by which the Bishop of Oxford, George Kelly, vicar of Orton-on-the-Hill, and others, have exchanged the premises above mentioned.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Leicester	Orton-on-the-Hill	23 Geo. 3. 1783. Trin. ro. 295.	Division, &c., of the lands belonging to the Abbey of Merevale, in the parish of Orton-on-the-Hill.
Warwick	Burton Hastings	24 Geo. 3. 1783. Mich. rc. 75.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commons in the parish of Burton Hastings.
Southampton	Highclere and Burghclere.	24 Geo. 3. 1783. Mich. ro. 108.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste lands within the manor and parishes of Highclere and Burghclere.
Southampton	Highclere and Burghclere.	24 Geo. 3. 1783. Mich. ro. 129.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commons in the manors and parishes of Highclere and Burghclere.
Berks	Stanford	24 Geo. 3. 1784. Trin. ro. 2.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commonable lands within the manor and township of Stanford.
Wilts	Ramsbury Town, Park Town, Whitton Ditch, Eastridge and Baydon, in the manor of Ramsbury.	24 Geo. 3. 1784. Trin. ro. 62.	Deed poll, dated 7 Jan. 1784, being a grant and exchange of vicarial tithes, in consequence of an Act for dividing and inclosing the open fields, &c., in the tythings of Ramsbury Town, Park Town, Whitton Ditch, Eastridge and Baydon, within the manor of Ramsbury.
Wilts	Ramsbury Town, Park Town, Whitton Ditch, Eastridge and Baydon.	24 Geo. 3. 1784. Trin. ro. 64.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commonable grounds in the tythings and liberties of Ramsbury Town, Park Town, Whitton Ditch, Eastridge and Baydon.
Wilts	Ramsbury Town, Park Town, Whitton Ditch, Eastridge and Baydon.	24 Geo. 3. 1784. Trin. ro. 68.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commonable grounds in the tythings and liberties of Ramsbury Town, Park Town, Whitton Ditch, Eastridge and Baydon.
Ditto	Ditto	Trin. ro. 73.	Ditto.
Derby	Sandiacre	24 Geo. 3. 1785. Hil. ro. 11.	Division and inclosure of the open fields within the lordship or liberty of Sandiacre.
Ditto	Ditto	Hil. ro. 35.	Ditto.
Leicester	Tugby	26 Geo. 3. 1785. Mich. ro. 40.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commonable places in Tugby.
Ditto	Ditto	Mich. ro. 60.	Ditto.
Leicester (PLAN.)	Osgathorpe	26 Geo. 3. 1786. Trin. ro. 261.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste lands within the lordship and liberty of Osgathorpe.
Derby (PLAN.)	Morley	27 Geo. 3. 1786. Mich. ro. 48.	Division and inclosure of the several commons and waste grounds called Morley Moor, Morley Lyme, and Smalley Common, within the parish of Morley.
Derby (PLAN.)	Holbrooke, in the parish of Duffield.	27 Geo. 3. 1786. Mich. ro. 134.	Division and inclosure of the commons and waste grounds called Holbrooke Moor, within the liberty of Holbrooke, in the parish of Duffield.
Norfolk	Tichwell	27 Geo. 3. 1787. East. ro. 68.	Division and inclosure of the open fields within the parish of Tichwell.
Worcester	Dudley	27 Geo. 3. 1787. Trin. ro. 79.	Division and inclosure of lands within the manor and parish of Dudley.
Stafford	Kingswinford	27 Geo. 3. 1787. Trin. ro. 388.	Division and inclosure of certain commonable and waste lands within the manor and parish of Kingswinford.
Derby (PLAN.)	Sawley	28 Geo. 3. 1788. Trin. ro. 251.	Division and inclosure of the hamlet of Sawley.
Derby (PLAN.)	Barrow-upon-Trent	28 Geo. 3. 1788. Trin. ro. 395.	Division and inclosure of the common fields within the manor and hamlet of Barrow-upon-Trent.
Berks	Little Farringdon	28 Geo. 3. 1788. Trin. ro. 457.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the hamlet of Little Farringdon, in the parish of Langford.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Leicester	Humberstone	29 Geo. 3. 1789. Trin. ro. 44.	Division and inclosure of the open fields in the parish of Humberstone.
Derby (PLAN.)	Little Eaton, in the manor of Little Chester.	29 Geo. 3. 1789. Trin. ro. 285.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds in the liberty of Little Eaton, within the manor of Little Chester.
Leicester	Grooby, in Ratby parish	30 Geo. 3. 1790. Trin. ro. 133.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste lands in the lordship or liberties of Grooby, in the parish of Ratby.
Derby	Osmaston next Derby	31 Geo. 3. 1791. Hil. ro. 149.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste lands in the lordship or liberty of Osmaston next Derby.
Derby	Osmaston next Derby	31 Geo. 3. 1791. Hil. ro. 165.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds in the lordship or liberty of Osmaston next Derby, *except only* a certain meadow there called "Moor Meadow," and a certain commonable place called "Snifin Moor."
Stafford (PLAN.)	Drointon, Lea, and Amerton, in the manor of Chartley.	31 Geo. 3. 1791. Trin. ro. 301.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within the liberties of Hixton, Drointon, Lea, and Amerton, all within the manor of Chartley.
Middlesex	Stanwell and Hammonds, otherwise Shipcott and Stanwell parish.	32 Geo. 3. 1792. Hil. ro. 134.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste lands within the manors of Stanwell and Hammonds, otherwise Shipcott, and in the parish of Stanwell.
Buckingham	Little Woolston	33 Geo. 3. 1792. Mich. ro. 87.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds in the parish of Little Woolston.
Buckingham	Bowbrickhill and Fenny Stratford.	34 Geo. 3. 1794. Hil. ro. 71.	Division and inclosure of the open and waste grounds within the parish of Bowbrickhill and hamlet of Fenny Stratford.
Berks	Shilton	35 Geo. 3. 1795. Hil. ro. 27.	Division and inclosure of certain fields and commonable lands in the manor and parish of Shilton.
Cornwall	Trevannance, in the parish of Saint Agnes.	35 Geo. 3. 1795. Hil. ro. 67.	Erection of a pier, and making a harbour in the Cove of Trevannance, in the parish of Saint Agnes.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Tealby, otherwise Tevilby	35 Geo. 3. 1795. Hil. ro. 69.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds in the parish of Tealby, otherwise Tevilby.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Ludford	35 Geo. 3. 1795. Hil. ro. 106.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds in the lordship of Ludford.
Surrey	Cobham, otherwise Coveham.	35 Geo. 3. 1795. Trin. ro. 64.	Division and inclosure of the several commons, heaths, marsh and waste grounds within the manor of Cobham, otherwise Coveham, in the parish of Cobham.
Buckingham	Portfield, in the parish of Newport Pagnell.	35 Geo. 3. 1795. Trin. ro. 148.	Division and inclosure of the lands in a certain open and common field called Portfield, in the parish of Newport Pagnell.
Somerset (PLAN.)	Kings Sedgmoor	36 Geo. 3. 1796. Hil. ro. 29.	Division and inclosure of a certain moor or tract of waste land called Kings Sedgmoor.
Buckingham (PLAN.)	Wendover	36 Geo. 3. 1796. East. ro. 62.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within the manor and parish of Wendover.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Althorpe	36 Geo. 3. 1796. Trin. ro. 73.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commons in the township of Althorpe, and for draining the same.
Buckingham	Aston Abbots	37 Geo. 3. 1797. Hil. ro. 4.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields and wastes within the parish of Aston Abbots.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Barton-upon-Humber	37 Geo. 3. 1797. Hil. ro. 79.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, ings, marshes, common and waste lands within the lordship of Barton-upon-Humber.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Covenham Saint Bartholomew and Covenham Saint Mary.	37 Geo. 3. 1797. Hil. ro. 138.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields, fens, and waste grounds in the several parishes of Covenham Saint Bartholomew and Covenham Saint Mary.
Oxford	Alvescot	37 Geo. 3. 1797. East. ro. 64.	Division and inclosure of the common fields, downs, and other commonable lands within the manor and parish of Alvescot.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Caistor	38 Geo. 3. 1798. Hil. ro. 46.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields and waste grounds which are within and solely belonging to the lordship of Caistor.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	South Kelsey	38 Geo. 3. 1798. Hil. ro. 60.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields, carr lands, furze leas, and waste grounds in the parishes of Saint Mary, South Kelsey, and Saint Nicholas, South Kelsey, within the manor or lordship of South Kelsey, and for extinguishing all rights of common and sheep walks.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Owmby, in the parish of Searby.	38 Geo. 3. 1798. Hil. ro. 106.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields and commonable waste grounds which are within and solely belonging to the lordship of Owmby, in the parish of Searby.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Wintringham, &c.	38 Geo. 3. 1798. East. ro. 50.	Division and inclosure of a certain piece of pasture land in the parish of Wintringham, called the Cow pasture, and other marsh lands lying between the same pasture and the River Humber, and also for dividing, &c., the "composition closes" and hall closes in the same parish.
Buckingham (PLAN.)	Sherrington	38 Geo. 3. 1798. Trin. ro. 103.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields in the parish of Sherrington.
Leicester (PLAN.)	Sutton Cheney, otherwise Sutton Chenell, in the parish of Market Bosworth.	38 Geo. 3. 1798. Trin. ro. 125.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within the township, precincts, and territories of Sutton Cheney, alias Sutton Chenell, in the parish of Market Bosworth.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Wood Enderby	39 Geo. 3. 1799. Hil. ro. 77.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields, ings, &c., in the parish of Wood Enderby.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Wood Enderby and Mareham-le-Fen.	39 Geo. 3. 1799. Hil. ro. 93.	Division and exchange of divers lands in the parishes of Wood Enderby and Mareham-le-Fen.
Leicester	Baresby and South Croxton.	39 Geo. 3. 1799. Trin. ro. 23.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste lands of Baresby and South Croxton.
Leicester	Twyford	39 Geo. 3. 1799. Trin. ro. 47.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste lands in the lordship or liberty of Twyford.
Ditto	Ditto	Trin. ro. 62.	Deed poll for exchanging certain lands in the lordship of Twyford.
Ditto	Ditto	Trin. ro. 68.	Deed poll for exchanging certain lands of Baresby and South Croxton.
Buckingham (PLAN.)	Adstock	39 Geo. 3. 1799. Trin. ro. 118.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields within the manor and parish of Adstock.
Stafford (PLAN.)	Abbots Bromley, otherwise Pagets Bromley.	39 Geo. 3. 1799. Trin. ro. 174.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields and waste grounds within the parish of Abbots Bromley, otherwise Pagets Bromley.
Norfolk	Shouldham and Shouldham Thorpe, otherwise Garbois Thorpe.	39 Geo. 3. 1799. Trin. ro. 207.	Division and inclosure of the common fields and waste lands within the parishes of Shouldham and Shoudham Thorpe, otherwise Garbois Thorpe.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Cornwall -	Cardinham - - -	40 Geo. 3. 1799. Mich. ro. 25.	Award of Henry Hawkins Tremayne relative to a certain common or piece of waste ground in the parish of Cardinham, pursuant to Orders of Court.
Oxford - -	Kelmscott, in the parish of Broadwell.	40 Geo. 3. 1799. Mich. ro. 69.	Division and inclosure of the common fields and commonable lands within the hamlet of Kelmscott, in the parish of Broadwell.
Buckingham	Singleboro', in the parish of Great Horwood.	41 Geo. 3. 1801. Hil. ro. 126.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields and waste grounds within the manor and hamlet of Singleboro', in the parish of Great Horwood.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	Mavis Enderby - -	41 Geo. 3. 1801. Trin. ro. 141.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commonable lands in the parish of Mavis Enderby.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	Mavis Enderby - -	41 Geo. 3. 1801. Trin. ro. 164.	Ditto ditto. (Second meeting.)
Northampton (PLAN.)	Whittlebury, Forest of Whittlewood, otherwise Whittlebury.	41 Geo. 3. 1801. Trin. ro. 201.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields within the parish and liberties of Whittlebury (except such commonable lands as lie within the present Ringmound of the Forest of Whittlewood, otherwise Whittlebury), and for extinguishing a right of common in and over two pieces of ground within the said parish called Porters Wood and Long Hedge.
Norfolk - (PLAN.)	Brooke - - - -	42 Geo. 3. 1802. Trin. ro. 6.	Division and inclosure of the commons, fen grounds, and waste lands within the parish of Brooke.
Berks - -	Buckland - - -	43 Geo. 3. 1803. Hil. ro. 20.	Division and inclosure of the common fields and waste grounds in the hamlet or liberty of Buckland, in the parish of Buckland.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	Barrow - - - - -	43 Geo. 3. 1803. Hil. ro. 92.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste lands in the parish of Barrow.
Surrey - (PLAN.)	Ewell - - - - -	43 Geo. 3. 1803. East. ro. 62.	Division and inclosure of the common fields and waste lands in the parish of Ewell.
Middlesex and Surrey. (PLAN.)	Laleham - - - -	43 Geo. 3. 1803. Trin. ro. 160.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commons in the manor of Laleham.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	Gainsboro' and Thonock	44 Geo. 3. 1804. Hil. ro. 100.	Division, enclosure, draining, and embanking the open and common fields and wastes within the township and parish of Gainsboro', and for making a compensation for the tithes arising within the said township and within the lordship of Thonock.
Norfolk - (PLAN.)	Marshland Smeeth and Marshland Fen.	44 Geo. 3. 1804. Hil. ro. 174.	Draining, improvement, and inclosure, &c., of certain tracts of common and waste land called Marshland Smeeth and Marshland Fen, and for regulating the stocking of the said fen.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	East Halton - - -	44 Geo. 3. 1804. East. ro. 20.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste lands in the parish of East Halton.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	West Rasen - - -	44 Geo. 3. 1804. East. ro. 92.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, ings, and waste grounds within the parish of West Rasen.
Buckingham (PLAN.)	Wyrardisbury, otherwise Wraisbury.	44 Geo. 3. 1804. Trin. ro. 2.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds within the parish and manor of Wyrardisbury, otherwise Wraisbury.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	South Ferriby - - -	44 Geo. 3. 1804. Trin. ro. 144.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste grounds in the parish of South Ferriby.
Suffolk - (PLAN.)	Carlton Colville, Oulton, and Kirtley, otherwise Kirkley.	44 Geo. 3. 1804. Trin. ro. 202.	Division and inclosure of the common heath and waste grounds within the several parishes of Carlton Colville, Oulton, and Kirtley, otherwise Kirkley.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Buckingham	Hanslop, otherwise Hanslope.	44 Geo. 3. 1804. Trin. ro. 338.	Division and inclosure of the commons and waste lands within the manor and parish of Hanslop, otherwise Hanslope.
Suffolk (PLAN.)	Sotherton	45 Geo. 3. 1804. Mich. ro. 46.	Division and inclosure of a certain piece or parcel of common pasture land called Sotherton Moor, in the parish of Sotherton.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Messingham and Butterwick.	45 Geo. 3. 1804. Mich. ro. 65.	Division and inclosure of the several open and common fields and waste grounds within the township of Messingham, and that part of the hamlet of East Butterwick, in the parish of Messingham.
Oxford (PLAN.)	Headington	45 Geo. 3. 1805. Hil. ro. 4.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields and waste grounds within the parish of Headington.
Suffolk (PLAN.)	Somerleyton, Blundeston, and Lound.	45 Geo. 3. 1805. Trin. ro. 193.	Division and inclosure of the common heaths, marshes, fens, and waste grounds within the parishes of Somerleyton, Blundeston, and Lound.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Hundleby	45 Geo. 3. 1805. Trin. ro. 286.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields and ings within the parish of Hundleby under a resolution and agreement of the several owners of the soil and others having right of common.
Suffolk (PLAN.)	Bucklesham and Foxhall	46 Geo. 3. 1805. Mich. ro. 26.	Division and inclosure of the heaths, plains, and waste grounds within the parishes of Bucklesham and Foxhall.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Belchford	46 Geo. 3. 1805. Mich. ro. 93.	Division and inclosure of the open arable fields, commonable and waste lands in the parish of Belchford.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Sotby	46 Geo. 3. 1805. Mich. ro. 150.	Division and inclosure of the open arable fields and other commonable and waste lands within the parish of Sotby.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Louth	46 Geo. 3. 1806. East. ro. 2.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, commonable and waste lands in the parish of Louth.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Burton, otherwise Burton-upon-Stather, Stather, Darby, Thealby, Coleby, and West Halton.	46 Geo. 3. 1806. East. ro. 87.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, commonable and waste lands in the township of Burton, otherwise Burton-upon-Stather, and in the hamlets of Stather, Darby, Thealby, and Coleby, within the parishes of Burton and West Halton, in the wapentake of Manley, for making compensation in lieu of tithes.
Suffolk (PLAN.)	Shaddingfield	46 Geo. 3. 1806. Trin. ro. 47.	Inclosure of Shaddingfield common.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Binbrook Saint Gabriel, Binbrook Saint Mary.	46 Geo. 3. 1806. Trin. ro. 85.	Inclosure of lands in the parishes of Binbrook Saint Gabriel and Binbrook Saint Mary.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Kirkby-cum-Osgodby	46 Geo. 3. 1806. Trin. ro. 95.	Division and inclosure of the open and commonable lands and waste grounds within the parish of Kirkby-cum-Osgodby.
Buckingham (PLAN.)	Wooburn	47 Geo. 3. 1806. Mich. ro. 4.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste lands within the parish of Wooburn.
Berks (PLAN.)	Chipping Lamborne and Blagrove.	47 Geo. 3. 1807. Hil. ro. 35.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commonable grounds within the township of Chipping Lamborne, and a certain common called King's Heath, within the tything of Blagrove.
Northampton (PLAN.)	Braddon	47 Geo. 3. 1807. Trin. ro. 107.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commonable lands within the parish and liberty of Braddon.
Northampton (PLAN.)	Greens Norton and Duncott.	47 Geo. 3. 1807. Trin. ro. 119.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commonable lands within the liberties and precincts of Greens Norton and hamlet of Duncott.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Derby (PLAN.)	Brassington, otherwise Brasson, in the parish of Bradborne.	48 Geo. 3. 1808. Hil. ro. 150.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and pastures within the township of Brassington, otherwise Brasson, and the common and waste grounds called Brassington, otherwise Brasson Common, in the parish of Bradbourne.
Ditto	Ditto	Hil. ro. 173.	Consent to exchange.
Bedford (PLAN.)	Salford	48 Geo. 3. 1808. East. ro. 15.	Inclosure of lands in the manor and parish of Salford.
Huntingdon (PLAN.)	Great Staughton	48 Geo. 3. 1808. East. ro. 130.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Great Staughton.
Suffolk (PLAN.)	Sudborne	48 Geo. 3. 1808. Trin. ro. 133.	Inclosure of lands within the parish of Sudborne.
Oxford (PLAN.)	Islip	48 Geo. 3. 1808. Trin. ro. 188.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Islip.
Norfolk (PLAN.)	Hickling	49 Geo. 3. 1808. Mich. ro. 35.	Division, inclosure, drainage, and preservation of the open fields, marsh lands, common, and waste grounds within the parish of Hickling.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Stowe, Sturton, Bransby	49 Geo. 3. 1809. Hil. ro. 2.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and ings, common and waste lands within the township of Stowe and the hamlets of Sturton and Bransby, in the parish of Stowe.
Norfolk (PLAN.)	Haddiscoe	49 Geo. 3. 1809. Hil. ro. 48.	Inclosure and division of lands in the manor and parish of Haddiscoe.
Norfolk (PLAN.)	Gillingham Saint Mary, Gillingham All Saints, Winston, and Windell.	49 Geo. 3. 1809. Hil. ro. 75.	Inclosure of lands in the parishes of Gillingham Saint Mary, Gillingham All Saints, Winston, and Windell.
Berks (PLAN.)	East Hanney, in the parish of West Hanney.	49 Geo. 3. 1809. Hil. ro. 90.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, commonable and waste lands within the hamlet of East Hanney, in the parish of West Hanney.
Hertford (PLANS.)	Bushey	49 Geo. 3. 1809. East. ro. 84.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Bushey.
Bedford (PLAN.)	Oakley	49 Geo. 3. 1809. East. ro. 137 to 155.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, common, Lammas, and waste lands within the parish of Oakley.
Bedford (PLAN.)	Eversholt	49 Geo. 3. 1809. East. ro. 137* to 159*.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Eversholt.
Lincoln (PLAN.)	Swallow	49 Geo. 3. 1809. Trin. ro. 35.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Swallow.
Suffolk (PLAN.)	Westerfield	50 Geo. 3. 1809. Mich. ro. 50.	Inclosure of Westerfield Green, in the parish of Westerfield.
Berks (PLAN.)	Milton	50 Geo. 3. 1810. Trin. ro. 49.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Milton.
Norfolk (PLAN.)	Aldeby	50 Geo. 3. 1810. Trin. ro. 121.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Aldeby.
Wilts (PLANS.)	Aldbourne, otherwise Aldborne, otherwise Alborne.	50 Geo. 3. 1810. Trin. ro. 151.	Inclosure of lands in the township and parish of Aldbourne, otherwise Aldborne, otherwise Alborne.
Sussex (PLANS.)	Broadwater	51 Geo. 3. 1811. Hil. ro. 9.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Broadwater.
Berks (PLANS.)	Shottesbrook and White Waltham, otherwise Waltham Abbotts.	51 Geo. 3. 1811. Hil. ro. 113.	Inclosure of lands within the parishes of Shottesbrook and White Waltham, otherwise Waltham Abbotts.
Norfolk (PLAN.)	Holt and Letheringsett	51 Geo. 3. 1811. Hil. ro. 139.	Inclosure of lands in the parishes of Holt and Letheringsett.
Cambridge (PLAN.)	Harlton	51 Geo. 3. 1811. Hil. ro. 174.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Harlton.
Bedford (PLAN.)	Flitwick	51 Geo. 3. 1811. East. ro. 144.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Flitwick.
Norfolk (PLAN.)	Bodham	51 Geo. 3. 1811. Trin. ro. 86.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Bodham.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Buckingham	Leckhampstead, Lymes End, Nast End.	52 Geo. 3. 1811. Mich. ro. 110.	Award of an arbitrator named in an agreement, dated 16th March 1811. Henry Beauclerk is lord of the manor of Leckhampstead, Bucks, and the lordships and liberties of Lymes End and Nast End are within the said manor and parcel thereof, and the said Henry Beauclerk is and is entitled to be lord of the said lordship or liberties.
Surrey - - (PLAN.)	Thorpe - - - -	52 Geo. 3. 1812. Hil. ro. 95.	Inclosure of lands at Thorpe.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	Croxton - - - -	52 Geo. 3. 1812. Trin. ro. 65.	Allotment of lands in the parish of Croxton.
Sussex - - (PLAN.)	Angmering, otherwise East Angmering, with West Angmering.	52 Geo. 3. 1812. Trin. ro. 69.	Inclosure of the open and common fields in the parish of Angmering, otherwise East Angmering, with West Angmering annexed.
Lincoln -	Crosby, in the parishes of Frodingham and Flixborough.	52 Geo. 3. 1812. Trin. ro. 125.	Inclosure of lands in the township of Crosby, in the parishes of Frodingham and Flixborough.
Norfolk - (PLAN.)	Winterton, East Somerton, West Somerton.	53 Geo. 3. 1813. Hil. ro. 58.	Inclosure and drainage of certain lands in the parishes of Winterton, East Somerton, and West Somerton.
Norfolk - (PLAN.)	Martham - - - -	53 Geo. 3. 1813. Hil. ro. 89.	Inclosure and drainage of certain lands in the parish of Martham.
Norfolk - (PLAN.)	Wheatacre, All Saints -	53 Geo. 3. 1813. Hil. ro. 134.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Wheatacre, All Saints.
Sussex - - (PLAN.)	Warningcamp - -	53 Geo. 3. 1813. Hil. ro. 197.	Inclosure of lands in the vill, hamlet, or parish of Warningcamp.
Hereford - (PLAN.)	Bodenham - - -	53 Geo. 3. 1813. Trin. ro. 7.	Division and inclosure of the common fields in the parish of Bodenham, with the deed poll of the Commissioner, dated 18th May 1813, schedules of corn rents, and maps annexed.
Gloucester -	Longmarston - - -	53 Geo. 3. 1813. Trin. ro. 83.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and commonable lands within the parish of Longmarston.
Bucks - - (PLAN.)	Newnton Blossomville, otherwise Newton Blossomville.	53 Geo. 3. 1813. Trin. ro. 139.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Newnton Blossomville, otherwise Newton Blossomville.
Westmoreland. (PLAN.)	Kirkby, in Kendal - -	54 Geo. 3. 1814. Trin. ro. 50.	Inclosure of a certain open field called Mints Feet, in the parish of Kirkby in Kendal.
Suffolk - - (PLAN.)	Battisford - - -	54 Geo. 3. 1814. Trin. ro. 61.	Inclosure of a certain common, or waste ground, called Battisford Tye, in the parish of Battisford.
Cumberland - (PLAN.)	Crosthwaite - - - -	55 Geo. 3. 1814. Mich. ro. 41.	Inclosure of lands in Thornthwaite, in the parish of Crosthwaite.
Southampton (PLAN.)	Forest of South Bere, otherwise East Bere, otherwise Bier.	55 Geo. 3. 1814. Mich. ro. 74.	Inclosure of the open commonable lands in the Forest of South, otherwise East, Bere, otherwise Bier, lately disafforested.
Cambridge - (PLAN.)	Kirtling and Ashley-cum-Silverley.	55 Geo. 3. 1815. Hil. ro. 114.	Inclosure of certain lands within the manors and parishes of Kirtling and Ashley-cum-Silverley.
Cambridge - (PLAN.)	Kirtling and Ashley-cum-Silverley.	55 Geo. 3. 1815. Hil. ro. 138.	Inclosure of lands within the manors and parishes of Kirtling and Ashley-cum-Silverley.
Northampton (PLAN.)	Blisworth - - -	55 Geo. 3. 1815. Trin. ro. 58.	Inclosure of lands in Blisworth.
Southampton (PLAN.)	Forest of Parkhurst -	55 Geo. 3. 1815. Trin. ro. 80.	Inclosure of the open commonable lands within the Forest of Parkhurst.
Berks - -	Remenham - - -	55 Geo. 3. 1815. Trin. ro. 117.	Inclosure of the open fields and commonable lands in the parish of Remenham.
Berks - -	Remenham - - -	55 Geo. 3. 1815. Trin. ro. 118.	Division of the open and common fields in the parish of Remenham.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Wilts - - (PLAN.)	Ashridge - - - -	56 Geo. 3. 1815. Mich. ro. 42.	Inclosure of lands in the manor of Ashridge.
Buckingham (PLAN.)	Stewkley - - - -	56 Geo. 3. 1815. Mich. ro. 61.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Stewkley.
Essex - - (PLAN.)	Boxtead Hall - - -	56 Geo. 3. 1816. Hil. ro. 58.	Inclosure of lands in the manor of Boxtead Hall.
Oxford - - (PLAN.)	Culham - - - - -	56 Geo. 3. 1816. Hil. ro. 114.	Inclosure of lands within the manor and parish of Culham.
Oxford - - (PLAN.)	Newington and Berrick Prior.	56 Geo. 3. 1816. Hil. ro. 125.	Inclosure of lands in the liberty of Berrick Prior, and in the manor and parish of Newington.
Oxford - - (PLAN.)	Wheatley, in the parish of Cuddesden.	56 Geo. 3. 1816. Trin. ro. 41.	Inclosure of lands in the hamlet and chapelry of Wheatley, in the parish of Cuddesden.
Surrey - - (PLAN.)	Horley - - - - -	56 Geo. 3. 1816. Trin. ro. 65.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Horley.
Bucks and Herts. (PLAN.)	Agmondesham, otherwise Amersham.	57 Geo. 3. 1817. Hil. ro. 2.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Agmondesham, otherwise Amersham.
Berks - - (PLAN.)	Streatley - - - -	57 Geo. 3. 1817. Hil. ro. 68.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Streatley.
Sussex - - (PLAN.)	Eartham - - - -	57 Geo. 3. 1817. Trin. ro. 118.	Inclosure of lands in the manor and parish of Eartham.
Middlesex - (PLAN.)	Harrow - - - - -	58 Geo. 3. 1818. Hil. ro. 78.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields and waste grounds within the parish of Harrow.
Suffolk - - (PLAN.)	Bergholt - - - -	58 Geo. 3. 1818. East. ro. 46.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Bergholt.
Northumberland. (PLAN.)	Simonburn - - -	59 Geo. 3. 1819. Hil. ro. 2.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Simonburn.
Essex - - (PLAN.)	Southweald - - -	59 Geo. 3. 1819. Hil. ro. 36.	Inclosure of lands in the manor or parish of Southweald.
Northumberland. (PLAN.)	Bywell St. Peter - -	59 Geo. 3. 1819. East. ro. 2.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Bywell Saint Peter.
Leicester - (PLAN.)	Great Sheepey - -	60 Geo. 3. 1820. Hil. ro. 31.	Confirmation and establishment of the division and inclosure of certain lands in the township of Great Sheepey, in the parish of Sheepey.
Buckingham (PLAN.)	Upton-cum-Chalvey -	1 Geo. 4. 1820. East. ro. 50.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Upton-cum-Chalvey.
Hereford - (PLAN.)	Marden, Sutton Saint Michael, Sutton Saint Nicholas, and Withington.	1 Geo. 4. 1820. Trin. ro. 50.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Marden, Sutton Saint Michael, Sutton Saint Nicholas, and Withington, with certain chapelries.
Hereford (PLANS.)	Marden, Sutton Saint Michael, Sutton Saint Nicholas, and Withington.	1 Geo. 4. 1820. Trin. ro. 203.	Enlargement of the powers for inclosing lands in the parishes of Marden, Sutton Saint Michael, Sutton Saint Nicholas, Withington, and certain chapelries.
Lincoln - (PLAN.)	Haburgh - - - -	1 Geo. 4. 1820. Trin. ro. 249.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Haburgh.
Warwick - (PLAN.)	Knowle, in the parishes of Solihull, and Hampton and Arden.	1 & 2 Geo. 4. 1821. Hil. ro. 61.	Inclosure of lands in the manor of Knowle, in the parishes of Solihull, and Hampton and Arden.
Derby - - (PLAN.)	Elton and Winster, in the parish of Youlgrave.	3 Geo. 4. 1822. Trin. ro. 66.	Inclosure of lands in the townships of Elton and Winster, in the parish of Youlgrave.
Buckingham (PLAN.)	Stoke Poges and Wexham.	3 & 4 Geo. 4. 1823. Hil. ro. 2.	Inclosure of lands within the parishes of Stoke Poges and Wexham.
Suffolk - -	Leiston and Theberton -	5 & 6 Geo. 4. 1825. Hil. ro. 22.	Inclosure of lands within the parishes of Leiston and Theberton.
Buckingham (PLAN.)	Clifton Reynes - -	7 Geo. 4. 1826. East. ro. 6.	Inclosure and exoneration from tithes of lands within the parish of Clifton Reynes.
Middlesex - (PLAN.)	Hampton - - -	7 & 8 Geo. 4. 1827. Hil. ro. 21.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Hampton.

No. 1c.—Common Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Recovery Rolls.	Particulars.
Oxford - - (Plan.)	Bampton - - - -	8 Geo. 4. 1827. East. ro. 15.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Bampton.
Northampton and Bucks. (Plans.)	Forest of Salcey - -	10 Geo. 4. 1829. East. ro. 7.	Subdivision and inclosure of the Forest of Salcey, and allotment to the King's Majesty.
Hertford - (Plan.)	Barkway and Reed -	10 Geo. 4. 1829. Trin. ro. 23.	Division and inclosure of the open fields, commons, and waste grounds in the parishes of Barkway and Reed.
Durham - (10 Plans.)	Ryton and Winlaton -	11 Geo. 4. 1830. East. ro. 26.	Inclosure of lands in the parishes of Ryton and Winlaton.
Sussex - (Plan.)	Selsey - - - -	1 Wm. 4. 1830. Mich. ro. 18.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Selsey.
Herts - - (Plan.)	Anstey - - - -	3 Wm. 4. 1832. Mich. ro. 2.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Anstey.
Ditto - -	Ditto - - - -	Mich. ro. 40.	Deed poll or supplement to award for inclosing lands in the parish of Anstey.
Sussex - -	Rye Harbour - - -	2 Vict. 1839. Hil. ro. 14.	For ascertaining the improved value of the sum of money to be paid by each owner or person interested in the Salt Marsh lands mentioned.
Hertford - (Plan.)	Sandon - - - -	6 Vict. 1842. Mich. ro. 7.	Division, allotment, and inclosure of all the open common, meadows, lands, and fields in the parish of Sandon.
Hertford -	Therfield - - - -	12 Vict. 1849. East. ro. 2.	Inclosure of the open arable fields, meadows, and waste lands in the parish of Therfield.

No. 1d.—Exchequer of Pleas. 1771 to 1832.

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Plea Rolls.	Particulars.
Huntingdon -	Saint Neots - - -	11 Geo. 3. 1771. East. ro. 28.	Inclosure of the common fields and waste lands in the parish of Saint Neots, and allotments for tithes, &c.
Worcester -	Severn Stoke - - -	16 Geo. 3. 1776. Trin. ro. 2.	Division and inclosure of the common and waste lands in the manor and parish of Severn Stoke.
Worcester -	Leigh, otherwise Ley -	19 Geo. 3. 1778. Mich. ro. 22.	Division and inclosure of the open and common fields, and a certain tract of common or waste land called the "Link," in the said manor and parish of Leigh or Ley.
Essex -	West Horndon - -	19 Geo. 3. 1779. Hil. ro. 14.	Division and inclosure of a certain common in the parish of West Horndon.
Lincoln -	Long Sutton, otherwise Sutton.	34 Geo. 3. 1794. East. ro. 30, &c.	Division and inclosure of the common, marsh, fen, and other waste lands called Long Sutton Common, and Sutton Saint Edmund's Common, in the parish of Long Sutton, otherwise Sutton, in Holland.
Warwick - (Plan.)	Alvecote and Shuttington.	46 Geo. 3. 1805. Mich. ro. 33, &c.	Division and inclosure of lands in the manors of Alvecote and Shuttington.
Middlesex - (Plans.)	Ruislip, otherwise Riselip.	55 Geo. 3. 1815. Separate roll.	Inclosure of lands in the parish of Ruislip, otherwise Riselip.

No. 1d.—Exchequer of Pleas—*continued.*

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Plea Rolls.	Particulars.
Surrey - - (PLAN.)	West Horsley - - - -	58 Geo. 3. 1818. Trin. ro. 59.	Division and inclosure of the open fields and waste lands in the parish and manor of West Horsley.
Surrey - -	Chertsey Beomond -	60 Geo. 3. 1819. Mich. ro. 82.	Allotment of lands in the parish of Chertsey and manor of Chertsey Beomond.
Essex - - (PLAN.)	Heydon - - - - -	2 Wm. 4. 1832. Hil. ro. 44.	Allotment of lands in the parish of Heydon.

No. 1e.—Exchequer—Queen's Remembrancer. 1817 to 1851.

County.	Parish or Place.	Reference to Enrolment on the Memoranda Rolls.	Particulars.
Chester - (PLAN.)	Delamere - - - - -	57 Geo. 3. 1817. East. ro. 10.	Inclosure of part of the forest of Delamere, and allotment to the King's Majesty.
Chester - (PLAN.)	Delamere - - - - -	58 Geo. 3. 1817. Mich. ro. 14.	Inclosure of part of the forest of Delamere, and allotment to the King's Majesty, for the purpose of building a church for public worship, and to endow the church with the lands so allotted.
Somerset and Devon. (PLAN.)	Exmoor - - - - -	58 Geo. 3. 1818. Trin. ro. 1.	Inclosure of certain parts of the forest of Exmoor, and allotment to His Majesty.
Brecon - - (PLAN.)	Brecon - - - - -	1 Geo. 4. East. ro. 40.	Inclosure of the forest of Brecon, vesting certain parts in His Majesty.
Brecon - - (PLAN.)	Brecon - - - - -	1 Geo. 4. East. ro. 41.	Inclosure of the forest of Brecon, vesting certain parts in His Majesty.
Chester - (PLANS.)	Delamere - - - - -	1 Geo. 4. Trin. ro. 9.	Inclosure of the forest of Delamere.
Cornwall - (PLAN.)	Royalty of Rialton and Retraight, alias Reterth.	4 Geo. 4. Mich. ro. 6.	Inclosure of the open commons within the manor or royalty of Rialton and Retraight, alias Reterth, in the parish of Saint Columb Major, vesting certain parts in His Majesty.
Northampton (PLAN.)	Whittlewood, called Hazleborough Walk.	7 Geo. 4. Mich. ro. 4.	Inclosure of that portion of the forest of Whittlewood called Hazleborough Walk, in the parish of Whitfield and liberties or precincts of Silston, otherwise Silverstone, otherwise Silveston Burnham, and the open fields of the same.
Northampton and Buckingham. (PLAN.)	Salcey - - - - -	7 Geo. 4. Mich. ro. 5.	Inclosure and division of the forest of Salcey, in the co. of Northampton and Buckingham, and of certain lands in the parish of Hartwell, co. Northampton.
Southampton (PLANS.)	New Forest - - -	10 Geo. 4. Trin. ro. 136. "*Addenda.*" 8 July 1829, Commission. 14 Aug. 1844, Affidavits, with plans. 3 Oct. 1851, Certificate of Commissioners.	Inclosure of part of the waste of the New Forest.

No. 1f.—Welsh Records.

Awards (loose).

County.	Parish or Place.		Particulars.
Chester	River Weaver	Chester Records, 1741, 4 Nov.	Survey of lands lost or covered and damages done to the locks of the River Weaver, made pursuant to an Act of Parliament for making the River Weaver navigable.
Chester	Cuddington, Bryn, and Weaverham.	(Enrolled) County Palatine of Chester, Exchequer, 7 Geo. 3. 1767, 29 June.	Inclosure and division of the common and waste grounds within the township of Cuddington with Bryn, in the parish of Weaverham, dated 27 June 1767.
Chester	Frodsham, Weaverham, Kingsley, Newton, Norton, and Crowton.	(Enrolled) Chester Exchequer, 27 Geo. 3. 1787, 10 March.	Inclosure and division of the common and waste grounds within the townships of Kingsley, Newton near Kingsley, Norton, and Crowton, in the parishes of Frodsham and Weaverham, dated 29 April 1780.
Pembroke (Plans.)	Narberth	27 Geo. 3. 1787, 20 Oct.	Inclosure and division of the waste lands within the manors of Narberth, Templeton, Molleston, and Robestone Watham, and waste ground called Narberth Forest and Narberth Mountain.
Caermarthen (Plans.)	Saint Clears	(Indorsed) Enrolled with the Clerk of the Peace for Caermarthen. 51 Geo. 3. 1811, 28 Feb.	Inclosure and division of the waste lands in the manor of Saint Clears, dated 1 March 1810.

No. 1g.—Duchy of Lancaster.

Awards under Inclosure Acts, in the Duchy of Lancaster Office, either enrolled in one of the Five Books in that Office referred to as "Lib. 1 to 5," or original Extracts as to Allotments made to His Majesty.

1760 to 1834.

Page.	Parish or Place.	County.	Particulars.
	Allerston	N. York	Abstract. *See* Lib. 5, p. 35.
391	Allerton Bywater	W. York	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 212.
417	Aykton	W. York	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 286.
373	Bakewell and Overhaddon	Derby	Award of the King's allotment in Overhaddon Common. *See* Lib. 4, p. 176.
	Baln	W. York	*See* Pollington.
343	Barwick in Elmet	W. York	*See* Lib. 4, p. 10.
271	Beckingham	Nottingham.	—
	Bolingbroke	Lincoln	*See* Mavis Enderby.
438	Bolton	W. York	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 321.
	Bottesford	Leicester	*See* Lib. 1.
239	Bonsall and Matlock	Derby	22 July 1776.
	Bonsall	Derby	1778.
447	Brodsworth	W. York	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 324.
	Bushell	N. York	*See* Hutton Bushell.
	Buxton	Derby	*See* Lib. 2, p. 71.
	Byfield	Northampton	Extract from award.
	Bywater	W. York	*See* Allerton Bywater.
394	Cadeby	W. York	Extract as to allotment made to His Majesty. *See* Lib. 4, p. 214.
	Callow	Derby	*See* Kirk Ireton.
596 597	Caldcot-cum-Newton	Monmouth.	—

No. 1g.—Duchy of Lancaster—*continued.*

Page.	Parish or Place.	County.	Particulars.
	Calverley	W. York	*See* Bolton.
	Calverton	Nottingham	*See* Lib. 3, p. 261.
	Castleford	W. York	*See* Houghton.
453	Charnwood Forest and Rothley Plain.	Leicester	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 325.
	Cheame	Surrey	*See* Lib. 4, p. 180.
	Chelston	Huntingdon	*See* Lib. 4, p. 69.
	Cowick	W. York	*See* Snaith.
	Cropwell Bishop	Nottingham	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 332.
497	Cropwell Butler	Nottingham	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 335.
390	Cudworth	W. York	Extract from award and map annexed so far as respects the allotment to His Majesty. *See* Lib. 4, p. 208.
415	Darrington	W. York	Extract as to the allotments made to His Majesty. *See* Lib. 4, p. 285.
332	Dedham Hall, Overhall, and Netherhall.	Essex	*See* Lib. 3, p. 519; *continued* Lib. 4, p. 1.
	Dedham Hall	Essex	1803.
395	Denshaw Moor	W. York	(Saddleworth). Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 215.
	Desford and Peckleton	Leicester	Award dated 7 Aug. 1760. *See* Leases and Patents, 1740 to 1764, fol. 239.
235	Dunsforth, Upper, and Branton.	W. York	1775, filed 1 April 1776.
	Eastthorpe	Leicester	*See* Bottesford.
241	Ebberston	W. York	1775.
	Elmet	W. York	*See* Barwick.
	Elmsall	W. York	*See* Kirkby.
427	Elton and Winster Bank	Derby	Extract.
	Enderby	Lincoln	*See* Mavis Enderby.
	Enfield	Middlesex	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 198.
	Enfield Chase	Middlesex	Mr. Heathfield to Mr. Vincent. Lease for a year to vest possession. *See* Lib. 3, p. 504. Same parties. Deed of Exchange. *See* Lib. 3, p. 507. Same parties. Certificate of Exchange, *See* Lib. 3, p. 515. Same parties. Confirmation of Exchange. *See* Lib. 3, p. 518.
	Enfield Chace	Middlesex	*See* South Mimms.
	Enfield Tythe	Middlesex	*See* Lib. 2, p. 220.
	Fairfield	Derby	*See* Lib. 1.
541	Farington	Lancaster	Extract from award.
	Flentham	Nottingham	*See* Lib. 2, p. 225.
	Fulwood	Lancaster	*See* Lib. 4, p. 224.
	Great Heck	W. York	*See* Heck.
	Great Hucklow	Derby	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, pp. 65 and 99.
	Gowdall	W. York	*See* Lib. 2, p. 201.
	Halton	Chester	Notice of new Commissioner. *See* Lib. 4, p. 69.
	Heck, Great and Little	W. York	*See* Pollington.
	Hertingfordbury	Hertford	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 217.
	Higham Ferrers	Northampton	*See* Lib. 4, p. 336; continued Lib. 5, p. 1.
	Holland Ward	Derby	*See* Hulland, Lib. 2, p. 1.
423	Houghton with Castleford	W. York	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, pp. 287 and 293.
	Hucklow	Derby	*See* Great Hucklow.
	Hucklow	Derby	*See* Little Hucklow.
	Hutton Bushell	N. York	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 321.
	Hulland Ward	Derby	Copy of confirmed award, 1846.
	Irchester	Northampton	*See* Lib. 2, p. 104.
	Ireton	Derby	*See* Kirk Ireton.
	Kellington	W. York	*See* Pollington.
410	Kirkby, South, and South Elmsall.	W. York	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 223.
351	Kirk Ireton and Callow	Derby	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 68.
392	Kirk Smeaton	W. York	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 210.
269	Knaresborough Forest	W. York	*See* also Book of Enrolments for Knaresborough.
	Knesal	Nottingham	*See* Lib. 3, p. 209.
213	Kanston	Nottingham	1769.
420	Langset, otherwise Langside	W. York	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 291.
	Leicestershire	-	Award of Commissioners for dividing lands in. *See* Desford.
	Little Hucklow	Derby	Notice of boundaries. *See* Lib. 4, p. 9.
	Lound	Nottingham	*See* Sutton.
	Matlock	Derby	*See* Bonsall.
	Mattersea	Nottingham	Plan No. 600, with Lib. 1, awards.
342	Mavis Enderby and Bolingbroke.	Lincoln	Separate awards of His Majesty's allotments and exchanges. *See* Lib. 4, p. 21.
	Mavis Enderby	Lincoln	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 20.
	Methwold	Norfolk	*See* Lib. 4, p. 113.
	Mimms	Middlesex	*See* South Mimms.
525	Mowsley	Leicester	Extract, 1788. *See* Lib. 3, p. 439.

No. 1g.—Duchy of Lancaster—*continued.*

Page.	Parish or Place.	County.	Particulars.
349	Needwood Forest	Stafford	1st award. *See* Lib. 4, p. 25. Final award, Entries relating to Needwood Forest, B 2 p. 123.
	Netherhall	Essex	*See* Dedham Forest.
	Newton	W. York	*See* Potter Newton.
	Newton	N. York	*See* Pickering.
538	Ollerset and Phoside	Derby	Award, 9 George 4. Office Copy.
	Ollerton	Nottingham	Acts 1778. Proceedings relating to inclosure in miscellaneous bundles, No. 25.
	Ordsall	Nottingham	*See* Lib. 4, p. 326.
	Overhaddon	Derby	*See* Bakewell.
	Overhall	Essex	*See* Dedham Hall.
	Peckleton	Leicester	*See* Desford.
	Phoside	Derby	*See* Ollerset.
289	Pickering and Newton	N. York	Award.
	Pickering	N. York	King's allotment only. *See* Lib. 3, p. 435.
	Pickering	N. York	Award of the Duchy allotments at Pickering. *See* Pat. and Leases, 1786–1792, p. 75.
361	Plumtree	Nottingham	Separate award. *See* Lib. 4, p. 174.
	Pollington, Baln, Whitley, and Whitley Thorpe, Great Heck, Little Heck, in the parishes of Snaith and Kellington.	W. York	*See* Lib. 2, p. 130.
352	Potter Newton	W. York	Extract so far as relates to the King's allotment. *See* Lib. 4, p. 66.
389	Purston Jackling	W. York	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 206.
	Quernmoor	Lancaster	Award. 1817.
	Quernmoor	Lancaster	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 282.
485	Raunds	Northampton	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 329.
	Rawcliff	W. York	*See* Snaith.
	Reston	Lincoln	*See* South Reston.
576	Ribstone Moor, or Ribstone Green.	W. York	Extract from inclosure award, 1856. Entered in book of awards.
	Ringstead	Northampton	Extract. *See* Lib. 5, p. 34.
	Rothley Plain	Leicester	*See* Charnwood Forest.
418	Rothwell	W. York	Extract 1818. *See* Lib. 4, p. 290.
	Royston	W. York	*See* Lib. 2, p. 59.
	Rushden	Northampton	*See* Lib. 3, p. 77.
	Saddleworth	W. York	*See* Denshaw Moor.
255	Scalby	N. York.	—
443	Scotton and Scriven	W. York	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 322.
	Scriven	W. York	*See* Scotton.
	Skegby	Nottingham	*See* Lib. 4, p. 328.
	Smeaton	W. York	*See* Kirk Smeaton.
272	Snainton	N. York.	—
	Snaith	W. York	*See* Pollington.
	Snaith, Cowick, and Rawcliff.	W. York	*See* Lib. 1, p. 1.
	South Elmsall	W. York	*See* Kirkby.
	South Kirkby	W. York	*See* Kirkby.
	South Mimms and Enfield Chace.	Middlesex	*See* Lib. 3, p. 341.
	South Mimms	Middlesex	Deed of Exchange between Mr. Heathfield, Vicar, and Mr. Vincent, of lands at South Mimms. *See* Lib. 3, p. 504.
	South Reston	Lincoln	*See* Lib. 1.
360	Styrrup	Nottingham	Separate award. *See* Lib. 4, p. 171.
	Sutton and Lound	Nottingham	*See* Lib. 2, p. 263; continued in Lib. 3, p. 1.
260	Thornton	N. York	1781. *See* Lib. 3, p. 431.
403	Thorp Audlen	W. York	Extract. *See* Lib. 4, p. 222.
	Thringston	Leicester	*See* Whitwick.
	Tickhill	W. York and Nottingham.	*See* Lib. 1, p. 69.
	Torrington	Lancaster	Award. Extract 1834. *See* Lib. 5, p. 37.
	Turville	Buckingham	*See* Weston Turville.
	Upper Dunsforth	W. York	*See* Dunsford, Upper.
331	Weston Turville	Buckingham	Abstract. *See* Lib. 3, p. 503.
	Whitley and Whitley Thorpe	W. York	*See* Pollington.
381	Whitwick and Thrington	Leicester	Inclosure Commissioners' separate award for the King. *See* Lib. 4, p. 200.
	Winster Bank	Derby	*See* Elton.
286	Wykeham	N. York	Partial award (filed 22 Jan. 1787).

(Signed) JOHN JAMES BOND.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters contained in the Cartæ Antiquæ and the Confirmation Rolls of Chancery; from Ethelbert, of Kent, to James I.

The Cartæ Antiquæ contain enrolments of various royal Charters, from Ethelbert, of Kent, to Edward the First. The Confirmation Rolls, extending from the first of Richard the Third to the first of Charles the First, contain exemplifications and confirmations of royal Charters, from Egfrid, of Northumbria, to James the First. The following is a list of all Charters exemplified or confirmed on these rolls.

Ethelbert, King of Kent. (A.D. 568–616.)

Cartæ Antiquæ.	I. No. 18.

Egfrid, King of Northumbria. (A.D. 670–685.)

Confirmation Roll.	6 Eliz. No. 10.

Sebby, King of the East Saxons. (A.D. 683–694.)

Confirmation Roll.	4 Hen. 7. p. 3. No. 3.

Ethelbald, King of Mercia. (A.D. 716–757.)

Confirmation Roll.	1 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 7.

Offa, King of Mercia. (A.D. 757–796.)

Confirmation Roll.	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. No. 1.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 3. No. 6.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 8. No. 1.

Alfred, King of England. (A.D. 872–901.)

Confirmation Roll.	2 Hen. 8. p. 7. No. 9.

Athelstan. (A.D. 925–940.)

Confirmation Roll.	2 Hen. 7. p. 2. No. 2.
„	2 & 3 Ph. & M. No. 17.
„	6 Eliz. No. 8.
„	2 Jas. 1. p. 2. No. 14.

Edgar. (A.D. 959–975.)

Cartæ Antiquæ.	B. No. 11.
„	H., No. 1.
Confirmation Roll.	2 Ric. 3. p. 4. No. 8.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 11.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 2. No. 15.
„	„ p. 5. No. 2.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. No. 13.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 6. No. 4.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 3. No. 3.
„	„ p. 5. No. 6.
„	„ p. 8. No. 3.
„	14 to 18 Eliz. No. 6.
„	4 Jas. 1. No. 13.

Canute. (A.D. 1014–1036.)

Confirmation Roll.	2 Ric. 3. p. 3. No. 9.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 10.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 5. No. 13.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 2.
„	8 Hen. 8. No. 5.
„	1 Mary, p. 1. No. 1.
„	2 Eliz. p. 3. No. 1.

Edward the Confessor. (A.D. 1041–1066.)

Cartæ Antiquæ.	B. D. M. P. Q. U. CC. EE. II.
Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 3. No. 2.
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 2. No. 10.
„	„ p. 3. No. 9.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 11.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 2. Nos. 9, 12.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

EDWARD THE CONFESSOR—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 10.
„	„ p. 2. No. 15.
„	„ p. 3. No. 11.
„	„ p. 5. No. 2.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 4.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 13, 18.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 13.
„	„ p. 3. No. 6.
„	„ p. 5. No. 13.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 4.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 2.
„	„ p. 2. No. 2.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 3, 5.
„	„ p. 5. No. 6.
„	„ p. 6. No. 1.
„	8 Hen. 8. No. 5.
„	1 Mary, p. 1. No. 1.
„	3 & 4 Ph. & M. No. 15.
„	2 Eliz. p. 2. No. 7.
„	„ p. 3. No. 1.
„	8 Eliz. No. 1.
„	14 to 18 Eliz. No. 6.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 3. No. 10.
„	4 Jas. 1. No. 13.

WILLIAM I. (A.D. 1066–1087.)

Cartæ Antiquæ.	A. B. F. G. P. Q. S. W. CC. II. NN.
Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 3. Nos. 2, 3.
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 2. No. 10.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 11.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 2. Nos. 9, 12.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 8.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 2. No. 15.
„	„ p. 3. No. 11.
„	„ p. 4. No. 2.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 2, 5.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 4.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 13, 18.
„	„ p. 3. No. 3.
„	5 Hen. 7. No. 16.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	20 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 13.
„	„ p. 3. No. 6.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 4, 5.
„	„ p. 7. No. 7.
„	„ p. 8. No. 2.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 2.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 3, 5.
„	„ p. 4. No. 9.
„	„ p. 5. No. 6.
„	„ p. 6. No. 1.
„	„ p. 7. No. 3.
„	„ p. 10. No. 2.
„	4 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 3.
„	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 14.
„	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. Nos. 1, 2.

WILLIAM I.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	2 Edw. 6. p. 3. No. 2.
„	3 & 4 Ph. & M. No. 15.
„	2 Eliz. p. 2. No. 7.
„	4 Eliz. p. 2. No. 4.
„	9 & 10 Eliz. No. 1.
„	14 to 18 Eliz. No. 6.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 3. No. 10.
„	4 Jas. 1. No. 13.

HENRY I. (A.D. 1100–1135.)

Cartæ Antiquæ.	A. B. C. E. F. G. L. N. P. Q. R. S. U. W. CC. GG. II. OO. SS.
Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 3. No. 3.
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. No. 1.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 8, 10.
„	„ p. 3. No. 9.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 3, 8.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 2. No. 12.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 10.
„	„ p. 2. No. 9.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 6, 8.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 10, 14.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 16, 17.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 8, 9, 10, 11.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 4. No. 2.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 2, 5.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 4.
„	„ p. 2. No. 11.
„	„ p. 3. No. 3.
„	5 Hen. 7. No. 4.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. Nos. 1, 5, 10, 13, 27.
„	20 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 13.
„	„ p. 3. No. 6.
„	„ p. 4. No. 3.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 13, 19.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 4, 5, 8.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 7, 8.
„	„ p. 8. Nos. 1, 2.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 2, 6.
„	„ p. 2. No. 1.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 3, 9.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 7, 8.
„	„ p. 6. No. 2.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 3, 6.
„	„ p. 8. No. 5.
„	„ p. 10. Nos. 2, 14.
„	„ p. 11. Nos. 1, 8, 9.
„	3 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 8, 19.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 7, 10.
„	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 9, 16, 17.
„	„ p. 2. No. 3.
„	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 14, 17.
„	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 2.
„	8 Hen. 8. No. 5.
„	1 Edw. 6. p. 1. No. 13.
„	2 Edw. 6. p. 3. No. 2.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

HENRY I.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	7 Edw. 6. No. 4.
„	1 Mary, p. 1. No. 1.
„	3 & 4 Ph. & M. No. 15.
„	1 Eliz. p. 2. No. 4.
„	„ p. 3. No. 12.
„	2 Eliz. p. 2. No. 7.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 11.
„	4 Eliz. p. 2. No. 4.
„	5 Eliz. No. 10.
„	9 & 10 Eliz. No. 1.
„	14 to 18 Eliz. No. 15.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 3. Nos. 8, 10.

STEPHEN. (A.D. 1135–1154.)

Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 3. No. 2.
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. No. 1.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 7, 8.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 1.
„	„ p. 2. No. 12.
„	„ p. 3. No. 6.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 3, 14.
„	„ p. 2. No. 17.
„	„ p. 4. No. 2.
„	„ p. 5. No. 5.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 4.
„	„ p. 2. No. 11.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 3.
„	5 Hen. 7. No. 4.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. Nos. 1, 13, 27.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 7, 13.
„	„ p. 3. No. 6.
„	„ p. 4. No. 3.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 13, 19.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 2, 8.
„	„ p. 7. No. 8.
„	„ p. 8. Nos. 1, 2.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 2, 6.
„	„ p. 6. No. 1.
„	„ p. 7. No. 7.
„	„ p. 8. No. 3.
„	„ p. 10. No. 14.
„	„ p. 11. No. 9.
„	3 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 12.
„	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 17.
„	6 Hen. 8. No. 6.
„	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 14.
„	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. Nos. 2, 7.
„	8 Hen. 8. No. 1.
„	1 Mary, p. 1. No. 1.
„	3 & 4 Ph. & M. No. 15.
„	2 Eliz. p. 3. No. 1.
„	5 Eliz. Nos. 8, 10.
„	9 & 10 Eliz. No. 1.

HENRY II. (A.D. 1154–1189.)

Cartæ Antiquæ.	A. B. C. D. E. F. L. M. P. S. T. U. Y. CC. DD. EE. GG. II.

HENRY II.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 3, 20.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 12, 22.
„	„ p. 3. No. 3.
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 1, 6.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 9, 11.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 3, 4.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 3, 7, 8, 10.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 1.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 12.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 16.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 6, 8.
„	„ p. 4. No. 1.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 3, 8, 9, 14, 15.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 7, 8, 15, 17,
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 15.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 5, 8, 11.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 2, 5.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 4, 5, 7, 8, 10.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 11, 12, 13, 18.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 10.
„	5 Hen. 7. Nos. 3, 4, 12, 13, 14, 23.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. Nos. 1, 11, 13, 15, 23, 24, 27.
„	20 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 12, 13.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 7, 9.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 3, 4, 6.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 3, 13, 14.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 13, 19.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 4, 6, 8.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 6, 8.
„	„ p. 8. Nos. 1, 2.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 2, 6, 10.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 9.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 5.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 3, 8, 9.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 6, 7, 8.
„	„ p. 6. No. 2.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 3, 4, 6, 9.
„	„ p. 8. Nos. 2, 3.
„	„ p. 10. No. 2.
„	„ p. 11. Nos. 1, 4, 5, 9, 11.
„	3 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 9, 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 8, 9.
„	„ p. 3. No. 10.
„	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 6, 13, 16.
„	„ p. 2. No. 3.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

HENRY II.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	5 Hen. 8. Nos. 1, 5.
„	6 Hen. 8. Nos. 3, 5, 7, 9.
„	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 10, 12, 14, 17.
„	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 7.
„	8 Hen. 8. Nos. 1, 2, 6, 7.
„	1 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 7, 9, 13,
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 11.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 14, 15.
„	„ p. 5. No. 12.
„	„ p. 6. No. 2.
„	2 Edw. 6. p. 1. No. 11.
„	„ p. 3. No. 2.
„	3 Edw. 6. Nos. 1, 10, 11.
„	4 Edw. 6. Nos. 2, 6, 7, 9.
„	5 Edw. 6. Nos. 3, 4.
„	7 Edw. 6. No. 2.
„	1 Mary, p. 1. Nos. 1, 12.
„	„ p. 3. No. 7.
„	„ p. 4. No. 13.
„	1 & 2 Ph. & M. Nos. 3, 4, 9.
„	2 & 3 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 4, 10.
„	3 & 4 Ph. & M. Nos. 6, 13.
„	„ (Duplicate.)
„	4 & 5, 4 & 6, and 5 & 6 Ph. & M. No. 2.
„	1 Eliz. p. 3. No. 2.
„	„ p. 5. No. 3.
„	2 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 8, 9.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 4.
„	„ p. 4. No. 10.
„	3 Eliz. Nos. 1, 2, 12.
„	4 Eliz. p. 2. No. 4.
„	5 Eliz. Nos. 8, 10.
„	6 Eliz. Nos. 1, 10.
„	7 Eliz. Nos. 2, 6.
„	8 Eliz. No. 1.
„	9 & 10 Eliz. No. 1.
„	11 to 13 Eliz. Nos. 4, 6, 7, 8.
„	14 to 18 Eliz. No. 15.
„	19 to 23 Eliz. No. 9.
„	2 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 2, 4.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 2. No. 2.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 8.
„	6 Jas. 1. No. 2.
„	14 Jas. 1. Nos. 1, 3.

RICHARD I. (A.D. 1189–1199.)

Cartæ Antiquæ.	B. C. D. E. F. G. L. P. S. W. DD. EE. GG. II. SS.
Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 1. No. 20.
„	„ p. 3. No. 3.
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 1, 4.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 9, 11.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 7, 9.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 11.

RICHARD I.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	2 Hen. 7. p. 2. No. 5.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 6.
„	„ p. 4. No. 3.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 3, 8, 10, 13, 14.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 7, 16.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 6, 13, 15.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 2, 5.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 2, 4, 8, 10.
„	„ p. 2. No. 17.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10.
„	5 Hen. 7. Nos. 3, 18.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. Nos. 19, 24, 27, 30.
„	20 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 12, 13.
„	„ p. 2. No. 7.
„	„ p. 3. No. 6.
„	„ p. 5. No. 16.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 2, 3.
„	„ p. 7. No. 8.
„	„ p. 8. Nos. 1, 2.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 6.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 7, 9.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 3.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 6, 8.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 2, 4, 7.
„	„ p. 6. No. 3.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 6, 7, 9.
„	„ p. 11. No. 5.
„	3 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 5.
„	„ p. 2. No. 3.
„	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 13.
„	5 Hen. 8. No. 1.
„	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 4, 12, 14.
„	8 Hen. 8. Nos. 5, 6.
„	1 Edw. 6. p. 1. No. 13.
„	„ p. 2. No. 8.
„	„ p. 3. No. 5.
„	„ p. 4. No. 12.
„	„ p. 6. No. 9.
„	2 Edw. 6. p. 3. No. 2.
„	3 Edw. 6. No. 3.
„	4 Edw. 6. No. 4.
„	7 Edw. 6. No. 2.
„	1 Mary, p. 2. No. 4.
„	„ p. 3. No. 12.
„	„ p. 4. No. 12.
„	1 Eliz. p. 2. No. 11.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 17.
„	3 Eliz. No. 11.
„	4 Eliz. p. 2. No. 4.
„	5 Eliz. Nos. 8, 11.
„	6 Eliz. No. 1.
„	8 Eliz. No. 1.
„	9 & 10 Eliz. No. 1.
„	11 to 13 Eliz. No. 4.
„	14 to 18 Eliz. Nos. 6, 15.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 3. Nos. 2, 8, 9.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

RICHARD I.—*continued.*	
Confirmation Roll.	4 Jas. 1. No. 13.
,,	12 Jas. 1. No. 1.
,,	14 Jas. 1. No. 3.
JOHN. (A.D. 1199–1216.)	
Cartæ Antiquæ.	A. B. C. D. E. F. G. K. L. M. N. Q. Y. Z. AA. EE. GG. II. MM.
Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 15, 20.
,,	,, p. 3. No. 3.
,,	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. No. 6.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 3, 8, 10.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 9.
,,	,, p. 4. No. 2.
,,	2 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 4, 16.
,,	,, p. 2. No. 9.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 4, 8.
,,	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 10, 14.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 7, 8, 14, 15, 17.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 4, 10, 11, 14.
,,	,, p. 4. Nos. 2, 6.
,,	,, p. 5. Nos. 2, 4, 5.
,,	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 2, 8.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 11, 13, 17, 18.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 2, 4, 8, 9.
,,	5 Hen. 7. Nos. 3, 10, 12, 13, 14, 18.
,,	6 to 10 Hen. 7. Nos. 3, 11, 27.
,,	20 Hen. 7. No. 1.
,,	1 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 8.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 2, 6, 7.
,,	,, p. 3. No. 4.
,,	,, p. 4. No. 3.
,,	,, p. 5. Nos. 2, 6, 13, 19.
,,	,, p. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4.
,,	,, p. 7. Nos. 7, 8.
,,	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 2, 5.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 8, 9, 13.
,,	,, p. 3. No. 5.
,,	,, p. 4. Nos. 1, 2, 8, 10.
,,	,, p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 6.
,,	,, p. 7. Nos. 1, 3, 9.
,,	,, p. 8. No. 2.
,,	,, p. 9. No. 9.
,,	,, p. 10. No. 11.
,,	3 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 11.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 3, 8.
,,	,, p. 3. No. 5.
,,	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 1, 4.
,,	,, p. 2. No. 3.

JOHN—*continued.*	
Confirmation Roll.	6 Hen. 8. Nos. 3, 6.
,,	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 3, 4, 9, 14, 17.
,,	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. Nos. 2, 7.
,,	8 Hen. 8. Nos. 5, 7.
,,	1 Edw. 6. p. 1. No. 14.
,,	,, p. 2. No. 8.
,,	,, p. 3. No. 1.
,,	,, p. 4. No. 15.
,,	,, p. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 5, 10, 12, 17.
,,	,, p. 7. No. 2.
,,	2 Edw. 6. p. 1. No. 5.
,,	,, p. 2. No. 2.
,,	,, p. 3. No. 2.
,,	,, p. 4. No. 4.
,,	3 Edw. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 10, 14.
,,	4 Edw. 6. Nos. 4, 5, 9.
,,	5 Edw. 6. No. 4.
,,	7 Edw. 6. No. 2.
,,	1 Mary, p. 1. Nos. 1, 6, 10, 11.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 4, 10, 13.
,,	,, p. 3. No. 7.
,,	,, p. 4. No. 14.
,,	1 & 2 Ph. & M. Nos. 3, 9, 19, 22.
,,	2 & 3 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 7, 10, 11, 14.
,,	3 & 4 Ph. & M. No. 13.
,,	1 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 4, 21.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 6, 9, 10.
,,	,, p. 3. No. 8.
,,	2 Eliz. p. 2. No. 7.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 1, 4, 9.
,,	,, p. 4. Nos. 6, 14.
,,	3 Eliz. Nos. 6, 12.
,,	4 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 13, 21.
,,	,, p. 2. No. 4.
,,	5 Eliz. Nos. 2, 10, 11.
,,	6 Eliz. No. 1.
,,	7 Eliz. Nos. 2, 6, 7.
,,	9 & 10 Eliz. Nos. 1, 6.
,,	19 to 23 Eliz. No. 11.
,,	23 to 30 Eliz. Nos. 3, 16.
,,	2 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 5, 8.
,,	,, p. 2. No. 11.
,,	3 Jas. 1. p. 2. No. 4.
,,	,, p. 3. No. 10.
,,	4 Jas. 1. No. 7.
,,	6 Jas. 1. No. 2.
,,	12 Jas. 1. No. 1.
,,	14 Jas. 1. Nos. 1, 3.
HENRY III. (A.D. 1216–1272.)	
Cartæ Antiquæ.	A. L. II. LL. TT. UU. WW.
Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 15, 20.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 1, 7, 9, 12, 13, 22, 23.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 2, 3.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

HENRY III.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 1, 4.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 6, 8, 9, 11.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 9, 10.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 3, 8, 10.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 11.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 11, 12.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 8, 16.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 5, 9, 12.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 5, 6, 8.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 3, 4.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 3, 8, 9, 13, 15.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 6, 8, 14, 15, 16.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14, 15.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 8, 9, 11.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 5.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 8.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 11, 13, 16, 17, 18.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10.
„	5 Hen. 7. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 23.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 11, 13, 14, 17, 19, 22, 23, 24, 27, 28, 30.
„	20 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 6, 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 7, 12.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 3, 4, 6.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 2, 7, 9, 13.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 7, 13, 18.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 8.
„	„ p. 8. Nos. 1, 2.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 2, 5, 6, 9, 10.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 2, 9, 10.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 6, 7.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 3.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 11.

HENRY III.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 9. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 9.
„	„ p. 10. Nos. 1, 5, 8, 12, 14.
„	„ p. 11. Nos. 2, 8, 10, 11.
„	3 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 2, 7, 9, 11, 13, 19, 20.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 3, 8, 9.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 10.
„	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 5, 13, 17.
„	„ p. 2. No. 3.
„	5 Hen. 8. Nos. 1, 3.
„	6 Hen. 8. Nos. 5, 7, 9.
„	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 6, 12, 14, 17.
„	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 7.
„	8 Hen. 8. No. 6.
„	1 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 13, 14.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 5, 6, 11, 13, 15.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 5, 7.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 3, 15.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 5, 12.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 4, 7, 9, 12, 16, 17.
„	2 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 2, 5, 11.
„	„ p. 2. No. 2.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2.
„	„ p. 4. No. 2.
„	3 Edw. 6. Nos. 1, 7, 10, 12, 14.
„	4 Edw. 6. Nos. 4, 7, 8.
„	7 Edw. 6. Nos. 2, 4.
„	1 Mary, p. 1. Nos. 1, 11.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 13.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 7, 11, 12.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 7.
„	1 & 2 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 19.
„	2 & 3 Ph. & M. Nos. 9, 10, 14, 18, 19.
„	3 & 4 Ph. & M. No. 7.
„	1 Eliz. p. 1. No. 1.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 3. No. 19.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 7.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 2.
„	2 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 8, 9.
„	„ p. 2 No. 7.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 9, 11.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 6, 14.
„	3 Eliz. Nos. 6, 9, 11, 12.
„	4 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 4, 7, 13, 19, 21, 23.
„	„ p. 2. No. 4.
„	5 Eliz. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 8, 10, 11.
„	6 Eliz. Nos. 1, 10.
„	7 Eliz. Nos. 4, 5, 6, 8.
„	8 Eliz. Nos. 1, 3, 5.
„	9 Eliz. No. 2.
„	9 & 10 Eliz. Nos. 1, 3, 6, 14.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

HENRY III.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	11 to 13 Eliz. Nos. 1, 4, 13.
„	14 to 18 Eliz. Nos. 4, 6, 9, 15.
„	23 to 30 Eliz. Nos. 3, 16.
„	31 to 34 Eliz. No. 11.
„	2 Jas. 1. p. 1. No. 6.
„	„ p. 2. No. 13.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 1. No. 2.
„	„ p. 2. No. 4.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 8, 9, 10.
„	4 Jas. 1. Nos. 6, 7, 12, 13.
„	5 Jas. 1. p. 2. No. 1.
„	6 Jas. 1. No. 2.
„	12 Jas. 1. No. 1.
„	14 Jas. 1. Nos. 2, 3.

EDWARD I. (A.D. 1272–1307.)

Cartæ Antiquæ.	LL.
Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 5, 15, 16.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 7, 8, 13, 22, 23.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 3.
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 1, 4, 6.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 10, 11, 13.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 9.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 6, 8, 10.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 5.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 12, 14.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 3, 16.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 9, 12.
„	„ p. 3. No. 5.
„	„ p. 4. No. 3.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 5, 10, 15.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 6, 9.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 6, 8, 14.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 3, 11.
„	„ p. 5. No. 2.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 4.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 13, 18.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 8, 10.
„	5 Hen. 7. Nos. 12, 13, 23.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. Nos. 5, 10, 23, 28.
„	20 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 1, 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 8, 12.
„	„ p. 3. No. 6.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 4, 9, 11.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 5, 7, 12, 18.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 4, 8.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 2, 3, 7.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 4.
„	„ p. 2. No. 13.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 7.
„	„ p. 4. No. 3.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 3.

EDWARD I.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	2 Hen. 8. p. 6. Nos. 1, 3.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 1, 3, 6, 8.
„	„ p. 11. No. 10.
„	3 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 9.
„	„ p. 3. No. 7.
„	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 1, 4, 5, 13.
„	„ p. 2. No. 3.
„	6 Hen. 8. No. 5.
„	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 15, 19.
„	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 4.
„	8 Hen. 8. No. 5.
„	1 Edw. 6. p. 1. No. 14.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 10, 13.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 7, 9.
„	„ p. 4. No. 3.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 4, 5.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 5, 6, 17.
„	2 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 1, 5.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2.
„	3 Edw. 6. No. 1.
„	4 Edw. 6. Nos. 2, 11.
„	7 Edw. 6. No. 4.
„	1 Mary, p. 1. No. 4.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 9, 11, 13.
„	„ p. 3. No. 11.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 19.
„	1 & 2 Ph. & M. Nos. 1, 5.
„	3 & 4 Ph. & M. Nos. 3, 14.
„	4 & 5 to 5 & 6 Ph. & M. No. 2.
„	1 Eliz. p. 1. No. 22.
„	„ p. 2. No. 12.
„	„ p. 3. No. 19.
„	„ p. 5. No. 1.
„	2 Eliz. p. 3. No. 11.
„	„ p. 4. Nos, 12, 14.
„	3 Eliz. No. 6.
„	4 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 1, 21.
„	„ p. 2. No. 4.
„	5 Eliz. Nos. 3, 8.
„	6 Eliz. No. 2.
„	7 Eliz. No. 6.
„	8 Eliz. No. 1.
„	2 Jas. 1. p. 1. No. 6.
„	„ p. 2. No. 13.

EDWARD II. (A.D. 1307–1327.)

Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 15, 20.
„	„ p. 2. No. 23.
„	„ p. 3. No. 3.
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 1, 4.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 8, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 10.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 6, 8, 9, 10.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 2, 11.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 16.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 9.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 6, 8.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

EDWARD II.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	2 Hen. 7. p. 4. Nos. 1, 3, 4.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 5, 9, 13.
„	„ p. 2. No. 9.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 13, 14.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 3, 8.
„	„ p. 5. No. 3.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 2, 4, 5.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 13, 18.
„	„ p. 3. No. 10.
„	5 Hen. 7. Nos. 3, 4, 14, 23.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. Nos. 1, 5, 11, 13, 27.
„	20 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 1.
„	„ p. 2. No. 8.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 3, 6.
„	„ p. 4. No. 4.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 3, 5, 6, 7, 12.
„	„ p. 6. No. 2.
„	„ p. 7. No. 7.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 4, 5, 9.
„	„ p. 2. No. 13.
„	„ p. 3. No. 5.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 3, 6.
„	„ p. 6. No. 3.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 3, 7, 8.
„	3 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 16.
„	„ p. 3. No. 7.
„	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 1, 4, 5, 9, 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 3, 6, 9.
„	6 Hen. 8. Nos. 5, 9.
„	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 14.
„	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 7.
„	1 Edw. 6. p. 2. Nos. 5, 6.
„	„ p. 3. No. 7.
„	„ p. 5. No. 5.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12.
„	2 Edw. 6. p. 1. No. 1.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2.
„	„ p. 4. No. 4.
„	3 Edw. 6. Nos. 5, 14.
„	5 Edw. 6. No. 6.
„	7 Edw. 6. No. 2.
„	1 Mary, p. 2. No. 13.
„	„ p. 4. No. 19.
„	1 & 2 Ph. & M. Nos. 3, 5, 9.
„	2 & 3 Ph. & M. No. 9.
„	1 Eliz. p. 2. No. 12.
„	2 Eliz. p. 3. No. 11.
„	„ p. 4. No. 14.
„	4 Eliz. p. 1. No. 1.
„	5 Eliz. No. 4.
„	9 Eliz. No. 2.
„	9 & 10 Eliz. No. 1.
„	11 to 13 Eliz. Nos. 3, 4, 7.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 2. No. 2.
„	„ p. 3. No. 2.
„	4 Jas. 1. No. 13.
„	6 Jas. 1. No. 2.

EDWARD III. (A.D. 1327–1377.)

Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 2, 5, 7, 8, 13, 15, 20.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 8, 11, 12, 13, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 3.
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 13.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 9, 10.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 5, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 11, 12, 13, 14.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 8, 11, 14, 16.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 4, 5, 10, 12.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 6, 8.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 10, 13, 14, 15.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 11, 13, 14, 17, 18.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10.
„	5 Hen. 7. Nos. 3, 4, 10, 13, 14, 17.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. Nos. 4, 5, 7, 11, 13, 14, 16, 20, 24, 27, 28, 29.
„	20 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 1, 6, 13.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 3, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

EDWARD III.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	1 Hen. 8. p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 11, 12, 13, 15.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 1, 3, 6.
„	„ p. 8. No. 2.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 5, 7, 8, 9, 10.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 8, 9, 13.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 3, 5.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10.
„	„ p. 8. No. 3.
„	„ p. 9. Nos. 6, 7, 10.
„	„ p. 10. Nos. 1, 3, 5, 6, 11.
„	„ p. 11. Nos. 1, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10.
„	3 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 2, 6, 11, 12, 18.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 4, 6.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 5.
„	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 1, 4, 5, 9, 12, 13, 14.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 7, 9, 11, 13.
„	6 Hen. 8. Nos. 3, 5, 6, 8, 9.
„	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 3, 9, 12, 14.
„	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. Nos. 2, 7.
„	8 Hen. 8. No. 7.
„	1 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 1, 6, 7, 10, 14.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 13, 14, 15.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 6, 7, 12.
„	„ p. 4. No. 14.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 5, 7, 8.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12.
„	2 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 1, 7.
„	„ p. 2. No. 2.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 3, 4.
„	3 Edw. 6. Nos. 10, 14.
„	4 Edw. 6. Nos. 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12.
„	5 Edw. 6. Nos. 2, 3.
„	7 Edw. 6. No. 2.
„	1 Mary, p. 1. Nos. 1, 3, 6, 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 6, 10, 13.
„	„ p. 3. No. 12.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 13, 19.
„	1 & 2 Ph. & M. Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 18, 19, 22, 26, 27.

EDWARD III.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	2 & 3 Ph. & M. Nos. 7, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15.
„	3 & 4 Ph. & M. Nos. 1, 8, 9, 13, 15.
„	„ (Duplicate).
„	4 & 5 to 5 & 6 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 3.
„	1 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 4, 21, 23.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 6, 11, 12.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 8, 14, 19.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 6, 9.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 2, 3.
„	2 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 1, 8, 9, 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 7.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 7, 9, 11.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 6, 10, 14.
„	3 Eliz. Nos. 6, 12.
„	4 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 1, 13, 16, 22.
„	5 Eliz. Nos. 2, 4.
„	6 Eliz. Nos. 1, 5.
„	7 Eliz. Nos. 2, 6.
„	9 Eliz. No. 2.
„	9 & 10 Eliz. Nos. 1, 6.
„	11 to 13 Eliz. Nos. 7, 16.
„	14 to 18 Eliz. No. 6.
„	2 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 4, 8.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 5, 8, 13.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 1. No. 2.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 8.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 10.
„	4 Jas. 1. Nos. 7, 8, 13.
„	5 Jas. 1. p. 2. No. 1.
„	6 Jas. 1. No. 2.
„	14 Jas. 1. No. 3.

RICHARD II. (A.D. 1377–1399.)

Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 3, 5, 8, 13, 15, 17, 19, 20.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 21, 22, 23.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 3.
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 1, 3, 5, 6, 8. 10.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 9.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 3, 4 6, 9, 10.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 5, 11.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 3, 4, 6, 10, 12, 13, 14.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 9, 10, 12.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

RICHARD II.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	
	2 Hen. 7. p. 3. Nos. 4, 5, 6.
„	„ p. 4. No. 1.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 6, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 6.
„	5 Hen. 7. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 17, 23.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. Nos. 4, 5, 7, 11, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30,
„	20 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 4, 6, 7, 12, 13.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 6.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 11, 15, 17, 18, 19.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 9.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 1, 2, 6, 7, 8.
„	„ p. 8. Nos. 1, 2.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 16.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 7.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 10.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 11.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 4.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10.
„	„ p. 8. No. 1.
„	„ p. 9. Nos. 4, 5, 6, 8, 11.
„	„ p. 10. Nos. 1, 6, 12.
„	„ p. 11. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 8.
„	3 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 2, 5, 6, 9, 13, 21.

RICHARD II.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	
„	3 Hen. 8. p. 2. Nos. 2. 3, 6.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 5, 10.
„	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 12, 16, 17.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 3, 7, 11, 13.
„	5 Hen. 8. No. 3.
„	6 Hen. 8. Nos. 1, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9.
„	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 6, 7, 9, 12, 13, 14.
„	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 6, 7.
„	8 Hen. 8. Nos. 1, 5, 7.
„	1 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 14, 15.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 11, 13, 14, 15.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 12, 14, 18.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17.
„	2 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 1, 5, 7, 8, 11.
„	„ p. 2. No. 2.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2.
„	„ p. 4. No. 5.
„	3 Edw. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 10, 14.
„	4 Edw. 6. Nos. 4, 6, 9, 10, 12.
„	5 Edw. 6. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 8.
„	7 Edw. 6. Nos. 2, 4.
„	1 Mary, p. 1. Nos. 3, 6, 10, 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 6, 10, 11, 13.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 6, 7, 12.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 7, 12, 13, 19.
„	1 & 2 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 18, 22, 26, 27.
„	2 & 3 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 7, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, 17.
„	3 & 4 Ph. & M. Nos. 1, 6, 8, 14, 15.
„	„ (Duplicate).
„	4 & 5 to 5 & 6 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 3.
„	1 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 4, 5, 16, 21, 23.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 4, 7, 8, 17, 19.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 6, 9.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 3.
„	2 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 2, 8, 9, 12.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

RICHARD II.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	2 Eliz. p. 2. Nos. 2, 7.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 3, 9, 11.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 8, 10, 13, 14.
„	3 Eliz. Nos. 5, 6, 11, 12.
„	4 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 1, 13, 19, 21, 22, 23.
„	5 Eliz. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 8.
„	6 Eliz. Nos. 1, 2, 6, 8, 10.
„	7 Eliz. Nos. 2, 6, 9.
„	8 Eliz. Nos. 1, 8.
„	9 Eliz. No. 2.
„	11 to 13 Eliz. Nos. 7, 13, 17.
„	14 to 18 Eliz. No. 6.
„	19 to 23 Eliz. Nos. 7, 11.
„	23 to 30 Eliz. Nos. 3, 13.
„	31 to 34 Eliz. No. 8.
„	2 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 4, 6, 8.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 5, 8, 13, 14.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 2, 3.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 7, 8.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 9, 10.
„	4 Jas. 1. Nos. 7, 8, 13.
„	5 Jas. 1. p. 2. No. 1.
„	6 Jas. 1. No. 2.
„	14 Jas. 1. No. 3.

HENRY IV. (A.D. 1399–1413.)

Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 1. No. 20.
„	„ p. 2. No. 11.
„	„ p. 3. No. 3.
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 6, 10.
„	„ p. 2. No. 11.
„	„ p. 3. No. 10.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 2. No. 8.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 4.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 10.
„	„ p. 3. No. 7.
„	„ p. 4. No. 4.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 10, 11.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 8, 16.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 5.
„	„ p. 4. No. 5.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 2, 11.
„	„ p. 3. No. 2.
„	5 Hen. 7. No. 3.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. Nos. 5, 11, 24, 26, 30.
„	20 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 6.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 11.
„	„ p. 4. No. 4.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 3, 14.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 3, 8, 9.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 7.
„	„ p. 2. No. 3.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 7, 11.
„	„ p. 7. No. 1.
„	„ p. 9. No. 2.

HENRY IV.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	2 Hen. 8. p. 10. Nos. 7, 11.
„	3 Hen. 8. p. 1. No. 12.
„	„ p. 2. No. 2.
„	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 7, 16.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 3.
„	6 Hen. 8. Nos. 1, 8.
„	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 6, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17.
„	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 3.
„	8 Hen. 8. Nos. 1, 2, 5, 7.
„	1 Edw. 6. p. 1. No. 7.
„	„ p. 2. No. 8.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 5, 13.
„	„ p. 4. No. 1.
„	„ p. 5. No. 1.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 2, 12, 13, 17.
„	2 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 5, 11.
„	„ p. 2. No. 2.
„	„ p. 3. No. 2.
„	„ p. 4. No. 5.
„	4 Edw. 6. Nos. 1, 9, 12.
„	7 Edw. 6. Nos. 2, 4.
„	1 Mary, p. 2. No. 13.
„	„ p. 3. No. 7.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 3, 13.
„	1 & 2 Ph. & M. No. 9.
„	2 & 3 Ph. & M. Nos. 10, 11, 15, 17.
„	3 & 4 Ph. & M. Nos. 7, 15.
„	1 Eliz. p. 1. No. 4.
„	„ p. 3. No. 4.
„	2 Eliz. p. 2. No. 2.
„	„ p. 3. No. 11.
„	„ p. 4. No. 10.
„	3 Eliz. Nos. 6, 12.
„	4 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 1, 21.
„	„ p. 2. No. 4.
„	6 Eliz. Nos. 8, 10.
„	7 Eliz. Nos. 2, 6.
„	11 to 13 Eliz. No. 17.
„	14 to 18 Eliz. No. 3.
„	19 to 23 Eliz. No. 11.
„	23 to 30 Eliz. No. 13.
„	31 to 34 Eliz. No. 12.
„	2 Jas. 1. p. 2. No. 14.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 3, 6.
„	„ p. 2. No. 8.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 3, 9.
„	4 Jas. 1. Nos. 6, 7.

HENRY V. (A.D. 1413–1422).

Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 8, 18, 20.
„	„ p. 2. No. 11.
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. No. 8.
„	„ p. 2. No. 11.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 8, 10.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 4.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 8, 11.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 4, 10,
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 10

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	Henry V.—*continued.*
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 3. Nos. 7, 8.
„	„ p. 4. No. 4.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 7, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 2. No. 8.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 5.
„	„ p. 4. No. 5.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 11.
„	„ p. 3. No. 2.
„	5 Hen. 7. No. 3.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. Nos. 5, 11, 17, 22, 24.
„	20 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 6, 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 11.
„	„ p. 3. No. 4.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 6, 14.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 3, 11.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 3, 9.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 3.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 10.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 11.
„	„ p. 9. Nos. 2, 9.
„	„ p. 10. No. 7.
„	3 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 2.
„	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 5, 7.
„	„ p. 2. No. 3.
„	6 Hen. 8. Nos. 1, 8.
„	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 12, 13, 14.
„	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 3.
„	8 Hen. 8. Nos. 2, 5, 7.
„	1 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 7, 14.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 13.
„	„ p. 4. No. 1.
„	„ p. 5. No. 1.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 2, 12, 13, 17.
„	2 Edw. 6. p. 2. No. 2.
„	„ p. 3. No. 2.
„	„ p. 4. No. 5.
„	3 Edw. 6. No. 14.
„	4 Edw. 6. Nos. 9, 12.
„	5 Edw. 6. No. 10.
„	7 Edw. 6. Nos. 2, 4.
„	1 Mary, p. 2. No. 13.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 3, 13.
„	1 & 2 Ph. & M. No. 9.
„	2 & 3 Ph. & M. Nos. 10, 14, 15.
„	1 Eliz. p. 1. No. 4.
„	„ p. 2. No. 3.
„	2 Eliz. p. 2. No. 4.
„	„ p. 3. No. 11.
„	„ p. 4. No. 10.
„	3 Eliz. No. 12.
„	4 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 13, 21.
„	„ p. 2. No. 4.
„	5 Eliz. No. 2.
„	6 Eliz. No. 10.
„	7 Eliz. No. 2.
„	23–30 Eliz. Nos. 13, 17.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 3, 6.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 3.
„	4 Jas. 1. No. 6.

Confirmation Roll.	Henry VI. (A.D. 1422–1461.)
„	1 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 8, 18, 20.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 6, 11.
„	„ p. 3. No. 2.
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 2, 6.
„	„ p. 2. No. 11.
„	„ p. 3. No. 10.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 1. No. 4.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 7, 8, 11.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 2, 4, 7, 10, 13.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 7, 8, 10, 12.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 5, 8.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 4.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 6, 7, 10, 11, 15.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 8, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 4, 5.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 2, 5, 8.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 2, 4, 8, 11.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 8, 18.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 6, 9.
„	5 Hen. 7. Nos. 1, 3, 13, 14, 16.
„	6 to 10 Hen. 7. Nos. 5, 11, 15, 17, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 30.
„	20 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 6, 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 4, 7, 11, 12, 13.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 4, 6, 8.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 4, 5, 7, 13, 14.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 3, 5, 17.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 8, 9.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 3, 6.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 2, 7, 9.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 3, 4, 15.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 4, 5, 7.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 3, 4, 10.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 9, 11.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 3.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 1, 3, 5, 6, 11.
„	„ p. 8. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.
„	„ p. 9. Nos. 1, 2, 4.
„	„ p. 10. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 7, 11.
„	„ p. 11. Nos. 3, 10, 11, 12.
„	3 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 17, 18.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 6.
„	„ p. 3. No. 9.
„	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 3, 5, 7, 16, 17.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 3, 7.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

HENRY VI.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	5 Hen. 8. Nos. 2, 3.
„	6 Hen. 8. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9.
„	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 6, 9, 10, 13, 14.
„	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. No. 3.
„	8 Hen. 8. Nos. 5, 7.
„	1 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 11.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 11.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 5, 6, 10, 11, 13.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 5, 14.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 2, 6, 11, 12, 13, 16, 17.
„	„ p. 7. No. 3.
„	2 Edw. 6. p. 2. Nos. 1, 2.
„	„ p. 3. No. 2.
„	„ p. 4. No. 5.
„	3 Edw. 6. Nos. 1, 8, 11, 13, 14, 15.
„	4 Edw. 6. Nos. 6, 7, 9, 12.
„	5 Edw. 6. Nos. 4, 7, 9.
„	7 Edw. 6. Nos. 2, 3, 4.
„	1 Mary, p. 1. No. 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 3.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 6, 7, 11.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 3, 7, 13.
„	1 & 2 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 8, 9, 26, 27.
„	2 & 3 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15.
„	3 & 4 Ph. & M. Nos. 5, 6, 15.
„	„ (Duplicate).
„	4 & 5 to 5 & 6 Ph. & M. Nos. 1, 3, 7, 8, 11.
„	1 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 3, 4, 16, 18, 23.
„	„ p. 2. No. 9.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 5, 7, 11, 12, 15, 20.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 4, 14.
„	„ p. 5. No. 1.
„	2 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 3, 6, 7, 8. 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 4.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 3, 6, 9, 11.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 3, 10.
„	3 Eliz. Nos. 1, 6, 12.
„	4 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 1, 5, 21, 26.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 4.
„	5 Eliz. Nos. 2, 4.
„	7 Eliz. Nos. 2, 6.
„	11 to 13 Eliz. Nos. 7, 8, 15.
„	19 to 23 Eliz. Nos. 5, 11.
„	2 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 4, 5.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 5, 11.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 1, 6.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 8.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 3, 9.
„	4 Jas. 1. Nos. 4, 6, 7, 8.

HENRY VI.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	6 Jas. 1. No. 2.
„	12 Jas. 1. No. 2.
„	14 Jas. 1. No. 1.

EDWARD IV. (A.D. 1461–1483.)

Confirmation Roll.	1 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3.
„	2 Ric. 3. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10.
„	1 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14.
„	2 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 6, 9, 11, 12.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 3, 4.
„	3 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 12, 13, 14.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.
„	4 Hen. 7. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 10.
„	5 Hen. 7. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

EDWARD IV.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	6 to 10 Hen. 7. Nos. 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 16, 23, 27, 29, 30.
„	20 Hen. 7. No. 1.
„	1 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 4, 7, 8.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 9, 10, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8.
„	„ p. 8. Nos. 1, 2.
„	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 5, 6, 8, 10.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 9, 12, 14, 16.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 8.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4.
„	„ p. 7. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 8. Nos. 2, 3.
„	„ p. 9. Nos. 3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 10. Nos. 5, 11, 12.
„	„ p. 11. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 11.
„	3 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 20.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6.
„	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 2, 4, 11, 12, 13, 15.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11.
„	5 Hen. 8. No. 1.
„	6 Hen. 8. Nos. 1, 2, 9.
„	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 3, 6, 9, 11, 12.
„	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. Nos. 2, 6.
„	8 Hen. 8. Nos. 3, 7.
„	1 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 14.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 6, 8, 9.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6.

EDWARD IV.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	1 Edw. 6. p. 4. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 7, 9, 12, 14, 15, 18.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 3, 5, 7, 8, 12.
„	„ p. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 16, 17, 18.
„	2 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 5, 6, 9, 11.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 2.
„	„ p. 3. No. 2.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 5.
„	3 Edw. 6. Nos. 1, 3, 8, 10, 11, 13, 14.
„	4 Edw. 6. Nos. 7, 9, 10.
„	5 Edw. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 8.
„	7 Edw. 6. Nos. 2, 3.
„	1 Mary, p. 1. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 4, 6, 8, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 6, 12.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 5, 7, 10, 11, 12, 18, 19.
„	1 & 2 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 18, 19, 22.
„	2 & 3 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 6, 9, 11, 14, 17.
„	3 & 4 Ph. & M. Nos. 6, 14, 15.
„	„ (Duplicate).
„	4 & 5 to 5 & 6 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 14.
„	1 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 3, 4, 7, 10, 11, 15, 17, 20, 21.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 6. 11, 12.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 17, 18, 19, 21.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 5, 6, 11.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 3.
„	2 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 1, 6, 8, 9.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 5, 7.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 5, 6, 9.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 4, 6, 11, 13, 14.
„	3 Eliz. Nos. 1, 5, 6, 10, 11.
„	4 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 19, 21, 22.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 4.
„	5 Eliz. Nos. 3, 11.
„	6 Eliz. Nos. 1, 2, 5, 6, 8.
„	7 Eliz. Nos. 2, 6, 7, 9.
„	8 Eliz. No. 8.
„	9 Eliz. No. 2.
„	9 & 10 Eliz. No. 14.
„	11 to 13 Eliz. No. 8.
„	14 to 18 Eliz. No. 6.
„	19 to 23 Eliz. No. 10.
„	23 to 30 Eliz. No. 1.
„	2 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 4, 6, 8.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 3, 4, 12, 13, 14.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

EDWARD IV.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	3 Jas. 1. p. 1. No. 2.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 4, 5, 7, 8.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 9, 10.
,,	4 Jas. 1. Nos. 6, 7, 8, 11, 13.
,,	5 Jas. 1. p. 2. No. 1.
,,	6 Jas. 1. No. 2.
,,	12 Jas. 1. No. 1.
,,	14 Jas. 1. Nos. 1, 3.

HENRY VII. (A.D. 1485–1509.)

Confirmation Roll.	1 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 11, 13.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8.
,,	,, p. 4. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14.
,,	,, p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19.
,,	,, p. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9.
,,	,, p. 7. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 7.
,,	,, p. 8. No. 1.
,,	2 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 9, 12, 14, 15.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 1, 3, 5, 6.
,,	,, p. 4. Nos. 4, 5, 7, 8, 10.
,,	,, p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10.
,,	,, p. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.
,,	,, p. 7. Nos. 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.
,,	,, p. 8. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6.
,,	,, p. 9. Nos. 2, 5, 8, 10.
,,	,, p. 10. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12.
,,	,, p. 11. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 11, 12.
,,	3 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 1, 4, 5, 9, 11, 15, 18, 20.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 6.
,,	4 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 2, 4, 7, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13.

HENRY VII.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	5 Hen. 8. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5.
,,	6 Hen. 8. Nos. 1, 2, 7, 8, 9.
,,	7 Hen. 8. p. 1. Nos. 6, 11, 12.
,,	7 & 8 Hen. 8. p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 6, 7.
,,	8 Hen. 8. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 6.
,,	1 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 11.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 8, 9, 12, 13.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 13.
,,	,, p. 4. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 7, 9, 16.
,,	,, p. 5. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12.
,,	,, p. 6. Nos. 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, 13, 15, 17.
,,	,, p. 7. No. 2.
,,	2 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 9, 11.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 1, 2.
,,	,, p. 3. No. 1.
,,	,, p. 4. Nos. 2, 3.
,,	3 Edw. 6. Nos. 1, 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15.
,,	4 Edw. 6. Nos. 4, 12.
,,	5 Edw. 6. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 8.
,,	7 Edw. 6. Nos. 2, 3, 4.
,,	1 Mary, p. 1. Nos. 6, 8, 12.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 11, 12.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 7, 10, 12.
,,	,, p. 4. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 14, 18, 19.
,,	1 & 2 Ph. & M. Nos. 7, 9, 18, 20, 27.
,,	2 & 3 Ph. & M. Nos. 4, 6, 9, 11, 14, 15, 17.
,,	3 & 4 Ph. & M. Nos. 1, 6.
,,	,, (Duplicate).
,,	4 & 5 to 5 & 6 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 6, 12.
,,	1 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 3, 10, 11, 15, 16, 20, 21.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 5, 6, 8, 11, 12.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 12, 15, 18, 21.
,,	,, p. 4. Nos. 3, 6, 7, 9, 14.
,,	,, p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 3.
,,	2 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 1, 9, 13.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 5, 7.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 5, 9, 11.
,,	,, p. 4. Nos. 5, 8, 11, 13, 14.
,,	3 Eliz. Nos. 1, 5, 6, 11, 12.
,,	4 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 1, 21, 22, 26.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 4.
,,	5 Eliz. Nos. 3, 8, 11.
,,	6 Eliz. Nos. 1, 5, 6, 8.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

HENRY VII.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	7 Eliz. Nos. 6, 9.
,,	9 Eliz. No. 2.
,,	9 & 10 Eliz. No. 14.
,,	11 to 13 Eliz. Nos. 8, 12, 15.
,,	14 to 18 Eliz. No. 6.
,,	19 to 23 Eliz. Nos. 5, 7.
,,	23 to 30 Eliz. No. 1.
,,	2 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 4, 6, 8.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 12, 14.
,,	3 Jas. 1. p. 1. No. 6.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 7, 8.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 2, 3, 9, 10.
,,	4 Jas. 1. Nos. 8, 11, 13.
,,	6 Jas. 1. No. 2.
,,	12 Jas. 1. Nos. 1; 2.
,,	14 Jas. 1. No. 3.

HENRY VIII. (A.D. 1509–1547.)

Confirmation Roll.	1 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4. 5, 6, 8, 11, 13, 14.
,,	,, p. 4. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.
,,	,, p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14.
,,	,, p. 6. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.
,,	,, p. 7. Nos. 1, 2.
,,	2 Edw. 6. p. 1. Nos. 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 1, 2.
,,	,, p. 3. No. 1.
,,	,, p. 4. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5.
,,	3 Edw. 6. Nos. 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15.
,,	4 Edw. 6. Nos. 4, 7, 9, 10, 12.
,,	5 Edw. 6. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10.
,,	7 Edw. 6. Nos. 2, 4.
,,	1 Mary, p. 1. Nos. 1, 3, 5, 6, 8, 12.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12,
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 6, 7, 10, 12.

HENRY VIII.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	1 Mary, p. 4. Nos. 3, 4, 5,7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19.
,,	1 & 2 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20, 22, 25, 27.
,,	2 & 3 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 6, 9, 11, 12, 14, 15, 17.
,,	3 & 4 Ph. & M. Nos. 1, 6, 8, 15.
,,	,, (Duplicate).
,,	4 & 5 to 5 & 6 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 4, 7, 9, 12, 14, 15.
,,	1 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 4, 5, 8, 10, 11, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5. 6, 8, 9, 11, 12.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 2, 4, 7, 8.
,,	,, p. 4. Nos. 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 14.
,,	,, p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 3.
,,	2 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 1, 8, 9, 13.
,,	,, p 2. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 7.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 1, 4, 6, 7, 9, 11.
,,	,, p. 4. Nos. 2, 5, 6, 11, 13, 14.
,,	3 Eliz. Nos. 1. 2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12.
,,	4 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 1, 4, 13, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 26.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4.
,,	5 Eliz. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 11.
,,	6 Eliz. Nos. 1, 5, 6, 8.
,,	7 Eliz. Nos. 2, 3, 6, 7, 9.
,,	8 Eliz. No. 8.
,,	9 Eliz. Nos. 1, 2.
,,	9 & 10 Eliz. Nos. 12, 14.
,,	11 to 13 Eliz. Nos. 7, 8.
,,	14 to 18 Eliz. Nos. 6, 14, 15.
,,	19 to 23 Eliz. Nos. 7, 10, 17.
,,	23 to 30 Eliz. Nos. 1, 14, 16.
,,	31 to 34 Eliz. No. 5.
,,	2 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 4, 5, 6, 8.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 8, 11, 12, 14, 16.
,,	3 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos, 1, 2, 5, 6.
,,	,, p. 2. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8.
,,	,, p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 8, 9.
,,	4 Jas. 1. Nos. 4, 6, 7, 8, 11, 13.
,,	5 Jas. 1. p. 2. No. 1.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

HENRY VIII.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	6 Jas. 1. No. 2.
„	12 Jas. 1. Nos. 1, 2.
„	14 Jas. 1. Nos. 1, 3.

EDWARD VI. (A.D. 1547–1553).

Confirmation Roll.	1 Mary, p. 1. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 8. 10, 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 12.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19.
„	1 & 2 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27.
„	2 & 3 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 5, 6, 9, 11, 14, 15.
„	3 & 4 Ph. & M. Nos. 1, 5, 6, 8.
„	„ (Duplicate).
„	4 & 5 to 5 & 6 Ph. & M. Nos. 2, 7, 12, 13, 15.
„	1 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 2, 4, 7, 8, 9, 15, 17, 20, 21.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 2, 3.
„	2 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 1, 8, 9, 12.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 5.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 5, 6, 10, 11, 14.
„	3 Eliz. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12.
„	4 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 1, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 23.
„	„ p. 2. No. 4.
„	5 Eliz. Nos. 3, 4, 11.
„	6 Eliz. Nos. 1, 5.
„	7 Eliz. Nos. 2, 6. 7.
„	8 Eliz. No. 6.
„	9 Eliz. No. 2.
„	9 & 10 Eliz. Nos. 12, 14.
„	11 to 13 Eliz. Nos. 7, 8.
„	14 to 18 Eliz. No. 15.
„	19 to 23 Eliz. Nos. 5, 6, 7, 17.

EDWARD VI.—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	2 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 4, 5, 6, 8.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 13.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 2, 4, 6.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 3, 4.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 8, 9.
„	4 Jas. 1. Nos. 4, 6, 11.
„	5 Jas. 1. p. 2. No. 1.
„	6 Jas. 1. No. 2.
„	12 Jas. 1. Nos. 1, 2.
„	14 Jas. 1. Nos. 1, 3.

MARY. (A.D. 1553–1554.)

Confirmation Roll.	1 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 5, 8, 11, 15, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 2, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 3, 4, 9, 15, 17, 18, 21.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 12, 13.
„	2 Eliz. p. 1. No. 9.
„	„ p. 2. No. 6.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 10.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 1, 7, 10.
„	3 Eliz. Nos. 3, 5, 6.
„	4 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 9, 21.
„	„ p. 2. No. 4.
„	5 Eliz. Nos. 4, 11.
„	7 Eliz. No. 7.
„	9 & 10 Eliz. No. 12.
„	23 to 30 Eliz. No. 1.
„	2 Jas. 1. p. 1. No. 9.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 4, 6, 8, 9, 12.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 9.
„	4 Jas. 1. No. 7.
„	12 Jas. 1. Nos. 1, 2.

PHILIP AND MARY. (A.D. 1554–1558.)

Confirmation Roll.	1 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 16.
„	„ p. 2. No. 1.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 5, 6, 8, 13, 16.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14.
„	„ p. 5. Nos. 1, 2.
„	2 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 7.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 9.
„	„ p. 4. Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. 8.
„	3 Eliz. Nos. 1, 10, 12.
„	4 Eliz. p. 1. Nos. 6, 16, 17, 19, 23.

No. 2.—Table of References to Charters, &c.—*continued.*

PHILIP AND MARY—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	6 Eliz. Nos. 1, 5, 8.
„	7 Eliz. No. 2.
„	9 Eliz. No. 2.
„	9 & 10 Eliz. No. 3.
„	19 to 23 Eliz. Nos. 6, 17.
„	31 to 34 Eliz. No. 4.
„	2 Jas. 1. p. 1. No. 4.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 5, 7, 14, 15.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 1, 6.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 4, 6, 8.
„	„ p. 3. No. 10.
„	4 Jas. 1. Nos. 4, 11.
„	6 Jas. 1. No. 2.
„	14 Jas. 1. Nos. 1, 3.

ELIZABETH. (A.D. 1558–1603.)

Confirmation Roll.	2 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.

ELIZABETH—*continued.*

Confirmation Roll.	2 Jas. 1. p. 2. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15.
„	3 Jas. 1. p. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 5, 6.
„	„ p. 2. Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.
„	„ p. 3. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10.
„	4 Jas. 1. Nos. 4, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13.
„	5 Jas. 1. p. 2. No. 1.
„	6 Jas. 1. Nos. 1, 2.
„	11 Jas. 1. No. 1.
„	12 Jas. 1. Nos. 1, 2.
„	14 Jas. 1. Nos. 1, 2, 3.
„	1 Chas. 1.

JAMES I. (A.D. 1603–1625.)

Confirmation Roll.	1 Chas. 1.

Prepared and examined by me,

(Signed) W. H. HART.

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of the Close Rolls. (12 Henry III.)

Column 1 gives the reference to the membranes of the Roll; 2, the names of persons and places; 3, a summary of the subject matter; 4, the date.

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
15	Aulton	Manor. *See* Curtenay.	
„	Amenevill, Robt. de	Pardon of scutage of Bedford, at the request of Will. de Putot, who married his daughter.	Westm., 6 Nov.
„	Acorneby Wood, Heref.	*See* Burgo, H. de.	
„	Alianor, the King's kinswoman	Three does in Forest of Chippenham	8 Nov.
„	Abraham, son of Aaron	*See* Halywell nuns.	
14	Avenel, Will., servant of King of Scots.	Oaks in Forest of Shirewood	Newark, 23 Nov.
„	Aaron, the Jew	*See* Warevill.	
„	Audercherch, (Leic.),	Land. *See* Tateshal.	
„	Aspel., Bedf.,	Tenement. *See* Glamvill.	
„	Aspeleya, Bedf.,	Land. *See* Graundin.	
„	Abraham, Sampson son of, Jew.	*See* Mare, de la.	
„	Albem. W., Earl of	Steward not to be put in assizes or juries out of the county of York.	York, 27 Dec.
„	Amand, St. Amaur. de	Seisin of the land in Baliscadam, in Ireland, of which the King has granted him the custody, notwithstanding that Roger Huscarl alienated part of it.	Blia, 3 Jan.
„	Albemarl, W., Earl of	*See* Burgelay.	
13	Abbendon, Abbot of	Respite of plaint against him concerning hundred of Hornmere. (Berks.)	Ancheth, 10 Jan.
„	Albiniaco, Oliver de	Land in Long Ledenham and Fulebec, which HenryTeutonicus held. (Linc.)	Stamford, 14 Jan.
„	Albin., Will. de	Oaks in Geytinton Wood, without the parks of Geytinton and Brikeston.	„
„	Aufvilliis, Vassallus de	Suit of counties, hundreds, &c., not to be taken for his land in Lulleho while he is in the King's service. (Leic.)	Northampton, 15 Jan.
„	Andrew St. Saher de, and Matilda his wife.	Seisin of the lands which Matilda, widow of Will. de Dina, held in dower, to be given to the said Saher and Matilda his wife, Rich. de Muscegros and Alice his wife, and Simon de Muscegros and Asceline his wife, the said wives being kinswomen of the said Will. de Dina. (Sussex.)	Westm., 5 Feb.
„	Aldithel., Henry de	*See* King, the.	
12	Andover Wood	*See* Glouc. and Hertf., Earl of.	
„	Aldithel., Henry de	Manor of Egmundon, with new boro., &c., rendering a sparrowhawk yearly.	17 Feb.
„	Aundovr, men of	Manor of Aundovr, with the hundred and other appurtenances.	18 Feb.
„	Aundovr	Manor and hundred.	
„	Albin., Philip de, men of	Delay of suit of counties, hundreds, &c.	
„	Alfinton	Manor. *See* Chaurces.	
„	Aucher, Henry son of	*See* Havering.	
„	Archer, Philip Le	*See* Muleton.	
„	Ailward, Thos., son of		
11	Albem., Earl of	The said Earl is ordered to send back into the port of Hull the ship in which merchants were killed off Sandwich, and taken by his bailiffs out of the said port into his liberty.	Lambeth, 11 Mar.
„	Aucher, Henry son of, and Waltham, Henry de.	Seisin of the land of Richard de Chileham and Roesia his wife, in Wendon, Essex.	13 Mar.
10	Augi, Countess	Seisin of land which Robt. de Fryvill, deceased, held, and which is of the fee of the said Countess. (Sussex.)	Westm., 25 April.
„	Arker, John Le	The livery which John Braz, deceased, used to receive of the King's alms by the hands of the Sheriff of Hereford.	27 April.
„	Approver	Sheriff of Not. is ordered to send a certain approver from Nottingham to Lincoln, to be there kept in custody.	„
9	Aundover,	Common of pasture. *See* Werewell (*bis*).	
„	Abbendon, Abbot of	The plaint concerning the liberties claimed by the Abbot in the hundred of Hornmere is to go before the justices at Westminster. (Berks.)	8 May.
8	Aaron, Jew	*See* Chester, Earl of.	
„	Axebridge Town	*See* Bath, Bishop of. (Somers.)	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
8	Aguillun, Richard - -	Manor of Ketelberegh, which Peter de Malo Lacu held of King John. (Suff.)	Guildford, 14 May.
7	Armenters, Geoffrey de -	Freedom from being put in assizes, juries, &c. (Rutland and Northt).	Merewell, 29 May.
„	Alulf, Peter son of William son of	*See* Blundus.	
6	Arlcleg, Glouc. - -	Water of. *See* King, the.	
„	Alneto, Peter de - -	*See* Dorset, Alex. de.	
5	Akiny, Roger de - -	*See* Lungespee.	
„	Alianor, the King's kinswoman	Sheriffs of London are commanded to buy two silk wimples to be sent to Bristol for the use of the said Alianor.	Westm.,15 July.
„	Abraham, Jew - - -	The livery of 1*d.* which Will. de Stivinton used to receive in alms by the hands of Sheriff of Essex.	
„	Augi, Countess - - -	Manor of Watel, which Nich. de Lettres holds. (Nott.)	21 July.
„	„ „ - - -	Manor of Latton, which Brian de Insula holds. (Yorks.)	
„	Antes., Auntes., Roger de, and his wife.	Assize between them and John, son of Geoffrey, concerning a tenement in Morton, is to go before the justices at Westm. (Devon.)	„
,	„ „ „	The issues of the manors of Waleden and Depeden are to be received by four knights, who are to answer to the exors. of S., late Archbishop of Cant., for 100*l.*, and to the said Roger and his wife for the residue in such manner as they used to answer to W. de Maundevill, late Earl of Essex.	22 July.
	„ „ „	Milo de Somery, Ernald de Mandevill, Hugh de Bibbeworth, and Humphrey de Rupella are commanded to answer to the said Roger and his wife for the surplus of the abovesaid manors.	„
4	Archer, Pagan Le - -	Appointment to travel through the Forest of Essex, to see that it be better kept.	Windsor,27July.
„	Amand, St. Amar de - -	Seisin of land in Baliscadan, of which the King had disseised him. (Ireland.)	28 July.
„	Albin., Philip de - -	Seisin of the land of Welveton, belonging to the town of Chiweton, lately belonging to Will. Martel. (Somers.)	„
„	Ardis, Will. de - - -	The corn of the present autumn, which he sowed on land in Rudes, which he held with the custody of Juliana, daughter and heir of Thomas de Rudes, notwithstanding the death of the said Juliana. (Wilts.)	Hamstead, 4 Aug.
„	Alanton - - - -	Park. *See* Bendenges.	
„	Aaron of London, a Jew -	Land. *See* King, the.	
„	Almer - - -		
„	Assinis, Sarra de, a recluse -	The "Custodes" of archbishopric of Cant. are commanded to cause her to have the livery granted by the late Archbp.	Marlboro', 7 Aug.
3	Aldithel, Henry de - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Alban St. Steph. de - -	*See* Wilinton.	
2	Aure, bailiffs of - - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Andrew St. Roger de - -	Replevin of his land in Littlemore, Oxon, of which seisin had been given to Jews for his debts.	Montgomery, 21 Sept.
„	Alan, John son of . -	Fair at Whitchurch - - -	22 Sept.
„	Album Monast. - - -	(Album Monasterium) - - -	„
„	Andrew St. Roger de - -	Pardon of scutage for the knight's fee which he holds of the Countess of Winton.	Westm., 21 Oct.
1	Argentein, Richd. de - -	Pardon of scutage of Kery for knights' fees which John, son and heir of Roger de Lenham, holds of the honor of Richmond.	
„	„ „ - -	Pardon of scutage for knights' fees which the son and heir of Roger de Lenham holds of the archbishopric of Canterbury.	„
„	„ „ - -	Also for knights' fees which Michael de Furnell his knight holds of the honor of Richmond.	„
,	„ „ - -	Also for knights' fees which the said Michael holds of the same honor.	„

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
1	Albin., Philip de	Pardon of scutage of Kery for a knight's fee which he holds of Olive, widow of Roger de Monte Begonis, and she of the honor of Britanny.	Westm., 23 Oct.
„	Abbendon, Abbot of	*See* Herebert.	
15 d.	Alulf, John son of	*See* Knully.	
„	Amundevill, Alice de	*See* Simon, Will., son of.	
„	Anford, John de	Attorney of Will. de Welle against Robt. de Chaucumb and Juliana his wife, concerning land in Scrubby. (Linc.)	
„	Amundevill, Alice de	*See* Mainevilain.	
13 d.	Almere. Dorset	Land. *See* Winterburn.	
„	Alexander, John son of	*See* Marescall.	
„	Anketill (clerk)	*See* Melay.	
„	Albemarl, Earl of	*See* King, the.	
„	Alfold. Surr.,	Land. *See* Culern.	
12 d.	Alban's, St., Abbot of Alexander, Thos., son of	*See* Redburn.	
„	Augo, Will. de	*See* Den.	
„	Aswy, Ralph, Will., and Ralph Adam the Jew	*See* Mercer.	
„	Archer, Will. Le.	*See* Clendon.	
„	Amundevill, Alice de	*See* Mangevilein. *See* Gisorz.	
11 d.	Albino St. W. de	H. de Trublevill, Seneschal of Gascony, is commanded to aid the said W., whom the King sent into Gascony, &c.	Lambeth, 12 Mar.
„	Aubervill, Robt. de	*See* King, the.	
10 d.	Accle, Rich. de, and Fader, Will.	Attorneys of Giles de Erdinton against Prior of Wenloc concerning customs, &c., in Wunbriton. (Salop.)	
„	Alexander, John son of	Attorney of Peter son of Herebert against Fulk son of Warin, concerning the manor of Stanton, Wilts.	
„	Acell., Nich. de	Attorney of Will. de Stutevill against Abbot of Tyleteye concerning a wall thrown down in Wudeham, Essex.	
„	Amberden, Geoffry de	Attorney of Will. de Stutevill against Abbot of Tyleteye concerning a wall thrown down in Wudeham, Essex.	
„	Aencurt., Oliver de	*See* Cocus. *See* Blanken.	
„	Ailesbir., Robt. de	*See* Blanken.	
8 d.	Ailesbir., Rich. de Ailesbir, Buck.,	Messuage. *See* Lotrer.	
„	Augo, Countess de	*See* Langebrig.	
„	Aldewerk, York	Land. *See* Hoveden. *See* Bretun.	
„	Ambresleg. Robt. de	*See* Ferre.	
7 d.	Alexander, Thos. son of Nich. son of.	Attorney of Nich., son of Alexander, against Peter de Tremvill concerning land in Barewe. (Suff.)	
„	Alban St. Henry de	*See* Burg., John de.	
„	Agoillun, Robt. and Richd.	*See* Coveham.	
„	Agath., Robt. de, and Celestria his wife	*See* Fonte.	
„	Apelton, Robt. de	Attorney of John de Tywe against Bryan Pelle and Matilda his wife, Bertram le Norreys and Christiana his wife, Henry le Chevaler and Ermburg. his wife, Barth. Keling and Alice his wife, Rich. de Rufford and Agnes his wife, concerning land in Westmelne. (Hertf.)	
„	Auding, Will., and Emma his wife. Avant, Gilbert de	*See* Bradefeld.	
6 d.	Alneto, Gilbt. de, and Uppingham, Henry de.	Attorneys of Peter de Montfort against Abbot of Pipwell concerning customs and services in Uppingham. (Rutland.)	
„	Ardern, Eustachia widow of Thos. de.	*See* Julian.	
3 d.	Alfold. Surry	Land. *See* Elmere.	
2 d.	Argentein, Henry de	*See* Kanc.	
„	Alexander, John, son of	*See* Kenefare.	
„	Ailwin, Henry, John, and Ralph, sons of.	*See* Picot.	
15	Bagshet, Geoffrey de, heir of		
„	Bensington	Scutage *See* Cygoint.	
„	Bedford	Constable of *See* Cygoint.	
„	Bristol		
„	Burgo, H. de	*See* Gise.	
„	Brudefeld, Henry de	Deliverance out of the Prison of Newgate	Westm., 6 Nov.
„	Bedford.	Scutage. *See* Amenevill.	
„	Burgo, H. de	Liberties in Irchenefeld (Heref.) to be preserved by Justices in Eyre.	8 Nov.
„	Burgo, H. de	Wood of Acorneby. (Heref.)	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
15	Bacun, Alex.	Custody of lands and heirs of William de Bochardeby. (Cumb.)	Westm., 10 Nov.
„	Bochardeby, Will. de		
„	Balu, Jeulanus de	Acquittance of rent of lands of the Earl of Britanny.	Bernewell, 15 Nov.
„	Britanny, Earl of		
„	Bernewell, Prior of	Posts and panels in Waubergh Forest for a chamber at Bernewell.	Huntindon, 16 Nov.
„	Bartholomew, John son of	Pardon for hanging prisoners who had escaped from prison at Northampton.	Stanford, 18 Nov.
14	Bec, Jord. Le, and Edith his wife.	Bail till next assize for death of Odo, son of Reimfr.; whereof they are accused. (Cornwall.)	Newerk, 23 Nov.
„	Bulewell, men of	Pasture under the wood of Besewud	Grimston, 26 Nov.
„	Besewud		
„	Bugge, Elena, Beatrix her sister, and Alan, son of Beatrix.	Land in Knaresburg to be assigned to them in exchange for land taken into the King's demesne.	Ripon, 4 Dec.
„	Brus, Peter de	Market at Skelton, Yorks., to be holden on Monday instead of Sunday.	York, 25 Dec.
„	Bonefey, Jew of Bristol	*See* Ken.	
„	Basinges, Hugh de	Pardon of part of tallage assessed upon him to the city of London.	26 Dec.
„	Bello Loco, Abbot de	Court at Farendon, Berks, according to tenor of Charter of King John.	27 Dec.
„	Baliscadam, Ireland	Land. *See* Amand, St.	
„	Burgo, H. de	Market and fair at Kirketon, Linc.	Blia, 3 Jan.
„	Blia, Prior	Oaks in the wood of Carleton to repair his houses. (Notts.)	4 Jan.
„	Burgelay, William	Twenty casks of his wine, which is in the hands of W. de Fortibus, Earl of Albemarl, and which was found in a ship plundered at Hulm.	York, 28 Dec.
„	Berkhamsted, Honor	Court of. *See* Reginald.	
13	Bruera (Brewer, Linc.)	*See* the King.	
„	Bekingeham (Linc.)	*See* Ingeniator.	
„	Brikeston	Park. *See* Albin.	
„	Byhamel, Richard parson of church of.	Seisin of a messuage in Byhamel which Geoffrey Le Clerc has restored as the right of the church of Byhamel.	Westm., 26 Jan.
„	Bagot, Ralph	*See* Veredun.	
„	Burgo, H. de, Earl of Kent	Custody of land and heir of Robt. de Veteri Ponte. (York, Dorset, Not., Sutht, &c.)	1 Feb.
„	Besin, Adam de	The said Adam's men of Eton are pardoned the mark which they were fined before the Justices in Stafford.	10 Feb.
„	Bromhal, Prioress &c.	Seisin of 100 acres of heath granted to them by the King.	„
„	Barevill, Robt. de	Acquittance of a sparrowhawk received by the King from the said Robt. for his land at Berton (for the 11th year.)	„
„	Berton		
„	Bradewell, Wm., Monk of	*See* Finemere.	
„	Bolemund, Will., of Grimsby	Restoration of his ship which was seized by the Bailiffs of York, because Will. de Briggeho, afterwards hanged, was found in it.	13 Feb.
„	Briggeho, Will.		
12	Belmund, Will., of Grimsby,	Sheriff of York is not to distrain on the said William for the price of two casks of butter which he sold out of a ship plundered off Sandwich, and which he has found pledges to restore to the Sheriff of Linc.	15 Feb.
„	Burgo, Richd. de	Justiciary of the land of Ireland during the King's pleasure.	„
„	Burgo, H. de, Earl of Kent	Lands, rents, and tenements which belonged to John Herlion in the City of London, saving to the Bishop of Chichester the garden given to him by the King.	17 Feb.
„	Bethum, Advocatus de	*See* Estrees, Percy, and Gartlip.	
„	Bath, J., Bishop of	Ten acres of the King's pasture to enlarge the park of Doggemerefeld.	Westm., 22 Feb.
11	Blakenham, Adam son of Benedict de.	Respite of assize between the said Adam and Richard Duket concerning the manor of Blakenham, Suff.	Lambeth, 9 Mar.
„	Blakenham		
„	Burgeis, Willm.	*See* Grimesby, men of.	
„	Blauncheflur, Cecilia	Deliverence from prison on bail, being accused of death of Nigel de Bristoll. (Heref.)	Windsor, 14 Mar.
„	Bristoll, Nigel de	*See* Blauncheflur.	
„	Beyford, Herts, men of	*See* Esinden.	
„	Bello Loco, Abbot de	Justices in Eyre in co. Southt. are to permit the said Abbot to have his Court at Farendon according to charter of King John.	Reading, 28 Mar.

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
10	Bere Forest	*See* Font Evraux.	
„	Blanchvilly, John de	Assise of novel disseisin between the said John and certain persons of Southampton is to be taken before the Justices, before they proceed to Southampton to hold pleas concerning the said town.	Reading, 4 Ap.
„	Begor, in Britanny, Abbot of, Boston.	Bailiffs of Boston Fairs are ordered to permit the said Abbot to receive his usual annual rent out of the issues of the said fairs.	10 Ap.
„	Bello Loco, Abbot de	The said Abbot and his men are not to be annoyed in the Eyre of the Justices in co. Southt., because a dead man was found buried in their land in the New Forest.	„
„	„ „ „	Justices in Eyre are ordered to permit the said Abbot to have his own court in co. Southt.	„
„	Bendeng, Adam de	*See* Wintene, Prioress.	
„	Bath, J., Bishop of	Wood in the wood of Furthes, to build a grange at his manor of Pukeleschurch.	11 Ap.
„	Belhus, Richd. de	Pardon of 20*s.* which he was fined before the Justices in Essex.	„
„	Briwes, Richd. de	Acquittance of 20 marks paid to the Exchequer of Dublin for the custody of the land and heir of Will., son of Matthew.	Westm., 20 Ap.
„	Bernewud Forest	*See* Nuttel., Abbot.	
„	Bensington	Land. *See* Cygoiny.	
„	Burton, Northton.	Manor. *See* Marescall.	
„	Basset, Gilbert	Manor of Uphaven, which was in the hands of Peter de Malo Lacu. (Wilts.)	28 Ap.
„	Barton and Brademere, Notts	Land. *See* Stutevill.	
„	Braz, John	*See* Arker.	
9	Balistar, Robt.	*See* Turri.	
„	Blundus, Will.	Replevin of the land which Walter de Valoynes held of him in Westleton. (Suff.)	26 Ap.
„	Bassingburn, Warin de Brittany, Earl of	*See* Gray.	
„	Bamburg	Advowson of church. *See* King, the.	
„	Bruge, Adam Le	*See* Elinges.	
„	Balistarius, Semanus Bassingheshagh, parish of St. Michael.	House. *See* King, the.	
„	Barton, Northt.	*See* Scissor.	
„	Bulewell. Not.	Manor. *See* Marc.	
„	Breaut, Margaret widow of Falk de.	Pardon of scutage of Bedford for knight's fees which she holds of the King.	Westm., 8 May.
8	Blaneford. Dorset.	Manor. *See* Lucy.	
„	Burgo, Hubert de, Earl of Kent.	Liberties granted by the King's charter to him are to be observed. (Staff., Worc., Salop, &c.)	„
„	Brich', Essex	Land. *See* Gernun.	
„	Bankewell, Derb.	Land. *See* Gernun.	
„	Burgo, H. de, Earl of Kent Bath, farm of Bedford, scutage	Pardon of money owing to the King, viz., for King John's confirmation of an agreement between him and Earl de Lisle; for the farm of Donestore; for the farm of Bath; for the issues of land of Stoclinz; for wine taken of Osbert son of John; for false measure; and for scutage of Bedford for knight's fees holden in Crokeston, &c.	Lambeth, 10 May.
„	Bello Campo, Elyas de	*See* Offinton, John de.	
„	Bath, J., Bishop of	Town of Axebridge to him and his successors in free and perpetual alms, with liberties, &c. (Somerset.)	Westm., 9 May.
„	Balimagdon, Ireland	Manor. *See* King, the.	
„	Balistar., Brito	*See* Oxford.	
„	Brehull Forest Bolon., Earl	*See* Doe.	
„	Basset, Gilbert	*See* Frankesney.	
„	Blaneford, Long, Dorset	Land. *See* Tylly.	
„	Burgo, H. de Blackel, Will. de	The arms which belonged to Robert de Veteri Ponte, and which he deposited in the Abbey of Hepe, are to be delivered to Will. de Blackel., bailiff of the said H. de Burgo, to be put in the castles of the said Robert for the use of his heir.	Aulton, 17 May.
„	Bensinton	Manor. *See* Cygony.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
7	Bromfeld, Henry late Prior of, Abbot of Glouc., elect.	Seisin of lands and other possessions belonging to the Abbey of Gloucester, (Glouc., Salop.)	Merewell, 27 May.
„	„ „ „	Restitution of sheep, corn, &c. to the Abbey of Gloucester belonging, in the county of Hereford, seisin of lands, &c.	28 May.
„	Blundus, Aaron, a Jew -	Seisin of the house in London which he bought of Peter son of William son of Alulf, notwithstanding the order of seisin to R., Earl of Chester and Lincoln who has no right in the said house.	Guildford, 3 June.
„	Brichull, Bucks. - -	Market and fair. *See* Gatesden.	
„	Berton, Will. de - -	*See* Sacy.	
„	Bugi, Mosse, a Jew - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Berewic, Somers - -	Fair. *See* Cantilup.	
6	Brigine, Peter son of -	Deliverance on bail, for death of Richard de Scrustorp. (Linc.)	Westm., 18 June.
„	Bek., Will. - - -		
„	Bath, J., Bishop of - -	Manor of Pukeleschirch, to be entirely disafforested. (Glouc.)	20 June.
„	Bocland, Henry de - -	*See* John, St.	
„	Bocland, Prioress of - -	Dry wood in the King's park of Periton for fuel.	20.
„	Brehull. Forest - -	*See* Wurdie.	
„	Bigod Le, Roger - -	Restoration of the manor of Wyset, Suff., which Roger his grandfather had in exchange with King John for the manor of Reddehall.	2 July.
„	Bridgenorth - - -	King's Chapel. *See* Lacok.	
„	Beausbergh, Kent - -	Fair. *See* Dover.	
„	Berlinges, Abbot of - -	Seisin of land in Lincoln which Simon son of Geoffrey, an outlaw, held of the said Abbot, and which has been in the King's hand for a year and a day.	11 July.
5	Bocland, Prioress, &c. -	Livery of 2½*d.* a day which Roger the Chaplain of the Bishop of Linc., by the hands of the Sheriff of Hertford, used to receive in alms, and livery of 2*d.* a day which Margaret, the nurse of Isabella the King's sister, in like manner used to receive.	20 July.
„	Bibbeworth, Hugh de - -	*See* Auntes, Roger de.	
„	Bourdeaux - - -	House of the King's mint. *See* Landa.	
„	Bonus Amicus, a Jew - -	*See* Godfrey.	
„	Burgo, Hubert de, Earl of Kent, and Margaret his wife.	The town of Wiresdal with the land of Gersingham. (Lanc.)	Windsor, 27 July.
„	Bamford, Derb. - -	Manor. *See* Pec.	
„	Baliscadan, Ireland - -	Land. *See* Amand, St.	
4	Becenham Wood - - -	*See* Dover.	
„	Berdstaple, Devon. - -	Castle. *See* Tracy.	
„	Boxle Wood - - -	*See* Tower of London.	
„	Burgo, H. de, Earl of Kent, &c.	Acquittance of shires and hundreds, and of suits of shires, hundreds, &c. (Bucks.)	Reading, 1 Aug.
„	Blundus, Gunilda widow of John, of Lutegareshal.	The house of the said John, which was taken into the King's hands because the said John was hanged for the death of a man.	Newbury, 3 Aug.
„	Brehull - - -	Manor. *See* Nutel.	
„	Bernewood Forest - -		
„	Bendenges, Thos. de - -	The "Custodes" of archbishopric of Cant. are commanded to cause the said Thomas to have a deer in Alanton Park.	Marlboro', 6 Aug.
„	Briwerr., Will. - - -	*See* Sarum, R., late Bp. of.	
„	Bello Loco Regis, Abbot de -	Abbot of Kirkestall is commanded to pay to the said Abbot 90*l.* (the sum due to the King for the coming year) for the work of his church.	7 Aug.
„	Blakemor Forest - -	*See* Craucumb.	
3	Burgo, H. de - - -	Custody and marriage of heirs of Hamo de Gravenel (archbishopric of Canterbury being vacant). (Kent.)	Hereford, 21 Aug.
„	Briavell, St. - - -	Chapel. *See* Hereford, Dean, &c.	
„	Briwer, Will. - - -	*See* Durham, Bp. of.	
„	Bethum, Advocatus de -	*See* Percy.	
„	Broll, John - - -	*See* Hereford.	
„	Bercarius, Gilbt. - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Birkin, Thos. - - -	*See* Evermuth.	
„			
2	Blundus, John - - -	*See* King, the.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
2	Bagod, Ralph - - -	Respite of suit between the said Ralph and Nich. de Verdun concerning a knight's fee in Rath., Ireland, and between William le Barkere and Philip Nugent concerning land beyond the bridge.	
„	Barkere, Will. de - -		
„	Bere, de la. Forest - -	*See* Lucy.	
„	Braosa, John de - -	*See* Fiscampo, Abbot de.	
„	Bosco, Ernald de - -	Pardon of scutage for the knights' fees which he holds of M., Countess of Winton.	West., 18 Oct.
„	Boneya, Not. - - -	Land. *See* Monachus.	
1	Britanny - - -	Honor of. *See* Albin. and Tateshal.	
„	Balance, Will., valet of Steph. de Lucy.	Pardon of scutage for a knight's fee which he holds of Robert Hasteng.	28 Oct.
„	Brus, Peter de - - -	Scutage of seven knights' fees which he holds of Nigel de Mubray, and he of the King.	„
„	Balimagdon, Ireland - -	Manor. *See* Trublevill.	
15 d.	Berneston, Geoffrey - -	Attorney of Therric de Hambergh against Henry Britayne concerning land in Stanton. (Not.)	
„	Britayne, Hy. - - -		
„	Butiller, Walt. Le - -	Attorney of Thos. le Chamberleng against Gilbert de Hoby concerning land in Hoby. (Leic.)	
„	Benge, Hugh - - -	*See* Marescall.	
„	Buketon, Ernald de - -	*See* Mainevilain.	
„	Bigod, Roger le - - -	*See* Setterington.	
„	Bulemer, John de - -	Sheriff of York is commanded to cause perambulation to be made between the lands of the said John in Bulemer and the lands of Will. de Mulethorp in Mulethorp. (York.)	
„	Bulemer - - -		
13 d.	Bassett, Will. - - -	*See* Jolegrave.	
„	„ Richd., of Weledon		
„	Bath, Thos., Prior of - -	*See* Derlegh.	
3	Bartholomew, Matth., son of -	Attorney of Bartholomew, son of Umphry, against Gilbert Unwine and Emma his wife, and Alianor, widow of John Rosce, concerning messuages in Rochester.	
„	Bray, Hugh de - - -	*See* Triket.	
„	Burgo, Will. de - -	Attorney of Abbot of Ramsay against Prior of Suanesh. concerning a weir in Haliwell.	
„	Bath, Prior of - - -	*See* Wyke.	
„	Bello Mesuagio, John de, and Snapes, Osbt. de,	Attorneys of Mary de Valoines against William Juvenal, custodian of the land, and heir of Alex. de Dun, concerning land in Brikedon and Hodesd. (Hertf.)	
„	Brikedon - - -		
„	Burton, Abbot of - -	*See* Richard, Ralph, son of.	
12 d.	Begeham, Abbot of, Reginald	*See* Hamton, Simon de.	
„	Bridgenorth - - -	Chapel. *See* King, the.	
„	Brayboef, Henry de -	*See* Micheldovr.	
„	Burgate, Robt. de - -	*See* Tycehurste.	
„	Buketon, Ernald de - -	Pasture. *See* Mangevilein.	
„	Basset, Will. - - -		
„	Barthon, Northt. - -		
„	Buketon, Ernald de - -	*See* Gisorz.	
„	Blanche, Cecil - - -	*See* William, Richard, son of.	
11 d.	Brungerfeld, York. Bridge -	*See* Siclinghal.	
„	Blyburg, Martin de, and Thos. his clerk.	Attorneys of John de Nevill against Geoffrey de Stratton concerning land in Stratton, Linc.	
„	Bolebec, Hugh de - -	S. de Luscy, custos of bishopric of Durham, is commanded to summon, &c., to come before the said Hugh, Jordan, and William, whom the King has appointed Justices for pleas, &c., within the liberty of the bishopric of Durham.	Reading, 30 March.
„	Heyrun, Jord. - - -		
„	York, Will. of - - -		
10 d.	„ „ „	Command to Archbishops, &c. &c., within the liberty abovesaid that they be obedient to the above-named justices.	„
„	„ „ „	Command to the said Justices that they diligently expedite the business abovesaid.	
„	Bretun, Will. le - -	*See* Ford.	
„	Bramecot, Not. - - -	*See* Straleg.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
10 d.	Berifeld, Steph. de - -	Attorneys of Roger de Hida against William, son of Daniel, concerning debt. (Wilts.)	
„	Blanchard, John - -		
„	„ „ „	Also against Amaur de Suleham concerning debt. (Berks.)	
„	Baon, Mayor, &c. - - -	*See* Trublevill.	
„	Blanken, Robt. de - -	Attorney of Oliver de Aencurt against Robt. de Ailesbir. concerning custody of Isabel and Joan, daughters, and heirs of Will. de Sipton. (Linc.)	
„	Beauvill, Beatrix de - -	Respite of assise of novel disseisin between them concerning tenements in the county of Southampton.	Westm., 12 Ap.
„	Brembisgat, Will. de - -		
„	Chimeham, Robt. de - -		
„	Braibeof, Henry de - -		
8 d.	Bulsinton, Kent - -	Land. *See* Langebrig.	
„	Bockele, Richd. de - -	*See* Suwerk.	
„	Bavent, Geof. de - -	*See* Hoveden.	
„	Bereton, Will. de - -	*See* Marescall.	
„	Bretun, Walt. le - -	Attorney of Stephen de Mesnil against the Abbot of Begeland and Geof. de Bavent concerning pasture between Wutherbrug and Schungedale, and concerning land in Aldewerk, York.	
„	Begeland, Abbot - -		
„	Bavent, Geof. - - -		
„	Basset, Alan - - -	*See* Derneford.	
„	Bosevill, Gilbt. de - -	*See* Werplesdon.	
7 d.	Barewe, Suff. - - -	Land. *See* Alexander.	
„	Burg., John de - - -	Attorney of Henry de S. Alban against John de Hal concerning a debt. (Linc.)	
„	Burtham, Suff. - -	Manor. *See* Coveham.	
„	Blovill, Anketil de - -	*See* Clerk.	
„	Brigida St. John de - -	Attorney of Prior of Merton against James de Chelewurth and Mabel his wife concerning land in Cheleworth.	
„	Bath, Bishop of - -	*See* Welles, Wm. de.	
„	Bradefeld, Robt. de - -	Attorney of Mabel, widow of Engeram de Cornburg, against Will. de Auding and Emma his wife, Will. Haket and Isabel his wife, and Gilbert de Avant, concerning land in Bennington, York.	
„	Bennington - - -		
6 d.	Bohemia, King of - -	Letter from the King to the King of Bohemia concerning messengers. (Printed in Fœdera.)	Westm., 24 June.
„	„ Queen of - -		
„	Bath, J., Bp. of - - -	*See* Welinton.	
5 d.	Bretun, John le - -	Attorney of Roger de Dantes and Matilda his wife against Thos. de la Dune concerning the custody of Will., son and heir of Thos. de Marisc. (Essex.)	
„	Becco, Abbot de - -	Concerning perambulation between the land of the said Abbot in Toting and the land of Will.,—in Micham, (Surry).	20 July.
„	Baven, Will. de - - -	*See* Farnham.	
„	Brocton, Little, Wilts -	Land. *See* Sumerford.	
4 d.	Bourdeaux money - -	*See* Gascony.	
3 d.	Braosa, Will. de - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Bello Campo, Walt. de - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Balun, John de - - -		
„	Baskervill, Walt. de - -		
2 d.	Bel, Adam le, and Curtel, Geoffrey le.	Attorneys of Will., son of Will., against Barth. Foliot concerning a mill in Stok.	
	„ „ „	Also against Will. de Otteford in an agreement made between him and Will., son of Elias, concerning a tenement in Clive. (Wilts.)	
„	Blund, J. - - -	Letters of credence addressed to the Cardinal of St. Sabina and others.	Montgomery, 20 Sept.
„	Shardelowe, R. de - -		
„	Craucumbe, G. de - -		
„	Bissopestun, Will. de - -	The said William, one of the Justices of novel disseisin in co. Warw., being in the army of Kerry, is not to be put in default for his absence.	
15	Cygoigni, Engel. de - -	Pardon of divers sums of money, viz., for farm of manor of Odiham; in co. Glouc., for scutage of Kincton and for debt of Walter de Stanton; in co. Oxon, for the fine of the heir of Geoffrey de Bagshet; for escape of a prisoner in Henleg.; in Bensington, for scutage of Montgomery and Bedford; for issues of bishopric of Hereford; for fine of Abbot of Stratflur paid to Peter de Cancellis, Constable of Bristol, and by him delivered to the said Engel.	Westm., 28 Oct.
„	Cancellis, Peter de - -		

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
15	Curtenay, Mary wife of Robert de.	Manor of Sedeberegh (Devon) in lieu of 20*l.* p. an. out of manor of Aulton.	
,,	Canterbury, S., Archbishop of	*See* Fitz-Peter.	
,,	Cambridge, Moses of, Jew -	*See* Gise.	
,,	Chipeham Forest - -	*See* Alianor.	
,,	Carlisle, W., Bishop of.	—	—
,,	Chive, Will. - - -	Pardon for hanging prisoners who had escaped from prison at Northampton.	Stanford, 18 Nov.
,,	Caretar, Roger - - -		
,,	Clive Forest - - -	*See* Stamford, nuns of.	
,,	Cunde, John de - -	*See* King, the.	
,,	Crawecumb, Godfrey - -	Beams (Furchiæ) in the Hay of Waubergh.	Grantham, 21 Nov.
14	Croxton, Abbot, &c. - -	Market and fair at Waltham (Leicester)	Notingham, 24 Nov.
,,	Chesterfeld, lepers of St. Leonard's Hospital.	Oaks in the wood of Carleton for repair of their chapel. (Notts.)	Blia, 4 Jan.
,,	Carleton Wood - - -		
,,	Carlisle, Bishop of - -	Collation to the church of Newcastle-upon-Tyne when vacant.	,,
,,	Campan., Hugo de - -	Restitution of land in Chipeham, Wilts.	Newerk, 7 Jan.
,,	Chipcham - - -		
13	Colevile, Roger de - -	Pardon of a mark which he was fined before the Justices in Eyre at Lincoln.	Ancheth, 10 Jan.
,,	Clive Forest - - -	*See* Himel Castle.	
,,	Chastillun, Hugh de - -	Licence to assart an acre of land in Lechamsted.	Lechamsted, 17 Jan.
,,	Clerc, Geoffrey le - -	*See* Byhamel.	
,,	Cumberwell, Richd. de -	Pardon of the fine made with the Justices in Wilts, that he might be bailed for the death of Roger Cobi, because he has produced the said Roger alive before the King.	Westm., 31 Jan.
,,	Cobi, Roger - - -		
,,	Chipeham Forest - -	*See* Rugheden.	
,,	Colevill, Robt. de - -	*See* Peterboro', Abbot.	
12	Craneburn - - -	*See* Glouc. and Hertf., Earl of.	
,,	Chichester, Bishop of - -	Garden in city of London. *See* Burgo, H. de.	
,,	Cornwall, R., Earl of - -	The tallage to be assessed in the town of Ivelcestr. Also in Wilton and Winteslawe.	21 Feb.
,,	Chaurces, Pagan de - -	Manor of Alfington during the King's pleasure.	27 Feb.
,,	Cyrencester, Tho. de - -	The said Thomas is ordered to give seisin of the manor of Alfinton to Pagan de Chaurces.	,,
,,	Clarendon New Forest -	*See* Malo Leone, S. de.	
,,	Cestreford, Roger de - -	Deliverance out of the prison of Fleet -	1 March.
11	Chileham, Richd. de, and Roesia his wife.	*See* Aucher, Henry, son of.	
,,	Connaught (Coignatia), Ireland.	*See* Verdun.	
,,	Cosham, Peter son of Wm., deceased	Seisin of land in Cosham which the said William, whose son and heir the said Peter is, held by service, &c., in Porchester Castle.	Reading, 22 March.
,,	Cosham - - -		
,,	Carpentar, Walt. - -	*See* Myton.	
,,	Cuner, Walt. Le - -	Deliverance from prison in which he was detained, because the horse of Joscelin le Roter died in his custody. (Southt.)	,,
,,	Celestr., a recluse - -	Permission to be a recluse at the King's chapel of Kingesham, Glouc.	28 March.
,,	Cantilupo, Isabella de, late wife of Steph. de Ebroic.	Seisin of the land which she held in dower of the gift of the said Stephen.	,,
10	Coigneres, Will. de - -	Permission to appoint an attorney, he being in the King's service as Warden of Windsor Forest.	4 Ap.
,,	Canterbury, S., Archbishop of	Sheriff of Kent is ordered to permit him to enjoy liberties granted to him.	Westm., 21 Ap.
,,	Cygoiny, Engel. de - -	The annual rent which Gilbert de Winterburn owes the King for land in Bensinton.	,,
,,	Chetney, Alex. de - -	A year and a day in the land which belonged to Nicholas, son of Jocelin, who fled for the death of a man in Dene. (Bedford.)	23 Ap.
,,	Chilham, Richd. de -	*See* Westm., Robt. de.	
,,	Chingeford, Essex -		
,,	Chertsey, Henry de - -	Respite of assise between the said Henry and the said Abbot concerning land in Chertsey in the custody of Colin de Molis.	
,,	Chertsey, Abbot of - -		
,,	Chertsey - - -		
,,	Colechester, Prior of St. Botolph.	Pardon of the demand made against him for the issues of the third part of the mill of Middelmiln, in Colchester.	27 Ap.
,,	Colchester. Mill - -		
9	Clive - - - -	Vivary. *See* King, the.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
9	Coudray, Henry de - -	Assise between the said Henry and W. de Gamages concerning the moiety of the manor of Cottesmor, Rutland, is to go before the Justices at Westminster.	Westm., 29 Ap.
„	Cottesmor, Manor - -		
„	Colchester, Prior, &c., of St. Botolph.	Seisin of the third part of the mill of Middelmiln (in Colchester) which the King has granted to them.	„
„	Chaucumbe, Tho., son of Robt. de.	*See* Tuppeleg.	
8	Crokeston - - -	Knights' fees. *See* Burgo, H. de.	
„	Chester, R., Earl of - -	Seisin of a house in London which belonged to Aaron, a Jew.	Lambeth, 10 May.
„	Cordwaner, Roger le - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Canvers, Albricus le - -	*See* Oxford.	
„	Convers, Philip "Balistarius"	*See* King, the.	
„	Cunedover, Salop. - -	Manor. *See* North Wales, Prince of, J., wife of L.	
„	Cygoyni, Engel. de - -	Return of the King's writs in the hundreds which are in his hands. (Oxon.)	Farnham, 16 May.
„	Cherleton, Wilts - -	Land. *See* Frankesney.	
„	Crespin, Theob. - -	Land in Chaugrave, Berks, which belonged to Peter de Malo Lacu.	Aulton, 17 May.
„	Chaugrave, - - -		
„	Cygony, Engel. de - -	Gilbert de Winterburn is commanded to answer to the said Engel for the rent of land in Bensinton, so long as the manor shall be in his hands.	„
7	Cornwall, R., Earl of - -	Justices in Eyre in Devon to hold pleas concerning the lands which were the dower of J. the Queen, the King's mother, and now in the hands of the said Earl, in the same manner as when the Queen held them.	Winton, 18 May.
„	Columb., Amaveus - -	Respite of payment of 500 marks which he owes the King. (Gascony.)	„
„	Chester and Linc., R., Earl of	*See* Blundus.	
„	Cantilupo, Will. de - -	Fair at his manor of Berewic. (Somers.)	Windsor, 12 June.
„	Cornwall, R., Earl of - -	Custody of lands which belonged to John de Monte Acuto, and which now are in custody of Archdeacon of Lewes.	8 June.
6	„ „ - -	*See* Monte Acuto, Luc., widow of John de.	
„	Clifford, Walt. de, de Middelton.	*See* Wurdie.	
„	Chaugrave, Oxon. - -	Land. *See* Dorset, Alex. de.	
„	Chichester, R., Bishop of -		
„	Calcada, Geoffrey de - -	*See* Lard.	
„	Carlisle, W., Bp. of - -	100 marks p. an. at the Exchequer for the custody of Carlisle Castle, with the issues of four carucates of land belonging to the Castle.	Westm., 25 June.
„	Carlisle Castle - - -		
„	Caldebec, Ireland - -	Land. *See* Waterford.	
„	Castell, Walt. de - -	*See* Lacok.	
„	Cryoil, Bertram de - -	Manor of Molesford, which Nichs. de Carrio held of the King. (Berks.)	11 July.
„	Carrio, Nichs. de - -		
5	Chester and Linc., the Earl of	Sheriff of Northampton is commanded not to distrain the men of the honor of Leicester to enclose the park of Northton.	12 July.
„	Coventry, Alex., Bp. of -	Sheriff of Salop is commanded to cause to be observed the perambulation made between the said Bishop's town of Pres and William Pantulf's town of Wemme.	21 July.
„	Cerne, Henry de, and the King's carpenters.	Permission to take timber in the King's forest, in the bailiwick of Will. Briwer, and in the New Forest, &c., for the works in Winchester Castle.	Mortlake, 22 July.
„	Calne, Regin. de - -	*See* Kaune.	
„	Canterbury, Archbp., exors. of	*See* Auntes, Roger de.	
4	Crespin, Benedict, a Jew -	*See* Godfrey.	
„	Canterbury, S., late Archbp.	Bertram de Cryoil and Alan Poinant are commanded to cause to be done what was contained in the King's former letter concerning the goods, &c., which belonged to the said late Archbishop.	Windsor 27 July.
„	Cryoil, Bertram de - -		
„	Cunedovr, Salop. - -	Manor. *See* North Wales, Lady of.	
„	Chiweton, Somers. - -	Town. *See* Albin.	
„	Carlisle, Bp. of - - -	*See* Duffeld.	
„	Cryol, Bertram de - -	*See* Marescall.	
„	Cumpton, Berks - -	Land and hundred. *See* Durham, Bp.	
„	Canterbury, S., late Archbp. -	*See* Assinis, Sarra de.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
4	Crawcumbe, Matilda de	A deer in the forest of Blakemor	Hereford, 13 Aug.
„	Cantilupe, Mabel de	A travelling forge in the Forest of Den	„
3	Cyrencester, Abbot of	Pleas moved by the King's writ in the court of Cyrencester are to be determined according to the custom of other demesne manors of the King.	„
„	Cyrencester		
„	Calne	*See* Sarum.	
„	Cruc, Ralph	*See* Hereford.	
„	Caleston, Wilts.	*See* Wilinton.	
„	Cannok Forest	*See* King, the.	
2	Clarendon Bailiwick	*See* Monem., John de.	
„	Chilteham, Bailiffs of	*See* King, the.	
„	Cirencester, Bailiffs of		
„	Crioil, Bertram de	*See* King, the.	
„	Canterbury Archbishopric		
„	Craucumbe, G. de		
1	Canterbury Archbishopric	*See* Argentein.	
„	Cherlecot, Thos. de, valet of Steph. de Lucy.	Pardon of scutage for three parts of a knight's fee which he holds of Robert Hasteng.	Westm., 28 Oct.
15 d.	Chamberleng, Thos. le	*See* Butiller.	
„	Chaucumb, Robt. de, and Juliana his wife.	*See* Anford.	
„	Cunestable, Will. le	*See* Tibeham.	
„	Clerk, Richd. le, and Cecil. his wife.	*See* Wudindon.	
13 d.	Cotes, Alan de	*See* Mere.	
„	Croc, Peter	*See* Derlegh. *See* Wyke.	
„	Cinq. Ports	*See* Sandwich.	
„	Clerk, Julian the	*See* Patric.	
„	Culern, Ralph de, and	Attorneys of Sibel de Ferariis against Will. Lungesp. and Idonea his wife concerning land in Scaldeford and Alfold, Surry.	
„	Torenwie, Will. de		
12 d.	Crampe, John	*See* Den.	
„	Cosman, Ralph	*See* Mercer.	
„	Claworth, Walt. de	Attorney of Nich. de Lettres against Nich. and Geof. le Macun concerning a plea of nativity, &c.	
„	Cuilter, Ralph le	*See* Tycehurste.	
„	Caldecot, Warw	Fee. *See* Clendon.	
„	Clendon, Richd. de	Attorney of Will. Le Archer against Will. Ruffum concerning moiety of a knight's fee in Caldecot, Warw.	
„	Coradin, Soldan of Damascus	*See* Damascus. (Printed in Fœdera.)	
11 d.	Clerk, Thos. the	*See* Blyburg.	
„	Crechard, Robt.	*See* Selflegh.	
10 d.	Cameis, Henry le	Attorney of Walter de Cameis against John de Fulemere concerning land in Camelton, Bedf.	
„	Cameis, Walt. de		
„	Camelton		
„	Cinq. Ports	*See* Hastings.	
„	Clendon, Richd. de	Attorney of Will. de Coyneres against Abbot of St. James, Northampton, concerning chattels.	
„	Coyneres, Will. de		
„	Cocus, John	Attorney of Oliver de Aencurt against Adam de Rydewar and Isolda his wife concerning custody of Isabella and Joan, daughters and heirs of Will. de Sipton. (Not.)	
„	Corbye, Will. de	Attorney of Hugh de Nevill against Hugh de Freskenay and Alice his wife concerning half a knight's fee in Faldingworth, Linc.	
„	Chimeham, Robt. de	*See* Beauvill.	
9 d.	Costentin, Thos.	*See* Salop Forest.	
7 d.	Coveham, Robt. de	Attorney of Robt. Agoillun against Richd. Agoillun concerning moiety of manor of Burtham, Suff.	
„	Clerk, Hugh the	Attorney of Anketil de Blovill against Beatrice de Wikerl. concerning land in Chrapun, York.	
„	Chrapun		
„	Chelewurth, James and Mabel his wife.	*See* Brigida St.	
„	Chelewurth		
„	Chevaler, Henry le, and Ermburg. his wife.	*See* Apelton.	
„	Cherlecot, Walter de	Attorney of Will. de Lucy against Richd. de Gloucester concerning debt. (Warw.)	
„	Cornburg, Mabel widow of Engeram de.	*See* Bradefeld.	
6	Cantil., Will. de	*See* Maumirry.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
6	Canterbury, Prior, &c. of	Request that the Prior and some of the Chapter will come to the King to treat concerning the state of the Church and kingdom.	Westm., 11 July.
5 d.	Cormeilles, John de	*See* Symon.	
„	Canterbury, S., late Archbp.	Bertram de Cryoil and Alan Poinant are commanded to deliver corn and chattels remaining in the manors of the late Archbishop to his exors., and to make inquisition concerning the stock, &c. &c.	22 July.
„	Caperun, Will.	*See* Farnham.	
„	Cotinton, Heref.	Land. *See* Thomas.	
„	Cinque Ports	*See* Hastings.	
4 d.	Corbet, Thos.	*See* North Wales.	
„	Camvill, Will. de	Quit claim of Albric Marmiun of right in land of Landestefan.	
3 d.	Cinque Ports	Respite of pleas concerning Cinque Ports appointed to be holden at Shipweye.	Heref., 15 Aug.
„	Cumton, Glouc.	Manor. *See* Harestan.	
„	Cruce, John de	Attorney of Hugh de Gurnay against Herebert de Heringeb. concerning an account in Wutton, Glouc.	„
„	Carmarthen, church of	Tithes of the hay of the King's demesne of Carmarthen.	
„	Clifford, Roger de	*See* King, the.	
„	Cantil., Will. de	*See* King, the.	
2 d.	Chilham, Richd. de	*See* Kanc.	
„	Curtel., Le, Geoffrey Clive, Wilts.	*See* Bel, le.	
„	Craucumbe, G. de	*See* Blund.	
15	Daleston, men of	Pardon of tallage.	Westm., 28 Oct.
„	Depeden	Manor. *See* FitzPeter.	
„	Dine, Robert de	Inquisition on death of Richard, son of Thomas, of which the said Robert is accused, to be delayed till the advent of Justices.	Stanford, 18 Nov.
„	Dudinton Wood	*See* Stamford Hospital, &c.	
14	Durham, Warden of Bridges	Oaks for the repair of the bridges of Durham.	Durham, 10 Dec.
„ „	Darel, Marmaduke Durham, Bishopric	Freedom from tallage in bishopric of Durham, because he holds of Richard de Percy, by knight's service.	Crek., 15 Dec.
„	Durham, late Bishop of	*See* Martin, St.	
13	Drogheda	Land. *See* Veredun.	
„	Dina, Will. de, and Matilda his wife.	*See* Andrew St.	
12	Doggemerefeld	Park. *See* Bath, Bishop of.	
11	Duket, Richard	*See* Blakenham.	
„	Deulecresse, the Jew, of Lincoln.	*See* Nevill.	
„	Den Forest	*See* Marescall.	
10	Durham, Prior of	Respite of plaints and contentions moved in the court of the Bishop of Durham against the Prior and his men.	Reading, 2 Ap.
„	Durham, Prior of	The said Prior and his men are not to be distrained to come before the Justices in Eyre, except as usual when the see is not vacant.	Westm., 16 Ap.
„	Deutecrosse, Abbot	Pasture for sheep, &c., in the pasture of Roshil. (Linc.)	Westm., 21 Ap.
8	Dublin, H., Archbishop of	100*l.* out of the farm of the City of Limerick, and 50 marks out of the farm of the City of Dublin, in payment of the debt owed by King John, and of his expenses in the Court of Rome, &c.	8 May.
„	Dublin, City		
„	Dublin, Exchequer Dublin, Archdeacon Duket, Richd.	Justiciar of Ireland is commanded to distrain bailiffs and others to render their accounts to the Exchequer at Dublin, and to cause such things to be done concerning the Exchequer, &c., as he, with the counsel of J. Bishop of Ferns, the treasurer, G. de Turvill, Archdeacon of Dublin, the Chamberlain John Marescall, Simon de Hal, and Rich. Duket, shall think expedient.	„
„	Donestore,	Farm of. *See* Burgo, H. de.	
„	Dublin, H., Archbishop of	The account of the Archbishop of vacant archbishoprics, &c., is to be audited by J., Bishop of Ferns, the Justiciar of Ireland, and G. de Thurevill, Archdeacon of Dublin.	10 May

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
8	Doe, Joldewin de - -	Reasonable estovers in the Wood of Pidinton, which belonged to Earl of Bolon., in Forest of Brehull.	Guildford, 14 May.
7	Durham, Prior of - -	Respite of plaints, &c., moved against him in the Court of the Bishop of Durham.	Merewell, 24 May.
6	Daniel, Thos., son of - -	Deliverance on bail for death of Richd. de Scrustorp. (Linc.)	Westm., 18 June.
„	Dorset, Alex. de - -	Permission to collect the corn which he sowed in the land which he held to farm of Peter de Alneto, in Chaugrave, finding the Bishop of Chichester seed for the King's winter corn in the said land.	19 June.
„	Driffeld, men of - -	Recompence for their expenses in tilling the lands of the manor of Driffeld, which they had to farm of the King, and which is now taken into the King's hands. (Yorks.)	Tenham, 2 July.
„	Dover, Master, &c., of Hospital of St. Mary.	Fair at Beausbergh near their manor of Wytefeld, Kent.	Westm., 11 July.
5	Dertemor, Devon - -	*See* Esturmy.	
„	Davinton, Nuns of - -	Pardon of the Sixteenth demanded of them for the King's use, for their churches. (Kent.)	12 July.
	Deulecresse, Abbot and Monks of.	All the land of Roshal which they held of King John in perpetual alms. (Lanc.)	„
„	Doddeford, Northampt. -	*See* Heyford.	
„	Dursinton, John de - -	*See* Ruwe.	
„	Devon, Will., late Earl of -	*See* King, the.	
„	Durham, Prior, &c. - -	Pardon of the fine which they made before S. de Lucy and his fellows, Justices in Eyre, for respite of assise.	15 July.
„	Dionisio St., Geoffrey de -	The livery of 4*d.* a day out of the 6*d.* which Matilda de Herlaue, lately the nurse of King John, used to receive in alms by the hands of the sheriffs of Essex and Middlesex.	„
„	Durham, R., Bishop of, late Bishop of Sarum.	Seisin of the bishopric of Durham, castles of Norham and Durham being retained in King's hands.	22 July.
„	Depham, Elyas de, and Kaune Regin. de.	Sheriffs of Wilts, Surr., Dorset, Glouc., and Berks are commanded not to intromit in anything concerning the vacant bishopric of Sarum, in the custody of the said Elyas and Regin.	Westm., 22 July
„	Durham, R., Bishop of, late Bishop of Sarum.	Corn of the present autumn in the demesne lands of the vacant bishopric of Sarum.	
„	Depeden - - -	Manor. *See* Auntes., Roger de.	
„	Dover, Constable - -	Timber in the Archbishop's Wood of Becenham, to make planks for the work of the drawbridge at Dover Castle.	Windsor, 30 July.
„	Dover Castle - - -		
„	Duffeld, Rades de - -	Custody of the Hermitage of Saburgham, so that he cause the chapel thereof to be served by a proper chaplain.	Reading, 1 Aug.
„	„ „ „	Bishop of Carlisle is commanded to permit the chapel to be served, as above.	„
„	„ „ „	He is also commanded to restore to the said Rades anything he may have taken which belongs to the Hermitage.	„
„	Durham, R., Bishop of. -	Seisin of land in Cumpton with the hundred of Cumpton, which he had of the gift of Johanna Malesmeins.	Marlboro, 6 Aug.
„	Divises Castle - - -	*See* Sarum, R., late Bp. of	
„	Den Forest - - -	*See* Cantilupe.	
3	Dunheved, Ernis de, and Johanna his wife - -	Justiciar of Ireland is commanded to inquire whether Hugh de Feypo, and the said Johanna his wife, were disseised by the bailiffs of King John, of lands in Dereham and Shenebuille, which Martin de Mandevill, father of the said Johanna, had given her in marriage, and which he had of the gift of Roger Tyrel. King John exchanged with Richard, brother and heir of the said Roger, lands in Munster for lands in Lowth.	Hereford, 20 Aug.
„	Dereham - - -		

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
3	Driffeld. Men of	Corn which they sowed in the King's manor of Driffeld, before it was taken into the King's hand. (York.)	Hereford, 21 Aug.
,,	Driffeld		
,,	Den Forest	*See* Hereford, Dean, &c.	
,,	Divises	*See* Sarum.	
,,	Durham, R., Bishop of, late Sarum, Bishop of.	The "custodes" of the bishopric of Sarum are commanded to permit the bailiffs of the Bishop to have a reasonable quantity of the hay in their custody.	Worcester, 24 Aug.
		Richard de Grey is commanded to allow the said Bishop to dispose of his corn, except so much in the manor of Rudes as he received from Will.	,,
,,	Divises	Briwer when he received Divises Castle from him.	
,,	Dispenser, Hugh	Pardon of 22*s.* 6*d.* for scutage of Bedford, Montgomery, &c.	Kiderminster, 25 Aug.
,,	Divises Castle	*See* Wilinton.	
,,	Diaie, a Jew	*See* Wilinton.	
2	Dymmoc, Bailiffs of	*See* King, the.	
,,	Durham bishopric	*See* King, the.	
13 d.	Derlegh, Geoffrey de	Attorney of Bishop of Worcester against Thomas, Prior of Bath, concerning custody of land and heir of Peter Croc. (Glouc.)	
,,	Dina, Matilda de	Sheriff of Cambridge is commanded to go personally and remove the persons who, by reason of the sickness of the said Matilda, have entered on her houses and lands and consumed her chattels.	Stamford, 14 Jan.
,,	Dover, Barons, &c.	Prorogation of day appointed for pleas concerning Cinq. Ports.	Westm., 1 Feb.
,,	Dunwich, men of.		
,,	Doget, Walter	Attorney of Will., son of Walter, against Sim. Ryffum, concerning land in Hamersham, Bedf.	
,,	Davy, Richard	Attorney of Edith, widow of Will. de Ethon, against Henry Patric, and Mary his wife, and Will. de Daggahal, and Isabella his wife, concerning a messuage in Dunstaple, Bed.	
,,	Daggahal, Will.		
,,	Dunstable		
,,	Daggehal, Will. de, and Isabella his wife.	Messuage. *See* Patric.	
,,	Dunstable, Bedf.		
,,	Dun, Alex. de.	*See* Bello Mesuagio, Joh. de.	
12 d.	Ditton, Bed.	Land. *See* Niger.	
,,	Den, Jord. de	Attorney of Prior of Merton against William de Augo and John Crampe for services for tenements holden of the said Prior in Oxford.	20 Feb.
,,	Damascus, Coradin Soldan of	Letter from the King to the Soldan, thanking him for presents sent, and asking him to liberate Christian captives. (Printed in Fœdera.)	
11 d.	Durham bishopric	*See* Bolebec.	
10 d.	Deneford, Walt. de and Sarra his wife.	*See* Islep.	
,,	Drayton, Luke de		
,,	Daniel, Will., son of	*See* Berifeld.	
,,	Dene Forest	Verdict of jurors, setting forth the ancient metes and bounds of the Forest of Dene.	
8 d.	Derneford, Will. de	Attorneys of Ela, Countess of Sarum, against Alan Basset, concerning custody of the son and heir of Philip de Gay. (Wiltes.)	,,
,,	Hedinton, Nich. de		
7 d.	Dunstaple, Prior of	*See* London, Geoffrey, de.	
6 d.	Drayton, Oxon.	Land. *See* Julian.	
5 d.	Dantes, Roger de, and Matilda his wife.	*See* Bretun, John Le.	
,,	Dune, Thos. de la		
,,	Dunewich bailiffs	*See* Hastings.	
4 d	Durand, Walt., son of, and Kanning, Gerard de.	Attorneys of Prior of Lanteenay extra Glouc., in plaint before Justiciar of Ireland, between Walt. de Lascy and the said Prior concerning advowson of church of Drumpath, Ireland.	
	Drumpath		
,,	Derley, Geoffry de	*See* Millay.	
3 d.	Dunstanvill, Walt. de	*See* King, the.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
15	Erithe, Edelina de	Deliverance out of the prison of Newgate	Westm., 6 Nov.
„	Essex	Assises to be taken before Justices in Eyre as heretofore.	Stamford, 19 Nov.
„	Ereburg, Brian de	*See* Warevill	
14	Eya, Bedf.	Tenement. *See* Glamvill.	
13	Ely, G., Bishop of	Respite of payment of 300 marks owing to the King.	Westm., 28 Jan.
„	„ „ „	Timber in the wood of Mannesfeld	3 Feb.
„	Eton, men of, Staff.	*See* Besin.	
12	Egmundon	Manor. *See* Aldithel.	
„	Estrees, John de	Chattels which belonged to Advocatus de Bethum, lately deceased. (Northt.)	20 Feb.
„	Estrop, Richd. de	Delivery on bail out of prison at Oxford, where he is detained for the death of Reginald Wagglestun.	27 Feb.
„	Estden, Southt	Land. *See* Ripariis.	
11	Esinden and Beyford, men of	Acquittance of hidage assessed upon them in the county of Hertford (because they are of the King's demesne).	Reading, 22 Mar.
10	Ebroic, Steph. de	*See* Cantilupo, Is. de.	
„	Ely, G. Bishop of	*See* Lascy, Gilbert de. Acquittance of 300 marks paid by him into the King's wardrobe.	Westm., 26 April.
9	Emly, bishopric, Ireland.	*See* Norwic.	
„	Elinges, Rich. de, and others	Seisin of land and a garden in Elinges,	Westm., 1 May
„	Elinges	Southampton.	
„	Edmund St., Abbot of	The said Abbot is not to be annoyed in his woods of Herlawe, Stepelford, and Weckenton, contrary to the liberties granted in Charter of King John.	2 May.
„	Ernhal	Wood. *See* Wurmegay.	
8	Estrop, Essex	Land. *See* Gernun.	
	Estrange, John Le	Manor of Wrocwurthin for life	Aulton, 17 May.
7	Estbecham, church	Two parts, advowson of. *See* Wobrunum, Prior of.	
„	Eveske, Le, Elyas, son of Benedict.	*See* King, the.	
5	Edmund, Will., son of	*See* Marlboro', Constable.	
„	Esturmy, Adam	Land which Roger Mirabel held of the King in Skiredon and Shapelegh (by the service of two arrows when the King comes to hunt at Dertemor) if the said Roger be outlawed. (Devon.)	Westm., 12 July.
4	Essex. Forest	*See* Archer.	
	Extraneus, Will.	*See* William, Robt., son of.	
	Esturmy, Adam	Land and chattels of Roger de Mirabel, a fugitive, for the death of a man. (Devon.)	Marlboro', 6 Aug.
„	Euedon, Devon	Land. *See* Franchesn.	
3	Evermuth, Beatrix wife of Walter de	Four deer in the bailiwick of Thos. Birkin.	Montgomery, 5 Sept.
2	Ely, G., Bishop of	Justices in Eyre in Norf. and Suff. are commanded to permit the Bishop to use his accustomed liberties, &c.	18 Sept.
„	Exchequer, Constable of the	*See* Hereford, Earl of.	
13 d.	Ethon, Edith widow of Will. de.	*See* Davy. *See* Patric.	
„	Enborne, Berks	Land. *See* Hugh, Adam, son of.	
12 d.	Esseb, David de	*See* Mangevilein.	
„	Emperor, the	King's letter to the Emperor concerning dispute with the Pope, &c. (Printed in Fœdera).	Westm., 20 Feb.
11 d.	Ebor., Will. de	*See* Bolebec.	
10 d.	Erdinton, Giles de	*See* Accle.	
9 d.	Essex. Forest	Sheriff of Essex is commanded to cause proclamation to be made that the forest be kept by the same metes and bounds as it was in the time of King John, before his war with the barons, except the hundred of Thendring.	
8 d.	Eleham, Kent	Land. *See* Langebrig.	
7 d.	Edelmeton, Middx.	Land, &c. *See* Fonte.	
5 d.	Esseng., Robt. de	*See* Franceis, Le.	
„	Eton, Buck.	Land. *See* Farnham.	
3 d.	Elmere, Ralph de, and Thorewik, Will. de	Attorneys of Sibil de Ferrar against Will. de Lungesp. and Idonea his wife concerning land in Scaldeford Alford. (Surrey.)	
3 d.	Eginton, Derb.	Land. *See* Mering.	
2 d.	Elias, Will., son of	*See* Bel.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
15	FitzPeter, Geoffrey, John son of.	Manors of Waleden and Depeden, saving to S., Archbishop of Canterbury, 100*l.* per annum.	Westm., 28 Oct.
„	FitzPeter, Hawisia daughter of Geoffrey.	Pardon of 20*s.*, which she was fined by Justices appointed to supervise weirs in the Thames, in co. Berks.	8 Nov.
14	Farendon, Berks.	Court. *See* Bello Loco, Abbot de	
„	Fountains, Abbot of	Oaks in Knaresboro' Forest for the repair of Heiwic bridge.	York, 27 Dec.
13	Fulebec (Linc.)	Land. *See* Albiniaco.	
„	Flechiator, Wm.	*See* Mala Morte de.	
„	Fosse.	Vivary. *See* York, Archbishop of.	
„	Finemere	Hermitage is to be taken into the King's hands, and Will., the Monk of Bradewell is to retire to his own house.	Westm., 13 Feb.
12	Faversham, Abbot	*See* Percy.	
„	Fleet Prison	*See* Cestreford.	
„	Fretheswith, St., Prior of	*See* Oxford,	
11	Farendon Court	*See* Bello Loco, Abbot	
10	Font Evraux, Abbess	Posts in the forest of Bere to stop up the sluices of her pond at Portsmouth.	Reading, 3 Mar.
„	„ „	Sheriff of Southampton is ordered to permit the sluices abovesaid to be stopped up, and a causeway to be made.	
„	Ferrybridge	*See* Tany.	
„	Fryvill, Robt. de	*See* Augi.	
„	Furness, Abbot of	Permission to enjoy liberties in Furness granted by charter, together with the homage and service of Michael le Flemeng.	Westm., 26 April.
„	Flemebg, Mich. le		
9	Faber, Herebt.	*See* Elinges.	
„	Forger, the (Falsonarius), and	Sheriff of Stafford is ordered to receive and keep in custody the said persons whom W., Earl of Ferrars, took.	Lambeth, 5 May.
„	his wife		
„	Ferrars, W., Earl		
8	Ferns, J., Bishop of	40*l.* per annum at the Exchequer of Dublin in lieu of 40*l.* which he has been accustomed to receive out of the manor of New Castle of Lenan, Ireland.	Westm., 8 May.
„	„ „ „	Treasurer of Exchequer of Dublin. *See* King, the. *See* Dublin.	
„	Frane, Peter de	Deliverance out of the gaol of Flet	10 May.
„	Fleet Prison		
„	Flamsted Nuns of	Land in Hamelhamsted, which Agatha widow of Will. de Gatesden, held. (Hertford.)	Farnham, 16 May.
„	Frankesney Milo de	Seisin of his land in Cherleton and Uphaven, as he had it before the King gave the manor of Uphaven to Gilbert Basset. (Wilts.)	Aulton, 17 May.
6	Furtis. Wood near Bristol	*See* King, the.	
4	Franchesn., Henry de	Permission to hold land in Euedon till the King's further command. (Devon.)	Glouc., 10 Aug.
3	Feypo, Hugh de, and Johanna his wife.	*See* Dunheved.	
„	Finc., Stephen	*See* Hereford.	
2	Fecham. Forest	*See* King, the.	
„	Fecham. Bailiffs		
„	Fiscampo, Abbot de	Respite of the suit between the said Abbot and John de Braosa, now in South Wales.	Kery, 4 Oct.
„	Fressenvill, Ralph de	*See* Insula, Brian de.	
1	Furnell, Mich. de	*See* Argentein.	
13 d.	Ferariis, Sibil de	*See* Culern.	
12 d.	Falkerigg, Kent	Land. *See* Hamton.	
11 d.	Faxflet, York	*See* Siclinghal.	
„	France, King of	*See* Graucumbe.	
10 d.	Fader, Will.	*See* Accle.	
„	Ford, John de	Attorney of Prior of Lewes against Will. Le Bretun concerning a fold in Karleton, Camb.	
„	Fulemere, John de	*See* Cameis.	
„	Freskenay, Hugh de, and Alice his wife.	*See* Corbye.	
„	Faldingworth, Linc.		
8 d.	Fassenton, Henry de	*See* Marescall.	
„	Ferre, Will., and Wyke, Will. de	Attorneys of Eustachia wife of Hubert de Wykes, against Robert de Ambresleg, concerning multure in the mill of Rumboldwik. (Sussex.)	
„	Flemeng, Will. Le	*See* Werplesdon.	
„	Forester, Richard		

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
7 d.	Fonte, Regin, de, and Illaria his wife.	Attorneys of Robt. de Agath and Celestria his wife against Ralph Palmarius, concerning land and messuage in Edelmeton, Middlesex.	
6 d.	F. (Frederick), Emperor of the Romans.	*See* Romans.	
„	Ficket, Will. - - -	*See* Welinton.	
5 d.	Franceis, Robt. Le - -	Attorney of William, Prior of Grave, against Ralph de Esseng. and John de Medhell concerning cattle taken.	
„	Fifide, Isabella - - -	*See* Simon.	
„	Farnham, Thos. de, and Caperun, Will.	Attorneys of Henry de Glamvill and Wunda his wife against Walter de Upenor, Robert, son of Henry and Agnes his wife, Robert and Godfrey de la Saghe and Letia his wife, John Peschebeth and Christiana his wife, and Hugh Robelot and Gunnora his wife concerning land in Orton. (Berks.)	
„	„ „ „	Also against Thos., son of William, Rich., son of Hugh, William, son of John, Ivo le Mariner, Cecilia, daughter of William, William de Baven., and Hugh le Juvene, concerning land, &c., in Eton. (Buck.)	
„	Farlegh, Prior of - -	*See* Sumerford.	
„	Fresting, Nich., and Aldith his wife.	*See* Thomas.	
3 d.	Ferrar, Sibil de - - -	*See* Elmere.	
„	Ferrar, W., Earl of - -	*See* Mering.	
2 d.	Foliot, Barth. - - -	*See* Bel.	
„	Guise, John de, servant of H. de Burgo.	Pardon of money due to the King for two houses which belonged to Moses of Cambridge, a Jew.	Canterbury, 31 Oct.
„	Gretford, Linc. - -	Land. *See* Simon.	
„	Galtres Forest - - -	*See* King, the.	
14	Germuntthorp - -	Land. *See* Warevill.	
„	Godmer, Robt. - - -	*See* Tateshal.	
„	Girevall, Abbot of - -	Oaks in Knaresboro' Forest for the work of his church,	Treske., 14 Dec.
„	Galtres Forest - - -	*See* Toppeclive.	
„	Glamvill, Richard de, and Grandyn, Hugh.	Assise between them concerning a tenement in Aspel. and Eya is not to be taken before the Justices in Eyre in co. Bedf.	„
„	Graundin, Hugh - -	Respite of assise between him and Ralph de Tyvill concerning land in Aspeleya, Bedf.	„
„	Galtres Forest - - -	*See* Marton, Prior of.	
„	Gray, Richd. de - -	Pardon of three marks which he was fined before Justices in Eyre. (Essex).	Crek., 15 Dec.
13	Geytinton Wood - -	*See* Havill and Albin.	
12	Gloucester and Hertford, G., Earl of.	Wood in Andover Wood to build an house (ad se hospitandum) at Craneburn.	Westm., 15 Feb.
„	Gernet, Roger - - -	Custody of the forest of the county of Lancaster to him and his heirs.	20 Feb.
„	Gartlip, Bertram de - -	*See* Percy.	
„	Girevall, Abbot, &c. - -	Sheriff of York to permit them to use all liberties contained in their charters.	
„	Grimesby, men of - -	*See* Tower of London.	
11	Grimesby, men of - -	Acquittance of money received of them by the Constable of the Tower of London for chattels of merchants, except 5*s.* paid to Will. Burgeis for his expenses.	Lambeth, 13 Mar.
10	Gloucester, Abbot of - -	Permission to appoint an attorney, he being sick. (Hereford.)	Reading, 4 Ap.
1	Grauntendon, Camb. - -	Land. *See* Tyrel.	
„	Gernet, Roger - - -	Custody of the forest of Lancaster in fee.	Westm., 20 Ap.
„	Germano St. Bernard de -	*See* Lard.	
9	Gode, Ran - - -	*See* Werewell, Abbess (*bis*).	
„	Gray, Richd. de, and John his brother.	The said Richd. and John, who now hold the manor of Swafham, are to receive 4*s.* rent from Warin de Bassingeburn, who used to pay it to the Earl of Brittany when he held the said manor, for the monks of Sautery for land which they hold in Swafham: they are not to distrain the monks for the said rent.	30 Ap.
„	Gamages, W. de - -	*See* Coudray, Henry de.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
8	Gernun, Ralph - - -	Land of Estrop and of Brich., Essex, which belonged to Roger de Planes, to hold till the King restore it to the heir of the said Roger.	Westm., 8 May.
,,	,, ,, ,,	Sheriff of Derb. is commanded to permit him to hold the land of Baukewell granted to him by King John.	,,
,,	Gant, men of - - -	*See* King, the.	
,,	Gatesden, Agatha widow of Will. de.	*See* Flamsted, Nuns of.	
7	Gloucester, Abbot - -	*See* Bromfeld.	
,,	Gillingham, men of - -	Pasture for their animals in the King's foreign wood of Gillingham Wood.	Guildford, 4 June.
,,	Gillingham - - -		
,,	Gatesden, John de - -	Market and fair in his land of Brichull, Bucks.	
,,	Gaunt, merchants of - -	Mayor and bailiffs of York are commanded to keep safely the wool of the said merchants which they have arrested.	Windsor, 10 June.
,,	Gise, John de - - -	*See* King, the.	
6	Gand, merchants of - -	Mayor, &c., of York are commanded to restore to the said merchants the wool, &c., arrested for debt due to King John.	18 June.
,,	Grimesby, port of - -	*See* Salop, Archdeacon.	
,,	Germano St., Bernard de -	*See* Lard.	
,,	Geoffrey, Simon son of -	*See* Berlinges.	
5	Gillingham, men of - -	Pasture for their animals without the park of Gillingham.	Westm., 17 July.
7	Gillingham Park - -		
,,	Geoffrey, John son of - -	*See* Antes., Roger de.	
4	Godfrey, Thos., son of - -	Terms for the payment of his debt to Benedict Crespin of Canterbury and "Bono Amico," of Canterbury, Jews.	Windsor, 26 July.
,,	Gersingham, Lanc., - -	Land. *See* Burgo, H. de.	
3	Gravenel, Hamo de - -	*See* Burgo, H. de.	
,,	Gartlip, Bertram de - -	*See* Percy.	
,,	Greseleg, Ralph de - -	Sheriff of Not. is commanded not to intromit in lands which the said Ralph, deceased, held of others than the King, who has taken the homage of Hugh, son of Ralph, who married Agnes, daughter of the said Ralph de Greseleg, for what he held of the honor of Peverel.	Montgomery, 5 Sept.
2	Gloucester, Bailiffs of - -	*See* King, the.	
,,	Gaugi, Will. de - - -	Pardon of 17*s.* demanded of him for Sheriff's aid, &c. &c. (Leic.)	21 Sept.
15 d.	Guche, Albrict and Christiana, daughters of Hugh le.	*See* Knully.	
,,	Gisorc., Walt. de - -	Attorney of Sim. de Hal against the parson of Winceby and Humphrey and Gerald Hundesfot concerning land in Winceby, Linc.	
,,	Gatho, Henry de - -	*See* Marescall.	
13 d.	Geoffrey, Herebt. son of -	*See* Patric.	
,,	Godwin, Ralph son of, and Cecil his wife.	*See* Merc Le.	
12 d.	Gillingham, Hugh de - -	*See* Hamton.	
,,	Gilbert, Agnes daughter of -	*See* Niger.	
,,	Gisorz, Walt. de, and - -	Attorneys of Simon de Hal and Ernald de Buketon against Alice de Amundevill concerning dower in Kirkeby, Linc.	
,,	Hekenton, Phil. de -		
,,	Gisorz, Walt. de - -	Attorney of Simon de Hal against Hugh de Nevill concerning debt.	
11 d.	Graucumbe, G. de, and Molis, Nichs. de.	H. de Trublevill is commanded, together with the said G. and Nichs., to make amends for interceptions made within the truces between the Kings of England and France. (Printed in Fœdera.)	Lambeth, 11 Mar.
,,	,, ,, ,,	Letter from the King to the King of France concerning the interceptions abovesaid, and asking for letters of safe-conduct for the said G. and Nicholas. (Printed in Fœdera.)	,,
,,	Guiz, Andrew le - -	Attorney of Ernald de Thurevill against Richard de Turevill concerning a charter.	
10 d.	Geoffrey, John son of - -	*See* Kelby.	
,,	Gubyun, Henry - -		
,,	Guin, Geoffrey - - -	*See* Straleg.	
,,	Grafton, Northt. - -	Land. *See* Islep.	
8 d.	Gloucester - - -	Respite of gaol delivery - - -	Guildford, 13 May.

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
8 d.	Gay, Philip de - - -	*See* Derneford.	
7 d.	Glouc., Richd. de - -	*See* Cherlecot.	
6 d.	Gant, Henry de - - -	*See* Welinton.	
„	Gervase, Herbert son of -	*See* Julian.	
5 d.	Grava, Prior of - - -	*See* Franceis, Le.	
„	Glamvill, Henry de, and Wunda his wife.	*See* Farnham.	
4d.	Gascony, Seneschal of - -	Letter from the King to the said Seneschal concerning money of Bourdeaux to be made at Langun or Regula; concerning his request that another Seneschal may be appointed in his stead: concerning distress to be levied on knights who were in the army before St. "Milio," and concerning liberties to be granted to the men of Rocheford.	Reading, 2 Aug.
3 d.	Greinvill, Richd. de - -	*See* Harestan.	
„	Gurnay, Hugh de - -	*See* Cruce. *See* King, the.	
„	Gloucester, Earl of - -	*See* King, the.	
15	Hereford, Bishopric of - -	*See* Cygoigni.	
„	Halfape, Martin - -	*See* Wassingel.	
„	Huntindon, Nuns of St. Michael.	Oaks in the forest of Wauberg to make shingles.	Stanford, 18 Nov.
„	Halywell, Nuns of - -	House in Lincoln which belonged to Abraham, son of Aaron the Jew.	19 Nov.
„	„ „ „	Pardon of tallage of Bristol which the said Abraham owed for the said house.	
14	Heywra. Yorks. - -	Pasture. *See* Killinghall.	
„	Heiwic Bridge - - -	*See* Fountains.	
„	Huscarl, Roger - - -	*See* Amand, St.	
„	Halfape, Martin - - -	*See* Wassingel.	
13	Hornmere, Berks - -	Hundred. *See* Abbendon.	
„	Havill, Gilbt. de - -	An oak in the wood of Geytinton -	Geytinton, 15 Jan.
„	Himel Castle, Prior, &c. -	Dead wood for fuel in the forest of Clive	Northton, 15 Jan.
„	Hukenhal, foresters and men	Sheriff of Not. is to dismiss them by plevin if he has taken them according to the King's precept.	„
„	Hereford, Bishop of - -	*See* Peniard.	
„	Hodenet, Odo son and heir of Bald. de.	Seisin of his hereditary lands. (Montgomery.)	Westm., 5 Feb.
„	Hecham, Richd. de - -	Pardon of the mark which he was fined before the Justices in co. Northton.	„
12	Hasel., Oxon. - - -	Market and fair. *See* Nicholas.	
„	Herlion, John - - -	*See* Burgo, H. de.	
„	Hal., Simon de - - -	For the custody of the castle of Sarum and the county of Wilts, for his expenses in the Eyre of the Justices in Linc., York, Northumbr., Cumbr., and Westmerl, &c. &c., the King pardons him a debt of 108*l.* 0*s.* 11*d.*	22 Feb.
„	Havering Park - - -	Park keeper to deliver three oaks to Henry, son of Aucher, for the repair of the King's houses at Havering.	2 Mar.
11	Hull, port of - - -	*See* Albem., Earl of	
„	Hampton, Amabel de - -	Deliverance from prison on bail, being accused of death of Nigel de Bristol. (Heref.)	Windsor, 14 Mar.
„	Hereford, county of - -	Accused persons finding bail are to have peace till the next assise.	Reading, 28 Mar.
10	Herebert, Peter son of - -	Six deer in Marlboro' Forest to be put in his park of Lechamsted.	4 Ap.
„	Hurtlegh, Southt. - -	Land. *See* Winten., Prioress.	
9	Henr., Ernald - - -	*See* Turri.	
„	Herlawe Wood - - -	*See* Edmund's, St.	
„	Havering Wood - -	*See* Monasterium Cornutum.	
„	Hornchurch - - -		
„	Hornmere, Berks - -	Hundred. *See* Abendon.	
8	Hal, Simon de - - -	*See* Dublin Exchequer of. *See* King, the.	
„	Havering Park - - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Harecourt, Richd. de - -	Seisin of manor of Stratton, with the soke. (Leic.)	Farnham, 16 May.
„	Hamelhamsted, Hertf. -	Land. *See* Flamsted, Nuns of.	
„	Hepe Abbey - - -	*See* Burgo, H. de.	
„	Henry, brother of the King -	Chattels which belonged to Tho. de la Hurne, who hanged himself. (Kent.)	Aulton, 17 May.
„	Hurne, Tho. de la - -		
7	Hoyland St. Botulf - -	Fairs of. *See* Villa Nova.	
„	Hethfeld Wood - -	*See* Warenn.	
„	Hetherinton - - -	Manor. *See* Jerusalem.	
6	Hunteneford, Glouc. - -	*See* King, the.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
5	Heyford, Roger de	Replevin of land which belonged to the said Roger in Heyford of the fee of Will. de Kaaignes in Doddeford, Northamp.	Westm., 12 July.
„	Heyford		
„	Hamwell, Ioceus de	Deliverance on bail for death of Richard de Hamwell. (Linc.)	
„	Hildrichesham, Camb.	Land. *See* Lungespee.	
„	Herlaue, Matilda de, late nurse of K. John.	*See* Dionisio, St., Geoffrey de.	
4	Haversegh, Michl. de	*See* Pec.	
„	Helyon, Henry de	Lands and chattels of William de la Stret, hanged for robbery. (Devon.)	Marlboro', 6 Aug.
„	Herebert, Matthew son of	Seisin of the land which the mother of Will. Paynel held in dower in Hunespil. (Devon.)	7 Aug.
„	Hunespil.		
3	Hordel, Will.	Sheriffs of London are commanded to provide the said William with a good cart at the King's cost, to carry the King's harness to him.	Hereford, 19 Aug.
„	Helyon, Henry de	Sheriff of Devon is commanded to distrain Matthew, son of Herebert, and others who have any chattels which belonged to Will. de la Strete, who was hanged, and which the King gave to the said Henry.	21 Aug.
„	Herebert, Matthew son of		
„	Hereford, Dean and Chapter	Wood in the forest of Den to repair their chapel of St. Briavell.	„
„	Hereford, Friars Minors	Wood in the forest of Trivel for the building of their chapel.	„
„	Hereford, men of	Restoration of John and Walter, sons of Gilbert, son of Iweini, and John Broll, who were in prison at Oxford.	Worcester, 25 Aug.
„	„ „ „	Also of Stephen Finc, Ralph Cruc, and Ralph le Teintur, in prison at Glouc.	„
„	Hechilhamton, Wilts	*See* Wilinton.	
„	Huntsman, Wido the	*See* King, the.	
„	Hurule, Ran. de	*See* Thuwill.	
„	Haye, a Jew	*See* Wilinton.	
2	Hereford, Bailiffs, &c.	*See* King, the.	
„	Hauvill, Henry de	*See* King, the.	
„	Hereford, H., Earl of, Constable of the Exchequer.	Treasurer, &c., of the Exchequer are commanded to receive Roger, the clerk of the said Earl, to perform the offices of Constable of the Exchequer.	Montgomery, 21 Sept.
„	Hauleharaud Forest	*See* Lucy.	
„	Herebert, Peter son of	Permission to erect a gate on the causeway of Lechedade bridge before the hospital which he has built there. (Glouc.)	Ke, 28 Sept.
„	Harecurt, Richd. de	Pardon of scutage for knights' fees which he holds of Earl of Warwick and the Countess of Winton; for the army at Kery.	Westm., 18 Oct.
1	Hasteng, Robt.	*See* Cherlecot and Balance.	
„	Herebert, Peter son of	Scutage of two knights' fees which he holds of the Abbot of Hide, and he of the King; and of three knights' fees which he holds of Will. de St. John, and he of the King. (Southt.)	27 Oct.
„	Hide, Abbot of		
„	„ „	Scutage of three knights' fees which he holds of the Archbishop of York, and he of the King. (Yorks.)	„
„	„ „ „	Scutage of a knight's fee which he holds of the Abbot of Abbendon, and he of the King. (Berks.)	„
15 d.	Hambergh, Therric de	*See* Berneston.	
„	Hal, Simon de	*See* Gisorc.	
„	Hundesfot, Humphrey and Gerald.		
„	Hal, Simon de	*See* Simon, Will., son of.	
„	Hoby, Gilbt. de	Land. *See* Butiller.	
„	Hoby, Leic.		
„	Hal, Simon de	*See* Mainevilain.	
13 d.	Helmeswell, Will., Robt., and Hy.	*See* Remton.	
„	Hull, port of	*See* King, the.	
„	Hastings, Barons, &c.	Prorogation of day appointed for pleas concerning Cinq. Ports.	1 Feb.
„	Hythe, Barons, &c.		
„	Hamersham, Bedf.	Land *See* Doget.	
„	Hadel, Ralph de	Attorney of Peter de Malo Lacu against Roger de Holesl. concerning land in Laneburg. (Suff.)	
„	Holesl., Roger de		
„	Haliwell weir	*See* Burgo, Will. de.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
13 d.	Hugh, Adam son of, and Poer, Durand le.	Attorneys of William, Earl Marescall, against Will. Malewayne concerning land in Enborne, Berks.	
„	Hodesd., Hertf.	Land. *See* Bello Messuagio, Joh. de.	
12 d.	Hamton, Simon de	Attorney of Regin., Abbot of Begeham, against Hugh de Gillingham concerning land in Falkerigg, Kent.	
„	Hyde, Abbot of	*See* Micheldovr.	
„	Hal, Simon de	*See* Maugevilein.	
„	Henred, Richd. de		
„	Hal, Simon de	*See* Gisorz.	
„	Hekenton, Phil. de		
„	Hal, Simon de	*See* Gisorz.	
11 d.	Heyrun, Jord.	*See* Bolebec.	
10 d.	Hunestanescot, Gilbert de	Attorney of Adam, Abbot of Reading, against William de Sotrich concerning customs and services in Straford, Warw.	
„	Herebert, Peter son of	*See* Alexander.	
„	Hida, Roger de	*See* Berifeld.	
„	Hoese, Henry	Justices in Eyre in co. Southt. are commanded to admit the said Henry as their fellow in place of Walter de Rumesye, who is one of the King's coroners.	Reading, 2 Ap.
„	Hastings, Barons, &c.	Respite of pleas concerning Cinq. Ports to be holden before Justices in Eyre at Shipweya.	Westm., 27 Ap.
8 d.	Haringod, Steph.	*See* Langebrig.	
„	Hoveden, John de, and Lekeburn, Will. de.	Attorneys of Geof. de Bavent against Stephen de Mesnil concerning land in Aldewerk, York.	
„	Holt, Will. de	Attorney of Hugh de Thokeb. against	
„	Hugh, Ph., son of	Philip, son of Hugh, concerning land in Medburn, Leic.	
„	Hundeshull, John de, and Joan his wife.	*See* Norton.	
„	Hedinton, Nich. de	*See* Derneford.	
„	Hull, port of	*See* Pateshull. *See* Michael, St.	
7 d.	Hal, John de	*See* Burg., John de.	
„	Hanigdon, Eustace de	*See* Welles, Wm. de.	
„	Haket, Will., and Isabel his wife.	*See* Bradefeld.	
6 d.	Hogensuag, Arnald, Earl of	Request of the King to the said Earl that he would come to him to treat of some business.	
„	Hauterme, Amitteam. de	*See* Maumirry.	
5 d.	Henry, Stephn., son of	*See* Mora, De la.	
„	Henry, Robt., son of, and Agnes his wife.	*See* Farnham.	
„	Hastings, Bailiffs of	Bailiffs of Hastings are commanded to cause pleas, &c., concerning town and port of Hastings to come before the Justices at Shipweye. Similar command to Bailiffs of Dunwich and Jernemuth, and Cinque Ports.	Westm., 30 July.
3 d.	Harestan, Will. de	Attorneys of Will. de Mara against	
„	Salop, Adam de	Richd. de Greenvill concerning manor of Cumton, Glouc.	
„	Heringeb., Herebt. de	*See* Cruce.	
2 d.	Hopton, Gervase de	*See* Wolton.	
15	Irchencfeld. Heref.	*See* Burgo, H. de.	
14	Joscpin, Jew, of Bristol	*See* Ken.	
13	Ingeniator, Albert	Sheriffs' aid of the land which he holds of the King in Thorp, Sutton, and Bekingham, Linc.	Wadinton, 10 Jan.
12	Ireland, Justiciary of	*See* Burgo, Richd. de.	
„	Ivelcester	Tallage. *See* Cornwall, Earl of.	
11	Ireland, Marches of	*See* King, the.	
10	Jocelin, Nichs., son of	*See* Chetney.	
9	Josceus, Aaron Blundus	*See* Marescall.	
„	Ireland	Castles. *See* Turri.	
„	Josceus, Presbiter, a Jew	*See* King, the.	
8	Ireland	Laws and customs of England to be observed in Ireland. *See* King, the.	
„	Ireland	Inquisition concerning purprestures. *See* King, the (*bis*).	
„	Insula, de, Earl John, Osbert son of.	*See* Burgo, H. de.	
„	Ireland,	Archbishoprics, &c. *See* Dublin, Archbp.	
„	J., wife of L., Prince of North Wales.	*See* North Wales.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
7	J., the Queen, Mother of the King.	*See* Cornwall, R., Earl of.	
„	Jerusalem, Prior, &c., of Hosp. of St. John.	Seisin of the manor of Hetherinton which John de Monte Acuto gave them before he died.	Windsor, 8 June.
6	Jordan, Will., son of - -	Deliverance on bail for death of Richard de Scrustorp. (Linc.)	Westm., 18 June.
„	Jerusalem, Prior, &c., of Hosp. of St. John.	Chattels which belonged to John de Monte Acuto, in the custody of the Archdeacon of Lewes.	20 June.
„	John St., Will. de - -	Sheriffs of Hertf. and Camb. are commanded to receive Henry de Bocland as attorney of the said William.	„
„	„ „ - -	Deer in the King's forest, in the bailiwick of John de Venuz.	15 July.
5	Insula, Brian de - -	*See* Augi, Countess.	
„	Isabella, the King's sister -	*See* Bocland.	
4	Johanna, Lady of North Wales.	*See* North Wales.	
3	Iweini, John and Walter sons of Gilbert, son of.	*See* Hereford.	
2	Insula, Robt. and Sarra de -	*See* Monachus.	
„	Insula, Brian de - -	Pardon of scutage for knights' fees which he holds of Ralph de Fressenvill (for army of Kery).	21 Oct.
1	John St., Will. de - -	*See* Herebert.	
„	Ingrithorp, Isabella de -	*See* Richard, Nich., son of.	
13 d.	Iolegrave, Luke de - -	Attorney of Will. Basset against Richd. Basset of Weledon concerning a mill in Weston, Northampt.	
„	Jernem, Bailiffs, &c. - -	Prorogation of day appointed for pleas concerning Cinq. Ports.	1 Feb.
„	Iwar, Peter de - - -	Attorney of Will. and John de Livereston against Adam de Stureya concerning land in Lenham, Kent.	
„	Juvenal, Will. - - -	*See* Bello Mesuagio, Joh. de.	
12 d.	Juvenis, Will. and Thos. -	*See* Mercer.	
10 d.	Jerdel, Northton - -	Land. *See* Kelby.	
„	Islep, Gervase de - -	Attorney of Walt. de Deneford and Sarra his wife against Roger, son of Luke, and Richd. Neucomen, concerning land in Grafton, and against Luke de Drayton and Will., son of Robt., concerning customs in Islep, Northton.	
„	Islep - - - - -		
7 d.	Jovene, John and Alex. le -	*See* London, Geoffrey de.	
6 d.	Julian, Geoffrey son of -	Attorney of Herebert, son of Gervase, against Eustachia, widow of Thos. de Ardern, concerning land in Drayton, Oxon.	
5 d.	Juvene, Hugh le - -	*See* Farnham.	
„	John, Will., son of - -		
„	Jernemuth, Bailiffs - -	*See* Hastings.	
4 d.	J., wife of L., Prince of North Wales.	*See* North Wales.	
15	Kincton. - - -	Scutage. *See* Cygoigni.	
„	King, the - - -	Hunters to take deer and hogs in forest of Pikering for the King's use.	Stanford, 18 Nov.
„	„ - - -	Twenty-five casks of wine, belonging to merchants of Lynn, and a ship to carry them to York, for the King's use at Christmas, to be delivered to John de Cunde.	„
„	„ - - -		
„	„ - - -	Respite of assise between him and H. de Burgo concerning the honor of Reylegh, Essex.	Grantham, 21 Nov.
„	„ - - -	Wood and coal to be sent to York, to the Archbishop's house (out of the forest of Galtres) sufficient for the King's use for three days at Christmas.	Newerk, 23 Nov.
14	Knaresburgh. - - -	Land. *See* Bugge.	
„	Killinghall, men of - -	Inquisition to be made concerning the pasture of Heywra of which they had been disseised. (Yorks.)	Knaresboro', 4 Dec.
„	Knaresboro'. Forest - -	*See* Girevall.	
„	Ken, John de - - -	Sheriff of Somerset is not to permit Bonefey and Joscepin, Jews of Bristol, to whom the said John has pledged his lands, to sell his chattels, until it be inquired whether he has kept terms with the said Jews.	York, 25 Dec.
„	Knaresboro'. Forest - -	*See* Fountains.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
14	Kingestoftes, in City of York.	*See* York.	
„	Kirketon, Linc. - - -	Market and fair. *See* Burgo, H. de.	
„	King, the - - -	Constable of Windsor to apply 10 marks received from Sheriff of Surrey to make a kitchen in Windsor Castle.	
13	King, the - - -	Mayor and bailiffs of Lincoln are to send as much money as they are able to the King at Brewer (Bruera).	Wadinton, 10 Jan.
„	Kirkham, Walt. de - -	Warren in the lands belonging to the church of Rudeby, York, to him and his successors, parsons of the said church.	Vallis, 14 Jan.
„	Kenilworth - - -	Vivary. *See* Norwich, Ralph de.	
„	King, the - - -	Ten casks of wine out of the 30 which the King ordered to be carried to Gloster, are to be delivered to Henry de Aldithel, to be carried to Shrewsbury against the King's coming to those parts.	Westm., 10 Jan.
12	King, the - - -	Constable of Tower of London is ordered to send 10 casks of wine to Westminster for the King's use.	22 Feb.
11	King, the - - -	Richd. de Burgo, Justiciar of Ireland, is ordered to take into the King's hand the Castle of Trum, and lands of Walter de Lascy in Ireland, unless the said Walter keep the terms made with the King for the payment of the residue of the fine which he made with King John for having his lands in Ireland.	Lambeth, 9 Mar.
„	King, the - - -	Justiciar of Ireland is ordered to cause all persons holding lands in the Marches of Ireland to fortify them.	„
„	Kingscotes, in City of York.	*See* York.	
„	Knaresboro' - - -	Land. *See* Myton.	
„	Kingesham, Glouc. - -	King's Chapel. *See* Celestr.	
10	King, Tho. le - - -	Sheriff of Glouc. is ordered to send the said Thomas, said to be outlawed for the death of Nich. le Messer, to Sheriff of Berks.	Westm., 24 Ap.
9	King, the - - -	Justiciar of Ireland is ordered to pay 300 marks which the King borrowed from certain Flemings, to carry on war against Hugh de Lacy.	26 Ap.
„	King, the - - -	Archbp. of York is commanded to do his part on the presentation of L. the Chaplain to the church of Bamburgh by the King. The advowson belongs to the Prior of St. Oswald.	1 May.
„	King, the - - -	Sheriff of Northampton is to have timber in the forest of Northampton for repairs of the King's vivary at Clive.	29 Ap.
„	King, the - - -	Barons of the Exchequer are to receive yearly a pair of gilt spurs for the King's use by the hands of Joscei the Priest, a Jew, to whom Semanus Balistarius has assigned a house which belonged to Bonevie Mutum, a Jew, in the parish of St. Michael Bassigheshagh. (London.)	„
8	King, the - - -	Justiciar of Ireland is commanded to assemble the Archbishops, Bishops, &c., of Ireland, and cause to be read before them the Charter of K. John concerning the laws and customs of England to be observed in Ireland.	8 May.
„	King, the - - -	Justiciar of Ireland is commanded to make inquisition concerning purprestures in Ireland in the times of Kings Henry, Richard, and John, and in his own time.	„
„	King, the - - -	Revocation of the above command if it cannot be fulfilled without loss to the King and disturbance of the land of Ireland, and if J., Bishop of Ferns, J. Marescall, Geoffry de Turvill, Simon de Hal, and Richd Duket shall not think it expedient.	„

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
8	King, the - - -	Justiciar of Ireland is commanded to take into the King's hand the manor of Balimagdon, which Robert Ruffus held of King John, and which the King, being deceived in its value, had granted to Ralph de Trublevill; he is also to destroy the charter, and to restore to the son and widow of Roger le Cordwaner, to whom the said Ralph had let the said manor, the money which he had paid beforehand.	Westm., 10 May.
„	King, the - - -	Mayor, &c., of York, Bailiffs of Lynn and Grimsby, and Sheriff of Lincoln are to seize the goods of the merchants of Gant to the amount of 500 marks, which they have owed from the time of King John.	„
„	King, the - - -	Wood in the park of Havering to make arrows to be carried to the Tower of London, and delivered to Philip Convers, the King's bowman (balistario).	Lambeth, 10 May.
„	Ketelberegh, Suff. - -	Manor. *See* Aguillum.	
7	King, the - - -	Barons of the Exchequer are to receive yearly a pair of gilt spurs, for the King's use, by the hand of Elyas, son of Benedict le Eveske, a Jew, to whom John de Gise has assigned the house which belonged to Mosse Bugi, a Jew, in the parish of St. Olave, London.	Windsor, 12 June.
6	King, the - - -	Disafforesting of lands, &c., in co. Glouc., between the wood of Furtis near Bristol and Hunteneford; between the Severn and Rugeway on the Hill of Sobbeyr from Lantesdon to the water of Arleleg.	Westm., 20 June.
„	King, the - - -	Part of the manor of Robir., Northumb., on the west of the water of Maggild, of the fee of Roger Merlay, is to be kept as forest.	19 June.
5	King, the - - -	A: Archdeacon of Northumberland is commanded to deliver the sixteenth collected in his archdeaconry to the custos of the bishopric of Durham, to be kept by him till the King's further command.	Westm., 12 July.
„	Kaaignes, Will. de - -	*See* Heyford.	
„	King, the - - -	Justices in Eyre in co. Devon are commanded to inquire what lands, liberties, and rights have been subtracted and alienated from the lands of William, late Earl of Devon, after they came into the King's hands.	17 July.
„	Kaune, Regin. de - -	*See* Depham.	
4	King, the - - -	Sheriff of Dors. and Somers. is commanded to take into the King's hands the land of Robert de Novo Burgo, in Wimfrift, Sirreneton, and Almer, pledged to Aaron, of London, a Jew.	Marlboro', 6 Aug.
„	Kirkstal, Abbot of - -	*See* Bello Loco Regis, Abbot.	
3	King, the - - -	Of the 20 casks of wine ordered to be bought at Bristol, 15 are to be delivered to Henry de Aldithel, to be carried to Salop, and five to be deposited in the cellars of the Bishop of Worcester, for the King's use.	Hereford, 18 Aug.
„	„ - - -	Henry de Aldithel is commanded to send four of the 15 casks above-named to Montgomery, and deposit 10 in the castle of Salop, for the King's use.	„
„	„ - - -	Bailiffs of Worcester are commanded to receive the five casks above-named, and cause them to be deposited in the cellars of the Bishop, for the King's use.	„
„	King, the - - -	Hugh de Loges is commanded to assist Wido the huntsman, "Venator," whom the King sends to take deer in Cannock Forest, for his use.	(Bourges) Bridgnorth, 28 Aug.

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
3	King, the	Ralph de Trublevill is commanded to take and detain in Northampton prison, John Perceval, Robt. le Petit, Simon le Rumanger, Gilbert Bercarium, and Alan and Peter, sons of Rann. de Leonibus, who had been taken on the appeal of Wilikin de Waverworth, the King's approver, and dismissed by plevin.	Salop, 29 Aug.
,,	King, the	Constable of Tower of London is commanded to deliver all the shields in the Tower to the Sheriffs of London, to be sent to the King at Montgomery.	Montgomery, 3 Sept.
,,	King, the	Sheriff of Glouc. is commanded to send 20 good carpenters to the King at Montgomery where he is in an expedition against Llewellyn, Prince of North Wales.	3 Sept.
,,	,,	Similar command to Sheriff of Worc.	
,,	,,	Command to Sheriff of Heref. to send 10 carpenters, as above.	
2	King, the	Richd. Pincun and Roger de Stopham are commanded to deliver the venison taken by them in the forest of Fecham to the Bailiffs of Fecham, to be sent to Montgomery.	9 Sept.
,,	,,	Bailiffs of Fecham are commanded to send the venison abovesaid to Montgomery.	,,
,,	,,	Thomas de Langel is commanded to cause venison, taken in Wichwood Forest, to be salted and sent to Montgomery.	,,
,,	King, the	Th., Bishop of Norwich. is commanded to send some trustworthy person with power to render up Norwich Castle to the King.	8 Sept.
,,	King, the	Sheriff of Hereford is commanded to send the money, due from the county to the Exchequer, to the King at Montgomery.	18 Sept.
,,	,,	Similar command to the Bailiffs of Heref. concerning the farm of the town.	
,,	King, the	Bailiffs of Glouc., Chilteham, Dymmoc, Winchcomb, Aure, and Cirencester town and hundred are commanded to send the farm of their towns and hundred to the King at Montgomery.	
,,	King, the	Henry de Hauvill is commanded to receive and safely keep the falcons which the King of Norway has sent to the King.	Montgomery, 18 Sept.
,,	King, the	Bertram de Criol and Alan Poinant, custodians of the archbishopric of Canterbury, are commanded to reserve 100*l.* out of the issues of the archbishopric, to be delivered to G. de Craucumbe, John Blundus, and Robert de Shardelowe, the King's messengers about to go to the Court of Rome; and to send the residue of the said issues to the King at Salop.	,,
,,	King, the	Stephen de Lucy is commanded to take to Worcester all the money in his custody of the issues of the bishopric of Durham, and also to carry with him all the arrows which he has caused to be made.	21 Sept.
,,	King, the	Sheriff of Worcester is commanded not to permit any market to be holden in his bailiwick, but to enjoin merchants with their victuals to follow the King in his expedition towards the Vale of Kerry. He is also to send for every two hides of the county one man to the King at Kerry, with a good hatchet, and victuals for 15 days.	Salop, 24 Sept.
,,	Kerry, Vale of		
,,	,,	Similar command to Sheriff of Glouc.	
,,	,,	Similar command to Sheriff of Staff. and Salop.	
,,	,,	Similar command to Sheriff of Heref. concerning markets only.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
2 „	King, the Kery	Sheriff of Warwick is commanded to send for every two hides of the county one man with a net (trubla), or a spade, to the King's army at Kerry, and with victuals for 15 days.	Salop, 24 Sept.
1	Kery	Scutage. *See* Argentein.	
15 d.	Knully, Thurald de	Attorney of Albrict, and Cristiana, daughters of Hugh le Guche, against John, son of Alulf, concerning land in Nortburn. (Kent.)	
14 d.	King, the	Sheriff of Kent is commanded to cause proclamation to be made that no one holding of the King in capite shall give, sell, or alien anything of his tenement to a religious house, or to ecclesiastical persons; nor transfer himself from the King's land to the land of a religious house, &c. He is also to cause inquisition to be made concerning those who shall so have given, sold, or aliened, as above.	Westm., 1 Feb.
„	„	Similar command to all Sheriffs of counties, except Cornwall.	
13 d.	Kaynel, John	*See* Winterburn.	
„	King, the	Sheriff of York is commanded to have at York the price of all merchandise bought by the men of York and others (without the liberty of the Archbishop of York and the Earl of Albemarl) out of the ship, the merchants of which were killed before Sandwich, and the goods brought into the port of Hull.	
„	„	Similar command to the Archbishop of York.	
„	„	Similar command to the Earl of Albemarl.	Blia, 3 Jan.
„	King, the	Sheriff of Surry is commanded to summon before the King, foresters, &c., in the county of Surry, to show by what warrant they hold their bailiwicks, enjoy liberties, &c.	Geitinton, 15 Jan.
„	„	Similar command to Sheriff of Warwick.	
12 d.	King, the	Sheriff of Salop is commanded to cause the King's chapel of Bridgenorth to have the tithes of the demesne of Bridgenorth of hay and mills.	Westm., 17 Feb.
„	Kaune, Herebt. de	*See* Micheldovr.	
„	Kirkeby, Linc.	*See* Gisorz.	
11 d.	Knights' Templars, Master of	*See* Siclingehal.	
„	King, the	Bailiffs of port of Portsmouth, and other ports, from Sandwich to Portsmouth, are commanded not to allow any horse of the value of more than 20*s.*, or two marks at most, to be transported.	Windsor, 14 March.
„	„	Similar command is addressed to Robt. de Aubervill.	„
10 d.	Kelby, Will. de	Attorney of John son of Geoffrey, against Henry Gubyun, concerning land in Jerdel, Northton.	
„	Karleton, Camb.	Fold. *See* Ford.	
8 d	Kiuredeford, Sussex	Tenement. *See* Norton.	
„	King, the	Sheriff of Norf. and Suff. is commanded to arrest horses, arms, &c., of knights proposing to hold secret tournaments in the county of Suffolk.	Westm., 10 May.
„	„	Similar command to Sheriff of Essex, Bishops of Norwich and Ely are commanded to excommunicate such knights.	
7 d.	Keling, Barth., and Alice his wife.	*See* Apelton.	
6 d.	King, the	Letter to M. de Pateshull and S. de Segrave concerning pleas of the crown and other pleas to be holden at Shipweye.	24 June.
5 d.	Karl, Eudo de	*See* Nevill.	
4 d.	Kanning, Gerard de	*See* Durand.	
3 d.	King, the	W., Earl Marescal, is commanded to come to the King at Montgomery with horses, arms, &c.	Montgomery, 3 Sept.
„	„	Similar command to Earl of Glouc., Will. de Braosa, and Roger de Clifford.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
3 d.	King, the - - -	Gilbert de Lascy is commanded to come to the King at Montgomery with horses and arms prepared to go in the King's service.	
„	„ - - -	Similar command to Walt. de Bello Campo, Hervey de Staff., Walter de Dunstanvill, Thos. Maudit, Will. de Cantil., John de Balun, Hugh de Gurnay, Walt. de Baskervill, Nich. de Verdun.	
„	King, the - - -	Sheriff of Hereford is commanded to cause proclamation to be made that no market be held, but that the merchants of victuals come to Salop to follow the King.	Montgomery, 3 Sept.
„	„ - - -	Similar command to Sheriffs of Worcester, Glouc., and Staff.	
„	Kanc., John de - - -	Attorney of Henry de Argentein against Richd. de Childham concerning debts.	
„	Kenefare, Thos., de - -	Attorney of Abbot of Oseneye in a plaint between John, son of Alexander, and the said Abbot, concerning a rent in Oxford.	
„	Kinwalton - - - -	Manor. *See* Walton.	
„	Kerry - - - -	Army of. *See* Bissopestun.	
1 d.	King, the - - -	Sheriffs of Middx. and other counties are commanded to have before the King at Westm. scutage for knights' fees, &c. &c., for the army of Kerry.	Westm., 24 Oct.
„	Kerry - - - -		
15	Langwardby, men of - -	Pardon of tallage - - - -	Westm., 28 Oct.
„	Lamburn (Berks) - -	Land. *See* Warin.	
„	Lynn. Merchants - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Lincoln - - - -	House. *See* Halywell, Nuns.	
14	Luneden, Linc. Warpentake -	*See* Monte Begonis.	
13	Ledenham, Long (Linc.) -	Land. *See* Albiniaco.	
„	Lulleho (Leic.) - -	*See* Aufvilliis.	
„	Lechamsted - - -	Land. *See* Chastillun.	
12	London - - - -	Land, &c. *See* Burgo, H. de.	
„	Lancaster. Forest - -	*See* Gernet.	
„	London, Constable of Tower of	*See* Tower of London.	
„	Lincoln, Sheriff of - -		
„	Lexinton, Robt. de - -	*See* Muleton.	
11	Lascy, Walter de - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Lexinton, Robt. de - -	[Justice in Eyre in co. Southton., &c.]	
10	Lascy, Gilbert de - -	Replevin of the land which did belong to Stephen de Ebroic, and which is of the fee of the said Gilbert. (Hertf.)	Reading, 3 Ap.
„	Lechamsted. Park - -	*See* Herebert.	
„	Lancaster. Forest - -	*See* Gernet.	
„	Lard, Will. de, and Gaillard his brother.	Prior of Simplingeham is ordered to deliver to them 40 marks, which had been arrested in his priory for Bernard de S. Germano. Prior of Sixl. is to deliver 30 marks. Abbot of Valle Dei is to deliver up their chattels.	Westm., 24 Ap.
„	Lissemor, bishopric - -	Justiciar of Ireland is ordered to take the said bishopric into the King's hands, out of the hands of Griffin, who acts as elect of Lissemor, and has deceived the King.	25 Ap.
„	Lutton, men of, Bedf - -	*See* Marescall.	
9	London, parish of St. Olave, Jewry.	*See* Marescall.	
„	Lacy, Hugh de - - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Leic., Richd. de - -	The appeal which the said Richard made against Nichs. de Syrle for robbery and the duel pledged between the said Nicholas and John de Lillebon concerning a tenement in Southampton are to go before the Justices at Westminster.	2 Ap.
„	Lillebon, John de - -		
8	Lucy, Geoffrey de - -	Manor of Blaneford, Dorset, which belonged to Ralph de Tilly.	8 May.
„	Leuan, New Castle, Ireland -	Manor. *See* Ferns, Bp.	
„	Limerick, city - - -	Farm of. *See* Dublin, Archbp.	
„	London. House - -	*See* Chester, Earl of.	
„	Leuan, New Castle of, Ireland	*See* Newcastle.	
„	Lucy, Geoffrey de - -	*See* Tylly.	
7	Lok, Agnes de - - -	Deliverance from prison at Winchester where she was detained for the death of Will. Trenchemer her husband.	
„	London - - - -	House. *See* Blundus.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
7	London. Parish of St. Olave -	House. *See* King, the.	
	Lewes, Archdeacon of - -	*See* Cornwall.	
„	Lantesdon, Glouc. - -	*See* King, the.	
6	Lewes, Archdeacon of - -	*See* Jerusalem, Prior of St. John.	
„	Lard, Gaillard de, and Will.	Prior of Simplingham is commanded	
„	his brother.	to answer to Geoffrey de Calcada, the attorney of the said Gaillard and William, for 40 marks deposited in his priory for Bernard de St. Germano.	Westm., 10 July.
		Abbot of Valle Dei is to answer as above for 80 marks. Prior of Sixle, for 30 marks.	
	Lacok, Roger de - -	Prebend in the King's chapel at Bridgenorth which Walt. de Castell held.	
„	Lincoln - - - -	Land. *See* Berlinges.	11 July.
„	Ludeham, Eustace de - -	Pardon of part of the debt which he	
5		owed to the King from the time he was Sheriff of York.	
	Leicester - - -	Honor of. *See* Chester and Linc., E., Earl of.	
„			
„	Lungespee, Will., son of W.,	Seisin of the land in Hildrichesham,	
	Earl of Sarum - -	Cambs., which belonged to Roger de Akeny.	15 July.
„	Lincoln, Bp. of, Roger, chaplain of.	*See* Bocland.	
„	Lettres, Nichs. de - -	*See* Augi, Countess.	
„	Latton, Yorks - - -	Manor. *See* Augi, Countess.	
4	Landa, Ernald de - -	The house of the King's Mint ["domus Regis de Monetaria"] adjoining the King's hall in Bourdeaux.	22 July.
„	Langesd., Derb. - -	Land. *See* Pec.	
„	Lucy, Geoffrey de - -	Custody of Porchester Castle, with forest thereto belonging.	Windsor, 30 July.
„	Lutegareshal - - -	*See* Blundus.	
3	Luvethe, Ireland - -	*See* Dunheved.	
„	Loges, Hugh de - - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Leonibus, Alan and Peter sons of Rann. de.	*See* King, the.	
„	Lecton, Prior of - -	*See* Radenath.	
„	L., Prince of North Wales -	*See* King, the.	
2	Langel, Thos. de - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Lascy, Walter de - -	Terms for the payment of the debt due to the King at the Exchequer of Dublin.	
„	Litlemore, Oxon. - -	Land. *See* Andrew, St.	
„	Lucy, Steph. de - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Lucy, Geoffrey de - -	Custody of the forest of Bere and of Hauleharaud, and of other forests about Porchester.	Vale of Kerry, 30 Sept.
„	Lechelade, Glouc. - -	Bridge and hospital. *See* Herebert.	
1	Lenham, John son and heir of Roger de.	*See* Argentein.	
„	Leveland, Richd. - -	*See* Nicholas, Robert, son of.	
„	Leyburn, Roger de - -	Scutage of knights' fees which he holds of Margaret de Reveres, and she of the King. (Oxon., Kent.)	Westm., 25 Oct.
„	Lucy, Steph. de - - -	*See* Cherlecot and Balance.	
15 d.	Lelay, Hugh de - -	*See* Richard, Nich., son of	
13 d.	Lonn, Not. - - - -	Land. *See* Romton.	
„	Luton, Herebt. and Will. de	Messuage. *See* Patric.	
„	Luton, Bed. - - -		
„	Luton, Bed. - - -	Messuage. *See* Merc, le.	
„	Laneburg. Suff. - - -	Land. *See* Hadel.	
„	Livereston, Will. and John	Land. *See* Iwar.	
„	Lenham, Kent - - -		
„	Lungesp., Will., and Idonea his wife.	*See* Culern.	
12 d.	Lond, Simon son of Mary de, Laurence de - - -	*See* Mercer.	
„	Lambert, Peter - -		
	Lettres, Nich. de - -	*See* Claworth.	
11 d.	Luscy, S. de - - -	*See* Bolebec.	
10 d.	Lewes, Prior of - - -	*See* Ford.	
„	Lenton, Prior of - -	*See* Straleg.	
„	Lenton, Not. - - -		
„	Luke, Roger son of - -	*See* Islep.	
9 d.	Lancaster - - -	Perambulation of the King's Forest in co. Lancaster.	
„	Lecton, Salop - - -	*See* Salop Forest.	
8 d.	Lotrer, Ralph - - -	Attorney of Richd. de Ailesbir. against Lucia, widow of Will., son of Nigel, and against Will. Moun, concerning messuages in Ailesbir.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
8 d.	Langebrig, Malgerius de -	Attorney of Steph. Haringod against the Countess of Eu (Augo) concerning land in Eleham and Bulsinton, Kent.	
„	Lekeburn, Will. de - -	*See* Hoveden.	
„	Len, town of - - -	*See* Pateshull.	
7 d.	Lucy, Will. de - - -	*See* Cherlecot.	
„	London, Geoffrey de - -	Attorney of John and Alex. le Jovene against Prior of Dunstaple concerning cattle, &c.	
5 d.	Lismore, See of - - -	*See* Pope, the.	
4 d.	Langun - - - -	*See* Gascony.	
„	Lanteenay, Prior of - -	*See* Durand.	
„	Lascy, Walt. de - -		
„	L., Prince of North Wales -	*See* North Wales.	
„	J., wife of - - -		
„	Laxinton, Robt. de - -	*See* Wallingford.	
„	Landestefan - - -	Land. *See* Camvill.	
3 d.	Lillesey, Hugh de -	Attorney of Dionis. de Luston against Hereward de Luston and Isabel, widow of Adam de la Le, concerning land in La Le, Heref.	
„	Luston, Dionis. and Hereward		
„	Le, Adam de la, Is., widow of		
„	Le, la - - - -		
„	Lascy, Gilbt. de - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Lungesp., Will. de, and Idonea his wife.	*See* Elmere.	
2 d.	L., Prince of North Wales -	*See* North Wales.	
15 d.	Montgomery - - -	Scutage. *See* Cygoigni.	
„	Maundevill, Ernald de.		
„	Mariscis, Steph. de - -	*See* Wilmeton.	
„	Mercator, Roger and Matilda -	Deliverance out of the prison of Newgate.	Westm., 6 Nov.
„	Merton, Prior of - -	Free feedings for his hogs in forest of Wauberge.	
„	Mara, Matilda widow of Brian de.	Dower in the lands of her late husband in Northampton.	Stamford, 19 Nov.
14	Monte Begonis, Olive widow of Robt. de.	Pardon of the fine incurred by her steward for default in the wapentake of Lunedin, Linc.	Thorp, 2 Dec.
„	Marton, Prior of - - -	Oaks in Galtres Forest for the work of his church.	Crek., 14 Dec.
„	Mare, Will. de la - -	Sheriff of Surrey is not to permit Sampson, the son of Abraham, a Jew, to take or remove anything from the lands of the said William until inquiry be made concerning the debt demanded by the said Sampson.	York, 25 Dec.
„	Martin, St., L., Dean of -	Dead wood in the forest of Werredal to the value of 100*s.* in recompence for his corn at Middelham, which Richd., late Bishop of Durham, took from him.	York, 27 Dec.
„	Middelham - - -		
13	Mannesfeld. Wood - -	*See* Ely, Bp. of.	
„	Matthew, Herebert son of -	Custody of the land and heir of William Paynel. (Devon.)	Westm., 4 Feb.
„	Muscegros, Richd., and Alice his wife.	*See* Andrew, St.	
„	Muscegros, Sim., and Asceline his wife.		
„	Mala Morte, Will. de, and John his brother.	Sheriff of Glouc. is to allow them their wages for making arrows, 9*d.* a day, on festivals as well as on other days, and William, the King's arrow maker [Flechiator noster], 4*d.* a day.	5 Feb.
„	Mara, Brian de, and Geoffrey his son and heir.	*See* Peterboro', Abbot.	
„	Macham, John - - -	*See* Peterboro', Abbot.	
12	Marescall, John - -	Acquittance of suit of Courts, &c. &c. (Linc.)	15 Feb.
„	Moyny, Alicia de, widow of Will. Peynel.	Dower in the lands which belonged to the said William, her late husband. (Devon.) Custody of heir and lands of the said Will. to be delivered to Herebert, son of Matthew.	27 Feb.
„	Matthew - - -		
„	Morton, Thos. de, chaplain, Morton.	Restitution of his land at Morton because he has cleared himself of the crime of homicide, whereof he was accused. (Bucks.)	„
„	Malo Leone, S. de - -	Fifteen live deer in the New Forest of Clarendon.	„
„	Muleton, Tho. de, and Lexinton, Robt. de.	Sheriff of Wilts is to cause to come before the said Thomas and Robert, Justices in Eyre, in co. Southt., two approvers, viz., Philip le Archer and Thomas, son of Ailward, whom he has in custody at Salisbury Castle, to prosecute appeals against robbers, &c.	7 March.

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
12	Muleton, Tho. de, and Lexinton, Robt. de.	Sheriff of Dors. and Somers. to cause persons accused by the said approvers to be delivered to Sheriff of Wilts at Salisbury Castle.	7 March.
11	Muleton, Thos. de - -	[Justice in Eyre in co. Southton.]	
„	Myton, Robt. de - -	Seisin of 40 acres of land in Knaresboro' which William de Stutevill, by charter, gave to Walter Carpenter, father of the said Robert.	Reading, 22 March.
„	Marescall, W., Earl - -	Oaks in the forest of Den for the work of the tower of Strigal.	28 March.
10 d.	Marlboro'. Forest - -	*See* Herebert.	
„	Matthew, Wm., son of - -	*See* Briwes.	
„	Messer, Nich. le - - -	*See* King, Tho. le.	
„	Marescall, W., Earl of Pembroke.	Manor of Burton, which Thomas Malemains held, is granted to the said Earl to answer for the issues thereof to the said Richd. his brother. (Northton.)	Westm., 25 April.
„	Marescall, Richd. - -		
„	Malemains, Thos. - -		
„	Malo Lacu, Peter de - -	*See* Basset.	
„	Molis, Colinus, de - -	*See* Chertsey.	
„	Marescall, W., Earl - -	Reasonable aid from the men of Lutton who are in his custody. (Bedf.)	27 April.
9	Marescall, W., Earl of Pembroke.	The house which belonged to Abraham, son of Muriel, which he bought of Josceus, son of Isaac, son of Raby, in the parish of St. Olave in the Jewry, London, between the house of Abbot of Waltham and the house of Aaron Blundi Joscei.	28 April.
„	Muriel, Abr., son of - -		
„	Middleton, Southt. Common of pasture.	*See* Werewell, Abbess of (*bis*).	
„	Mariscall, Henry - -		
„	Mariscis, Peter de - -		
„	Mutum, Bonevie, a Jew - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Malesmains, Nich. -	*See* Scissor.	
„	Marescall, Richd. -		
„	Monasterio Cornuto, Prior de	An oak in the wood of Havering for the work of his church.	
„	Marc, Philip - - -	Seisin of the manor of Bulewell, Not. -	Lambeth,
8	Marescall, John - -	*See* Dublin, Exchequer. *See* King, the.	5 May.
„	Malo, Lacu, Peter de - -	*See* Aguillun. *See* Crespin.	
„	Middelton, Will., chaplain of -	Sheriff of Oxford is commanded to deliver to the said Will. his chalice and missal which he left in the King's chapel, Oxford.	Winton, 18 May.
7	Martin St., Adam de - -	*See* Serland.	
„	Monte Acuto, John de -	*See* Jerusalem, Prior of St. John of. *See also* Cornwall, R., Earl of.	
6	Monte Acuto, Luc., widow of John de.	Reasonable dower in the land of her late husband, now in the custody of R., Earl of Cornwall.	Westm., 18 June.
„	Monte Acuto, John de -	*See* Jerusalem, Prior of St. John of.	
„	Merlay, Roger - - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Maggild, Water of, Northumbr.		
„	Molesford, Berks - -	Manor. *See* Cryoil.	
5	Marlborough, Constable of -	The said constable is commanded to receive from the Prior of Okeburn a man accused of the death of William, son of Edmund, and keep him in prison. The custos of the honor of Walingford is commanded not to vex the said prisoner because the Prior has not delivered him to the constable.	12 July.
„	Mirabel, Roger - -	*See* Esturny.	
„	Moun, Alicia de - -	Seisin of her marriage and dower in the lands which belonged to William Paynel. (Devon.)	17 July.
„	Margaret, nurse of Isabella, King's sister.	*See* Bocland.	
„	Morton, Devon - - -	Tenement. *See* Antes., Roger de.	
„	Mandevill, W., late Earl of Essex.	*See* Auntes., Roger de.	
„	Mandevill, Ernald -		
4	Monte Begonis, Oliva widow of Roger de.	Twenty pounds rent in the manor of Oswardebec. (Not.)	Windsor, 26 July.
„	Musard, Ralph, and Isabella his late wife.	Sheriff of Not. and Derb. is commanded not to disseise the said Ralph of the land which he held of the inheritance of Isabella his late wife.	28 July.
„	Medburn, Leic. - -	Land. *See* William, Robert son of.	
	Martel, Will. - - -	*See* Albin.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
4	Marescall, John	Corn of the present autumn, which he sowed in the manor of Moleford, while it was in his hands, and which is now in the hands of Bertram de Cryol. (Berks).	Hamsted, 4 Aug.
„	Moleford manor		
„	Mirabel, Roger de	*See* Esturmy.	
„	Malesmeins, Johanna	*See* Durham, R., Bp. of.	
„	Marescall, W., Earl	Six breams in the vivary of Rammesbury.	Cricklade, 8 Aug.
„	Mesnill, Isabella de	*See* Musard	
4	Musard, Ralph	His chattels and the corn which he caused to be sown in the land which belonged to Isabella de Mesnill his wife.	Heref., 13 Aug.
„	Mesnill, Isabella,		
3	Mount St. Michael, Ralph, Abbot of.	Restitution of lands, &c., belonging to the abbey, the King having taken the fealty of the Abbot.	
„	Montgomery	*See* King, the.	
„	Mandevill, Martin de	*See* Dunheved.	
„	Munster, Ireland		
„	Marlboro'	*See* Sarum.	
„	Munden, Elyas parson of	*See* Percy.	
„	Montgomery	*See* King, the (*bis*).	
2	Montgomery	*See* King, the	
„	Monem., John de	Bailiwick of Clarendon to hold till inquisition be made whether it belongs to the bailiwick of the New Forest, which the said John holds of the inheritance of his wife.	Montgomery 8 Sept.
„	Mercator, Simon	Deliverance on bail for robbery. (Northampton.)	Vale of Kery, 30 Sept.
„	Martin St., Engeram de	Land in Sereweton which Hugh his brother had. (Southt.)	Westm., 15 Oct.
„	Hugh de		
„	Monachus, Geoffrey	Pardon for marrying Sarra daughter of Robt. de Insula, and widow of Hubert, son of Ralph. Seisin of their land of Boneya. (Not.)	21 Oct.
1	Monte Begonis, Olive widow of Roger de	*See* Albin., Philip de.	
1	Marescall, W., Earl	Scutage of half a knight's fee which he holds of the Abbot of Westm., and he of the King. (Worcester.)	25 Oct.
„	Mubray, Nigel de	*See* Brus, Peter de.	
15 d.	Marescall, Robt. and	Attorneys of Theob. Walter against Will., son of Uchild, Hugh Benge, and others concerning customs at his mill of Sippel, York.	
„	Gatho, Hy. de		
„	Mainevilain, Roger	Attorney of Simon de Hal and Ernald de Buketon against Alice de Amundevill concerning land in Stilton, Hunt.	
„	Mulethorp, Will. de	Land. *See* Balcmer.	
„	Mulethorp		
„	Muner, Walt. le	*See* Stanton, Ralph de.	
13 d.	Mere, Will. de	Attorney of Simon de Ropesl. against Alan de Cotes concerning a debt. (Linc.)	
„	Marescall, Reginald	Attorney of Abbot of Oseneye against John, son of Alexander, concerning land in suburbs of Oxford.	
„	Melay, Will. de, and Anketill the clerk.	Attorneys of W., Bishop of Worcester, against Earl Umfrey concerning cattle. (Glouc.)	
„	Merc', Le, Avice wife of Thos.	Attorney of the said Thomas her husband against Ralph son of Godwin, and Cecil his wife concerning messuages in Luton, Bed.; and concerning land in Montgrave, Hertf.	
„	Montgrave		
„	Malo Lacu, Peter de	*See* Hadel.	
„	Marescall, W., Earl	*See* Hugh, Adam son of.	
„	Malewayne, Will.		
12 d.	Merton, Prior of	*See* Den.	
„	Mercer, Edm. le	Pledges of Ralph Aswy and Will. Aswy and Laurence de Lond. to prosecute their claim for death of Ralph Aswy against Will. Juvenem, Thos. Juvenem, Adam the Jew, Peter Lambert, and Ralph Cosman.	
„	Lond., Simon son of Mary de		
„	Micheldovr, Will. de, and Turgis, Henry.	Attorneys of Abbot of Hyde in a suit between him and Henry de Brayboef and Herebert de Kaune. (Southt.)	
„	Macun, Nichs. and Geoffrey	*See* Claworth.	
„	Mandevill, Ernulf de, and Galiena his wife.	*See* Tycehurste.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
12 d.	Maugevilein, Roger, and Simon, Will., son of.	Attorneys of Simon de Hal and Ernald de Buketon against Alice de Amundevill concerning her dower; and against Richd. de Henred, Will. Basset, and David de Essel concerning pasture in Barthon, Northt.	
„	Moyne, Le, Will.	*See* William, Richd., son of.	
11 d.	Molis, Nich. de	*See* Graucumbe.	
8 d.	Moun, Will.	*See* Lotrer.	
„	Mesnil, Steph. de	*See* Hoveden. *See* Bretun.	
„	Medburn, Leic.	Land. *See* Holt.	
„	Marescall, Will., and Fassenton, Hy. de.	Attorneys of Roger de Quency against Will. de Bereton concerning land in Newenham, Camb.	
„	Michael St., Reimund de	Sheriff of York is commanded to send to the Barons of Exchequer money arising from the sale of goods out of a ship of St. Sebastian plundered at Sandwich and taken to Hull, and to deliver the ship to the said Reimund.	Lambeth, 10 May.
„	Michael St., Reimund de	Bailiffs of Dunwich are commanded to deliver to the said Reimund a boat belonging to a ship of St. Sebastian plundered at Sandwich and taken into the port of Hull.	
7 d.	Mereton, Prior of	*See* Brigida, St.	
6 d.	Maumirry, Will., and Hauterme, Amitteam. de.	Attorneys of Will. de Cantil. against Thomas and Robert Suhard. (York.)	
„	Montfort, Peter de	*See* Alneto.	
5 d.	Mora, de la, Will.	Attorney of Stephen, son of Henry, in a plaint between the said Stephen and Ralph, son of William; and Simon de Wilingsted and Lucy his wife, concerning a messuage in Oxford.	
„	Medhell, John de	*See* Franceis, le.	
„	Marisc., Will., son and heir of Thos. de.	*See* Bretun.	
„	Micham, Surry	Land. *See* Beceo.	
„	Mariner, Ivo le	*See* Farnham.	
„	Medeltune, Thos., the chaplain of.	*See* Thomas.	
4 d.	Milione, St.	*See* Gascony.	
„	Muleton, Thos. de	*See* Wallingford.	
„	Marmiun, Albric	*See* Camvill.	
„	Millay, Will. de	Attorneys of Bishop of Worcester against Prior of Great Malvern concerning a watercourse in Powick.	
„	Derley, Geoffrey de		
„	Malvern, Great, Prior of		
3 d.	Mara, Will. de	*See* Harestan.	
„	Marescal, W., Earl	*See* King, the.	
„	Montgomery		
„	Maudit, Thos.	*See* King, the.	
„	Markets, proclamation against	*See* King, the.	
„	Mering, Roger	Attorney of John Talebot against the Earl Ferrers concerning land in Eginton, Derb.	
2 d.	Miliono, St., men of	Letters to the King and Queen of France concerning amends to be made to the said men for interceptions of treaties.	Montgomery 21 Sept.
„	Menil. Agatha daughter of John de.	*See* Semplingham.	
15	Newgate	Prison, Warden of	Westm., 6 Nov.
„	Nevill, H. de.		
„	Northampton prisoners.		
14	Nevill, H. de.		
„	Newcastle-upon Tyne	Church. *See* Carlisle, Bp.	
„	Novo Loco (Newstead), Prior and Canons.	Ten acres of wood near their court to be enclosed, &c. (Notts.)	Newerk, 7 Jan.
„	Newark, Canons of	Oaks in Shirewood Forest for the repair of their church.	„
13	Nugent, Philip de	*See* Veredun.	
„	Norwich, Ralph de	Bream out of the vivary at Kenilworth to stock his own vivary.	Westm., 5 Feb.
„	Northampton Park	*See* Peterboro', Abbot.	
12	Nicholas, Ralph, son of	Market and fair at the manor of Hasel (in his hands by reason of the custody of land and heir of Will. Pipard). Oxon.	15 Feb.
„	Norton, Glouc.	Market. *See* Westminster.	
„	New Boro'	*See* Aldithel.	
11	Nicholas, Ralph son of	Seisin of the lands in Ireland which belonged to Will. Pippard to be given to bailiffs of the said Ralph.	Windsor, 17 Mar.

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
11	Nevill, John de, and Geoffrey de	Justices assigned for custody of the Jews are commanded to inquire what terms the said John is bound to keep with Deulecresse, the Jew of Lincoln, for the payment of the debt of the said Geoffrey his father.	Reading, 27 Mar.
10	New Forest	*See* Bello Loco, Abbot de.	
„	Nuttel., Abbot of	Wood in the forest of Bernewud for fuel.	Westm., 21 Ap.
9	Norwic., Ralph de	Custody of the vacant see of Emly, Ireland.	26 Ap.
„	New Forest, men of	Respite of pleas concerning the New Forest, Southt.	„
„	Northampton Forest	*See* King, the.	
„	Nevill, Hugh de	Warren for ever in his land of Stok Curcy, Somerset.	6 May.
8	New Castle of Leuan, Ireland	*See* Ferns, Bp. of.	
„	„ „ „	Annual rent of 5*s.* out of the manor for the endowment of the church.	10 May.
„	North Wales, J., wife of L., Prince of.	Permission to take away the cattle and chattels which she had in the manor of Cunedover, Salop.	Farnham, 16 May.
„	Netlested, Peter de	*See* Pyrie.	
6	Norwich, Th., Bishop of	Agreement between the King and the said Bishop that pleas of the Crown concerning lands and fees which ought to be held in the court of the Bishop shall "hac vice" be held before the Justices in Eyre, &c., in Norfolk.	Westm., 18 June.
„	Norwich Castle	Stone and chalk in the custody of the bailiffs of Norwich for the repair of Norwich Castle.	19 June.
5	Northumberland Archdeaconry, sixteenth.	*See* King, the.	
„	Northampton Park	*See* Chester and Linc., R., Earl of.	
„	Norwich, Th., Bishop of	Justices in Eyre in co. Norfolk are commanded to take the assises which remain to be taken in the Bishop's court, in that court, and send the assises, &c., to the Exchequer.	21 July.
„	New Forest	*See* Cerne, Henry de.	
4	North Wales, Johanna Lady of, King's sister.	The corn which she caused to be sowed in the manor of Cunedover whilst in her hands.	Windsor, 28 July.
	Nutel, Canons of	Wood for fuel in the forest of Bernwood, in manor of Brehull.	Hamsted, 4 Aug.
„	Novo Burgo, Robt. de	*See* King, the.	
„	Norwich, Th., Bp. of	Seisin of his barony, notwithstanding the command to the Sheriff to take it into the King's hand.	Marlboro', 7 Aug.
3	Norton, Somers	Land. *See* Thurvill.	
„	North Wales, L., Prince of	*See* King, the.	
2	New Forest	*See* Monem., John de.	
„	Norwich, Bp. of	*See* King, the.	
„	Norwich Castle		
	Norway, King of	Licence to the messengers of the said King to buy corn for his use, and carry it to Norway.	
„	„ „	*See* King, the.	
„	Nugent, Philip	*See* Bagod, Ralph.	
„	Nicholas, Robt. son of	Custody of the land and heir of Richard de Leveland. (Kent.)	Westm., 23 Oct.
15 d.	Nortburn, Kent	Land. *See* Knully.	
„	Nutlegh, Robt. de	*See* Setterington.	
„	Neuport, Hugh de	*See* Stanton, Ralph de.	
„	Neuport, Messuage		
13 d.	Novo Burgo, Robt. de	*See* Winterburn.	
„	Newenham, Henry., Prior of	*See* Triket.	
„	Nicholas, Gregory son of, and Justina his wife.	*See* Patric.	
12 d.	Neuman, Richd. le	*See* Redburn.	
„	Niger, Adam	Attorney of Agnes daughter of Gilbert, against Godfrey son of Roger and Edith his wife, concerning land in Ditton. (Bedf.)	
„	Nutsted, Robt. de	Attorney of Mich. de Polsted concerning debts. (Suff.)	
„	Nevill, Hugh de	*See* Gisorz.	
10 d.	Neucomen, Richd.	*See* Islep.	
„	Northampton, Abbot of St. James.	*See* Clendon.	
„	Nevill, Hugh de	*See* Corbye.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
9 d.	Northampton Forest - -	Sheriff is commanded to cause proclamation to be made that the forest be kept by the same metes and bounds as it was in the time of King John before his war with the Barons, except certain parts afforested by King Henry the Second, the bounds of which are set out.	
8 d.	Nigel, Lucia widow of Will., son of.	*See* Lotrer.	
„	Newenham, Camb. - -	Land. *See* Marescall.	
„	Norton, John de, and Juliana his wife.	Attorney of Juliana his wife against John de Hundeshull and Joan his wife and Matilda, daur. of Geof. de Pinkeherst concerning service, &c., of a tenement in Kinredeford, Sussex.	
7 d.	Norreys, Bertram le, and Christiana his wife.	*See* Apelton.	
5 d.	Nevill, John de - - -	Sheriff of Linc. is commanded to go with the coroners of the county to see the men who were wounded in a certain contention which arose between the said John and Eudo de Karl.	Westm., 19 May.
4 d.	Northampton - - -	Tournament. *See* Stamford.	
„	North Wales, L., Prince of -	Prorogation of truces between him and Fulc, son of Warin, and Thomas Corbet.	Hereford, 15 Aug.
„	North Wales, J., wife of L., Prince of.	Safe-conduct in coming to Shrewsbury to speak with the King.	„
2 d.	North Wales, L., Prince of -	Letter from the King to the Prince concerning merchants coming to him with victuals, who had been robbed and wounded.	Montgomery, 8 Sept.
15	Odiham - - - -	Manor. *See* Cygoigni.	
14	Okeden Forest - - -	*See* Ripon.	
12	Oxford, Prior, &c., of St. Fretheswith.	The fair holden at Oxford on the eve and on the day of the Translation of St. Benedict, and five following days, is for the future to be holden on the eve and day of St. Fretheswith and five following days.	Westm., 28 Feb.
„	Oxford Fair - - -		
10	Oxford, Sheriff - - -	Wood for a kiln (rogus) for the works of Oxford Castle.	25 Ap.
„	Oxford Castle - - -		
„	Oxford, men of - - -	Fifty-two marks which they were fined before the Justices in co. Oxon, in aid of walling the town of Oxford.	„
„	Oxford, town - - -		
9	Orped, Will. - - -	*See* Werewell (*bis*).	
„	Oswald, St., Prior of - -	*See* King, the.	
8	Offinton, John de - -	Custody of land and heir of Elyas de Bello Campo, Bucks.	Lambeth, 10 May.
	Obrun, Ireland - -	Lands. *See* Turevill.	
„	Oxford, David the Jew of, Isaac Jew of.	House with a stone chamber in the parish of St. Martin, Oxford, which belonged to Albricus le Canvers after the death of Isaac of Oxford, a Jew, his father. King John committed it to Brito Balistar after the flight of the said Albric. from England, and after his death the King committed it to Ralph de Rotom, and, with his consent, to the said David for five years.	Westm., 10 May.
„	Oxford, parish of St. Martin		
„	Oxford, King's chapel - -	*See* Middelton.	
6	Orkeney, the Elect of - -	*See* Salop, Archdeacon.	
5	Okeburn, Prior of - -	*See* Marlboro', Constable of.	
4	Oswardebec, Not. - -	Manor. *See* Monte Begonis.	
13 d.	Oseneye, Abbot of - -	*See* Marescall.	
„	Oxford, land - - -		
	Oseneye, Abbot of - -	*See* Purcil.	
12 d.	Oxford - - - -	Tenements. *See* Den.	
„	Oxford, Isabel, Countess of -	*See* Tycehurste.	
11 d.	Oger, Peter, son of - -	*See* Selflegh.	
5 d.	Oxford - - - -	Messuage. *See* Mora, de la.	
„	Orton, Berk, - - -	Land. *See* Farnham.	
2 d.	Otteford, Will. de - -	*See* Bel.	
„	Oseneye, Abbot of - -	*See* Kenefare.	
„	Oxford. Rent - - -		
15	Peter, Fitz - - -	*See* FitzPeter, John, son of Geoffrey.	
„	Plesset, John de - -	Deliverance out of prison of Newgate.	6 Nov.
„	Putot, Will. de - - -	*See* Amenevill.	
„	Porchester Castle - -	*See* Trublevill.	
„	Periton, Adam de - -	Release of part of the fine for having seisin of the lands which belonged to his father, Thomas de Periton. (Warw.)	8 Nov.
	„ Thomas de - -		

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
15	Peter, Fitz	*See* FitzPeter, Hawisia daughter of Geoffrey.	
„	Porter, John le	Pardon for hanging prisoners who had escaped from prison at Northampton.	Stanford, 18 Nov.
„	Pickering Forest	*See* King, the.	
„	Preston, Walter de	Deer in Forest of Salcey to be put into his park of Preston.	19 Nov.
14	Percy, Richd. de	*See* Darel.	
„	Percy, Richd. de	Restoration of the second moiety of the aid which S. de Lucy had taken of the fee of the said Richd.	Newerk, 7 Jan.
13	Peniard Forest	Perambulation to be made between the King's Forest of Peniard and the Bishop of Hereford's fee in Ros.	Westm., 28 Jan.
„	Paynel, Will.	Custody of heir of. *See* Matthew.	
„	Pippard, Will.	*See* Warenn, Earl.	
„	Peterboro', Abbot	Seisin of the custody of the lands and heir of Brian de Mara, which belongs to the Abbot. (Northton.)	10 Feb.
13	Peterboro', Abbot	Robert de Colevill is ordered to give up the lands which belonged to Brian de Mara, to the abbot to whom the custody of them belongs.	10 Feb.
„	„ „	John de Macham is ordered to give up Geoffrey, son and heir of Brian de Mara, to the said Abbot, to whom the custody of him belongs.	„
„	„ „	The demesnes of the said Abbot are not to be distrained to enclose the King's park at Northampton, except as before the war with the Barons.	„
12	Pipard, Will.	*See* Nicholas, Ralph son of.	
„	Percy, Will. de, and Gartlip, Bertram de.	Lands and rents which belonged to Advocatus de Bethum, in England. (Rents which Walter de Paterhull, the Abbot of Winchcomb, and the Abbot of Faversham, used to pay to him.)	21 Feb.
„	Paterhull, Walter de		
„	Paynel, Will.	*See* Moyny.	
11	Perepunt, Thurstan de	Provision in wards, &c., in Ireland as soon as opportunity offers.	Lambeth, 12 Mar.
„	Pippard, Will.	*See* Nicolas, Ralph, son of.	
„	Porchester Castle	*See* Cosham.	
10	Portsmouth	Pond, Causeway, &c. *See* Font Evraux.	
„	Pukelescherch	Manor. *See* Bath, Bp. of.	
8	Planes, Roger de	*See* Gernun.	
„	Pidinton Wood	*See* Doe.	
„	Paterikburn, Kent	Land. *See* Say.	
„	Pyrie, Philip de	Land which belonged to Peter de Netlested, with the soke of Wyke, thereto belonging. (Suff.)	Winton, 18 May.
7	Peverel, Hugh, de Samford	Deliverance from prison at Winchester.	Guildford, 4 June.
6	Pukeleschirch, Glouc.	Manor. *See* Bath, J., Bp. of.	
„	Periton Park	*See* Bocland, Princess of.	
5	Putham, Ralph de	Respite of demand of view of Frankpledge, &c. (Hertford.)	Westm., 15 July.
„	Paynel, Will.	*See* Moum, Alicia de.	
„	Pantulf, Will.	*See* Coventry, Bp. of.	
„	Pres, Salop, town of		
„	Poinant, Alan	*See* Canterbury, Archbp. of.	
4	Pec, Felicia widow of Will. del	Seisin of reasonable dower in Langesd. [She holds the manor of Bamford of Michael de Haversegh as her own right and inheritance.] (Derb.)	Windsor, 28 July.
„	Porchester Castle	Custody of. *See* Lucy.	
„	Pokelinton, men of	Corn which they sowed in the lands of the manor of Pokelinton before it was taken into the King's hands. (Yorks.)	Reading, 1 Aug.
„	Pokelinton Manor		
„	Pratell, Engeram. de	Seisin of the land which Engeram. his father held of the Archbishop of Canterbury, the King having taken the homage of the son.	Marlboro', 6 Aug.
„	Paynel, Will.	*See* Herebert.	
3	Pratell, Engeram son of Engeram de.	Corn of the present autumn, in the lands which his father held of the Archbishop of Canterbury.	Hereford, 21 Aug.
„	Percy, Will. de, and Gartlip, Bertram de.	Sheriff of Hereford is commanded to distrain Elyas the Parson of Munden, and Everard de Stocton, to pay to the said Will. and Bertram the rent which they used to pay to Advocatus de Bethum.	Worcester, 25 Aug.

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
3	Perceval, John - - - }	*See* King, the.	
„	Petit, Robt. le - - - }		
„	Povr, Roger le - - -	*See* Thurvill.	
„	Peverel - - - -	Honor of. *See* Greseleg.	
„	Picke, a Jew - - -	*See* Wilinton.	
2	Pincun, Richd. - - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Poinant, Alan - - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Porchester - - -	*See* Lucy.	
14 d.	Proclamation - - -	*See* King, the.	
13 d.	Purcil, Henry - - -	Attorney of Abbot of Oseneye against Simon de la Walle concerning land in Stanhall.	
„	Patric, Henry and Mary, his wife.	*See* Davy.	
„	Patric, Henry, and Daggehal, Will. de.	Attorneys of Mary, wife of the said Henry, and Isabella, wife of the said Will., against Gregory, son of Nicholas, and Justina his wife, Julian the clerk, and Edith, widow of Will. de Ethon, concerning messuages in Dunstaple, Bed.	
„	Patrie, Henry - - - -	Attorney of Herebert, son of Geoffrey, against Herebert de Luton and Will. de Luton concerning a messuage in Luton, Bed.	
„	Poer. Durand le - -	*See* Hugh, Adam son of.	
12 d.	Polsted, Mich. de - -	*See* Nutsted.	
„	Pope, the - - -	King's letter to the Pope. Printed in Fœdera.	Westm., 20 Feb.
11 d.	Portsmouth, Bailiffs, &c. -	*See* King, the.	
10 d.	Perambulation of Forest of Dene.		
9 d.	Perambulation of Forest in co. Lancaster.		
8 d.	Pinkeherst, Matilda daughter of Geof. de.	*See* Norton.	
„	Peteshull, Martin de - -	The said Martin is commanded to go to Len to make inquisition concerning chattels brought to that town out of a ship of St. Sebastian, plundered at Sandwich, and taken to the port of Hull.	Lambeth, 10 May.
7 d.	Penedestan, Staff. - -	Mill. *See* Wurfeld.	
„	Palmarius, Ralph - -	*See* Fonte.	
„	Pelle, Brian and Matilda his wife.	*See* Apelton.	
6 d.	Pipwell, Abbot of - -	*See* Alneto.	
5 d.	Pope, the - - -	Letter from the King to the Pope concerning his consent to the union of the sees of Waterford and Lismore on account of their poverty.	Westm., 16 July.
„	Peschebeth, John and Cristiana his wife.	*See* Farnham.	
4 d.	Powick - - - -	Watercourse. *See* Millay.	
3 d.	Proclamation against Markets	*See* King, the.	
2 d.	Picot, Henry - - -	Attorney of Henry, son of Ailwin, and John and Ralph his brothers, concerning cattle.	
8 d.	Quency, Roger de - -	*See* Marescall.	
15	Rubesworth, Hugo de.		
„	Rokel, Umfr. de.		
„	Rivera, Nich. de - - }	Pardon for hanging prisoners who had escaped from prison at Northampton.	Stanford, 18 Nov.
„	Ruffus, Geoffrey - - }		
„	Reylegh - - - -	Honor of. *See* King, the. (Essex.)	
14	Reimfr., Odo, son of - -	*See* Bec.	
„	Ripon, Canons of - -	Rafters and beams in Okeden Forest, for the work of the tower of Ripon church.	Ripon, 4 Dec.
„	Ros, Robt. de - - -	Market and fair at his manor of Werk.	York, 27 Dec.
„	Reginald, Ralph son of -	Demesnes to be quit of doing service at the court of Berkhamsted so long as he shall be Sheriff of Lincoln.	Wadinton 9 Jan.
13	Rudby, York - - -	Church. *See* Kirkham.	
„	Ros. Fee of Bp. of Hereford -	*See* Peniard.	
„	Razo (Ireland) - - -	Knight's fee. *See* Veredun.	
„	Rugheden, Will. de - -	Wood in the forest of Chipcham to build a grange.	Westm., 3 Feb.
12	Ripariis, Will., son of Richd. de.	A carucate of land in Estden (Southt.) The King being quit of 10*l.* p. an., which the said William used to receive of his gift.	27 Feb.
11	Roter, Joscelin - - -	*See* Cuner.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
11	Reading, Abbot of - -	Respite of customs for his vessels going by the Thames to London, and returning, until inquiry be made whether he is quit of those customs, by charter, &c.	Reading, 28 March.
„	Rodenham, Yorks - -	*See* Saugusemar.	
10	Roshil - - - -	Pasture. *See* Deulecresse.	
9	Raby, Josceus son of, Isaac, son of.	*See* Marescall.	
8	Ruffus, Robert - - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Rotom, Ralph de - -	*See* Oxford.	
7	Roinges Park - - -	*See* Warena.	
6	Rugeway on Hill of Sobbyr, Glouc.	*See* King, the.	
„	Robir, Northumb. - -	Manor. *See* King, the.	
„	Reddehall - - -	Manor. *See* Bigod.	
5	Rowell, Will. de - -	*See* William, Tho., son of.	
„	Roshal, Lanc. - - -	Land. *See* Deulecresse.	
„	Ruwe, Gilbt. de - -	The corn on 17 acres of land which belonged to John de Dursington, a fugitive for the death of a man. (Glouc.)	Westm., 15 July.
„	Rupella, Humphrey de -	*See* Auntes, Roger de.	
4	Ruffus, Gilbt., of Reading -	The custos of the King's wines at Southampton is commanded to cause the said Gilbert to have one cask of Gascon wine, "de Rec," for the cask he lent the King at Reading.	Reading, 1 Aug.
„	Rudes, Juliana (deced.) daughter and heir of Thos. de.	*See* Ardis.	
„	Rudes, Wilts, land - -		
4	Rudes - - - -	Manor. *See* Sarum, R., late Bp. of	
„	Rammesbury - - -	Vivary. *See* Marescall.	
3	Rudes - - - -	Manor. *See* Durham, Bp. of.	
„	Rumanger, Sim. le - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Radenath, Ralph de, and others	Sheriff of Bucks is commanded not to distrain them for more than 20*s.* fine for a "Pone" against the Prior of Lecton.	Montgomery, 3 Sept.
„	Ralph, Hugh son of, and Agnes his wife.	*See* Gresceg.	
2	Rome, Court of, Messengers to	*See* King, the.	
„	Rath., Ireland - - -	*See* Bagod, Ralph.	
„	Ralph, Sarra widow of Hubert, son of.	*See* Monachus.	
1	Richmond - - -	Honor of. *See* Argentein.	
„	Reveres, Margt. de - -	*See* Leyburn.	
„	Ruffus, Robt. - - -	*See* Trublevill.	
15 d.	Richard Nich., son of - -	Attorney of Isabella de Ingrithorp his wife, against Hugh de Lelay, coning land in Weston, York.	
13 d.	Russealf, Peter de - -	*See* Winterburn.	
„	Romton, Henry, Chaplain of	Attorney of Adam, son of William and Emma de Romton, and Gereb. de Winton, against William, Robert and Henry de Helmeswell, concerning land in Lonn., Not.	
„	Romton, Emma de - -		
„	Ropesl., Simon de - -	*See* Mere.	
„	Romney, Barons, &c. - -	Prorogation of day appointed for pleas concerning Cinq. Ports.	Westm., 1 Feb.
„	Rochester. Messuages -		
„	Rosce, Alianor widow of John.	*See* Bartholomew.	
„	Ryffin., Sim. - - -	*See* Walter.	
„	Ramsey, Abbot of - -	*See* Burgo, Will. de.	
„	Richard, Ralph son of -	Attorney of Abbot of Burton against Robt. Tok concerning cattle taken, &c. (Staff.)	
12 d.	Redburn, Walt. de - -	Attorney of Abbot of St. Alban's against Thos., son of Alexander, and Richard le Neuman, concerning cattle, &c.	
„	Roger, Godfrey son of, and Edith his wife.	*See* Niger.	
„	Ruffus, Will. - - -	*See* Clendon.	
11 d.	Richard, Robt., son of - -	*See* Selflegh.	
10 d.	Reading, Adam Abbot of -	*See* Hunestanescot.	
„	Robert, Will., son of - -	*See* Islep.	
„	Rumeseye, Walt. de - -	*See* Hoese.	
„	Rydewar, Adam de, and Isolda his wife.	*See* Cocus.	
9 d.	Rustem., Salop - - -	*See* Salop Forest.	
8 d.	Rumboldwik (Sussex) -	Mill. *See* Ferre.	
„	Rufford, Richd. de, and Agnes his wife.	*See* Apelton.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
6 d.	Romans, F., Emperor of -	Letter from the King to the Emperor, concerning his journey to the Holy Land.	Westm., 15 July.
„	Reynny, John de - -	*See* Welinton.	
5 d.	Robelot, Hugh, and Gunnora his wife.	*See* Farnham.	
4 d.	Regula - - - -	*See* Gascony.	
„	Rocheford, men of - -		
15	Stanton, Walter de - -	*See* Cygoigni.	28 Oct.
„	Stratflur, Abbot of - -	*See* Cygoigni.	
„	Salthill, men of - -	Pardon of tallage.	
„	Scotteb., men of - -	Pardon of tallage.	
„	Steinwegges, men of - -	Pardon of tallage.	
„	Sumery, Milo de.		
„	Sedgrave, Stephen de.		
„	Stultus, Wido and John -	The King's huntsmen.	
„	Stamford, Nuns of St. Michael	Cartload of thorns or dry wood daily in forest of Clive.	Stanford, 18 Nov.
„	Simon, Simon son of - -	Seisin of land in Gretford, Linc., which Ralph, son of Thomas, who was hanged, held of him.	„
„	Stamford, Master of Hospital of St. Thomas.	Dead wood in Dudinton Wood - -	19 Nov.
„	Salcey Forest - - -	*See* Preston.	
14	Shirewood Forest - -	*See* Avenel.	
„	Scots, King of - - -		
„	Skelton, Yorks. - -	Market. *See* Brus.	
„	Shirewood Forest - -	*See* Newark and Turgarton.	
13	Sutton, Linc. - - -	*See* Ingeniator.	
„	Salop and Stafford - -	Accused persons in these counties, finding pledges, are to be in peace till the advent of the Justices, &c.	Westm., 26 Jan.
12	Stanes, Middx. - -	Fair. *See* Westminster.	
„	Salisbury Castle - -	*See* Hal., Simon de.	
11	Somers. and Dors. - -	Assises to be taken before Justices in Eyre in co. Southton.	Windsor, 14 Mar.
„	Stutevill, Will. - - -	*See* Myton.	
„	Sangusemar, Matilda widow of Geoffrey de.	Seisin of the dower which she had of the freehold of William de Tylly, her first husband, in Rodenham, Yorks.	Reading, 28 Mar.
„	Southampton - - -	Prisoners. *See* Winchester.	
„	Strigul Tower - - -	*See* Marescall.	
„	Sauvage, Robt. le - -	Sheriff of Derby is ordered not to distrain him nor his men if they ought not to do suit to the county.	31 Mar.
10	Southampton, men of - -	Justices in Eyre, after finishing their business in the county, are to go to the town of Southampton to hold pleas concerning the town.	3 Ap.
„	Southampton - - -		
„	Sangusemar, Geoffrey de, heirs of.	Seisin of the lands which belonged to the said Geoffrey. (Linc.)	Westm., 16 Ap.
„	Stutevill, John de - -	Seisin of his lands in Barton and Brademere is to be given to Roger the Clerk, the steward of the said John. (Notts.)	26 Ap.
9	Sautereye, Monks of - -	*See* Gray.	
„	Swafham - - -	Manor and land. *See* Gray.	
„	Stepelford Wood - -	*See* Edmund's, St.	
„	Syrle, Nichs. de - -	*See* Leic., Richd. de.	
„	Southampton. Tenement -		
„	Scissor, William - -	Restitution of his chattels which are in the land which he had of Nich. Malesmains, in Barton, and which is now in the hands of Richd. Marescall. (Northt.)	Lambeth, 5 May.
„	Shirewood Forest - -	*See* Wurmegay.	
„	Stokeurcy, Somers. - -	Warren. *See* Nevill.	
8	Stoclinz - - - -	Land. *See* Burgo, H. de.	
„	Stratton, Leic. - - -	Manor and soke. *See* Harecourt.	
„	Say, Geoffrey de - -	Seisin of land in Paterikburn, Kent -	Farnham, 16 May.
7	Serland, Geoffrey de - -	Land which belonged to Adam de S. Martino in the soke of Waltham, Linc.	Winton, 18 May.
„	Stikeswald, Prior - -	*See* Valle Dei, Abbot of.	
„	Samford, Hugh Peverel de -	*See* Peverel.	
„	Shalford, Lanc. - - -	Market and fair - - - -	Guildford, 4 June.
„	Stutevill, Nichs. de - -	The plaint concerning the death of Robt. Thurbert, of which the said Nichs. is accused, is to be held before the Justices at Westminster.	„
„	Stanes, Will., Chaplain of -	Two oaks in Windsor Forest for the repairs of Stanes bridge.	Windsor, 10 June.
„	Stanes bridge - - -		

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
7	Sacy, Emeric de	Pardon of 6*l.* 10*s.* 10*d.* demanded of him by summons of Exchequer for Will. de Berton.	Windsor, 10 June.
6	Salop, Alex., Archdeacon of	The long ship in the port of Grimesby in which was found the Elect of Orkeneya, who was afterwards killed.	Westm., 18 June.
,,	Sevicle, Henry, son of	Deliverance on bail for death of Richard de Scrustorp. (Linc.)	
,,	Severn river, Glouc.	*See* King, the.	
,,	Sobbyr hill		
5	Skiredon and Shapelegh, Devon.	Land. *See* Esturmy.	
,,	Stivinton, Will. de	*See* Abraham.	
,,	Sarum bishopric	*See* Depham. *See* Durham, Bp. of.	
,,	Somery, Milo de	*See* Auntes, Roger de.	
4	Saburgham	Hermitage. *See* Duffeld.	
,,	Spain, merchants of	*See* William.	
,,	Stret, Will. de la	*See* Helyon.	
,,	Sirreueton	Land. *See* King, the.	
,,	Sarum, Richd., late Bp. of	Richard de Grey is commanded to cause inquiry to be made of how much corn was received by the Bishop in the castle of Divises (by the hands of Will. Briwerr) when the custody of the said castle was committed to him, and to take so much of the said Bishop, and permit him to take the corn which he has in the manor of Rudes.	Marlboro', 7 Aug.
3	Salop	*See* King, the.	
,,	Shenebuille, Ireland	Land. *See* Dunheved.	
,,	Strete, Will. de la	*See* Helyon.	
,,	Sarum bishopric, men of Sarum, Canons, men of	Respite of the demand of toll to be taken from them in the market of Divises. Also in Marlboro' and Calne.	Worcester, 24 Aug.
,,	Stocton, Everard de	*See* Percy.	
2	Stopham, Roger de	*See* King, the.	
,,	Shardelowe, Robt. de	*See* King, the.	
,,	Sereweton, Southton	Land. *See* Martin, St.	
1	Stanford, Roger de	Pardon of scutage of Kery for a knight's fee which he holds of the honor of Wallingford.	
15 d.	Stanton, Not.	Land. *See* Berneston.	
,,	Simon, Will., son of Stigelton	Attorney of Simon de Hal against Alice de Amundevill concerning the sixth part of a knight's fee in Stigelton, Linc.	
,,	Sippel, York.	Mill. *See* Marescall.	
,,	Scrubby, Linc.	Land. *See* Auford.	
,,	Selvele, Suff.	Land. *See* Tibeham.	
,,	Stilton, Hunt.	Land. *See* Mainevilain.	
,,	Setterington, Wido de, and Nutlegh, Robt. de	Attorneys of Roger le Bigod in all things pertaining to county of York, in the name of the King.	York, 29 Dec.
,,	Sirinton, Gervase de	*See* Stanton, Ralph de.	
,,	Stanton, Ralph de, and Muner, Walt. le	Attorneys of Hugh de Neuport against Gervase de Sirinton concerning a messuage in Neuport.	
13 d.	Stanhall, Staff.	Land. *See* Purcil.	
,,	Surrey, Foresters, &c.	*See* King, the.	
,,	Sandwich, Barons, &c. Shipwey	Prorogation of day appointed for pleas concerning the Cinq. Ports before the Justices in Eyre at Shipwey.	Westm., 1 Feb.
,,	Sandwich	*See* King, the.	
,,	Staggesdon, Bedf.	Land. *See* Triket.	
,,	Stureya, Adam de	*See* Iwar.	
,,	Suanesh., Prior of	*See* Burgo, Will. de.	
,,	Scaldeford, Surry	Land. *See* Culern.	
,,	Snapes, Osbert de	*See* Bello Mesuagio, John de.	
12 d.	Simon., Will., son of	*See* Maugevilein.	
11 d.	Siclinghal, Robt. de	Attorney of Master of Knights Templars against Master of Hosp. of St. Leonard, York, concerning a bridge broken in Brungerfeld to the damage of the said Master in Faxflet.	
,,	Stratton, Geof. de Stratton, Linc.	Land. *See* Blyburg.	
,,	Selflegh, Henry de, and Crechard, Robt.	Attorneys of Peter son of Oger, against Robert son of Richard, concerning fourth part of knight's fee in Trenant, Cornw.	Reading, 29 Mar.
10 d.	Sotrich, Will. de		
,,	Straford, Warw.	*See* Hunestanescot.	
,,	Stanton, Wilts.	Manor. *See* Alexander.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
10 d.	Straleg, Hugh de -	Attorney of Geoffrey Giun against Prior of Lenton concerning customs, &c., in Lenton, Bramecot, and Sutton, Not.	
„	Sutton - - -		
„	Sorel, Simon - - -	Attorney of Will. de Vilers against Matilda, daughter of Ulf, whom he claims as his bondwoman. (Derb.)	
„	Suleham, Amaur. de - -	*See* Berifeld.	
„	Shipweya - - -	*See* Hastings.	
„	Stutevill, Will. - - -	*See* Acell. *See* Amberden.	
„	Sipton, Isabel and Joan daughters and heirs of Will. de.	*See* Cocus and Blanken.	
9 d.	Stafford Forest - - -	Sheriff of Stafford is commanded to cause proclamation to be made that the forest be kept by the same metes and bounds as it was in the time of King John before his war with the Barons.	Westm., 24 Ap.
„	Surry Forest and Worcester Forest.	Similar command to Sheriffs of Surrey and Worcester.	
„	Salop Forest - - -	Similar command to Sheriff of Salop, except the wood belonging to Thomas de Costentin between the path which leads from Lecton towards Rustem. and the water of Severn.	
„	Severn - - - -		
„	Southampton Forest - -	Sheriff is commanded to cause proclamation to be made that the forest be kept by the same metes and bounds as it was in the time of King John before his war with the Barons, except certain parts afforested by Henry the Second (the bounds of which are set out).	28 Ap.
8 d.	Suwerck, Regin. de - -	Attorney of Prior of Suthwark against Richard de Bockele concerning chattels.	
„	Suwerck, Prior of - -		
„	Schungedale, York - -	*See* Bretun.	
„	Salisbury, Ela Countess of -	*See* Derneford.	
„	Sandwich - - -	*See* Pateshull. *See* York, Sheriffs, &c., of.	
„	St. Sebastian, ship of - -	*See* Michael, St.	
„	Suffolk - - - -	Secret tournaments. *See* King, the.	
6 d.	Shipweye - - -	Pleas to be holden there. *See* King, the.	
„	Suhard, Thos. and Robt. -	*See* Maumirry.	
5 d.	Symon, Thos., son of - -	Attorney of John de Cormeilles against Isabella de Fifhide concerning chattels. (Southton.)	
„	Saghe, de la, Robt. and Godfrey, and Letia his wife.	*See* Farnham.	
„	Sumerford, Martin de - -	Attorney of Walter de Sumerford against the Prior of Farlegh concerning land in Little Brocton, Wilts.	
„	Sumerford, Walter - -		
„	Shipweye - - -	Pleas to be holden there. *See* Hastings.	
4 d.	Stamford - - -	Prorogation of tournament from Stamford to Northampton.	
3 d.	Shipweye - - -	Respite of pleas to be holden there.	Windsor, 26 July.
„	Salop, Adam de - -	*See* Harestan.	
„	Salop - - - -	Sheriff of Salop is commanded to cause assises of Mort d'Ancestor, &c., to come before the King at Salop.	Heref., 21 Aug.
„	Staff., Hervey de - -	*See* King, the.	
„	Scaldeford, Surry - -	Land. *See* Elmere.	
2 d.	Stok. - - - -	Mill. *See* Bel.	
„	Semplingham, R., Master of order of.	Letter to the King informing him that Agatha, daughter of John de Menil, has been a nun of the order for more than twenty-eight years.	
„	Shardelowe, R. de - -	*See* Blund.	
15	Trublevill, H. de - -	Ladders and gratings (pontes et cleiæ) out of Porchester Castle for preparation of his ship going to Gascony.	Westm., 6 Nov.
„	Thames river, Berks. - -	Weirs. *See* FitzPeter.	
„	Thomas, Richd., son of -	Inquisition on death of. *See* Dine.	
„	Turbervill, Alex. de - -	Pardon for hanging prisoners who had escaped from prison at Northampton.	Stanford, 18 Nov.
„	Tup, William - - -	*See* Wassingel.	
„	Thomas, Ralph son of - -	*See* Simon.	
14	Tateshal, Robt. de - -	Land in Audercherch, Leic. (which Robert Godmer, hanged for robbery, held of the fee of the said Robert de Tateshal), for a year and a day.	Blia, 28 Nov.
„	Toppeclive, warden of bridge -	Oaks in forest of Galtres for repair of Toppeclive bridge.	Treske, 14 Dec.

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
14	Tyvill, Ralph de	*See* Graundin.	
„	Tup, William	*See* Wassingel.	
„	Turgarton, Prior of	Oaks in Shirewood Forest for the work of his church.	
13	Thorp, Linc.	*See* Ingeniator.	
„	Talun, Geoffrey	Remission of the King's anger, he having satisfied the King that he has not received 100*s.* to go into Gascony in the King's service.	Westm., 4 Feb.
12	Tower of London	Constable is ordered to receive from the Sheriff of Lincoln the money which the men of Grimsby owe for merchandise which they bought out of a ship which was plundered before Sandwich.	22 Feb.
„	„ Constable of	*See* King, the.	
11	Thames river	*See* Reading, Abbot of.	
„	Tylly, Will. de	*See* Saugusemar.	
10	Talebot, Will.	Permission to appoint an attorney (he being of the King's family). (York.)	Reading, 4 Ap.
„	Tybbetot, Henry de	Pardon of a mark which he was fined before the Justices in Essex.	11 April.
„	Tany, Walter de	17*l.* 18*s.* 10½*d.* found on crusaders drowned at Ferrybridge, for the repair of the bridge.	Westm., 20 Ap.
„	Tyrel, Ralph	Seisin of land in Grauntendon (land of the Normans). (Camb.)	„
9	Turri, Steph. de, Henr.. Ernald., and Balistar, Robt.	Justiciar of Ireland is ordered to make a fine with the said Steph., Ernard, and Robt. for the arrears of their liveries, and to employ them in the fortification of Irish castles.	28 Ap.
„	Thurstan, Roger	*See* Werewell (*bis*).	
„	Tuppeleg, Ralph de	Delivery on bail, if he can find pledges, concerning the appeal which Thomas, son of Robert de Chaucumbe, made against him for breach of the peace. (Southton.)	6 May.
8	Tylly, Ralph de	*See* Lucy.	
„	Turvill, G. de, Archdeacon of Dublin and Treasurer of Exchequer.	*See* Dublin Exchequer.	
	Turrevill, Geoffrey de, Archdeacon of Dublin.	Twenty marks yearly to be received at Exchequer of Dublin during the King's pleasure.	8 May.
„	„ „ „	*See* King, the.	
„	„ „ „	The lands of Obrún, demised to him by the King for three years, are to be held till feast of St. Michael, next.	10 May.
„	Trublevill, Ralph de	*See* King, the.	
„	Tylly, Oliva de	Seisin of land in Long Blaneford given to her in marriage, notwithstanding the order of seisin thereof to be made to Geoffrey de Lucy. (Dorset.)	Aulton, 17 May.
7	Trenchemer, Will.	*See* Lok, Agnes de.	
„	Thurbert, Robt.	*See* Stutevill.	
4	Tracy, Henry de	Sheriff of Devon is commanded to cause the castle of Torinton to be thrown down, and to permit the said Henry to throw down so much of the walls of his castle of Berdestaple, that they remain of the height of ten feet only.	Reading, 1 Aug.
„	Torinton Castle		
„	Tower of London, Constable	Wood in the wood of Boxle for the works of the Tower of London.	
3	Tyrel, Roger and Richd.	*See* Dunheved.	
„	Trivel Forest	*See* Hereford.	
„	Teintur, Ralph le	*See* Hereford.	
„	Thurvill, Robt.	Land in Norton which Ranulf. de Hurule has. (Somers.)	Salop, 29 Aug.
„	Povr., Roger le		
„	Tower of London, Constable	*See* King, the.	
1	Tateshal, Robt. de	Scutage of one knight's fee which he holds of honor of Britanny.	Westm., 25 Oct.
„	Trublevill, Ralph and Henry	Manor of Balimagdon, Ireland, which Robert Ruffus held.	. . . Jan. . . . .
15 d.	Tibeham, Richd. de	Attorney of Robt. de Tateshal against William de Cunestable concerning land in Selvele, Suff.	
„	Tateshal, Robt. de		
„	Tredinton	Land. *See* Wudindon.	
13 d.	Trikct, Simon	Attorney of Henry, Prior of Newenham, against Hugh de Bray concerning lands in Staggesdon, Bedf.	
„	Torenwic, Will. de	*See* Culern.	
„	Tok, Robt.	*See* Richard, Ralph, son of.	
12 d.	Turgis, Henry	*See* Micheldevr.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
12 d.	Tycehurste, Segar, and Cuilter, Ralph le.	Attorneys of Ernulf de Mandevill and Galiena his wife against Isabel, Countess of Oxon, concerning custody of land and heir of Robt. de Burgate, Essex.	
11 d.	Trublevill, H. de - -	*See* Graucumbe.	
„	„ „ - -	*See* Albino, St.	
„	Trenant, Cornw. - -	Knight's fee. *See* Selflegh.	
„	Thurevill, Ernald and Richd. de	*See* Guiz.	
10 d.	Trublevill, Henry de - -	The said Henry is commanded to choose one of three citizens presented by the Mayor, &c., of Baon to be Mayor. The Mayor and Jurates of Baon are commanded to present three citizens as above to the said Henry in lieu of the King.	Reading, 4 Ap.
„	Tyletey, Abbot of - -	*See* Acell, and *see* Amberden.	
9 d.	Thendring - - -	Hundred. *See* Essex Forest.	
8 d.	Thokeb., Hugh de - -	*See* Holt.	
7 d.	Tremvill, Peter de - -	*See* Alexander.	
„	Tywe, John de - - -	*See* Apelton.	
5 d.	Toting, Surry - - -	Land. *See* Becco.	
„	Thomas, Petronilla daughter of	Attorney of Nich. Fresting and Aldith. his wife against Thos., the chaplain of Medeltune, concerning land in Cotinton, Heref.	
4 d.	Tournament - - -	*See* Stamford.	
3 d.	Thorenwik, Will. de - -	*See* Elmere.	
„	Talebot, John - - -	*See* Mering.	
15	Ulvesby, Will. and Patrick -	Pardon of tallage - - - -	Westm., 28 Oct.
14	Vescy, Will. de - - -	Pardon of 8*l.* demanded from him for escape of a robber. (Northumbr.)	York, 27 Dec.
13	Valle Dei, Abbot, &c. - -	Sheriff of Linc. is to permit them to have the liberties granted by the King's charter concerning their sheep, &c.	Stamford, 14 Jan.
„	Verdun, Nich. de - -	Pardon of 15 out of the 20 marks he was fined before the Justices in the county of Leicester.	Westm., 26 Jan.
„	Veredun, Nich. de - -	Respite of the plaint between Ralph Bagot and the said Nicholas concerning a knight's fee in Razo, and between Philip de Nugent and the said Nicholas concerning land beyond the bridge of Drogheda.	1 Feb.
„	Veteri Ponte, Robt. de -	Custody of Heir, &c. *See* Burgo, H. de.	5 Feb.
„	Veteri Ponte, Idonea widow of Robt. de.	Seisin of the lands which the said Robert held of her inheritance. (Rutland, Not., Bucks, York.)	
11	Verdun, Nich. de - -	Justiciar of Ireland is ordered to inquire whether the said Nicholas, in the King's expedition into Connaught (Coignatia) remained to keep the marches, and so did service due to the King (for knights' fees, &c.).	Reading, 20 Mar.
10	Uphaven, Wilts. - -	Manor. *See* Basset.	
9	Valoynes, Walter de - -	*See* Blundus.	
„	Urri, Stephen - - -	*See* Werewell (*bis*).	
9	Vacher, le Walter and Edeline his wife.	*See* Elinges.	
8	Uphaven, Wilts. - -	Manor and land. *See* Frankesney.	
„	Veteri Ponte, Robt. de -	*See* Burgo, H. de.	
7	Valle Dei, Abbot - -	Pardon of fine for assise between him and the Prior of Stikeswald.	Merewell, 29 May.
„	Villa Nova, in Britanny, Abbot, &c.	Ten pounds out of issues of the fairs of St. Botulf of Hoyland.	Windsor, 8 June.
5	Vivon, Hugh de - -	Sheriff of Suff. is commanded to go to the manor of Wyset, and restore to the said Hugh the chattels, &c., belonging to him at the time the manor was in his hands.	Westm., 15 July.
„	Venuz, John de - -	*See* John, St., Will. de.	
3	Venator, Wido - - -	*See* King, the.	
2	Verdun, Nich. - - -	*See* Bagod, Ralph.	
„	Verdun, Nich de - -	Pardon of a palfry and a horse, which he owes to the King.	21 Oct.
15 d.	Uchild, Will., son of - -	*See* Marescall.	
13 d.	Umphrey, Earl - - -	*See* Melay.	
„	Umphrey, Barth., son of -	*See* Bartholomew.	
„	Unwine, Gilbt., and Emma his wife.		
„	Valoines, Mary de - -	*See* Bello Mesuagio, Joh. de.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
10 d.	Vilers, Will. de - - Ulf., Matilda daughter of -	*See* Sorel.	
6 d.	Uppingham, Henry de -	*See* Alneto.	
,,	Uppingham - - -		
,,	Upnor, Walt. de. - -	*See* Farnham.	
3 d.	Verdun, Nich. de - -	*See* King, the.	
15	Waleden - - - -	Manor. *See* FitzPeter.	
,,	Wilmeton, Gregory de -	Custody of lands in Wilmeton (Kent), which belonged to Stephen de Mariscis.	Canterbury, 31 Oct.
,,	Wilmeton - - -		
,,	Wauberge Forest - -	*See* Merton, Prior of. *See* Bernewell, Prior of.	
,,	Wiliton, Ralph de.		
,,	Warin, Fulk son of - -	Replevin of land in Lamburn, Berks.	Stanford, 18 Nov.
,,	Wassingel, Dionisia wife of John de.	Restoration of dower given by William Tup her first husband and taken into the King's hand by reason of the flight of the said John for the death of Martin Halfape. (Yorkshire.)	,,
,,	Waubergh Forest - -	*See* Huntindon, Nuns.	
,,	Waubergh Hay - - -	*See* Crawecumbe.	Newerk,
14	Warevill, Ralph de (Clk. of H., Bp. of Linc.).	Land in Germuntthorp, which he bought of Brian de Ereburg, to be held free of debt to Aaron the Jew.	23 Nov.
,,	Waltham, Leic. - - -	Market and fair. *See* Croxton.	
,,	Werredal Forest - -	*See* Martin, St.	
,,	Werk. - - - - -	Manor, market, and fair. *See* Ros.	
,,	Wassingel, Dionisia widow of John de.	Custody of land and heirs of William Tup her first husband, as she held it with the said John till he fled for the death of Martin Halfape.	Blia, 4 Jan.
,,	Windsor Castle - - -	*See* King, the.	
13	Warenn, W., Earl - -	Justiciar of Ireland is to deliver to the messenger of the said Earl the hawk which belonged to Will. Pippard.	Westm., 5 Feb.
,,	Wiltan - - - -	Vivary. *See* York, Archbp. of.	
12	Westminster, Abbot, &c. -	Fair at Staines, Middx.	17 Feb.
,,	,, ,, -	Market at their manor of Norton, Glouc.	,,
,,	Winchcomb, Abbot - -	*See* Percy.	
,,	Wilts, County of - -	*See* Hal., Simon de.	
,,	Wilton and Winterslawe -	Tallage. *See* Cornwall, Earl of.	
,,	Wagglestun, Reginald -	*See* Eastrop.	
,,	Windsor, Willm. de -	The ward due to the Castle for the land of the said William, which is taken into the King's hand for debt, is to be done as usual.	6 Mar.
,,	Windsor Castle - -		
11	Waltham, Henry de -	Land. *See* Aucher, Henry, son of.	
,,	Wenden, Essex - -		
,,	Wise, Emma - -	Deliverance from prison on bail, being accused of death of Nigel de Bristol. (Heref.)	Windsor, 14 Mar.
,,	Wilts - - - - -	Assises to be taken before Robt. de Lexinton and Tho. de Muleton, Justices in Eyre in co. Southton.	Reading, 19 Mar.
,,	Winchester. Gaol and Castle	Prisoners taken in Southampton are in future to be confined in the gaol of Winchester, and not in the castle.	28 Mar.
10	Windsor Forest.	*See* Coigneres.	
,,	Wilton, Alicia, late Prioress, Abbess elect.	Seisin of the possessions of the Abbey in Wilts, Southt., Dorset, Devon, and Cornwall.	11 Ap.
,,	Winten., Prioress - -	Licence of agreeing with Adam de Bendeng in a dispute between them concerning land in Hurtley, Southt.	,,
,,	Winteburn, Gilbert - -	*See* Cygoiny.	
,,	Winchester, Bp. and Prior of S. Swithin.	Men of the said Bishop and Prior are to be quit of murder.	Westm., 25 Ap.
,,	Westm., Robt. de.	Sheriff of Essex is ordered to permit the said Robert to hold the land in Chingeford which he took in pledge of Richard de Chilham.	23 Ap.
	Waltham, Abbot of - -	*See* Marescall.	
,,	Westleton, Suff. - -	Land. *See* Blundus.	
,,	Werewell, Abbess of - -	Respite of assise between the said Abbess and Henry Mariscall, Roger Thurstan, Steph. Urri, Will. Orped, Peter de Mariscis, and Rann Gode, concerning common of pasture, &c., in Andover, belonging to tenement in Middleton, Sutht.	26 Ap.

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
9	Weckenton Wood	*See* Edmunds, St.	
9	Wlenchemere, Prior of	Fair at Wlenchemere in future to be holden on eve and day of Translation of St. Thos. the Martyr, instead of the eve and day of Exaltation of Holy Cross, as granted by King John. (Sussex.)	Westm., 29 Ap.
9	Wlenchemere Fair		
9	Werewell, Abbess of	Respite of Assise between the said Abbess and Henry Marescall, Roger Thurston, Steph. Urri., Will. Orped, Peter de Mariscis, and Rann Gode, concerning common of pasture in Andover belonging to tenement in Middleton, Southt.	5 May.
9	Wurmegay, Prior of	Wood in the forest of Shirewood and in the Wood of Ernall, for the work of his church of Wurmegay.	6 May.
9	Wurmegay		
8	Wrocwurthin	Manor. *See* Estrange, John le.	
9	Winterburn, Gilbert de	*See* Cygony.	
9	Wyke	Soke of. *See* Pyrie.	
7	Waltham, Linc.	Soke. *See* Serland.	Winton, 18 May.
9	Winchester, P., Bishop	Permission to repair their ditches in their lands of Werrefield, till their lands, &c., as they used to do in the times of the Kings Henry, Richard, and John.	Merewell, 28 May.
9	Werrefeld, men of		
9	Werrefeld		
9	Waltham, Claricia de	Deliverance from prison at Winchester where she was detained for the death of a foreign woman and her son, of which she is not guilty.	29 May.
9	Wobrunum, Prior of	Bishop of Norwich is commanded to admit a proper person to two parts of the church of Estbecham, on the presentation of the said Prior, to whom the advowson has been adjudged.	9
9	Winchester, men of	Fifty marks, the last tallage assessed on them in aid of the walling of the town of Winchester.	Guildford, 5 June.
9	Winchester		
9	Warren, W., Earl	Oaks in the King's foreign wood of Hethfeld, to inclose his park of Roinges.	Windsor, 10 June.
9	Windsor Forest	*See* Stanes.	
9	Winten., Prioress	Fair at Winten., Southton.	9
9	Winteney		
6	Wade, Constanc., widow of Gilbt.	Deliverance on bail for death of Richard Scrustorp. (Linc.)	Westm., 18 June.
9	William, Walt., son of		
9	Winchester, citizens of	Pardon of part of the money due to the King for the farm of the city, for the 9th, 10th, and 11th years of his reign.	19 June.
9	Winchester. Fullers and weavers.	Pardon of arrears of the farms of their guilds for many years in the time of King John.	9
9	Wurdie, Will. de, servant of Walt. de Clifford de Middleton.	Dry wood in the forest of Breehull for fuel.	20 June.
9	Wysett, Suff.	Manor. *See* Reddehall.	
9	Waterford, W., Bishop of	Such seisin of the land of Caldebec without the walls of Waterford as he had before he left Waterford to come to England.	11 July.
9	Waterford		
9	Waterford, W., Bishop of	Acquittance of the fine which he incurred in the eyre of R. de Burgo, Justiciar of Ireland and others at Waterford for his absence while he was in England.	9
9	Wytefeld	Manor. *See* Dover.	
5	Walingford	Honor, custos of. *See* Marlboro', Constable.	
9	William, Tho., son of	Deliverance on bail from Northampton prison for death of Will. de Rowell.	12 July.
9	Wyset, Suff.	Manor. *See* Vivon.	
9	Wemme, Salop.	Town. *See* Coventry, Bp. of.	
9	Watel, Not.	Manor. *See* Augi, Countess.	
9	Winchester Castle	*See* Cerne, Henry de.	
9	Waleden	Manor. *See* Auntes., Roger de.	
4	Wiresdal, Lanc.	Town. *See* Burgo, H. de.	
9	William, Robert son of	Permission to collect the corn which he sowed on land in Medburn, which Will. Extraneus demised to him, and which has since been taken into the King's hand. (Leic.)	Windsor, 28 July.
9	Welveton, Somers.	Land. *See* Albin.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
4	William Reimund	H., son of Aucher, is commanded to deliver to the said Reimund the residue of the money in his hands which came from Grimesby, from the sale of wines, &c., belonging to Spanish merchants.	Hamsted, 4 Aug.
„	Wimfrift	Land. *See* King, the	
3	Worcester, Bp.	*See* King, the	
„	Wilinton, Ralph de	Constable of Divises is commanded not to demand ward from the said Ralph for one knight's fee which he holds of Divises Castle in Caleston and Hechilhampt, until further command.	Kiderminster, 25 Aug.
„	Wilinton, Ralph de, and St. Albano, Steph. de.	Sheriff of Worcester is commanded to give credence to them concerning the taking and keeping of Diaie, a Jew, and Haye and Picke, his sons.	Montgomery.
2	Wichewood Forest	*See* King, the.	
„	Winchcomb, Bailiffs of	*See* King, the.	
„	Worcester	*See* King, the.	
„	Whitchurch	Fair. *See* Alan, John, son of.	
„	Warwick, Earl	*See* Harecurt.	
„	Winton, M., Countess of		
„	Winton, M., Countess of	*See* Bosco, Ernald de. *See* Andrew, St. Roger de.	
1	Westminster, Abbot of	*See* Marescall, W., Earl.	
„	Wallingford	Honor of. *See* Stamford.	
15 d.	Winceby, Linc.	Land. *See* Gisorc.	
„	Walter, Theob.	*See* Marescall.	
„	Welle, Will. de	*See* Anford.	
„	Weston, York	Land. *See* Richard, Nich., son of.	
„	Wudindon, Roger de	Attorney of Will. de Wudindon against Richd. the Clerk and Cecil his wife concerning land in Tredinton.	
13 d.	Winterburn, Walt., son of Andrew de, and Kaynel, John	Attorneys of Peter de Ruscalf against Robert de Novo Burgo concerning land in Almere, Dorset.	
„	Winton, Gereb. de	*See* Romton.	
„	William, Adam, son of		
„	Weston, Northton.	Mill. *See* Jolegrave.	
„	Worcester, Bp. of	*See* Derlegh. *See* Melay.	
„	Walle, Simon de la	*See* Purcil.	
„	Warwick, Foresters, &c.	*See* King, the.	
„	Walter, Will., son of	*See* Doget.	
„	Wyke, Alan de	Attorney of Prior of Bath against Bishop of Worcester concerning custody of the heir of Peter Croc.	
„	Worcester, Bp.		
12 d.	William, Richd., son of	Attorney of Cecil Blanche against Will. le Moyne concerning a messuage and land in Wiggefosse, Essex.	
„	Wiggefosse		
10 d.	Wenloc, Prior of	*See* Accle.	
„	Wunbriton, Salop.		
„	Warin, Fulk son of	*See* Alexander.	
„	Wudeham, Essex	*See* Accell. *See* Amberden.	
9 d.	Worcester Forest	*See* Surrey Forest.	
„	Wiltshire Forest	Sheriff is commanded to cause proclamation to be made that the forest be kept by the same metes and bounds as it was in the time of King John before his war with the Barons, except certain parts afforested by King Henry the Second (the bounds of which are set out).	
8 d.	Wuthurbrugg, York	*See* Bretun.	
„	Wykes, Eustachia wife of Hubert de.	*See* Ferre.	
„	Wyke, Will. de		
„	Werplesdon, Henry de	Attorney of Gilbert de Bosevill concerning customs and services demanded of Will. le Flemeng and Richd. Forester in Wacnested, Surr.	
„	Wacnested		
7 d.	Wurfeld Church	Tithes of the King's mill of Penedestan, in the parish of Wurfeld, Staff.	
„	Wickerl., Beatrix de	*See* Clerk.	
„	Welles, Wm. de	Attorney of Bishop of Bath against Eustace de Hanigdon and Adam de Wedmor. (Somerset.)	
„	Wedmor, Adam de		
„	Westmelne, Hertf.	Land. *See* Apelton.	
6 d.	Welinton, Simon de	Attorney of J., Bishop of Bath, against John de Reynny, Henry de Gant, and William Fichet.	
5 d.	William, Ralph, son of	*See* Mora, de la.	
„	Willingsted, Simon de, and Lucy his wife.		
„	Waterford, see of	*See* Pope, the.	

No. 3.—Specimen Calendar of Close Rolls. 12 Hen. III.—*continued.*

Memb.	Names.	Summary.	Date.
5 d.	William, Thos., son of, and Cecilia, daughter of.	*See* Farnham.	
4 d.	Warin, Fulc son of - -	*See* North Wales.	
„	Wallingford - - -	Thomas de Muleton and Robt. de Laxinton are commanded to deliver the gaol at Wallingford, Berks.	Marlboro', 6 Aug.
„	Worcester, Bp. of - -	*See* Millay.	
3 d.	Wutton, Glouc. - -	*See* Cruce.	
„	Worcester - - -	Sheriff of Worcester is commanded to cause assizes of Mort d'Ancestor, &c., to come before the King at Worcester.	
2 d.	William, Will., son of - -	*See* Bell.	
„	Walton, Thos. de - -	Attorney of Simon de Walton in a plaint	
„	„ Simon de - -	between Gervase de Hopton and the said Simon concerning the manor of Kinwalton.	
14	York, Dean and Chapter -	Prorogation of day granted to them concerning certain liberties.	York, 27 Dec.
„	York, Dean and Chapter -	Prorogation of day, &c., concerning liberties claimed by them.	„
„	York, Friars Preachers, - }	Licence to enclose part of the place	Pontefract,
„	York, city - - - }	called Kingestoftes in the city of York.	30 Dec.
13	York, W., Archbp. of - -	Thirty breams out of the vivary of Fosse to stock his vivary of Wiltan.	Westm., 10 Feb.
11	York, Friars Preachers	Chapel of St. Mary Magdalen in the place called Kingscotes in the city of	8 March.
(Schd.)	York, city - -	York, and part of the said place to build on and inhabit.	
9	York, citizens of - }	100*l.* (assessed on the crusaders in the	8 May.
„	York, city - - }	city in the last tallage) in aid of the walling of the city.	
5	York, Dean and Chapter -	Prorogation of day given to them concerning their liberties.	12 July.
1	York, Archbp. - - -	*See* Herebert.	
13 d.	York, Archbp. - - -	*See* King, the.	
11 d.	York, Hospital of St Leonard	*See* Sicliughal.	
„	York, Will. of - - -	*See* Bolobec.	
3 d.	York, Mayor, &c. - -	Command to send to the King money arising from sale of goods, and also the goods taken out of a ship of St. Sebastian plundered at Sandwich, and taken into the port of Hull.	Lambeth, 10 May.
13 & 5 d.	Yarmouth - - -	*See* Jernemuth.	

Prepared and examined by

(Signed) H. J. SHARPE.

No. 4.—Welsh Records.

Calendar of Deeds, Inquisitions, and Writs of Dower, enrolled on the Plea Rolls of the County of Chester.—Edward 2.—(Continued from the 26th Report, Appendix No. 4.)

The date in the margin is that of the entry as far as can be inferred from the heading of the membrane on which it appears; the date in italics at the end of each entry is the reference to the Roll:

1 Edw. 2. Alsacher, Bertrea who was the wife of Randal de, against John, son of Adam de Alsacher, guardian of the land of Richard son and heir of Randal de Alsacher. Dower of 30 acres of land and 2 acres of moor in Alsacher. [35 *Edw.* 1. & 1. *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8 *d.*]

1 Edw. 2. Poulton in Waley. Eve who was the wife of Herbert de, against Ralph son of Herbert of Poulton. Dower of one messuage, six acres of land, 12*d.* rent, and of a moiety of one messuage in Poulton in Waley; against Thomas, son of the aforesaid Herbert, Dower of one messuage in the same town; and against Alexander de Baunvill, Dower of seven acres of land and of a moiety of one messuage in the same town. [35 *Edw.* 1. & 1 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8 *d.*]

1 Edw. 2. Allasacher, Bertrea who was the wife of Randal de Allesacher, against Margery who was the wife of Randal . . . . Dower of one messuage, 20 acres of land, two acres of wood, and one acre of moor. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1.] [Record defective.]

1 Edw. 2. Wodeye, Agnes who was the wife of Robert de, against Robert de Praers of Badileye. Dower of nine acres of land in Fadyleye. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

1 Edw. 2. Burlond, Lucia who was the wife of Siward de, against William le Hunte. Dower. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3 *d*, 9.]

1 Edw. 2. Alsachre, Bertrea de, against John son of Adam de Alsachre and Margery, who was the wife of Randal son of Adam. Dower. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3 *d.*]

1 Edw. 2. Donecaster, William de, and Philip son of William de Bykerton. Fine—1 messuage, 50 acres of land, and 3 acres of meadow in Upton and Neuton, near Chester. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5.]

1 Edw. 2. Burlond, Lucy who was the wife of Siward de, against William son of Siward de Burlond. Dower of four messuages, 20 acres of land, one acre of wood, and a moiety of one acre of meadow in Burlond. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5.]

1 Edw. 2. Alsachre, Bertrea who was the wife of Randal de, against John, son of Adam de Alsachre guardian of the land of Richard son and heir of Randal son of Adam de Alsachre. Dower of 20 acres of land, and two acres of moor in Alsachre. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5, 6, 9.]

1 Edw. 2. Pulton, Eve who was the wife of Herbert de, against Alexander de Baunvyle and Roseia, who was the wife of Alexander de Baunvyle. Dower of six acres of land and a moiety of one messuage in Pulton. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 1. *m.* 9.]

1 Edw. 2. Legh, John son of Thomas de, and Thomas de Legh, senior. Fine — 10 messuages, two carucates of land, eight acres of wood, four acres of meadow, a fourth part of one mill, and 4½*d.* rent in Lymme. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9.]

1 Edw. 2. Pulford, Robert de, and William Boydel and Emma his wife. Fine — five messuages, four bovates of land, and 100 acres of pasture in Hulm near Wallefeld. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9 *d.*]

1 Edw. 2. Hawisia, Walter son of, and Agnes his wife, and William de Toft and Joan his wife. Fine — three messuages and 2½ bovates of land in Birches. [This Fine appears as an Exhibit in a plea between Philip de Halghton and Amicia his wife, and the said Walter and Agnes.] [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10 *d.*]

1 Edw. 2. Alsachre, Bertrea who was the wife of Randal de, against Margery, who was the wife of Randal son of Adam de Alsachre. Dower of one messuage, 20 acres of land, two acres of wood, and one acre of moor in Alsachre. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 11.]

1 Edw. 2. Meyngwarin, Agnes who was the wife of Warren de, and William Trussell, junior, and Matilda his wife. Fine — the manors of Ashton near Kelsale, Blakene, Wylaston, Northrode, Hendebury, and Pexhull. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 11 *d.*]

1 Edw. 2. Venables, William de, and Katherine his wife, and John de Legh and Ellen his wife. Fine—a moiety of the manor of Ashton. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 11 *d.*]

No. 4.—Welsh Records : Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

1 Edw. 2. Macclesfield, Roger son of Thomas de, and Isabel his wife, and Andrew de Ashton, Chaplain. Fine—the manor of Gouseworth, one messuage and two carucates of land in Lythe, near Chester, together with the advowson of the church of Gouseworth, excepting a third of 400 acres of moor and pasture in the said manor ; also of the manor of Northclyf, excepting two carucates of land, one mill, and 60*s.* rent in the same manor ; also of two carucates of land, one mill, 60*s.* rent, and a third part of two parts of 400 acres of moor and pasture in Gouseworth and Northclif. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 11*d.*]

1 Edw. 2. Meyngwaring, Agnes who was the wife of Warren de, and William Trussell, junior, and Matilda his wife. Fine—the manor of Wormingham and the advowson of the church of the same town. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14.]

1 Edw. 2. Makelesfield, Roger de, and Isabella his wife. Fine — tenements in Northcliff and Gouseworth. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14.]

1 Edw. 2. Pulle, Alicia who was the wife of James de, against Reginald son of James de Pulle. Dower of 21 messuages, 15 bovates, 143 acres of land, 13 acres of meadow, 92 acres of pasture, two fisheries, two "volatuum," and 11*s.* rent in Great Neston, Capenhurst, Lyskark, Leghton, near Neston, Bacford, and Upton, near Wodechirche, and of one messuage and two parts of the manor of Netherpulle. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14 *d*, 16, 21.]

1 Edw. 2. Vernon, Ralph de, Kt. Charter of granting in fee-tail to Peter son of Matilda de Hatton, the manor of Hatton, together with all the said Ralph's lands and tenements in Brex, Chollegh, Magna Aldreseye, Middelaldreseye, Krocaldresay, and Boulesworth, with successive remainders to Robert and William, brothers of the said Peter, and their heirs, and them failing to revert to the said Ralph and his right heirs; the holder of the estate to render yearly to John de Hatton and Matilda his wife 10*l.* for their support. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15.]

1 Edw. 2. Trussell, William, junior, and Matilda his wife. Licence to grant the manor of Wormyngham and advowson of the church of the same manor to Agnes who was the wife of Warren de Maingwarin, for life. Fine—the same manor and advowson. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15.]

1 Edw. 2. Pulle, Reginald son of James de, and Thomas Hereward and Isolda his wife. Fine—seven messuages, three carucates, and one bovate of land, half an acre of meadow, 80 acres of brush and pasture, and a moiety of one messuage in Capenhurst and Lysenecark. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

1 Edw. 2. Fennes, Thomas de, and Agnes his wife, and William de Alsacre and Ellen his wife. Fine—16 acres of land in Thelewell. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

1 Edw. 2. Merton, Mabel who was the wife of Hugh de, against Richard son of Hugh de Merton. Dower of one messuage, 12 acres of land, and three acres of wood in Waverton, near Bostock. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

—— The same against the Abbot of Vale Royal. Dower of 15 acres of land in Netherton, near Littelovre. [*Ibid. m.* 19 *d.*]

1 Edw. 2. Tofts, Roger son of William de, and Margery his wife, and John son of Richard le Despenser, Chaplain. Fine—one messuage, two carucates of land, three acres of meadow, four acres of wood, one mill, and three parts of a mill, in Plumlegh, Holeford, and Lostock. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 21.]

1 Edw. 2. Lee, John del, and Agnes his wife, and Philip de Goldeburne and Felicia his wife. Fine—five acres of land in Fadilegh. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 21.]

1 Edw. 2. Merton, Mabel who was the wife of Hugh de, against Randal de Bradeford. Dower of one messuage and 15 acres of land in Nethreton, near Littelovere. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 21 *d.* 24.]

1 Edw. 2. Torand, William, and James son of Roger de Coghulle, and Agnes his wife. Fine—36 acres of wood and 2 acres 1½ perch of meadow in Molington. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 22.]

2 Edw. 2. Vaudrey, Mabel who was the wife of Robert le, against Robert son of Robert le Vaudrey. Dower of two messuages and 20 acres of land in Ashlegh. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 25. 2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2, 12 *d.*]

2 Edw. 2. Briddesmere, Alicia who was the wife of John de, against Henry de Thicknes and Matilda his wife. Dower of four messuages and 30 acres of land in Briddesmere. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 30 *d.*]

—— The same against Adam le Wodeward. Dower of three acres of land in Briddesmere, and against Richard de Brook, of three acres of land in the same town. [*Ibid.* & 2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1.]

2 Edw. 2. Cleyton, Ralph son of Adam de Cleyton and Adam de, and Isabella his wife. Fine—17 messuages, six bovates, and 80 acres of land, 10 acres of wood, 10 acres of moor, and a sixth part of a watermill in Thelewall. [1 & 2 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 31.]

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

2 Edw. 2. Briddesmere, Alicia who was the wife of John de, against William son of Cicely. Dower of two messuages and a moiety of one bovate of land in Briddesmere, and against Richard de Pulesdon. Dower of one messuage and 15 acres of land in the same town. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1. *m.* 5.]

2 Edw. 2. Daveneport, Thomas de, and Roesia his wife, against Richard de Bertumlegh. Dower of one messuage and 30 acres of land in Weston, near Burtumlegh. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1.]

2 Edw. 2. Alstaneston, Elena who was the wife of Vincent de, against Nicholas de Audelegh, guardian of the land and heir of Vincent de Alstaneston. Dower of 12 messuages, 200 acres of land, 30 acres of meadow, 360 acres of wood, and 67*s.* rent in Alstaneston. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1 *d.* 10, 15.]

2 Edw. 2. Grey, John son of Reginald de, who held the manor of Ruston, granted by Edw. 1. when Earl of Chester, to John, grandfather of the said John. Inquisition finding that the said John always had for himself and his men of the said manor, common of pasture, during the day, in the forest of Delamere for all cattle, throughout the year, with exception of mast time. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3 *d.*]

2 Edw. 2. Thelwall, Matilda who was the wife of Adam de, against Thomas son of Thomas de Twnnebrokes. Dower. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5.]

2 Edw. 2. Pulford, Robert son of Hugh de, and Roger Donville. Fine—four messuages, 40 acres of land, and 20 acres of wood in Broxin and Chollegh. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9.]

2 Edw. 2. Thelewalle, Catherine who was the wife of Henry de, against Roger de Huntyngdon and Cicely his wife. Dower of one messuage and two acres and a half of land in Chirche Cristelton. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 11.]

2 Edw. 2. Chester, Prioress of the Nuns of Saint Mary. Inquisition finding that the said Prioress had common of pasture in the forest of Delamere, in right of her manor of Walrescot. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12 *d.*]

2 Edw. 2. Bredebury, Cecilia who was the wife of Jordan de, against Adam de Bredebury. Dower of a tenement in Bredebury. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14.]

2 Edw. 2. Walton, John son of Alexander de, and Alice his wife, against Richard son of Randal Starky. Dower. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14, 26 *d.*]

2 Edw. 2. Bulkelegh, Roger de, and Reginald Balle and Margery his wife. Fine —a tenement in Fadilegh. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14.]

2 Edw. 2. Walton, John son of Alexander de, and Alice his wife, against Richard and Randal sons of Randal Starky. Dower of a tenement in Stretton. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 16, 26 *d.*]

2 Edw. 2. Bulkelegh, Roger, and William Fox de Duddon and Agnes his wife. Fine —15 acres of land and one toft in Duddon. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18.]

2 Edw. 2. Walton, John son of Alexander de and Alice his wife, against Richard son of Randal Starky. Dower of two parts of four messuages, and 24 acres of land in Stretton, near Hulle. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18 *d.* 26 *d.*]

—— The same against Randal son of Randal Starky. Dower of two parts of three messuages, and 24 acres of land in Stretton. The said Randal vouches to warranty Richard son and heir of Randal Starky. [*Ibid.*]

2 Edw. 2. Birchomleye, Edith who was the wife of Thomas de, against Adam son of Adam de Lauton. Dower of ——— in Alsacher. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23.]

3 Edw. 2. Huxelegh, Margery who was the wife of Robert son of Richard de, against William de Mulneton. Dower of a tenement in Huxlegh. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 26.]

3 Edw. 2. Mulneton, William de, and Dionisia his wife, and William son of John de Huxlegh. Fine — two messuages, 35 acres of land, and two acres of meadow in Huxlegh. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 26 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Mottrum, Edmund son of John de, and Roger son of John de. Fine—one messuage and one carucate of land in Mottrum, near Prestebur'. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 28 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Ughtred, Margaret who was the wife of Robert son of, against Agnes who was the wife of Thomas Cook "Cocus." Dower of two messuages and one bovate of land, and of a fishery in the Meersee every week from nine of the clock on Saturday until the same hour on the Sunday, with appurtenances in Thellewelle. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 31. 3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1, 23.]

3 Edw. 2. Haselwalle, Lucia who was the wife of Patrick de, against William son of Patrick de Haselwall. Dower of the manor of Thurstanston, excepting one messuage and 2 bovates of land in the same manor. [2 & 3 *Edw.* 2. *m* 32. *d.* 3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6.]

No. 4.—Welsh Records : Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

3 Edw. 2. Shoglache, David son of Griff' de, and Jor his son. Fine—a fourth part of the manor of Shoghlache Ovyet, excepting one messuage and four acres of land in the same manor. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Stanedish, Hugo de, and Simon son of Randal de Merbury and Ydonea his wife. Fine—one acre of land and a moiety of the manor of Ourewalton, excepting one messuage and a fishery in the same manor. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Schoglache, Griffin son of David de, and David son of Griffin de Schohlache. Fine—a fourth part of the manor of Schohlache Ovyet, excepting one messuage and four acres of land in the same manor. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Ughtred, Margery who was the wife of Robert son of, against Agnes who was the wife of Thomas Cook "Cocus." Dower of one messuage, one bovate of land, and of a fishery in the Merse every week from nine o'clock on Saturday until the same hour on Sunday. The said Agnes, together with William de Thelewalle her husband, vouch to warranty Reginald son of James de Pulle. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10, 18.]

3 Edw. 2. Trafford, Richard de, and Robert de Pulford. Fine—five messuages, four bovates of land, and 100 acres of pasture in Hulm, near Wallefeld. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

3 Edw. 2. 4th April. Strecth, Hamond son of Richard. Charter of, granting to Prince Edward son of Edward, King of England, a place of land near to the Castle of Chester, upon which stood a house, "pro Comit' Cestr' tenend'," 90 feet in length, and 33 feet in width towards the south, and 27 feet towards the north. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Swetenham, William son of Robert de, and Richard de Swetenham. Fine—the manor of Kernyngham. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14.]

3 Edw. 2. Mottresheved, Robert de, Richard de Vernon, and Ralph de Vernon, jun. Fine—the manor of Merphulle, excepting 12 bovates of land, 20 acres of wood, and 80*s.* rent in the same manor. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Mottrom, Edmund de, and William de Ruylegh. Fine—one messuage, 20 acres of land, one acre of meadow, and one acre of wood in Ruylegh. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Lymme, Peter son of Gilbert de, and Emma daughter of Alan de Rixton, and Gilbert de Lymme and Anabill his wife. Fine—a moiety of the manor of Arwe, and 80 acres of land in Berniston. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Mascy, Richard son of Robert de, and Hugh le Heremite, and Margery his wife. Fine—one messuage and three bovates of land in Upton and Wirhale. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Asscheton, Thomas son of Robert de, and Robert de Asscheton. Fine—one messuage and four bovates of land in Asscheton, near the Merse. [3 & 4 Edw. 2. 17 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Swetenham, William son of Richard de, junior, and Richard de Swetenham, junior. Fine—the homage and service of Thomas Tuchet, and Simon his brother, Thomas de Rode, William Pigot, Roger de Crannach, and John de Davenport. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Frodesham, Joan who was the wife of Richard son of Thomas son of Payn de, against William Fegg', of Neuton. Dower of 1½ bovates of land in Neuton, near Kynggelegh. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 22 *d.*]

—— The same against Richard le Roter, junior. Dower of one messuage and three acres and a half of land in Neuton, near Kynggelegh. [*Ibid.* *m.* 29.]

3 Edw. 2. Leftewyk, Joan who was the wife of Richard de, against Ralph son of Ralph de Vernoun. Dower of ——— in Wych-Malbank ; and against Hugh de Wynyngton, Chaplain. Dower of ——— in Bradeford. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 22 *d.* 4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

3 Edw. 2. Silksone, Eva who was the wife of Adam, of Weston, against Robert son of William de Praers, of Weston, and Richard son of the said Robert. Dower of ——— in Weston. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 22 *d*, 33 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Gerard, William, senior, and Margaret his wife, against Alice who was the wife of Hugh Boydel, and Robert son of Hugh Boydel. Dower. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23.]

—— The same against William Boydel and Roger de Twenebrokes. Dower. [*Ibid.*]

3 Edw. 2. Kirkebi, Richard de Clerk, and Annabel his wife, and Robert Loupyn, and . . . . . , his wife. Fine—one messuage and one bovate of land in Moreton, in Wirhale. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 29 *d.*]

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

3 Edw. 2. Denton, Richard son of Roger de, and Roger de Denton. Fine—three messuages, ... carucate of land, and 10 denarrates of rent in Helyngword. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 29 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Lethe, Juliana who was the wife of Nicholas son of Martin de, of Nethirpevere, against John son of William de Modburlegh. Dower of one messuage, and 13 acres of land in Nethirpevere. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 29 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Huxlegh, Cicely who was the wife of Robert son of John de, against William son of John de Huxlegh. Dower of one messuage, 60 acres of land, four acres of meadow, and one acre of moor in Huxlegh. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 31.]

4 Edw. 2. Boteler, Ralph le, and Hawisia his wife, and Robert le Veneour. Fine—the manor of Codyngton and four carucates of land, 40 acres of wood, and 16 acres of meadow in Bechene. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 33.]

4 Edw. 2. Bret, Amy who was the wife of Richard son of Richard le, against Richard le Bret. Dower. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 33 *d.*]

4 Edw. 2. Leftwiche, Joan who was the wife of Richard de, against Hugh de Wynington, Chaplain. Dower of one messuage and six acres of land in Bradeford, near Schipbrok. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 35 *d.*]

—— The same against Ralph son of Ralph de Vernon. Dower of 24 acres of wood in Wichmalbank; the said Ralph vouches to warranty Richard, son and heir of Richard son of Matilda de Wilburham. [*Ibid.*]

4 Edw. 2. Bolgragrh, Alice who was the wife of Eignon, against Thomas son of William de Broxen. Dower of two messuages and 10 acres of land in Shoclach Ovyet. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 38, 39.]

4 Edw. 2. Croxton, Robert son of Richard de, and Richard de Croxton. Fine—13 messuages, 80 acres of land, four acres of meadow, 10 acres of wood, 20 acres of heath, and a moiety of one mill and 10*s.* rent in Croxton. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 39.]

2 Edw. 2. Haselwell, David de. Charter of, granting to Master Robert the King's carpenter, and Cicely the said David's daughter, all his houses and buildings in the city of Chester near the church of St. Martin, and a moiety of all his lands and tenements in his demesnes "caruce mee proprie" in the town of Little Calday, together with two messuages and one bovate of land. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 40.]

4 Edw. 2. Chester. Inspeximus and confirmation of the charter of Randal, Earl of Chester, to his Barons of Chester. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 45.]

3 Edw. 2. Hole, Hugh son of Roger. Inquisition taken on a writ "Ad quod damnum," finding that it would be to the damage of the King should the Lepers of the house of St. Giles, Chester, be permitted to retain two acres of land in Hole which they had acquired from the said Hugh, for should the Earl of Arundel, of whom the said Hugh held in capite, die, his heirs being under age, the King would lose the wardship and relief as also the escheat arising from defect of consanguinity or from felony; that it would be to the damage of the said Earl also; that the said Hugh was dead, and that John his brother and heir, held of the said Earl, in addition to the said two acres, a fifth part of one knight's fee, of the yearly value of 4*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 46 *a.*]

3 & 4 Edw. 2. Rothelan, Chapel of St. John. Writ "Ad quod damnum" as to a grant by the King of a piece of land in Rothelan, 20 perches in length and 10 perches in width, called the cemetery of St. Thomas the Martyr of Rothelan, to Nicholas de Bridbrok, parson of the said chapel of St. John, and his successors parsons of the same place. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 48. 4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 47 *d.*]

3 Edw. 2. Pulesdon, Richard de, Kt. Inquisition on a writ "Ad quod damnum," issued on the petition of the said Richard, that he held certain lands of the King, in Wales, which according to the custom of the country ought to be divided after his death amongst his sons, and praying the King to receive the same lands into his hands and to re-enfeoff the said Richard and Agnes his wife, of the same for life, with successive remainders in fee tail to their sons William, Roger, Philip, Edmund, Hugh, David, Robert, and Nicholas, and them failing with remainder in fee simple to Richard their other son; finding that the said Richard de Pulesdon [*Pynelesdon in the writ*] held the manor of Embral in Meillerseiseneyk immediately of the King, by the service yearly of 6*s.* $2\frac{3}{4}$*d.*; that it would be to the advantage of the King to comply with the petition if in the charter of re-enfeoffment it should be stated that the said manor was to be held by knight's service; and that it was of the yearly value of 10*l.* [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 48 *d.*]

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

4 Edw. 2. Rishton, Mabel who was the wife of Adam de. Inquisition taken on a writ "Ad quod damnum," finding that it was not to the damage of the King, &c., should the said Mabel grant to the Prior and Brethren of Friars Preachers of Rothelan, 2½ acres of land in Rothelan; that the said land was held of the King in capite by the service of 10*d.* yearly; that it was of the yearly value of 5*d.*, and that over and above the said land there remained to the same Mabel one messuage and 140 acres of land in Rothelan held of the King in capite by the service of 53*s.* 4*d.* yearly and of the yearly value of 100*s.* and more. [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 49.]

4 Edw. 2. Middlewich, Inquisition touching liberties of [3 & 4 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 49, 50.]

4 Edw. 2. Praers, Robert son of William de, and Joan daughter of William son of Nicholas de Weston. Fine—two messuages and two bovates of land in Weston near Bertumlegh. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1 *d.*]

4 Edw. 2. Len-Gynnour, Giles son of Richard, and Richard Lenginnor and Agnes his wife. Fine—one messuage and seven carucates of land in Eccleston. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

4 Edw. 2. Brundeley, Hugh son of Richard de, and Richard de Brundeley and Margery his wife. Fine—20 acres of land in Halghton. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2 *d.*]

4 Edw. 2. Beumees, John son of Roger de. Charter of, granting to William de Coton, Clerk, and Joan his wife, and their heirs, all his right to the lands in Hanlegh and Mulneton, which were of Allan son of Walter de Beumees, the said John's, uncle; also granting that the claim he had in a fine of the same tenements levied between William de Coton and Joan his wife and Henry le Sayllour of Mulneton and Alice his wife, be void. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3.]

4 Edw. 2. Netherpevere, Juliana who was the wife of Nicholas son of Martin de, against John son of William de Modburlegh. Dower of one messuage, 13 acres of land, and 1½ acres of moor in Netherpevere. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6.]

4 Edw. 2. Baggelegh, William de, and Thomas Kynsy and Agnes his wife. Fine—two messuages and six acres of land, and two parts of one acre, in Norworthyn and Kenworthey. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6 *d.*]

4 Edw. 2. Baggelegh, William de, and William de Stubbeldon and Margaret his wife. Fine—one messuage and 3½ acres of land in Norworthyn and Kenworthey. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6 *d.*]

4 Edw. 2. Silkessone, Eva who was the wife of Adam of Weston, against Robert son of William de Praers, of Weston, whom Richard son of the same Robert, vouched to warranty. Dower of one messuage and 10 acres of land in Weston. The said Robert vouches to warranty Geoffrey Gruffyn. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 7, 12 *d*, 23.]

4 Edw. 2. Lenginour, Giles, writing of, granting to Master Richard Ingeniator his father and Agnes his wife, and their heirs and assigns, four quarters of pure wheat, to be received every year out of the said Giles' manor of Beligreve and his tenements in Ecleston. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 7.]

4 Edw. 2. Grosvenour, Warren le, of Buddeworth. Charter of, granting to Thomas his son, his heirs and assigns, lands and tenements in Buddeworth in the forest of Mara. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9 *d.*]

4 Edw. 2. Lewed, Isolda who was the wife of William le, against John de Wetenhale. Dower of one messuage and 30 acres of land in Okleston. The said John vouches to warranty Richard son of William le Lewed, who vouches to warranty William son and heir of John de Okleston. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13, 22 *d.*]

4 Edw. 2. Stocton, William son of David de, and David de Stocton, and Wenthlana his wife. Fine—five messuages and 46 acres in Littil Cristilton and Tussinham. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17.]

4 Edw. 2. Boulesworth, Sibil who was the wife of Yereward de, against Hugh son of the aforesaid Yereward. Dower of one messuage and three acres of land in Boulesworth. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

4 Edw. 2. Wasteneys, William de, and Cicely his wife, and John de Ardenne. Fine—the manor of Elton near Ynes. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 19 *d.*]

4 Edw. 2. Haselwell, Ralph de, and David de Haselwell. Fine—the manor of Haselwell. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23.]

4 Edw. 2. Duttone, Geoffrey son of Peter de, and Peter de Duttone. Fine—the manor of Sutton [? Dutton]. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23.]

4 Edw. 2. Twys, Gilbert del, and Alice his wife, and Simon de Merbury and Ydonea his wife. Fine—three messuages, four bovates and six acres of land in Walton Inferior. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23.]

4 Edw. 2. Pulford, Robert de, and Philip de Pulford. Fine—five messuages and three bovates of land in Neubold, near Goldeburne. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23 *d.*]

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

4 Edw. 2. Thyknes, David de, and Margaret his wife, and Leticia daughter of Richard del Hogh. Fine—three messuages and one carucate of land in Godewyneslegh. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 32 *d.*]

4 Edw. 2. Tofte, Roger son of William de, and Margery his wife, and Ralph Keeng and Margery his wife. Fine—14 acres of land in Stubbes. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 32 *d.*]

4 Edw. 2. Bryd, Hugh son of William le, by the surety of William le Bryd of Hampton, and the aforesaid William and Lucy his wife. Fine—one messuage and 12 acres of land in Hampton. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 32 *d.*]

4 Edw. 2. Leghton, Margery who was the wife of Robert de, against Hamond le Taillour of Wich-Malbank, Dower of one acre of land in Wich-Malbank; and against Ralph Wyldebor, Dower of one messuage in the same town; the said Hamond vouches to warranty William son of Robert de Leghton. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 32 *d*, 42.]

4 Edw. 2. Wylaston, Agnes who was the wife of William de, and Walter Folyot and Alda his wife. Dower of ——— in Wylaston, near Wich-Malbank; and against Roger Russel of Wich-Malbank. Dower of ——— in the same town. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 32 *d.*]

5 Edw. 2. St. Pierre, Isolda who was the wife of Urian de, against David son of John de St. Pierre. Dower of one messuage and 60 acres of land in Coul; the said David vouches to warranty John, kinsman and heir of the aforesaid Urian. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 36. 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 4, 16. 5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8.]

—— The same against Wronon de la Legh. Dower of two messuages, 40 acres of land, one acre of meadow, and of a sixth part of one watermill, in Magna-Egges; the said Wronon vouches to warranty John son and heir of Urian de St. Pierre. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 36. 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3.]

5 Edw. 2. Fox, Alice who was the wife of William, against William Morthwit. Dower of one messuage and 12 acres of land in Neuton, near Preston, and against Richard le Harpour, Dower of six acres of land in the same town; the said William vouches to warranty William, son of William Morthwit, and the said Richard vouches to warranty Richard le Harpour, father of the aforesaid William. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 37. 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1 *d.*]

5 Edw. 2. St. Pierre, Isolda who was the wife of Urian de, against Robert de Fynans and Margery his wife. Dower of one messuage and 40 acres of land and one acre of meadow in Fadelegh. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 37 *d*, 42.]

5 Edw. 2. Grendon, John de, and Isabella, formerly the wife of Roger son of Thomas de Macclesfield, against Jordan son of Thomas de Macclesfield. Dower of seven messuages and 200 acres of land in Gowesword and Stanelegh. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 41.]

5 Edw. 2. Twysse, Gilbert de, and Alice his wife, against Agnes de Hok and Henry son of Richard, of Oure-Walton. Dower of one messuage and 20 acres of land in Oure-Walton. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 41.]

5 Edw. 2. Roter, Richard le, junior, and Richard le Roter, senior. Fine—22 messuages, two carucates of land, one acre of wood, and a fourth part of two mills, in Kyngeslegh, Crouton, and Neuton. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 42 *d.*]

5 Edw. 2. Greysty, William son of Hugh de, and John de Dodyngton. Fine . . . . solidates of rent in Dodyngton, together with the homage and service of Adam le Streteward of Dodyngton. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 42 *d.*]

5 Edw. 2. Danyel, Thomas son of William and Margaret his wife, and Henry de Horsale and Margery his wife. Fine—two messuages, 20 acres of land, and one watermill in Lymme. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 42 *d.*]

4 Edw. 2. Chester. Hospital of St. John without the North Gate. Inquisition on a writ "Ad quod damnum," finding that the King might without damage, &c., grant the said hospital to the Prior and Convent of Byrkheved and their successors; that Randal, formerly Duke of Brittany and Earl of Chester and Richmond, granted the said hospital to God, St. Mary, and St. John, together with the site on which it was founded; that the said grant was confirmed by Edw. I.; that the then King granted, during pleasure, the custody of the same hospital to William de la Bache; that the said hospital held one carucate of land at Holmhouses of the yearly value of 40*s.*; one carucate of land at Le Mos of the yearly value of 40*s.*; half a carucate of land at Le Cleyes, yearly value 20*s.*; one salt-pit in Wich-Malbank, yearly value 13*s.* 4*d.*; a rent-seck in Pennesby of 13*s.* 4*d.*; a portion of the tithes of the church of Hope in the cantred of Englefeld, yearly value 10 marks; 13*l.* 13*s.* 10*d.* rent in the city of

No. 4.—Welsh Records : Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

Chester, and 4*l.* 10*s.* yearly granted as alms by the said founder ; that the whole yearly value of the said lands, &c., was 31*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.*; that there ought to be three chaplains celebrating Divine Service daily, viz., two in the church and the third in the chapel before the feeble and infirm who received their daily support in the same hospital ; that the said hospital was bound only to receive as many feeble as convenient, and that the same were to be of the city of Chester. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 47.]

9 Edw. 2. ——The like. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 19 *d.*] This inquisition is slightly different from the foregoing.

4 Edw. 2. Ewloe, manor. Inquisition upon a writ commanding the Justice of Chester to certify as to the King's right to the manor of Ewloe, finding that Oweyn Goneith, some time Prince of Wales, was seised of the manor of Ewloe, in his demesne as of fee, at whose death David, son of Oweyn, entered on the said manor as Prince of Wales, and held the same until Thlewelyn the son of Jor, overcame the said David, and took from him the said principality, together with the manor of Ewloe ; that the said Thlewelyn died seised of the said principality and manor, after whose death David, son of the said Thlewelyn, entered upon the same manor and died seised thereof ; after whose death King Hen. 3. occupied the same and four Cantreds in Wales, that is to say, those between the Dee and the Conway, and made Roger de Mohaut his Justice of Chester, who attached the same manor to his, the said Roger's, neighbouring lands of Haurthyn and Mouhaldesdale, to which it had never belonged, and made a park of the wood of Ewloe, and so held the said manor and park until Thlewelyn, son of Griff son of Thlewelyn Prince of Wales, recovered the said four cantreds from Hen. 3. and again attached them to the principality of Wales ; that the said Thlewelyn ousted the said Roger from the said manor and attached the same to the principality as it was before, and built a castle, in the corner of the wood, which was in great part standing at the time of the inquisition, and afterwards gave the said manor to Ithel ap Blethin to hold of him ; that the said Thlewelyn continued seised of the said manor as Prince of Wales until overcome by Edw. 1. who seised the said manor not only in right of his conquest, but of the conquest by Hen. 3. of the said four Cantreds ; that after the death of Roger de Mohaut, the wife of Robert, son of the said Roger, recovered dower of the said manor, as the freehold of the said Roger, Joscelyn de Badelesmere then being Justice of Chester ; that the King on the recovery of the said dower against him removed the said Joscelyn and appointed Reginald de Grey Justice of Chester, and commanded him to inquire by what right the wife of the said Robert had recovered the said dower; that the said Reginald found that no claim of dower could be founded on the appropriation made of the manor by the said Roger whilst he was Justice, upon which finding the said wife was ousted from her dower, and the same taken into the King's hands ; that such was the right of the King to the said manor, which was of the yearly value of 60*l.* [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 48.]

4 Edw. 2. Wetenhale, Peter de. Inquisition on a writ "Ad quod damnum," finding that it would not be to the damage of the King that the Abbot and Convent of St. Werburgh should grant in fee simple to the said Peter nine acres of land and one acre of moor in Tydelstan, which they held of the King in capite, of the gift of one Robert de Tremous, and confirmation of Hugh, late Earl of Chester, whose estate the King then had ; and that the said land was of the yearly value of 10*s.* [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 48.]

5 Edw. 2. Lascy, Joan who was the wife of Henry de, Earl of Lincoln. Livery in dower to the said Joan of all the said Earl's lands and tenements in the following places, viz., in Roncore, yearly value 104*s.* 2*d.* ; in Wytelegh, yearly value 8*l.* 12*s.* 1*d.* ; in More, yearly value 23*l.* 4*s.*; in Congelton, yearly value 15*l.* 4*s.* ; and a fishery in Thelewall, yearly value 100*s.* [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 48.]

5 Edw. 2. Ingelfield. Inquisition taken on a writ directing the Justice of Chester to make inquest touching the yearly value, to the King's use, of the lead mines of Engelfield, and whether the same might not be increased by an extension of the works and the employment of more miners ; returning that the yearly value of the said mines varied according to the finding of the miners, in time past it had been 15*l.*; in some years 10*l.*; in some 100*s.*, and in some nothing; that it would depend upon the same finding of the miners whether the works became more valuable by extension ; and that

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

it would not be to the damage of the King, who had no other lead mines in those places, if the said works were extended. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 50.]

5 Edw. 2. Werburgh, Abbot and Convent. Inquisition taken on a writ "Ad quod damnum," finding that it was not to the damage of the King that Henry de Brumburg should grant to the said Abbot and Convent one bovate and one rod of land and 4*s.* 6*d.* rent in Chester and Kirkeby in Waley, and that Robert de Assheburn should grant to the same Abbot and Convent one messuage in Chester. [4 & 5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 50 *d.*]

5 Edw. 2. Hyde, John del, and Robert son of Richard de Dewysnape and Hawisia his wife. Fine—16 acres of land and one acre of meadow in Hyde. [5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1.]

5 Edw. 2. Grendon, John de, and Isabella his wife, formerly wife of Roger son of Thomas de Macclesfield, against Jordan son of Thomas de Macclesfield. Dower of 13 messuages and 200 acres of land in Gowesworth and Stanelegh. [5 *Edw.* 2. *ms.* 1, 3.]

5 Edw. 2. Wylaston, Agnes who was the wife of William de, against Walter Folyot and Alda his wife. Dower of one messuage and one acre of land in Wylaston, and against William de Edlaston and Robert son of Ralph le Denesson and Alice his wife. Dower of 5½ acres of land in the same town. [5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1 *d.*]

5 Edw. 2. Tayllour, Hamond le, of Wich-Malbank, against Margery who was the wife of Robert de Leyghton. Dower. [5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1 *d.*]

5 Edw. 2. Worth, Thomas de, and Alexander son of Alexander Hurel. Fine—two messuages, four carucates of land, and one mill in Worth and Upton. [5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

5 Edw. 2. Sladehurst, Thomas de, and William Wyot and Alice his wife. Fine—eight acres of land in Somerford, near Merton. [5 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15.]

5 Edw. 2. Wevere, Roisea who was the wife of Thomas de, against William de Venables, of Bradewell, guardian [terr. hered fil Henr de Wevere]. Dower of seven messuages and one mill, and of the manor of Wevere, with appurtenances in Middlewich, Cleve, and Wevere. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1.]

5 Edw. 2. Gerard, William, senior, and Margaret his wife, against Alice le Doo and Robert son of Hugh Boydell. Dower. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1 *d.*]

5 Edw. 2. Grendon, John de, and Isabella his wife, against Jordan son of Thomas de Macclesfeld. Dower. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1 *d*, *m.* 7 *d.*]

5 & 6 Edw. 2. Wylaston, Agnes who was the wife of William de, against William de Edelastone, Robert son of Ralph le Denesone [or Devesone], and Alice his wife. Dower of 5⅓ acres of land in Wylaston; the said Alice vouches to warranty Roger Russel. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2, 19.] The same against Walter Folyot and Alda his wife. Dower. [*Ibid. m.* 2, 8. 13 *d*, 32.]

5 Edw. 2. Twisse, Gilbert de, and Alice his wife, against Agnes de Hok' and Henry son of Richard de Overewalton. Dower of one messuage and 20 acres of land in Overewaltone; the said Agnes vouches to warranty the aforesaid Henry. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3.]

5 Edw. 2. Shoresworth, Sibilla who was the wife of Ralph son of Richard de, against Richard de Aston. Dower of one messuage and 18 acres of land in Aston, near Dutton. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6 *d*, 17.]

5 Edw. 2. Griffyn, Ellen who was the wife of Geoffrey, against Geoffrey son of Geoffrey Griffyn. Dower of eight messuages, 164 acres of land, 17 acres of meadow, 140 acres of wood, 100 acres of waste, one water mill, and 60*s.* rent in Bertherton, near Stapelegh, Batynton, Wich-Malbank, Weston, near Bertomlegh, and Chorleton, near Wibbenbury. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 7, 17.]

5 Edw. 2. Aston, Richard de, and Roysia his wife, and Richard de Schoresworth and Matilda his wife. Fine—two messuages and 15 acres of land in Aston, near Crewode. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8.]

5 Edw. 2. Bolinton, Matilda who was the wife of Richard son of William son of Nicholas de, against John de Legh. Dower of one messuage, one acre of land, and five acres of waste in Bolynton. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8 *d.*]

5 Edw. 2. Grey, John son of Reginald de, and John Amore and William de Denford Fine—the manor of Ruston. The said John Grey acknowledges the manor to be the right of the said John and William, who regrant the same to John Grey for life, with remainder to Roger his son and heir, and the heirs of his body, and them failing, to his right heirs. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8 *d.*]

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

5 Edw. 2. Wevere, Mabilla who was the wife of Henry de, against William de Venables, of Bradewelle, guardian of Thomas son and heir of Henry de Wever. Dower of two parts of the manor of Wevere, of 2*s.* rent in Curteishulme, of two parts of one water mill in Clyve, of one messuage and one bovate of land in Riston, of one salt pit and of two parts of one salt pit, and of 3*s.* 1*d.* rent in Middlewich; and of one messuage, 23 acres of land, one acre of meadow, and one acre of wood in Bretherhulm. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13 *d*, 17.]

5 & 6 Edw. 2. —— The same against Roysia who was the wife of Thomas de Wevere. Dower of a third part of the manor of Wevere, and of one messuage, 19*d.* rent, one salt pit, and one water mill in Clyve and Middlewich. [*Ibid.* *m.* 13 *d*, 23 *d*, 28.]

5 Edw. 2. Fonte, Robert son of William de, and Alice his wife, and Randal de Neuton, and Isabel his wife. Fine—eight acres and three roods of land in Hatton, near Haulton. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17.]

5 Edw. 2. Inys, Robert son of Thomas de, and Robert de Lychefeld and Margaret his wife. Fine—two messuages, one acre and a half of land, and a third part of one rod of meadow in Inys. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

5 Edw. 2. Torperlegh, Peter de, and Richard son of Robert Daa, of Buddeworth, and Margery his wife. Fine—two burgages and five selions of land in Torperlegh. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

5 Edw 2. Haselwalle, Eustath' who was the wife of David de, against John son of Hugh de Calvilegh and Margaret his wife. Dower of two messuages, one bovate and a half of land, and of a fourth part of one bovate of land and five cottages in Caldeye. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 19 *d.*]

6 Edw. 2. Bolynton, Matilda who was the wife of Richard son of William son of Nicholas de, against William son of Nicholas de Bolynton. Dower of five messuages, 22 acres of land, and 40 acres of moor in Bolynton. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 22, 28.]

6 Edw. 2. Werberton, Peter de, against William son of Nicholas de Bolynton, that he warrant to him the third of one acre of land, and one acre of meadow in Bolynton, claimed of the said Peter by Matilda who was the wife of Richard son of William son of Nicholas de Bolynton, as dower. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 22, 28.]

6 Edw. 2. Warrenna, Ellen who was the wife of Thomas de, against Richard de Sutton, guardian of the lands and tenements of Felicia daughter and heir of Thomas de Warrenna and Eve, who was the wife of Hugh de Warrenna. Dower. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23.]

6 Edw. 2. Somerforde, Agnes who was the wife of Roger de, against Thomas son of Henry de Somerforde. Dower of ——— in Somerford. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 24 *d.*]

6 Edw. 2. Bulkylegh, Roger son of William de, and William son of William of Wystanston, and Alice his wife, and William son of Hamond de Wystanston, and Agnes his wife. Fine—one salt pit in Wich-Malbank. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 27.]

6 Edw. 2. Mottrom, Edmund son of Edmund de and Margaret his wife, and Edmund son of John de Mottrom. Fine—one messuage and one carucate of land in Mottrom, near Prestebur'. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 33 *d.*]

6 Edw. 2. Meyden, Robert le, and Robert son of Adam de Aldresey and Margery his wife. Fine—one messuage and one bovate of land in Chirton. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 36 *b.*]

? Hen. 3. Lech. Charter of Randle (Ranulphus), Earl of Chester, granting the underwritten liberties to his free burgesses dwelling in his borough of Lech, viz., every one to have half an acre of land to his house, and one acre "in campis," timber out of the forest of Lech for his buildings, and wood for fuel; common of pasture for all cattle in the pasture pertaining to the manor of Lech; freedom from toll throughout Chester and in the city of Chester for all merchandise, excepting salt, in the Wiches; to grind corn at his mill; to be quit at the market and fairs of the borough by the same toll given in other free markets in the county of Stafford; to be quit of rent for the first three years, and then to render 12*d.* yearly for all service; to be quit of every fine pertaining to the said town for 12*d.*; to elect a Provost from amongst themselves, with the assent of the said Earl or his bailiff; to give or sell his burgage to whomsoever he willed, "nisi religioni," saving the Earl's toll, viz., 4*d.*, and his rent. [5 & 6 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 37.]

No. 4.—Welsh Records : Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

6 Edw. 2. Hulgreve, David de, and Agatha his wife, against Giles Lenginour. Dower. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

6 Edw. 2. Briddesmere, Felicia who was the wife of Henry de, against Alice daughter of Adam son of Robert de Woure. Dower of one messuage and 10 acres of land in Briddesmere ; the said Alice vouches to warranty Henry son of Henry de Briddesmere. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6 *d.*]

6 Edw. 2. Merton, Stephen son of Randal de Merton. Fine—the manors of Geyton in Wyrhale, and Lache upon Ruddeheth, and the bailiwick of the hundred of Caldey. [6 & 7 Edw. 2. *m.* 7.]

6 Edw. 2. Vernon, Ralph son of Hugh de, and Hawisia his wife, and William de Hellesby and Hawisia his wife. Fine—four messuages, 7½ acres of land, and one acre of meadow in Hellesby. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9 *d.*]

6 Edw. 2. Hulgreve, David de, and Agatha his wife, formerly wife of Hugh de Venables, against Giles Lenginour. Dower of seven messuages, 100 acres of land, and three acres of meadow in Eccleston. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2, 10.]

—— The same against William de Venables of Bradewall. Dower of one messuage, 27 acres, and one rod of land in Kynderton and Bradewall; the said William vouches to warranty Hugh son and heir of Hugh de Venables. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10, 15.]

6 Edw. 2. Donne, Richard. Inquisition p.m. taken at Chester on the Wednesday on the morrow of the Ascension, 6 Edw. 2., finding that the said Richard on the day he died held in capite of the Earl of Chester a fourth part of the town of Kyngeslegh in demesne, and part of the same in demesne by the service of a fourth part of a knight's fee, and by the service of guarding the forest of Mara and Mondrun, by himself, a horseman, and eight men on foot, yearly value 10*l.* 10*s.* 3*d.* ; also two burgages in Frodesham, by the service of 2*s.* yearly ; also, jointly with Isabell his wife, the manor of Utkynton in fee simple ; that the same Isabell was still living, and that they held on the day of the death of the said Richard, of Hugh brother and heir of William son of Hugh de Venables, by the service of half a knight's fee, doing suit every fortnight at the Court of Kynderton, "et putur̃ servien̄ baronie de Kynderton," yearly value, 11*l.* 11*s.* 6*d.* ; also that the said Richard held in capite of Geoffrey Starky three messuages, three bovates of land, and a certain Island called Brunteseie, in Bertherton, yearly value, 23*s.* 6*d.* ; that Richard son of the same Richard, was next heir, and was born on the Sunday next after the Feast of All Saints last past. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12 *d.*]

6 Edw. 2. Praers, Richard de, and William de Weston and Margery his wife. Fine—five messuages and one carucate of land in Weston, near Crue. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13.]

6 & 7 Edw. 2. Alperham, Eva who was the wife of Matthew de, against Robert son of William de Bulkylegh. Dower of 16 messuages, one water mill, 100 acres of land, two acres of meadow, 18 acres of wood, and 40 acres of moor and pasture in Eyton, near Multon. The said Robert vouches to warranty William son of William de Bulkelegh. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13, 21 *d.* 7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5 *d.*]

The said William son of William, further vouches to warranty Alice daughter of Matthew de Alperham, Robert de Trofford, and Wernilla his wife ; Robert son of Richard de Wetenhale and Ellen his wife ; Robert, son of John de Wetenhale and Amelia his wife ; Katherine daughter of Matthew de Alperham ; William son of John de Wetenhale and Sibil his wife ; and John son of Hugh de Legh and Joan his wife, daughters and heirs of Matthew de Alperham, and proffers a charter under the name of the said Matthew, granting to Robert de Bulkilegh in fee simple all the town of Eyton. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13.]

6 Edw. 2. Noble, Alice who was the wife of John le, of Wich-Malbank, against William Cuttegore, of Wich-Malbank. Dower. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13.]

6 Edw. 2. Bernes, Thomas del, and Ellen his wife, and Adam de Haregreve and Agnes his wife. Fine— one messuage and one bovate of land in Wilaston, near Parva Neston. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13.]

6 & 7 Edw. 2. Venables, William de, of Bradewall, and Katherine his wife, formerly wife of Randal de Thornton, against Peter son of Randal de Thorneton. Dower of one messuage and one bovate of land in Kyngeslegh. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14. 7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10, 18.]

6 Edw. 2. Hatton, Matilda who was the wife of John de, against Peter de Hatton. Dower of two parts of the manor of Hatton, of a fourth and two parts of a

No. 4.—Welsh Records : Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

fourth part of the manor of Chollegh, and of an eighth and two parts of an eighth part of the manor of Broxon, and of a fourth and two parts of a fourth part of the manor of Aldreseie. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15.]

6 & 7 Edw. 2. Hulegreve, David de, and Agatha his wife, formerly wife of Hugh de Venables, against Thomas son of Henry de Wevere. Dower of one messuage, one salt pit, 30 acres of land, one acre of meadow, and one acre of wood in Bretherhulm and Middlewich ; the said Thomas, by Robert de Bulkelegh his guardian, vouches to warranty Hugh son of Hugh de Venables. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15, 24.]

7 Edw. 2. Mattelegh, Richard de, and William son of William de Baggelegh. Fine—one messuage, four tofts, and a moiety of one bovate of land in Mattelegh. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d*, 18 *d.*]

7 Edw. 2. Aldelondes, Margery who was the wife of Hugh de, against John de Aldelondes. Dower of one messuage and 20 acres of land in Asshelegh. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18 *d*, 24. 7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

7 Edw. 2. Overmersh. Inquisition finding that Overmersh was a waste place, surrounded by an old ditch, up to which the neighbouring towns had certain bounds and metes, but not beyond ; that it was of old appointed and assigned for the dwelling-place of foreigners, of any country, seeking the protection of the Earl of Chester or coming to his aid in time of war, where they might remain for a year and a day ; that the Earl of Chester had such estate in the said place, that no "vicinus in dicta placea" could approve, cultivate, build upon, or otherwise appropriate it to himself, and should any one infringe the said estate, he was heavily amerced to the said Earl, and that the Sheriff of Chester took one ox for every such purpresture. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 20. 8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 25 *d.*]

7 Edw 2. Warde, Alice who was the wife of Henry le, of Sonky, against Giles Lenginour. Dower of one messuage and two bovates of land in Eccleston. [6 & 7 *Hen.* 6. *m.* 21, 22. 7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5 *d*, 32 *d.*]

7 Edw. 2. Venables, William de, and Maria his wife, and Richard de Trafford. Fine —24 messuages, seven carucates of land, 20 . . . . . and two denarates of rent in Neubold. [6 & 7 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 21.]

7 Edw. 2. Coten, Henry son of Henry de, and William de Laken and Ellen his wife. Fine—12 acres of land in Curteyshulm. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

7 Edw. 2. Praers, William son of Thomas de, and Richard son of Richard Gille. Fine —one messuage and 12 acres of land in Crewe, near Weston. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

7 Edw. 2. Hemyngton, Robert de, and Henry de Aston and Isabel his wife. Fine—one messuage, nine acres of land, and three solidates of rent in Blakenale. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 7.]

7 Edw. 2. Hobsone, Emma who was the wife of William son of William, against Robert son of Simon son of Ingolf of Middlewich. Dower of one salt pit in Middlewich ; the said Robert vouches to warranty Richard son of William son of Pymme. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 7, 16 *d.*]

7 Edw. 2. Dutton, Hugh de, and Joan his wife, and Robert de Dutton. Fine—the manor of Weston, and three messuages and four acres of land in Haulton. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 7 *d.*]

7 Edw. 2. Audele, Hugh de, and William Launcelin. Fine—the homage and service of Peter de Dutton for one knight's fee in Appelton and Hulle. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9.]

7 Edw. 2. Audeleye, Hugh de, and Isolda his wife, and John Lestraunge, of Cheswardyn. Fine—10 marcates of rent in Boseleye. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 41.]

7 Edw. 2. Mulynton, Aytropus de, and Robert son of Aytropus de Mulynton. Fine—the manor of Mulynton. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14.]

7 Edw. 2. Fouleshurst, Richard de, and William son of William de Wystanton, and Alice his wife. Fine—one toft and a moiety of one rod of land in Wich-Malbank. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14.]

7 Edw. 2. Cudinton, Eygnon son of Wronon de, and Wronon de Cudinton and Mabel his wife. Fine—two messuages and six acres of land in Tilstan. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18.]

7 Edw. 2. Praers, Robert son of William de, and William son of Michael de Weston and Agnes his wife. Fine—three acres of land in Weston, near Bertomlegh. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18.]

7 Edw. 2. Baggelegh, William de, and Adam Tochet and Avice his wife. Fine —one acre of land in Norworthin and Kenwortheye. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18.]

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

7 Edw. 2. Codinton, Robert de, Clerk, and Agnes, who was the wife of Geoffrey le Stotevile, of Caurthin. Fine—four messuages, two bovates, and 18 acres of land, and four acres of meadow in Codynton. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18.]

—— Also of four messuages, one bovate, and four acres of land, and two acres of meadow in Over-Caurthin and Nether-Caurthin, and of a sixth part of the manor of Over-Caurthin. [*Ibid.*]

7 Edw. 2. Calvilegh, Alice who was the wife of Hugh de, against David son of Hugh de Calvilegh. Dower of one messuage, 28 acres of land, and 12 acres of wood in Calvilegh; the said David vouches to warranty Ken', son of Hugh de Calvilegh. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18 *d*, 26.]

7 Edw. 2. Standish, Hugh de, and Alan son of Richard Walton. Fine—a moiety of the manor of Ourewalton. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 21 *d.*]

7 Edw. 2. Arden, Margaret who was the wife of John de, against John de Legh. Dower of a moiety of the manor of Modburlegh; the said John vouches to warranty John son of John de Arden. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 25.]

—— The same against William de Wasteneys and Cecilia his wife. Dower of the manor of Elton; the said William vouches to warranty John son of John de Arden. [*Ibid.*]

7 Edw. 2. Acton, Ellen who was the wife of John son of Walter de, against Cicely daughter of Walter de Acton. Dower of one messuage and one bovate of land in Acton, near Weverham. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 25.]

7 & 8 Edw. 2. Wordhull, Matilda who was the wife of Hugh de, against Margery, daughter of Robert de Wordhull, and Alice her sister. Dower of three messuages, 30 acres of land, and one acre of meadow in Wordhull; the said Margery and Alice vouch to warranty William, son of William de Wordhull. Charters are exhibited witnessing that Hugh de Wordhull, grandfather of the aforesaid William, his heir, gave to Robert de Wordhull father of the aforesaid Margery and Alice, two messuages, 24 acres of land, and one acre of meadow in Wordhull. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 25, 32.]

7 Edw. 2. Fyton, John and Hugh. Fine—the manors of Bollin . . . . [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 25.]

7 Edw. 2. Huxlegh, Adam son of Adam de, and John son of Adam. . . . . Fine . . . . . [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 25.]

7 Edw. 2. Dodefyn, Emma who was the wife of Richard, against Gilbert son of Richard Dodefyn. Dower. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 26.]

8 Edw. 2. Griffyn, John son of Geoffrey, and John son of William Gerard. Fine—the manor of Berthurton and one mill in Weston, near Bertumlegh. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 28.]

8 Edw. 2. Arden, Margaret who was the wife of John de, against Richard son of Robert de Mascy. Dower of one messuage and one bovate of land in Upton, near Morton. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 28 *d.*]

—— The same against Robert de Elton. Dower of two acres of meadow and eight acres of moor and pasture in Elton, near Ines. [*Ibid.*]

—— The same against Peter son of Peter de Arden. Dower of four messuages, two carucates of land, one acre of meadow, and three acres of wood in Nether Aldredlegh; the said Peter vouches to warranty John son and heir of John de Arden; a writing is exhibited under the hand of John de Arden father of John son of John, witnessing that the said John de Arden the father gave to Peter de Arden his brother, father of the aforesaid Peter, and Elizabeth his wife, and their heirs, all the right he had, or could have, to the lands which the said Peter held of him in Lower Aldredelegh. [*Ibid.*]

—— The same against John Fyton. Dower of five acres of wood and seven acres of pasture in Nether Aldredelegh; the said John vouches to warranty John son and heir of John de Arden; and a charter is exhibited witnessing that John de Arden the father gave the said wood and pasture to the same John Fiton and his heirs. [*Ibid.*]

—— The same against Robert de Vernon. Dower of one messuage, one acre of land, and 18 acres of wood in Modburlegh. [*Ibid.*]

8 Edw. 2. Clehungre, Sibil who was the wife of John de, against Thomas Page. Dower of one messuage in Muryfeld. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 29 *d*, 34.]

8 Edw. 2. Dreycote, Joan who was the wife of Philip de, and Richard de Dreycote. Fine—22 solidates, 10 denarates, and a halfpenny rent in Burlond. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 32 *d.*]

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

8 Edw. 2. Audelegh, Giles de, and Benedict de Sutton and Bertrea his wife. Fine—three messuages and one carucate of land in Alsachre. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 32 *d.*]

8 Edw. 2. Roter, Richard le, and Emma his wife, and Randal de Merton. Fine—22 messuages, two carucates of land, six acres of meadow, 12 acres of wood, and a fourth part of two water mills in Kyngelegh, Crouton, and Neuton. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 32 *d.*]

8 Edw. 2. Masci, Hamond de, and Alice his wife, and Adam de Macclesfeld. Fine—the manor of Bacford. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 32 *d.*]

—— The same. Fine—the manor of Kelshale. [*Ibid.*]

8 Edw. 2. Arden, Margaret who was the wife of John de, against William Brichull and John le Blount, citizen of Chester. Dower of the manor of Upton, near Moreton. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 32 *d.* 8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

—— The same against Reginald son of James de Pulle. Dower of 15 acres of meadow in the same town. [7 & 8 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 32 *d.*]

—— The same against John de Warewik, senior, and Matilda his wife. Dower of the manor of Frankeby in Wirhal. [*Ibid.*]

—— The same against Adam de Bromilegh, Adam de Sondhull, Richard son of Hugh de Modburlegh, and Emma his wife. Dower. [*Ibid.*]

—— The same against John Fiton. Dower of five acres of wood and seven acres of pasture in Netheraldrelegh; the said John vouches to warranty John son and heir of John de Arden. [*Ibid.* 8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5, 10, 12.]

—— The same against William Cleyve and Margaret his wife. Dower of one messuage and of a third part of one carucate of land in Modburlegh; against Robert de Holes and Agnes his wife, Dower of one messuage and of a third part of one carucate of land in the same town; and against Robert Roby and Alice his wife, Dower of one messuage and of a third part of one carucate of land in the same town; the said Robert, Agnes, Robert, and Alice vouch to warranty John son and heir of John de Arden. [*Ibid.*, and 8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5, 16 *d.*]

—— The same against Matilda who was the wife of Adam de Sondhull, junior, and William his son. Dower of two messuages and 30 acres of land in Nether-Aldredelegh. [*Ibid.* and 8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1.]

—— The same against John le Blount. Dower as above; the said John vouches to warranty William de Brychull. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1.]

—— The same against Richard son of Robert de Mascy. Dower. [*Ibid.*]

8 Edw. 2. Chedlee, Roger de, and Nicholas de Eton junior and Joan his wife. Fine—12 acres of land in Echeles. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 4. *m.* 4.]

8 Edw. 2. Huxlegh, Robert son of William de, and William son of Adam de Huxl', and Alice his wife. Fine—one messuage and 1½ acre of land in Huxlegh. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 4.]

8 Edw. 2. Arden, Margaret who was the wife of John de, against Reginald son of James de Pulle. Dower of 10 acres of meadow in Upton, near Moreton. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 4 *d.*]

—— The same against Alice who was the wife of James de Pulle. Dower of five acres of meadow in Upton, near Moreton. [*Ibid. m.* 5.]

8 Edw. 2. Huxlegh, Agnes who was the wife of Adam de, against Robert son of William de. Dower of five solidates of rent in Huxlegh. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5 *d.*]

—— The same against John son of Nicholas de Huxlegh. Dower of a moiety of one water mill in Huxlegh. [*Ibid.*]

8 Edw. 2. Newton, Robert de, and William de Newton. Fine—the manor of Newton. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8.]

8 Edw. 2. Dodefin, Lucia who was the wife of Henry son of Richard, against John son of Randal del Heth, and Margery his wife. Dower of one messuage, 24 acres of land, two acres of meadow, one acre of wood, and a moiety of one acre of moor in Great Stanthurll; the said John and Margery vouch to warranty the Abbot of Vale Royal. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8, 9 *d*, 15, 22. 9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5 *d*, 23 *d*, 29.]

8 Edw. 2. Fouleshurst, Richard de, and William son of Adam le Taillur, of Wich-Malbank, and Matilda his wife. Fine—one messuage in Wich-Malbank. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8 *d.*]

8 Edw. 2. Pulford, Joan who was the wife of Robert, against Almaric Lengynour. Dower of one bovate of land in Pulford. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8 *d*, 12, 16.]

—— The same against William son of William Boydel, of Wallefeld. Dower of one messuage, one carucate of land, and six acres of meadow in Wallefeld. [*Ibid.*, and *m.* 13.]

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

8 Edw. 2. —— The same against Isabel who was the wife of Robert de Broxon. Dower. [*Ibid.*, and *m.* 13.] The said Isabel vouches to warranty Joan who was the wife of Robert de Pulford, guardian of John son and heir of Robert de Pulford, and of certain portions of the lands of the same John, Robert de Codynton and Leuca his wife, Margaret de Caurthon and Ellen sisters of the aforesaid Leuca, and Richard de Sutton, guardians of certain other portions of the lands of the same heir, that they warrant to her a third part of five messuages, three bovates of land, and a moiety of one acre of meadow in Chollegh. [*Ibid. m.* 20.]

8 Edw. 2. Toft, Roger son of William de, and Margery his wife, and Richard son of Richard de Tabbelegh. Fine—seven acres and nine "pedates" of land in Plumlegh. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9.]

8 Edw. 2. Arden, Walkelinus de. Charter of, granting to Robert de Kanvyle in fee simple all the service which pertained to him the said Walkelinus in the town of Wychinton, in reward of the great service the said Robert had done him in Gascony. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9.]

8 & 9 Edw. 2. Huxlegh, Agnes who was the wife of Adam de, against Robert son of Agnes de Huxlegh. Dower of 12 acres of land, three rods of meadow, and two acres of moor in Huxlegh; the said Robert vouches to warranty John, son of Adam, son of Richard de Huxlegh. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9 *d*, 13, 18 *d*, 23.]

8 & 9 Edw. 2. Arden, Margaret who was the wife of John de, against Elizabeth who was the wife of Peter de Arden. Dower of four messuages, two carucates of land, two acres of meadow, and two acres of wood in Nether-Aldredelegh; the same Elizabeth vouches to warranty John, son and heir of John de Arden. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *ms.* 9 *d*, 12 *d*, 20, 23 *d.*]

—— The same against Alice who was the wife of James de Pulle. Dower of five acres of meadow in Upton, near Moreton. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9 *d*, 12 *d*, 16 *d*, 20, 23 *d.*]

8 Edw. 2. Standisshe, Hugh de, and Henry son of Richard de Waleton. Fine—five acres of land and a moiety of the manor of Over-Walton. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12.]

8 & 9 Edw. 2. Pulford, Joan who was the wife of Robert de, against Richard de Trafford, parson of the church of Chedle. Dower of six messuages, two carucates and 30 acres of land, three acres of meadow, four acres of wood, 80 acres of pasture, and one water mill in Wallefeld; the said Richard vouches to warranty John son and heir of Robert de Pulford. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13, 15, 23.]

The same against Philip son of Hugh de Pulford. Dower of one messuage and one bovate of land in Pulford. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10, 15.]

8 Edw. 2. Haselwall, Ralph. Inspeximus and confirmation of a confirmation by Patrick, grandfather of the said Ralph, of a charter of Richard son of William son of Matthew de Thurstanton, grandfather of Agnes wife of the said Patrick, by which the said Richard son of William, confirms to God and St. Mary, and the Abbot and Monks of Basingwerk, 10 bovates of land in La Lytha, the gift of his father William, and of Beatrice his mother, to the said monks. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15 *d.*]

8 Edw. 2. Codynton, Robert son of Robert de, Clerk, and Henry del Shagh, of Horton, and Tangwystel his wife. Fine—one messuage, a third part of one acre of land, and a thirty-second part of 120 acres of wood, and one denarate of rent in Horton, near Tylstan. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 16.]

8 Edw. 2. Schawe, Adam del, and Henry de Rouncevale and Alice his wife. Fine—one messuage, 12 acres of land, two acres of marsh, and the rent of one pair of gloves and nine grains of pepper, and a moiety of one acre of meadow in Bradewall. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18 *d.*]

8 Edw. 2. Pulford, Joan who was the wife of Robert de. Charter of, granting to Master Robert de Frodesham, for life, all the lands and tenements in Waverton, near Hacton, which he before held by demise from the said Robert de Pulford. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 19 *d.*]

8 & 9 Edw. 2. —— The same against Jordan son of Thomas de Macclesfield, and Lucy his wife. Dower of six messuages, one carucate and four bovates of land, and two acres of meadow in Waverton, near Hacton, and Neubold, near Salghton; the said Jordan and Lucy vouch to warranty John, son and heir of Robert de Pulford. [*Ibid. ms.* 20 *d*, 22 *d*, 23. 9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3 *d.*]

No. 4.—Welsh Records : Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

8 & 9 Edw. 2. —— The same against Isabel who was the wife of Robert de Broxon. Dower of five messuages, three bovates and two acres of land, and a moiety of one acre of meadow in Chollegh ; the said Isabel vouches to warranty John son and heir of Robert de Pulford. [*Ibid.* 23 *d.*]

9 Edw. 2. Boydel, William, and Robert son of Hugh Boydel. Fine—two messuages and two bovates of land in Lacheford. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 24 *d.*]

9 Edw. 2. Hallum, John de, and Randal de Neuton and Isabel his wife. Fine—11 acres of land in Hacton. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 27.]

9 Edw. 2. Launcelin, and Henry de Braumburgh, Vicar of Neston. Fine—the manor of Poulton Launcelin, Netherbebynton, and Lytle Meeles. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 27.]

9 Edw. 2. Huxlegh, Richard son of John de, and John de Huxlegh and Mabel his wife. Fine—three messuages, eight bovates of land, one acre of meadow, and a third part of one water mill in Barton. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 27.]

9 Edw. 2. Chedle, Roger de, and Alan de Shepeherde and Matilda his wife. Fine—one messuage and 12 acres of land in Clifton. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 27.]

9 Edw. 2. Werberton, Peter de, and William son of Roger de Stuthbrok, and Isabel his wife. Fine—one messuage and 20 acres of land in Hull. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 27.]

9 Edw. 2. Coroun, Thomas de, and Thomas Sandbache, Chaplain. Fine—the manor of Adelinton. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 27.]

9 Edw. 2. Arden, Margaret who was the wife of John de, against Elizabeth who was the wife of Peter de. Dower of five messuages, two carucates of land, two acres of meadow, and two acres of wood in Nether-Aldredel ; against John Fyton, dower of five acres of wood and seven acres of pasture in the same town ; against Gilbert Gleyve, and Margery his wife, dower of one messuage and of a third part of one carucate of land in Modburl' ; and against Robert Roby, and Alice his wife, dower of one messuage and of a third part of one carucate of land in the same town. The said Elizabeth, Gilbert, and Margery, John, Robert, and Alice vouch to warranty John, son and heir of John de Arden. [8 & 9 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 28 *d.* 9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 4, 6 *d*, 9 *d.*]

9 Edw. 2. Wodenot, Sibil who was the wife of John, against Agnes who was the wife of Randal Wodenot. Dower of 10 messuages, two carucates of land, two acres of meadow, 10 acres of wood, 12 acres of moor and pasture, and a moiety of the rent of all corn annually growing in 20 acres of land in Brundel' and Shavynton, near Barcford. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1.]

9 Edw. 2. Mottrum, Agnes who was the wife of Roger de, against Edmund son of John de Mottrum. Dower of a third part of one messuage, 40 acres of land, one acre of meadow, and one acre of wood in Mottrum, near Prestebur'. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1 *d.*]

—— The same against Edmund son of Edmund de Mottrum, and Margaret his wife. Dower of one messuage and eight acres of land in Mottrum, near Prestebury. [*Ibid.* and *m.* 5 *d.*]

9 Edw. 2. Somerford, Ellen who was the wife of John son of Richard de, against John de Holeye. Dower of one messuage, one bovate of land, and one acre of wood in Somerford, near Merton ; the said John vouches to warranty Richard son and heir of John de Somerford, by a deed of the aforesaid John, the father, by which he gave to the said John de Holeye the aforesaid tenements. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2 *d*, 14.]

9 Edw. 2. Coton, William son of John de, and Richard son of Henry de Lache. Fine—two messuages, 24 acres of land, one acre of wood, and one acre of moor in Lostok Gralam. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3.]

9 Edw. 2. Coton, Thomas son of Adam de, and Adam de Coton and Margaret his wife. Fine—one messuage, and 13 acres of land, two acres of moor, and a moiety of one acre of meadow in Chirchehulm. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3.]

9 Edw. 2. Moreton, Richard son of Gralam de, and Richard son of Geoffrey de Moreton. Fine—one messuage and 30 acres of land in Edderode. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3.]

9 Edw. 2. Pulford, Joan who was the wife of Robert de, against Richard de Trafford, parson of the church of Chedle. Dower of six messuages, two carucates and 30 acres of land, three acres of meadow, four acres of wood, and 80 acres of pasture, and one mill in Wallefeld ; the said Richard vouches to warranty John son and heir of Robert de Pulford. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2 *m.* 3.]

No. 4.—Welsh Records : Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

9 Edw. 2. Tyeu, Hugo le, junior, and Elya de Wareton and Margaret his wife. Fine —one messuage, four acres of land, and one acre of meadow in Wareton, near Middlewich. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 7.]

9 Edw. 2. Leghe, John de, and Ellen his wife, and William le Dene, Chaplain. Fine—39 messuages, five carucates and 40 acres of land, four acres of meadow, 100 acres of wood, 200 acres of moss, and three parts of one mill in Knotesforde Bothes, Northbur' Bothes, Knotesford, and Routhesthorn. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9.]

9 Edw. 2. Coton, William son of John de, and Warren son of Warren de Clyve. Fine —one messuage and six acres of land in Olde Wareton, near Clyve. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9.]

9 Edw. 2. Clotton, Roger, and John de Burton, Chaplain. Fine—a moiety of the manor of Clotton, a fourth part of the manor of Duddon, nine messuages, 40 acres of land, one acre of meadow, and 14*s.* 8*d.* rent in Wibbenbury, Aldelym, and Hacton. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *ms.* 9, 10.]

9 Edw. 2. Burnel, Alina who was the wife of Edward, against John Brescy. Dower of 27 acres of land, and of two parts of nine messuages, one water mill, and one acre of meadow in Munkes-Copenhal. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10, 23 *d.*]

—— The same against the same. Dower of two parts of 19 acres of land and two acres of meadow in Wich-Malbank. [*Ibid.*]

—— The same against Thomas Cradok. Dower of two parts of four acres of land in Wich-Malbank. [*Ibid.*]

—— The same against Richard del Lee. Dower of two parts of six acres of land in the same town. [*Ibid.*]

—— The same against Robert, son of John de Brescy. [*Ibid. m.* 14, 23 *d.*]

9 Edw. 2. Griffin, Katherine who was the wife of Roderic son of Griffin, against Thomas son of Roderic son of Griffin. Dower of eight messuages and 17 acres of land in Neuton, near Cudynton. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17.]

9 Edw. 2. Burnel, Alina who was the wife of Edward, against Thomas de Medeleye. Dower of three acres of land in Munkes-Copenhale, and against Thomas Scot. Dower of a moiety of one acre of land in the same town. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18, 30.]

—— The same against Roger de Brescy, junior. Dower of 2½ acres of land in Wich-Malbank. [*Ibid.*]

9 Edw. 2. Norbury, Alice who was the wife of Richard de, against William de Norbury. Dower of 13 messuages, 2½ carucates of land, five acres of meadow, and four acres of moss in Norbury. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18, 27, 32 *d.*]

9 Edw. 2. Venables, Thomas de, and Emma his wife, and Richard Pypot and Matilda his wife. Fine. [Lands not given.] [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18.]

9 Edw. 2. Mainwaring, "Meinwaring," Alice who was the wife of Randal de. Dower. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23.]

9 Edw. 2. Lostok, Agnes who was the wife of William de, against Richard Burdon. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23.]

9 Edw. 2. Burnel, Alina who was the wife of Edward, against Roger de Bulkylegh. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23 *d.*]

9 Edw. 2. Stokport, Cicely who was the wife of Richard de, against Lucy who was the wife of Roger de Stokport. Dower of 29 messuages, 500 acres of land, 72 acres of pasture, 20 acres of meadow, 20 acres of wood, one water mill, and 6*s.* 8*d.* rent in Bredbury, Wyrnith, Romelegh, and Hatterslegh. The said Lucy says she holds the said tenements by demise from Richard de Stokport, with reversion to Joan, daughter and heir of the aforesaid Richard, and wife of Nicholas de Eyton, and vouches to warranty the same Nicholas and Joan. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23 *d*, 34, 38.]

9 Edw. 2. Blecchelegh, Richard, and David de Barton and Margaret his wife. Fines. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23 *d.*]

9 Edw. 2. Bulkylegh, Robert de, and Felicia his wife, and Richard their son, and William Wade of Hulm and Mary his wife. Fine. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23 *d.*]

9 Edw. 2. Ruyecroft, Hugh de, and Randal de Lytteloure. Fine. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23 *d.*]

9 Edw. 2. Bulkylegh, and John son of Roger de Walgherton, and Sibyl his wife. Fine. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23 *d.*]

9 Edw. 2. Coventry and Lichfield, Walter, Bishop of, and Richard son of Richard del Hogh. Fine—50 acres of land, one acre of meadow, and 12 acres of pasture in Hogh, near Wybbenbury. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 27.]

10 Edw. 2. Chester, Hospital of St. John. Inquisition taken upon a writ of 'certiorari' as to certain alienations made of the lands of the said hospital by those

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

who had been wardens of the same, setting forth the property alienated, and by whom held at the time of making the inquest. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 28 *d.*]

9 Edw. 2. Douefyn, Beatrix who was the wife of Gilbert, against William son of Gilbert Dodefyn. Dower. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 29.]

9 Edw. 2. Buddeworth, Margery who was the wife of Richard de, against William Ademet. Dower of three messuages, four bovates of land, two acres of meadow, and of a moiety of one water mill in Hertford. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 29 *d.*]

—— The same against Thomas de Buddeworth. Dower of 24 acres of land and two acres of meadow in Buddeworth; the said Thomas vouches to warranty Robert le Grosvenor, of Budworth. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 29 *d*, 33 *d.*]

9 Edw. 2. Burnel, Alina who was the wife of Edward, against Matilda daughter of Thomas de Aldelyme. Dower of two parts of 20 acres of land in Aston, near Sondè; the said Matilda vouches to warranty Thomas de Aldelyme. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2 *m.* 30, 39 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Hokenhull, Felicia who was the wife of Thomas de, against Robert son of Thomas de Hokenhull. Dower of one messuage, two bovates of land, and two kiddles in Chirchesho and Tewyk, and against Hugh son of Thomas de Hokenhull. Dower of 24 acres of land, six acres of meadow, and one acre of wood in Hokenhull; the said Robert and Hugh vouch to warranty Richard son of Thomas de Hokenhull. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 32 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Roter, Anilia who was the wife of Richard le, of Kyngeslegh, against Richard son of Richard le Roter. Dower of two messuages and four bovates of land in Haselwell. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 33.]

10 Edw. 2. Buyrton, Thomas son of Richard de, and Alice his wife, and John de Stonlegh, Chaplain. Fine. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 33 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Greves, Roger del, and William de Leghton. Fine. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 33 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Bryd, Hugh son of David le, of Broxon, and Richard son of Ughtred, of Boulesworth and Mabel his wife. Fine. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 33 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Crue, Thomas son of Patrick de, and John son of Henry de Stonlegh, and Ellen his wife. Fine. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 33 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Browe, William, of Tussingham, and John son of Hugh de Tussingham, and Eva his wife. Fine. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 33 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Wygelond, John son of William de, and William de Wygelond. Fine. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 33 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Leche, William le, of Bryddesmere, and Adam de Brouneshurst, senior. Fine. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 33 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Cholmundelegh, Richard de, and Thomas son of William de Sonde. Fine. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 33 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Pull, Reginald de, and Joan his wife, and Robert de Dutton. Fine. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 33 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Burnel, Alina who was the wife of Edward, against William de Pull. Dower of two parts of 12 acres of land in Wich-Malbank, and against William son of William son of Mabel, Dower of two parts of one messuage, 18 acres of land, and three acres of wood. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 34 *d.*]

—— The same against Philip de Benthall. Dower of two messuages and 30 acres, and one acre of meadow in Munkes-Copenhale, and of two parts of 23 acres of land in Wich-Malbank; the said Philip vouches to warranty John de Haulou and Matilda his wife. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 34 *d.*]

—— The same against Roger de Bulkylegh and Ellen his wife. Dower of two parts of eight messuages, three salt pits, one carucate of land, three acres of wood, two parts of a water mill, nine parts of two mills, ninth part of a certain profit issuing "del Tolstok," and of a certain other profit arising from five free tolls of the passage of Broneshurst, viz., to receive a penny from every foreign cart loaded, a halfpenny for every horse load, and a farthing for the porterage of a man; of the Serjeancy and Bedelry of Wich-Malbank, and 60*s.* rent in the same town. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 35.]

—— The same against Roger de Bulkylegh. Dower of two parts of three messuages, 73 acres of land, and 10 acres of wood in Wich-Malbank; against Thomas de Clyve, Dower of two parts of one messuage and

No. 4.—Welsh Records : Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

six acres of land in the same town. Against Roger de Brescy, junior, Dower of 2½ acres and one rood of land in the same town. Against William, son of Thomas, son of Margery, Dower of two parts of eight acres of wood in the same town. Against Hugh de Erdeswyk, Dower of two parts of 10 acres of land in the same town. Against Richard del Brok, Dower of two parts of 6½ acres of land in the same town, and against Robert, son of Margery, Dower of two parts of 12 acres of land in the same town. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 35.]

—— The same against Robert, son of John de Brescy. Dower of 22 acres of land and 44 acres of wood in Munkes-Copenhale. Against Adam de Parker, and Stephen and John his sons, Dower of two parts of eight messuages, 100½ acres of land, and six acres of wood in the same town. Against Adam le Parker, Dower of two messuages and 44 acres of land in the same town. Against Hugh de Copenhale, Dower of two parts of four acres of land in the same town. Against Richard del Brok, Dower of one messuage, 18 acres of land, and six acres of wood in the same town. Against Roger de Brescy, Dower of two parts of 10 acres of land in the same town. Against Robert de Stapel', Dower of one messuage and 18 acres of land in the same town, and against William de Wodehouses and Richard his son, Dower of five acres of land in the same town. Adam le Parker, and Stephen and John his sons, and Hugh de Copenhale vouch to warranty John Haulon and Matilda his wife. [*Ibid. m.* 36 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Fitton, "Fytoun," Thomas, and Isabel his wife, against Jordan de Macclesfield and Milicent his wife, who was the wife of Thomas de Macclesfield. Dower of 12 messuages, 180 acres of land, five acres of meadow, and two acres of brush in Gowesworth; the said Jordan and Milicent vouch to warranty William de Modberlegh. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 38. 10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1, 5 *d*, 10.]

10 Edw. 2. Trussel, Matilda who was the wife of William Trussel, junior, and . . . . . Longespy, chaplain. Fine. [9 & 10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 38 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Ponte, Robert de, of Stokport, and Richard de Wordele and Cicely his wife, Fine—a tenement in Stokport. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

10 Edw. 2. Bulkylegh, William de, and Thomas de Sladehurst and Alice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Bulkylegh. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

10 Edw. 2. Bruyn, Richard le, junior, and Richard le Couper and Alice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Wymbaldestrofford. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

10 & 11 Edw. 2. Bordhewere, Margery who was the wife of Thomas le, against William son of Randal de Knotesford. Dower of one messuage and one acre of land in Knotesford. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2 *d*, 31 *d.*]

The said William vouches to warranty Adam, Chaplain of Tatton. [*Ibid. m.* 6 *d*, 14 *d*, 27.]

The said Adam vouches to warranty Thomas Lylicok. [*Ibid. m.* 17 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Hokenhull, Felicia who was the wife of Thomas de, against Richard son of Thomas de Hokenhull. Dower of the manors of Hokenhull and Chircheshotewyk, excepting two messuages, one bovate, 29 acres of land, three acres of meadow, and two fisheries in the aforesaid manors. Against Robert son of Thomas de Hokenhull, Dower of one messuage, one bovate and six acres of land, and two fisheries in Chircheshotewyk and against, Hugh son of Thomas de Hokenhull, Dower of 20 acres of land and three acres of meadow in Hokenhull. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 4.]

10 Edw. 2. Burnel, Alina who was the wife of Edward, against John de Haulowe and Matilda his wife. Dower of two parts of one messuage and 12 acres of land in Wich-Malbank. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 4.]

10 Edw. 2. Roderic, Thomas son of, and William son of Reginald and Wlados'. Fine—a tenement in Horton, near Malpas. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Reve, Hugo le, and William de Tydrinton and Cicely his wife. Fine—a tenement in Stokport. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Praers, Robert son of William de, and James son of Roger Chany. Fine—a tenement in Wylaston, near Wich-Malbank. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Fouleshurst, Hugh de, and Jordan Wrygh' and Felicia his wife. Fine—a tenement in Wich-Malbank. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Parker, Adam le, and Alice his wife, against John son of Richard de Oldynton. Dower of 33*s.* 4*d.* rent in Leghton, near Copenhale. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5 *d*, 10.]

10 Edw. 2. Starky, Geoffrey, and Richard son of Henry Donn. Fine—a tenement in Berthynton. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9 *d.*]

No. 4.—Welsh Records : Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

10 Edw. 2. Gerard, Margaret who was the wife of William, against William son of William Gerard. Dower. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10]

10 Edw. 2. Haselwelle, William son of Lord Patrick. Charter of, granting the manor of Thurstaneston in fee-tail to Robert Glasham and Cicely his wife, together with the reversion of a rent of 40*s.* within the said manor held for life by Anilia daughter of Patrick de Haselwelle. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Dutton, William and Cicely his wife, and William del Dene, Chaplain. Fine—a tenement in Asshelegh. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15.]

10 Edw. 2. Bulkylegh, William de, and William Body of Bulkylegh and Eva his wife. Fine—a tenement in Bulkylegh. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15.]

10 Edw. 2. Puddyng, Adam, and William Puddyng and Agnes his wife. Fine—tenements in Sprouston. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15.]

10 Edw. 2. Fouleshurst, Richard de, and Thomas de Westhorpe and Cicely his wife. Fine—tenements in Wich-Malbank. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15.]

10 Edw. 2. Bruyn, Robert le, and John de Burton, Chaplain. Fine—tenements in Bruyne-Stapelford, Burton, Guyldenesutton, and Wymbaldestroghford. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15.]

10 Edw. 2. Lostok, Agnes who was the wife of Richard de, against Eve who was the wife of William le Cartewrighte, and William her son. Dower of 12 acres of land in Plumlegh. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15 *d*, 17 *d.*]

—— The same against Richard son of Robert le Druye del Bothe. Dower of two messuages, 20 acres of land, and one acre of wood in Lostok. The said Richard vouches to warranty Alice daughter and heir of William de Coton. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15 *d*, 20, 27.]

—— The said Alice died, and the said Richard vouches to warranty John son of John de Coton kinsman and heir of the said Alice. [*Ibid. m.* 27. 11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3.]

10 Edw. 2. Spaldshine, Henry, of Tiverton, son of Henry de Spaldshine, of Minshull. Charter of, granting to Robert de Bulkylegh and Felicia his wife, and Richard their son, and his heirs or assigns, all his the said Robert's right and claim to the lands and tenements in Chirchehulm, which the said Robert, Felicia, and Richard had by demise from Lord Robert de Monte-Alto. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 16 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Roer, John, and Robert son of Robert de Multon. Fine—a tenement in Stanthurn. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Clerk, Ken'. le, of Egge, and Sibyl his wife, and Hona son of Hona son of Eynon and Alice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Great Egge. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Brugge, Robert del, and Richard de Worthlegh and Cicely his wife. Fine—a tenement in Stokport. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Parker, Adam le, and Alice his wife, and Richard Glew and Alice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Monkescopenhale. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Alkemundelowe, Cicely who was the wife of Adam de, against Robert de Alkemundelowe. Dower of a tenement in Morton, near Newbold. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18.]

10 Edw. 2. Lostok, Agnes who was the wife of Richard de, against Walter son of Hawis'. Dower of eight acres of land in Lostok-Gralam. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 20.]

—— The same against Roger son of William de Tofte, and Margery his wife. Dower of three messuages, 36 acres of land, four acres of turbary, and a moiety of two mills in Plumlegh, also of three messuages, 36 acres of land, four acres of turbary, and a moiety of a mill in Lostok-Gralam. [*Ibid.*, and 22 *d*, 34.]

—— The same against William de Bradelegh and Agnes his wife. Dower. [*Ibid.*]

10 Edw. 2. Noble, Alice who was the wife of John le, against John son of William Cuttegore. Dower of one messuage in Wich-Malbank. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 20.]

10 Edw. 2. Coroun, Thomas de, "Dominus de Parva Neston." Charter of, granting in fee-simple to John le Blound, citizen of Chester, the manors of Parva Neston and Hargreve, in Wyrhale, excepting a third part of the said manors which Lucy de Corcun held in dower, and excepting the tenements which Margaret who was the wife of John de Coroun, held in dower. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 21 *d.*]

—— The same with respect to the reversions of the lands held in dower, as stated in the foregoing entry. [*Ibid.*]

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

10 Edw. 2. Acton, Catherine who was the wife of Allen de, against Master Nicholas de Wyninton. Dower of one salt pit and a moiety of one messuage in Northwich, and against Henry de Leftewych, Chaplain, Dower of two messuages in the same town. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 22 *d.*]

—— The said Nicholas vouches to warranty Richard Russel, citizen of Chester. [10 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1 *d*, 4, 6 *d*, 9, 13, 17 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Praers, Robert son of William de, junior, and William son of Robert de Praers. Fine—a tenement in Burlond. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 22 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Serjaunt, Alice who was the wife of Ralph le, of Hatherton, against William de Greysty. Dower of one messuage and 10 acres of land in Hatherton. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Coroun, Lucy who was the wife of Hugh de, against Patrick Drury. Dower of one messuage and two bovates of land in Parva Neston. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23 *d*, 27 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Noble, Alice who was the wife of John le, against John son of William Cuttegore. Dower of a moiety of one salt pit in Wich-Malbank. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 24.]

10 & 11 Edw. 2. Bruyn, Robert le, of Stapelford, and Agnes his wife, late wife of William Daynel, against Simon de Merbury and Idonea his wife. Dower of nine messuages, four bovates of land, 17 acres of wood, and a fourth part of one mill in Over-Walton. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 27 *d*, 35. 11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3.]

—— The same against Hugh de Standish. [*Ibid. m.* 31.]

10 Edw. 2. Ballede, Agnes who was the wife of Madoc le, of Egerton, against Margaret, who was the wife of Philip de Eggerton. Dower of 12 acres of land, one acre of meadow, and 1 acre of moor, in Eggerton. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 27 *d*, 31 *d*, 36.]

10 Edw. 2. Baggelegh, Geoffrey son of William, and Roger de Platte. Fine—tenement in Norworthyn and Kenworthy. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 28 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Bulkylegh, Thomas de, and Adam son of Adam de Kelshale and Eve his wife. Fine—a tenement in Kelshale. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 28 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Aldelyme, William de, and Elizabeth his wife, and Robert de Trusselegh, Chaplain. Fine—a tenement in Aldelyme. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 28 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Westkirkely, Richard de, clerk, and Anabel his wife, and Gilbert son of Gilbert de Tranemor and Agnes his wife. Fine—a tenement in Morton and Budeston. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 28 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Bulkylegh, Robert de, and Felicia his wife and Richard their son, and Adam le Parker and Alice his wife. Fine—tenements in Sutton, near Eccleston, Tetton, and Wermyncham. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 28 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Gerard, John, and Adam le Parker and Alice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Monekescopenhale. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 28 *d.*]

10 Edw. 2. Echeles, Richard de, and Margaret his wife, against William son of Randal de Oldynton. Dower of a tenement in Le Lowe, near Buddeworth. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 29.]

11 Edw. 2. Codynton, John de, Clerk, and Ralph, son of Hugh de Hanlegh. Fine—a tenement in Great Aldresey. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 30.]

11 Edw. 2. Turnok, Alice who was the wife of Roger de, against Thomas de Westedish. Dower of seven acres of land in Somerford, near Merton. Against John Syberd, Dower of 1½ acre of land in the same town. Against Thomas son of Roger le Corkere, Dower of one messuage and two acres of land in the same town. Against Thomas son of Thomas de Westedish, Dower of four acres of land in the same town. Against William de Swetenham, Dower of one messuage and three acres of land in the same town. Against John de Holey, Dower of one messuage and two acres of land in the same town. Against Margery daughter of Richard son of Henry de Somerford, Dower of one messuage and one garden in the same town. Against John son of William de Somerford, Dower of three acres of land in the same town. Against Henry son of Lucy, Dower of one messuage and seven acres of land in the same town, and against Adam son of Richard de Sydinton, Dower of one messuage and eight acres of land in the same town. A jury say, that the said Alice was not entitled to dower as she left her husband and lived in adultery with one Richard de Sydinton. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 30 *d.*]

11 Edw. 2. Swetenham, Richard de, and Margery his wife, late wife of Ralph de Vernon of Whatecroft, against Richard son of the said Ralph. Dower of 12 acres of

No. 4.—Welsh Records : Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

land in Whatecroft ; the said Richard son of Ralph, vouches to warranty Nicholas son of Nicholas de Vernon. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 31. 11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 4 *d.*]

11 Edw. 2. Egerton, Margaret who was the wife of Philip de, against Randal son of David de Eggerton. Dower of a third part of the manors of Larketon and Egge ; the said Randal vouches to warranty David de Eggerton. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 31 *d.* 11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6 *d*, 12.]

11 Edw. 2. Wyninton, John de, junior, and Alice his wife, and Adam de Twenebrokes and Amicia his wife. Fine—a tenement in Twenebrokes, near Wytton. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 31 *d.*]

11 Edw. 2. Chedle, Roger de, and Matilda his wife, and Robert de Chedle. Fine—tenements in Chedle, Clifton, and Hale. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 31 *d.*]

11 Edw. 2. Bruyn, Richard le, of Wymbaldestroghford, and Margaret his wife, late wife of William son of John Toround, against Henry son of John Toround. Dower of two parts of one messuage and 14 acres of land in Rouacre, in Wyrhale ; the said Henry vouches to warranty William son of William Toround. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 34. 11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5 *d.*]

11 Edw. 2. Maynwaring, John son of Randal. Charter of, granting to William de Modberlegh all his the said John's right and claim to the lands and tenements held by the said William in the town of Muclewerford. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 35 *d.*]

—— The same, quitting claim to Robert de Bulkylegh and Felicia his wife and Richard their son, and his heirs, all right to the lands and tenements held by the said Robert, Felicia, and Richard in Ocleston, Sutton, near Ocleston, Wermyncham, Tetton, and Neuton, near Middlewich. [*Ibid.*]

11 Edw. 2. Oldynton, William son of Roger de, and Roger son of William son of Randal de Walgharton. Fine—tenements in Walgherton and Hatherton. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 35 *d.*]

11 Edw. 2. Buyrton, John de, and Agnes his wife, and Thomas de Wrennebury. Fine—tenements in Buyrton and Aldelyme. [10 & 11 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 35 *d.*]

11 Edw. 2. Dun, Alice who was the wife of Richard, against Ralph le Mercer. Dower of a tenement in Wich-Malbank. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3.]

11 Edw. 2. Gerard, William son of William. Charter of Randle, Earl of Chester, granting to the said William the following liberties, viz., House-bote, Hay-bote, and Fire-bote, freedom from suit of court, both for the county and the hundred, and licence to purchase land throughout all the lands of the said Earl. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 4 *d.*]

11 Edw. 2. Turnok, Alice who was the wife of Roger de, against Thomas de Westedysh. Dower of a tenement in Somerford. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5.]

—— The same against Margaret daughter of Richard son of Henry de Somerford. Dower of one messuage and one garden in Somerford, near Merton. [*Ibid.*, and *m.* 7.]

11 Edw. 2. Codynton, clerk, Robert son of Robert de, and Warren Blound and Petronilla his wife. Fine—a tenement in Homecristelton. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6 *d.*]

11 Edw. 2. Becheton, Matthew de, Anabel his wife, and Richard Norton, Chaplain. Fine—a tenement in Becheton. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6 *d.*]

11 Edw. 2. Wetenhale, John de, senior, and Agnes his wife, and Margery daughter of John de Ardene. Fine—a tenement in Wetenhale. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6 *d.*]

11 Edw. 2. Lostok, Agnes who was the wife of Richard de, against Walter son of Hawis'. Dower of one messuage and 30 acres of land in Plumlegh ; the said Walter vouches to warranty Roger son of William de Tofte. [11 & 12 *Edw* 2. *m.* 8 *d.*]

11 Edw. 2. Coton, William de, and Adam de Ousecroft and Margery his wife. Fine—tenements in Tervyn. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

11 Edw. 2. Brichull, Hugh son of Hugh de, and Hugh de Brichull and Maria his wife. Fine—a tenement in Neuton, near Upton. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

11 Edw. 2. Stanlegh, Adam de, and William de Stanlegh and Joan his wife. Fine—a tenement in Storton. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

11 Edw. 2. Stanelegh, Robert son of Ralph de, and Robert son of Martin de Heghrode. Fine—the manor of Stanelegh. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

11 Edw. 2. Coton, John de, and Thomas son of John de Coton. Fine—a tenement in Wymbaldelegh. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12.]

No. 4.—Welsh Records : Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

11 Edw. 2. Leche, William son of William le, and Joan his wife, and William de Greysty and Joan his wife, and Ameria daughter of the said William de Greysty. Fine—tenements in Walgherton and Wich-Malbank. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13 *d.*]

11 Edw. 2. Greysty, William de, and William son of William le Leche, and Joan his wife, and Ameria daughter of the same William son of William. Fine—tenements in Bryddesmere and Dodynton. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13 *d.*]

11 Edw. 2. Fouleshurst, Richard de, and Robert son of Ralph son of Clement. Fine—a tenement in Wich-Malbank. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13.]

11 Edw. 2. Dunhod, William, Chaplain, and Philip Mody and Agnes his wife. Fine—a tenement in Croxton. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14.]

12 Edw. 2. Crue, Alice who was the wife of Patrick de, against Matthew de Hulgreve. Dower of one messuage and 10 acres of land in L . . . ., near Copenhale. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14.]

12 Edw. 2. Tofte, Idonea who was the wife of Hugh de, against Thomas son of Roger de Tofte. Dower of six acres of land in Tofte, near Pevere. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 16 *d.*]

12 Edw. 2. Crannache, Henry de, and Geoffrey de Crannache Chaplain. Fine—a moiety of the manor of Crannage. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 16 *d.*]

12 Edw. 2. Baggelegh, William de, junior, and Robert son of Henry de Godelegh. Fine—the manor of Godelegh. [11 & 12 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 16 *d.*]

13 Edw. 2. Queloc, Amicia who was the wife of Randal de, against Richard de Pecton. Dower of one messuage, 30 acres of land, one acre of meadow, and one acre of moor in Queloc, near Sondbache. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1, 3.]

13 Edw. 2. Ardene, Margery daughter of John de, and John son of John de. Fine—the manors of Aldeford and Alderdelegh, with the advowsons of the churches of Aldeford and Alderdelegh. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

13 Edw. 2. Dutton, Hugo de, and Roger, Chaplain of Buddeworth. Fine—the manor of Kecwyk. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

13 Edw. 2. Wall, Henry del, Chaplain, and Richard de Trafford. Fine—tenements in Hulm and Wallefeld, near Congelton. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

13 Edw. 2. Pulford, Alice who was the wife of Richard son of Ralph de, against Walter de Verdon and Joan his wife. Dower of three messuages, five bovates of land, and one acre of meadow in Pulford and Buyrton, near Golburn. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2 *d*, 13 *d.*]

13 Edw. 2. Vernon, Margaret who was the wife of Ralph de, junior, against Thomas son of Ralph de Vernon, senior, and Joan his wife. Dower of 12 messuages, 160 acres of land, five acres of meadow, 10 acres of wood, 100 acres of pasture and moss, and of two parts of two mills, in Lostok Gralam. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2 *d*, 3 *d.*]

13 Edw. 2. Buddeworth, Margery who was the wife of Richard de, against Mabel who was the wife of Thomas de. Dower of 22 acres of land and two acres of meadow in Buddeworth ; the said Mabel vouches to warranty Robert le Grovenour of Buddeworth. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3, 8, 15, 19 *d.* 14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

13 Edw. 2. Eggerton, Maria who was the wife of Philip de, against William son of Philip de Eggerton, and Ellen daughter of Philip de Eggerton. Dower of three messuages and 30 acres of land in Wordhull. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5, 8.]

13 Edw. 2. Hadelegh, Annabel who was the wife of William son of Richard de, against William Inge and Isolda his wife, and Hugh de Hadelegh. Dower of four messuages, 40 acres of land, four acres of meadow, and of a fourth part of one mill in Bulkylegh. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5, 8.]

13 Edw. 2. Hunte, Henry son of Roger le, of Thelewall, and William de Alsacher. Fine—the manor of Alsacher. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5 *d.*]

13 Edw. 2. Vernon, Robert de, and Annabel his wife, and Hugh de Venables and Joan his wife. Fine—a tenement in Waverton, near Hatton. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5 *d.*]

13 Edw. 2. Calvylegh, Alice who was the wife of Hugh de, against John son of Hugh de Calvylegh. Dower of four messuages and 36 acres of land in Calvylegh ; the said John vouches to warranty Ken, son of Hugh de Calvylegh. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 7, 12.]

No. 4.—Welsh Records : Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

13 Edw. 2. Huntyndon, Felicia who was the wife of Richard de, against Walter, Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield. Dower of a fourth part of one mill in Tervyn, near Barewe; the said Walter vouches to warranty William son of Philip de Tervyn and Alice his wife. [13 & 14 *Edw.*2. *m.* 7 *d*, 13 *d.*]

13 Edw. 2. Fouleshurst, Richard de, and Ellen his wife, and William de Burstowe. Fine —a tenement in Neubold, near Edlaston. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8.]

13 Edw. 2. Vernoun, Margaret who was the wife of Ralph de, junior, against Edmund son of John de Mottrum. Dower of five messuages, 50 acres of land, and 10 acres of moor in Mottrum, near Prestebury, and against Robert Streth.' Dower of three messuages and 40 acres of land in the same town. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9 *d.*]

13 Edw. 2. Wystanston, William "Dominus" de. Charter of, granting in fee-simple, to Roger de Brescy, a fourth part of the wood and soil in Wystanston. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

13 Edw. 2. Hyde, John de, and William de Ruylegh, Chaplain. Fine—the manor of Northbury, in the hundred of Macclesfield, excepting seven messuages, and 100 acres of land, and a moiety of the manor of Hyde. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12 *d.*]

13 Edw. 2. Neuton, Ellen who was the wife of William son of Gilbert de, against Richard Erneys. Dower of five acres of land in Neuton, near Chester. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13, 16.]

13 Edw. 2. Praers, Robert de and Robert son of Daykin de Ovylegh, and Joan his wife. Fine—a tenement in Blakenhale. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13.]

13 Edw. 2. Thorp, William son of Robert de, and John son of Richard de Moston. Fine—the manor of Moston, near Wermyncham. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13 *d.*]

13 Edw. 2. Donecastre, William de, and Felicia his wife, and Robert de Markynton and Lucy his wife. Fine—tenements in Upton and Neuton, near Chester. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13 *d.*]

13 Edw. 2. Shaghe, Adam del, and Leticia his wife, and Richard del Hogh. Fine—a tenement in Blakenhale. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13 *d.*]

13 Edw. 2. Praers, Richard son of Thomas de, and Katherine his wife, and William son of Thomas de Praers. Fine—a tenement in Weston, near Crue. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15 *d.*]

13 Edw. 2. Mere, William de, and John son of Matthew de Hulgreve. Fine—a tenement in Mere, near Routhesthorn. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13 *d.*]

14 Edw. 2. Calvylegh, John de, and Margaret his wife, and John le Norreys and Nichola his wife. Fine—a tenement in Parva Caldey. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 19 *d.*]

14 Edw. 2. Hale, Agnes who was the wife of William son of Roger de, against Richard, son of Matthew de. Dower of nine acres of land in Hale. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 22 *d.*]

14 Edw. 2. Calvylegh, Ken' son of Richard de, and Robert de Leghes and Matilda his wife. Fine—tenements in Neubold and Astebury. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23.]

14 Edw. 2. Sondbache, Richard de, and Richard Thickecope and Lucy his wife. Fine —a tenement in Sondbache. [13 & 14 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 23.]

14 Edw. 2. Rydelegh, Sibyl who was the wife of William son of Hugh de, against Cicely who was the wife of Hugh de Rydelegh. Dower of a third part of the manor of Rydelegh, and of a third part of 22 messuages and 406 acres of land in Spurstowe, Halghton, and Chirchecristelton; and against Robert son of Hugh de Rydelegh. Dower of two parts of the manor of Rydelegh, and of two parts of a third part of 22 messuages and 406 acres of land in the same towns. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 4.]

14 Edw. 2. Praers, Robert de, and Urian his son, and William de Wystanston and Alice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Wystanston. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 4.]

14 Edw. 2. Venables, William de, of Neubold, and Alice his wife, and Richard de Bradefeld. Fine—tenements in Neubold. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8.]

14 Edw. 2. Mossok, Richard, Chaplain, and Hugh de Venables, of Waverton and Joan his wife. Fine—a fourth part, and a moiety of a fourth part of the manor of Waverton, near Hatton. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10 *d.*]

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

13 Edw. 2. Somery, John de, "Seigneur" de Duddelegh, and John son and heir of Richard de Sutton. Indenture, by which the said John Sutton enfeoffs for life the said John Somery of all his, the said John Sutton's, lands, tenements, wastes, and woods in the county of Chester; but so that the provisions of an indenture for levying a fine between the said John and John be not disturbed. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 11.]

14 Edw. 2. Holand, Robert de, and Richard Broun. Fine—tenements in Tyngetwysel. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12.]

14 Edw. 2. Roer, John, and William de Thorp. Fine—the manor of Stanthurn. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13.]

14 Edw. 2. Fouleshurst, Richard de, and Robert son of Ralph son of Clement, of Wich-Malbank, and Alice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Wich-Malbank. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13.]

14 Edw. 2. Vernon, Robert de, of Hatton, and Anabel his wife, and William son of Wronon, of Stapelford. Fine—a tenement in Foukestapelford. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15.]

14 Edw. 2. Lee, Robert del, and Thomas son of Robert de Lee. Fine—a tenement in Lee. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15 *d.*]

14 Edw. 2. Bolyngton, William de, and Thomas Daniers. Fine—a tenement in Bolyngton. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 19.]

14 Edw. 2. Foxwyst, Vivian de, and Edusa his wife, and Vivian de Colshaw, Chaplain. Fine—tenements in Bottelegh and Ravenowe. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 19.]

14 Edw. 2. Brid, Hugh le, of Broxon, and William son of Hona de Chirton and Lucy his wife. Fine—a tenement in Broxon. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 19.]

14 Edw. 2. Wryght, Robert le, and Robert de Lych and Margery his wife. Fine—tenements in Ins and Sutton. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 19.]

14 Edw. 2. Werleston, Thomas son of John de. Charter of, granting in fee simple all his claim in eight acres of land in Worleston, to Richard de Fouleshurst. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 19 *d.*]

14 Edw. 2. Preston, William de, and Alice his wife, against Richard son of Mayler. Dower of a tenement in Kynarton. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 19 *d.*]

15 Edw. 2. Bruer, Nicholas de le, and Sibyl his wife, and John Deken, Chaplain. Fine—tenements in Haselynton and Copenhale. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 24.]

15 Edw. 2. Buyrton, Peter, and William del Hogh. Fine—the manor of Buyrton, near Aldelyme. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 24.]

15 Edw. 2. Shagh, Bricius del, and John de Acton, Chaplain. Fine—tenements in Munkescopenhale and Chirchecopenhale. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 25.]

15 Edw. 2. Fouleshurst, Richard de, and Ellen his wife, and Robert son of Matthew de Becheton. Fine—the manor of Edlaston. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 25 *d.*]

15 Edw. 2. Coton, William de and William son of Philip de Tervyn and Alice his wife. Fine—tenements in Tervyn and Ousecroft. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 25 *d.*]

15 Edw. 2. Baggelegh, William de, senior, and Stephen de Trafford and Isabel his wife. Fine—the manor of Lostok. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 25 *d.*]

15 Edw. 2. Marchumlegh, Richard de, and William de Cuttegore, of Wych-Malbank, and Margaret his wife. Fine—a tenement in Wich-Malbank. [14 & 15 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 25 *d.*]

15 Edw. 2. Wynington, Elisabeth who was the wife of John de, against Margaret daughter of John de Wynington, and John de Wynington, junior. Dower. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 4.]

15 Edw. 2. Chaunci, Margaret who was the wife of William son "Domini Philippi" de. Indenture of, demising the two parts of the manor of Cotes, and all the lands and tenements in Schraytefeld held by her in dower of the gift of the said William, to Gilbert de Toutebi and Joan his wife, for 20 marks of silver yearly. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 4.]

15 Edw. 2. Brerton, William de, senior, and Roesia his wife, and Simon de Blaston and Joan his wife. Fine—a tenement in Tervyn. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6 *d.*]

15 Edw. 2. Wynnington, Elizabeth who was the wife of John de, against Margaret daughter of John de Wynington. Dower of four messuages, one salt pit, one carucate of land, 16 acres of meadow, 10 acres of wood, and one water mill, in Northwich, Wynnyngton, and Gropenhale. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8.]

No. 4.—Welsh Records : Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

15 Edw. 2. Dutton, Hugh de, and Richard de Derresbury, Chaplain. Fine—a tenement in Dutton. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8, *bis.*]

—— The same. Fine—the manor of Dutton. [*Ibid.*]

15 Edw. 2. Mascy, Hamond de, and Joan his wife, and Adam de Maclesfeld, Chaplain. Fine—the manors of Dunham, Kelshale, Hale, Altrincham, Budstan, Salghale, and Murton, and the advowson of the priory of Birkhened. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8.]

—— The same. Fine of three parts and a fourth part of one knight's fee in Bromhale, Dunkenefeld, Baggelegh, Carinton, Asshton, Partynton, Echeles, Bredbury, Rumilegh, Brunyngton, Asshelegh, and Timperlegh. [*Ibid.*]

15 Edw. 2. Ingham, Oliver de, and Hamond de Mascy. Fine—one and a fourth part of one knight's fee in Tatton, Knutesford, Olreton, Neuton, Godilegh, Wermuth, and Morton. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8.]

15 Edw. 2. Baggelegh, William de, and Amery his wife, and Hugh de Norworthyn, Chaplain. Fine—tenements in Baggelegh, Echeles, and Hyde. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

15 Edw. 2. Greysty, William de, and Thomas son of John de Greysty. Fine—a tenement in Walgherton. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

15 Edw. 2. Hoton, William de, and James de Coghull and Agnes his wife. Fine—a tenement in Hoton. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

15 Edw. 2. Hoton, William de, and Henry de Chorleton and Margery his wife. Fine—a tenement in Morton, near Salghale. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

15 Edw. 2. Brok', Richard son of Thomas del, of Leghton, and Thomas del Brok', of Leghton, senior. Fine—a tenement near Copenhale. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

15 Edw. 2. Praers, Robert son of William de, and John son of John de Alvaldeston, and Alice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Wistanston. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

15 Edw. 2. Codynton, John de, Clerk, and William son of Thomas de Farndon and Agnes his wife. Fine—tenements in Codynton and Barton. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 11 *d.*]

15 Edw. 2. Praers, Robert de, and John Eliot and Avice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Wistanston. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12 *d.*]

15 Edw. 2. Praers, Robert de, and John de Harpour and Agnes his wife. Fine—a tenement in Wistanston. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12 *d.*]

15 Edw. 2. Bostok, Adam de, and Robert de Sudlowe and Avice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Waverton, near Bostok. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12 *d.*]

15 Edw. 2. Bostok, Adam de, and Richard son of Hugh de Merton and Margery his wife. Fine—a tenement in Waverton, near Bostok. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12 *d.*]

15 Edw. 2. Fouleshurst, Ralph de, and Robert son of Ralph son of Clement, of Wich-Malbank and Alice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Wich-Malbank. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12 *d.*]

15 Edw. 2. Whelok, Thomas de, and Juliana his wife, and Ralph de Hassale, Chaplain. Fine—the manor of Whelok. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12 *d.*]

15 Edw. 2. Simond, Richard, Chaplain, and John de Wrennebury. Fine—a tenement in Wrennebury. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12 *d.*]

15 Edw. 2. Feure, William le, Chaplain, and John de Oldinton. Fine—a tenement in Oldinton. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12 *d.*]

16 Edw. 2. Chester. Dissension having arisen between the Abbot and Convent of Chester, and the Mayor and Commonalty of the city, touching the closing of the postern of the said abbey in the wall of the city contiguous to the abbey, it was covenanted, that the said Abbot and Convent and their successors should hold the said postern closed in time of peace, on condition that they made a drawbridge across the ditch in the garden of the said abbey, and supported the said bridge, and took such measures for the security of the city as they should deem fit, by the custody of the keys and drawing the said bridge ; and that they destroyed the great gate erected by them in their own proper wall and kept the place closed ; in lieu of which the said Mayor and Commonalty were to permit the said Abbot to make another postern in the place outside the walls of the convent in which the swinesty was accustomed to be, the said door to be of such dimensions that a man on foot might lead a horse through without difficulty, the same to be closed in time of war should the safety of the city require it. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15.]

No. 4.—Welsh Records : Deeds, Inquisitions. &c.—*continued.*

15 Edw. 2. Fouleshurst, Richard de, and Robert son of Ralph son of Clement, of Wich-Malbank and Alice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Wich-Malbank. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15 *d.*]

16 Edw. 2. Haurthyn, Adam de, and Matilda his wife, who was the wife of Adam de Thelewall, against Thomas de Apelton. Dower of two messuages and 14 acres of land in Twenbrokes, and against Ralph de Clayton. Dower of six acres of land in the same town. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18.]

16 Edw. 2. Salghale, Lucy, who was the wife of Robert son of Henry de, and Richard le Erle. Fine—a tenement in Salghale Mascy. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18 *d.*]

16 Edw. 2. Roop, Richard de, and William son of Richard de Roop. Fine—a tenement in Roop. [15 & 16 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18 *d.*]

16 Edw. 3. Hogh, Hugh son of Richard del', and Richard de Hogh. Fine—tenements in Blakenhale, and Hogh, near Wybbunbury. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

16 Edw. 2. Hole, John de, and Matilda his wife, and William de Stone, Chaplain. Fine—a tenement in Hole. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

16 Edw. 2. Haurthyn, Adam de, and Matilda his wife, late wife of Adam de Thelewall, against Ralph de Clayton. Dower of six acres of land in Twenbrokes. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5, 7.]

16 Edw. 2. Tervyn, Margery who was the wife of John son of Philip de, against William de Brerton, senior. Dower of one messuage and one bovate of land in Tervyn. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5.]

16 Edw. 2. Modberlegh, William de, and John de Holeye. Fine—a tenement in Somerford, near Merton. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5.]

16 Edw. 2. Fouleshurst, Richard de, and Richard de Eccleshale and Margery his wife. Fine—a tenement in Wich-Malbank. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5.]

16 Edw. 2. Praers, William son of Robert de, and William son of William Wodenot. Fine—a tenement in Burlond. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8 *d.*]

16 Edw. 2. Vaghan, Margaret who was the wife of Thomas, and Richard de Pulford and Agnes his wife. Fine—a tenement in Upton, near Chester. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

16 Edw. 2. Mere, Edusa who was the wife of Richard del, against John son of Peter de Buyrton. Dower of one messuage, one carucate of land, and two acres of meadow in Buyrton, near Aldelyme. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 11.]

16 Edw. 2. Fouleshurst, Richard de, and Ellen his wife, and Robert son of Ralph son of Clement, of Wich-Malbank and Alice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Wich-Malbank. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 11 *d*, 14 *a.*]

16 Edw. 2. Donecaster, William de, and Felicia his wife, and Margeret Vaghan. Fine—tenements in Le Bache, Neuton, and Upton, near Chester. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14 *a.*]

16 Edw. 2. Weure, Thomas son of Henry de, and David de Calvylegh and Mabel his wife. Fine—tenements in Middlewich, Curteyshulm, and Clyve. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14 *a.*]

17 Edw. 2. Frodesham, John son of John son of Walter de, and Thomas Torfot and Agnes his wife. Fine—a tenement in Frodesham. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17.]

17 Edw. 2. Eggerton, Alice who was the wife of David son of Thomas de, against Eygnoun son of Thomas de Eggerton. Dower of one messuage and four acres of land in Eggerton ; the said Eygnoun vouches to warranty Richard son of David de Eggerton. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 17.]

17 Edw. 2. Ruycroft, Hugh de, and Hugh de Chedle, Chaplain. Fine of a tenement in Asshelegh. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 20.]

17 Edw. 2. Boydel, Richard son of William de, and William de Boydel. Fine—the manor of Lacheford. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 20.]

17 Edw. 2. Halgh, Hugh del, Chaplain, and Richard son of William de Chorleton and Roesia his wife. Fine—a tenement in Wyreswall. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 20.]

17 Edw. 2. Byck, Juliana who was the wife of William son of William, against Philip del Halgh. Dower of a tenement in Le Malpas. [16 & 17 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 20.]

17 Edw. 2. Hert, Joan who was the wife of William son of William, against Roger de Leycester. Dower of one messuage and four acres of land in Nethertabbelegh ; the said Roger vouches to warranty Peter de Dutton. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1, 3, 8. 18 & 19 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9, 11. 19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2, 7 *d*, 9.]

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

17 Edw. 2. Spenser, William de, de Brereton, and William de Wynchyneshaghe and Isabel his wife. Fine—a tenement in Brereton. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

17 Edw. 2. More, Richard del, and Felicia his wife, and John de Bertumlegh, Chaplain. Fine—a tenement in Crue, near Bertumlegh. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2.]

17 Edw. 2. Lostok, Roesia who was the wife of Thomas de, against William de Modberlegh. Dower of a moiety of the manor of Plomlegh. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 2, 5.]

17 Edw. 2. Praers, Robert de, and John Griffyn. Fine—a tenement in Weston, near Bertumlegh. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3.]

—— The same—tenements in Chorleton and Weston, near Burtumlegh. [*Ibid.*]

17 Edw. 2. Praers, Richard son of Robert de, and Ellen his wife, and William de Praers parson of the church of Bertumlegh. Fine—the manor of Dodynton. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3 *d.*]

17 Edw. 2. Praers, Robert de, and William de, parson of the church of Bertumlegh. Fine—tenements in Blakenhale and Chatkylegh. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3 *d.*]

17 Edw. 2. Brereton, William de, senior, and Adam de Ousecroft and Margery his wife. Fine—a tenement in Tervyn. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3 *d.*]

17 Edw. 2. Palmer, Alina who was the wife of Nicholas le Palmer, against John Russel. Dower of two messuages in Wich-Malbank, and against Robert le Maistersone. Dower of one messuage in the same town. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5 *d.*]

17 Edw. 2. Malpas, Juliana who was the wife of William son of William de, against John de Sutton. Dower of one messuage in Malpas. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6.]

13 Edw. 2. Burdegalia, Oliver de. Grant for life by Edward Prince of Wales, and Earl of Chester, to the said Oliver and Matilda his wife, and their tenants of the manor of Assheton, of the right of feeding all their cattle in the forest of Mere. Dated 13 *Edw.* 2. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6.]

11 Edw. 2. Grant to, by the same, to inclose and cultivate the wastes in their manors of Wylaston, Blakene, Ashton, and Rode, within the bounds of the Earl's forests, in the county of Chester, and to hold the same so inclosed and cultivated to them and the heirs of the said Matilda for ever. Dated 11 *Edw.* 2. [*Ibid.*]

17 Edw. 2. Sutton, Alice who was the wife of Geoffrey de Sutton, against Geoffrey de Werbeton guardian of the land and heir of Geoffrey de Sutton. Dower of one messuage and one carucate of land in Sutton. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 7.]

17 Edw. 2. Praers, Richard son of Robert de, and Ellen his wife, and John Griffyn. Fine—the homage and service of Thomas, son of Thomas de Chorleton, and of 12*d.* rent in Chorleton. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 7 *d.*]

17 Edw. 2. Wygelond, Alice who was the wife of William de, against John son of William de, and Joan his wife. Dower of one messuage and 15 acres of land in Wygelond, and against Roger de Alghinton and Idonea his wife. Dower of one messuage and 10 acres of land in the same town. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

17 Edw. 2. Despenser, Hugh le, Earl of Winchester, and Robert le Chaumberleyn, senior, and Beatrice his wife. Fine—tenements in Parva Barewe and Magna Barewe. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 10.]

—— The same against John son of Robert le Chaumberleyn, senior. Fine—tenements in the same towns. [*Ibid.*]

—— The same against Robert le Chaumberleyn, junior. Fine—tenements in the same towns. [*Ibid.*]

17 Edw. 2. Frodesham, John son of John son of Walter de, and David son of Thomas son of Walter de Frodesham. Fine—a tenement in Frodesham. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 11.]

17 Edw. 2. Cristelton, Thomas de, chaplain, and Robert de Elton, chaplain. Fine—a tenement in Parva Cristelton. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 11.]

17 Edw. 2. Thorneton, Peter de, and Lucy his wife, and William de Hellesby and Hawisia his wife. Fine—the manor of Hellesby. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 11.]

17 Edw. 2. Harper, Margaret who was the wife of John le, junior, and John le Ken, of Knotesford. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 12.]

18 Edw. 2. Chalonis, John de, senior, and Philip de Valle Torta. Fine—tenements in Magna Cristelton, Parva Cristelton, Rowe Cristelton, Magna Coton, and Parva Coton. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 16.]

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

18 Edw. 2. Coventry and Lichfield, Roger, Bishop of, and Randal son of Richard de Hulfeld and Cristiana his wife. Fine—a fourth part of a mill in Tervyn. [17 & 18 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 18.]

18 Edw. 2. Dunfoul, Agnes who was the wife of Gilbert, and Simon de Merbury and Idonya his wife. Fine of a third part of two parts of one fishery in Ovrewalton. [18 & 19 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3. *d.*]

18 Edw. 2. Daa, Robert, and Alice his wife, and Henry le Dunne, Chaplain. Fine—a tenement in Buddeworth, near Rushton. [18 & 19 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5.]

18 Edw. 2. Bonebury, David de, and William de Stoke, Chaplain. Fine—a tenement in Staney, and the advowson of the church of Bonebury. [18 & 19 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 6.]

19 Edw. 2. Bechynton, John de, and Agnes his wife, and Peter del Broun, Chaplain. Fine—the manor of Parva Storeton. [18 & 19 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 13 *d.*]

19 Edw. 2. Vernon, Ralph de, senior, and Master Richard de Vernon. Fine—15 messuages, 200 acres of land, 18 acres of meadow, 140 acres of wood, and 28*s.* 8*d.* rent, and the rent of four pairs of gloves, and eight arrows in Shurlache, Bradeford, Stanthurl, Cowel, Middlewich, and Newehall; the manors of Munshall, Vernon, Hurdleston, Picton; two parts of the manor of Leftewiche, a sixth part of the manor of Wich-Malbank, and nine parts of the manor of Shibbrok, excepting 400 acres of land in the same manor, and the advowsons of the churches of Davenham and chapel of Haselynton. [18 & 19 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14.]

19 Edw. 2. Vernon, Ralph de, senior, and Richard de Sancto Edmundo. Fine—one messuage and 400 acres of land in Shibbrok. [18 & 19 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 14.]

—— The same and Master Richard de Vernon. Fine—three knights' fees and the eighth part of one knight's fee in Tatenhale, Aldelyme, Henull, Alsacher, Merbury, near Buddeworth, Magna Moldeworth, Parva Moldeworth, and Horton, near Tervyn. [*Ibid.*]

19 Edw. 2. Meinwaring, William son of Roger de, and Maria his wife, and Cristiana de Birches. Fine—the manor of Ovrepeure. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 1 *d.*]

19 Edw. 2. Clotton, Roger de, and Ellen his wife, and Richard de Burton, Chaplain. Fine of a tenement in Clotton. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3.]

—— The same. Fine—tenements in Wibbenbury, Aldelyme, and Duddon. [*Ibid.*]

19 Edw. 2. Mascy, Robert de, of Sale, and Robert, parson of the church of Ashton. Fine—tenements in Netherwhitelegh, Bacford, Chorleton, near Bacford, and Neuton, near Chester. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 3 *d.*]

19 Edw. 2. Chetelton, William de, and Gilbert de Leghe, Chaplain. Fine—the manors of Badynton and Bromhale. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5.]

19 Edw. 2. Brichull, William son of Peter de, and Ciceley, and John de Sewenston, Chaplain. Fine—the manor of Thurstanston. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 5.]

19 Edw. 2. Palmer, Alice who was the wife of Nicholas son of Robert le, against John son of Roger Russel, of Wich-Malbank. Dower of one messuage in Wich-Malbank. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 7 *d.*]

19 Edw. 2. Overton, Robert de, and Emma his wife, and Roger de Clotton. Fine—a tenement in Clotton. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8.]

19 Edw. 2. Vernon, Robert de, of Hatton, and Robert le Chaumberleyn, senior, and Beatrice his wife, and Robert le Chaumberleyn, junior, and John his brother. Fine—tenements in Parva Cristelton and Waverton juxta Hatton. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8.]

19 Edw. 2. Pygot, Margery who was the wife of William, against William de Brerton. Dower of a tenement in Buttelegh. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 8.]

19 Edw. 2. Praers, William, son of Robert, "Domini de Badylegh." Indenture of, granting to Roger, Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield, and his successors, Bishops, all the said William's right to the manor of Wibbenbury and the advowson of the church of Wibbenbury, and to all the lands, tenements, &c., held by the said Bishop in Wibbenbury and Le Hogh. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9.]

19 Edw. 2. Thorneton, Peter de, and Edmund de Soterlegh. Fine—a sixth part of one knight's fee in Arwe. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 9 *d.*]

19 Edw. 2. Arreby, John de, and Hugh de Wibenbury, Chaplain. Fine—the manors of Walgherton, Hatherton, and Chirchecopenhale. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 11.]

19 Edw. 2. Chirton, Margery who was the wife of Richard de, against Alice who was the wife of Robert de Copenhale, John de Keleshale and Joan his wife. Dower of two messuages and one bovate of land in Hurleston. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15.]

No. 4.—Welsh Records: Deeds, Inquisitions, &c.—*continued.*

19 Edw. 2. Fouleshurst, Richard de, and Ellen his wife, and Robert son of Matthew de Becheton. Fine—tenements in Edlaston and Batynton. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15.]

—— The same. Fine—tenements in Batynton and Neubold, near Edlaston. [*Ibid.*]

19 Edw. 2. Codynton, John de, Clerk, and Robert le Reve and Alice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Chirton. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15.]

—— John de, Clerk, and Robert de Presse and Emma his wife. Fine—a tenement in Chirton. [*Ibid.*]

19 Edw. 2. Wibbenbury, Hugh de, Chaplain, and John de Orrely. Fine—tenements in Hatherton, Walgherton, Greysty, and Copenhale. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15 *d.*]

19 Edw. 2. Chorleton, Thomas de, and Hugh, son of Richard de Blakenhale. Fine—the manor of Blakenhale. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15 *d.*]

19 Edw. 2. Gogh, David, of Wigelond, and Alice his wife, late wife of David del Halgh, against Robert son of Roger de Malpas, and David son of William Dod, and Eve his wife. Dower of one messuage and 10 acres of land in Malpas. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 15 *d.*]

19 Edw. 2. Wich-Malbank, Alice who was the wife of Richard son of Richard son of Hugh de, against John de Oldynton. Dower. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 16.]

19 Edw. 2. Chirton, Margery who was the wife of Richard de, against Letitia who was the wife of Hugh de Kerdif. Dower of one water mill, 23 acres of land, one acre of meadow, and one acre of wood in Walgherton; and against Hugh son of Hugh de Kerdif. Dower of 23 acres of land, one acre of meadow, and one acre of wood in the same town. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 16.]

19 Edw. 2. Boydel, William son of William, and Matilda his wife, and William son of John Boydel. Fine—a tenement in Gropenhale. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 16.]

20 Edw. 2. Vernoun, Robert de, and Adam le Parker and Alice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Magna Werford. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 19.]

20 Edw. 2. Hadelegh, Cadugan de, and William son of William de Wystaneston, and Alice his wife. Fine—a tenement in Northbury. [19 & 20 *Edw.* 2. *m.* 19.]

Prepared and examined by

(Signed) PETER TURNER.

No. 5.—Chronological List of Documents, prepared by Mr. Sanders, forming Part II. of the Book of Fac-similes of National Manuscripts, in process of being taken by Photozincography.

Henry VIII. and Edward VI.

Henry VIII.

I. A signed bill to William Warham, Archbishop of Canterbury, Chancellor, for the issue of a proclamation through all the shires, cities, &c., of England, that the King, thinking his subjects to be unprepared for war, in consequence of the long continuance of peace, commands that every able-bodied man provide horse, armour, and weapons for himself, and as many followers as his degree and substance require, and that every non-efficient furnish one or more substitutes according to his degree. That every city, town, borough, village, and hamlet provide one or more men-at-arms, and that the whole force so levied be in readiness to muster before the Royal Commissioners before Candlemas. This document bears, besides the Royal Sign Manual, the signatures of the Duke of Buckingham, the Earl of Surrey, Thomas Ruthall, Bishop of Durham, C. Somerset, T. Darcy, Thomas Wulcy, and David Owen. Nov. 20, [1509]. [In English.]

II. An account of the Battle of Flodden, fought between the King of Scots and the Earl of Surrey, on Branxton Moor, on Friday, September 9, 1513. [In English.]

III. Queen Catherine to Thomas Wolsey, the King's Almoner, acknowledging the receipt of his letter informing her that the Duke [Louis d'Orleans, Duc de Longueville, taken prisoner at the Battle of Spurs] is to be committed to her safe keeping, and advising, in reply, that he be sent to the Tower instead, her establishment being insufficient for such a charge. Her Majesty regrets that the Almoner has taken offence at her neither having written to or asked to hear from him, and apologizes for the "unwise "demeanour" of her servant. This letter, which is interesting as showing the influence possessed by Wolsey at this early period of his career, is signed by the Queen, and dated at Richmond, September 2, [1513]. [In English.]

IV. Thomas Ruthall, Bishop of Durham, to Thomas Wolsey, the King's Almoner, giving a full account of the Battle of Flodden and death of James IV. of Scotland. The Bishop, after bewailing the capture and partial destruction of his castle of Norham, writes in most thankful terms of the great blow inflicted upon Scotland by this victory, and furnishes curious particulars concerning the battle, both as to the respective positions of the English and Scottish armies, the disparity in numbers of the former, and the superior manner in which the latter was victualled and appointed. He describes the Scotch as being so abundantly supplied with all sorts of wines, bread, beer, and ale, as to be "not "lightly credible" unless the same had been tasted by the English "to their great refresh-"ing," and speaks of his own countrymen as being weakened by thirst and scarcity of food, and exhausted by a forced march, ending in their assault of the position occupied by the Scotch on the top of a high hill. After God, he ascribes the victory to the merits of the glorious confessor St. Cuthbert, who never suffered any "dispecte" done to his church to pass unpunished, and whose banner was returned with great honour to his church, together with that of the King of Scotland. Besides this trophy, all the artillery belonging to the Scots, amounting to 17 pieces of heavy ordnance, besides light guns, was captured and taken to Berwick, together with the few prisoners who escaped slaughter, no quarter being given, but nobles and men alike put to the sword, and left stript upon the field, where, amidst heaps of corpses of "goodly men well fedde and fatte," the body of King James, naked and covered with wounds, was found, close to the spot where his banner was taken.

The Bishop puts down the loss of the Scots at 10,000, some say 15,000, besides the King and all the Lords of Scotland except five; and concludes his letter with a prayer for the amendment of the Borderers who had made a raid upon the English camp while the battle was going on, and stolen horses, goods, and everything it contained. [Sept. 1513.] [In English. A copy corrected in Ruthall's hand.]

V. Another letter from Bishop Ruthall to Wolsey on the same subject. Sir William Bulmer has informed him that this invasion of the Scots was done at the express instigation of the Bishop of Murray, contrary to the advice of all the Scotch nobles, and accuses the Bishop of lying, bribery, and all untruth in having brought Scotland to disgrace by his false reports. Although the loss of his castle is to his inward sorrow, yet

No. 5.—Chronological List of Documents, &c.—*continued.*

the Bishop does not grudge the labour of rebuilding it, being convinced that the provocation done to St. Cuthbert was the cause of so heavy a punishment falling upon those who had thus insulted him. The Lord Treasurer [Surrey], Lord Howard, Sir William Bulmer, and Sir Edward Stanley are described as having greatly distinguished themselves, especially Lord Howard, who was the very leader of the English army, in which there were some who "schranke aside" when they were most needed. Overtures have been made by the Chamberlain of Scotland (Lord Home) to the Lord Dacre for a truce, to which the Earl of Surrey is inclined to agree, and the Bishop fears that the victory cannot be followed up on account of the disgust felt by the army at the treachery of the Borderers. He estimates the English loss at about 1,000, the only great man among them being Sir John Bothe, of Lancashire, killed, and about 120 taken prisoners. Dated at Durham. September 20, [1513]. [In English. Holograph.]

VI. Another letter from Bishop Ruthall to Wolsey, recommending that the Earl of Surrey be made a Duke, and that letters of thanks be signed and sealed by the King and sent to him and other nobles, "some 20 for Lords with their stiles, and the residue with "trusty and wellbelovyde," in consideration of their services at the Battle of Flodden. In three days he will send all the particulars of the assault of Norham Castle, and how much of it remains standing besides the keep, which he is thankful has escaped destruction. Dated at Durham. September 20, [1513]. [In English. Holograph.]

VII. Mary, Queen Dowager of France, to King Henry. This letter, written and corrected by Brian Tuke, Clerk of the Signet, apparently under the personal supervision of Wolsey, who has made some alterations in his own hand, recalls to the King's recollection his promise, that in the event of her surviving her husband, the late King Louis XII. of France, whom she had married solely to please his Majesty and further his policy, she should be permitted to marry a second time at her own choice, and informs him that she has in consequence "affixed and clearly determined" herself to marry with the Duke of Suffolk, Charles Brandon, her love for whom the King well knows. She assures the King that this is wholly her own doing, without any request from the Duke of Suffolk, or any other person, and beseeches him to take it in good part, and to receive them both into his favour; for she has so bound herself to the Duke, that no earthly cause can induce her to part from him. Confident in his promise, she has left the realms of France and come to Calais, intending to abide there till the receipt of the King's letters, promising at the same time to surrender her whole marriage portion and all the plate and jewels belonging to the late King Louis which shall fall to her share, if he will give his assent to their union, and to bind herself to pay any yearly sum of money out of her dowry that the King shall be pleased to determine. This letter is peculiarly interesting from the fact of the Queen having been actually privately married to the Duke of Suffolk at the time it was written. [In English. Presumable date, end of April 1515.]

VIII. A letter from the Lords of the Council of Scotland to Queen Margaret, containing a list of jewels, &c., delivered by them, to her Majesty's procurators in obedience to her royal letters, as well as of those delivered to her Majesty in England. Her "furrings" in Stirling cannot yet be obtained on account of the absence of the Bishop of Galloway, but shall be given up immediately on his return.

The remaining goods demanded being, as they understand, the King's property, cannot be parted with, but if the Queen claims them as executrix, and will come into Scotland and accept that office, subject to the conditions by law attached to it, that is, pay her husband the late King's debts, their Lordships will be well contented that her Majesty shall take all the goods belonging to the late King, "quhom God asselze!" Owing to the officers appointed for the purpose being, some of them irresponsible or insolvent, and others great Lords, "quhilk upon schort tyme may not be callit and brocht to thaire "answere," in addition to their possessing no distrainable property, the Queen's rents cannot readily be collected. Moreover, much of her forest land has been wasted through war, during which the Earldom of Mar pays no mails, and the Lordship of Dunbar has been burnt and destroyed by whom her Majesty well knows, albeit they had no cause "to do sic inconvenientes." Dated at Edinburgh, September 29, [1516]. [In Scotch-English.]

IX. A letter to Cardinal Wolsey from Dr. Pace, Secretary of State, acquainting him with the King's arrival at Woodstock and Queen Catherine's welcoming his Majesty's return with the intelligence that she is great with child. Dated at Woodstock, July 5, [1518]. [In English and Latin.]

X. Charles V., Emperor of Germany, to King Henry, informing his Majesty that a succession of contrary winds have for three weeks prevented his starting for the interview to be held at Sandwich on the 15th of May, of which the King had sent him notice by Sir John de la Sauch, and begging him not to leave England until the meeting shall have taken place, as he will be with him as soon as a favourable change of wind shall enable him to set sail. Dated at Corunna, May 4, [1520]. [In French.]

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XI. Cuthbert Tunstall, Archdeacon of Chester and Master of the Rolls, to Cardinal Wolsey, recommending that Nicholas Craczer, a German, and "deviser of the King's horologies," who was about to return into England, the leave of absence given him by the King having expired, be suffered to remain until the assembly of the Electors be over, as he thinks he may be of much use in finding out how the German nobles are disposed towards the Emperor. Dated October 12th, [1520], and signed by Tunstall. [In English.]

XII. A letter from Cardinal Wolsey to King Henry, written in terms of high praise of the character of Charles V. for wisdom, prudence, and truthfulness. The Cardinal represents the Emperor as not only likely to be a fast ally of King Henry, and to follow his counsel and advice in all his affairs, but also as having promised to entrust the management of them to the Cardinal's care. He exhorts the King to give thanks to God that by his wisdom not only his own realm, "wych ys in an angle of the worlde," but the greatest part of Christendom, shall be subject to his rule and governance, and even France through this alliance brought into compliance with his Majesty's commands. Dated at Gravelines, August 28, [1521]. [Holograph. In English.]

XIII. Queen Margaret of Scotland to the Earl of Surrey, commander of the English army, reminding him how she had already written to him of her great wish to make peace between the two Kingdoms, "beying so tender to beth the sydys," and begging him for her sake to aid her in bringing it about. Her Majesty begs the Earl to grant a truce for three or four months, during which her plan, which the bearer, who is likewise charged with despatches to the same effect to the king, will explain, may be considered. Dated November 10, [1523]. [Holograph. In Scotch-English.]

XIV. King James V. of Scotland to King Henry, informing him that, after profound consideration of the tenor of his Majesty's letters, he has determined to follow the advice contained in them. He has therefore taken the governance of Scotland into his own hands, and put an end to the rule of the Regent Albany, which has been most disastrous to the whole kingdom.

He prays King Henry to continue a friend to him in his tender age, and promises to reign in pursuance of his counsels. Dated at Edinburgh, August 5, [1524], and signed by the King. [In Scotch-English.]

XV. Queen Margaret of Scotland to King Henry. Having been given to understand that the King has been solicited to apply to the Pope through some great personage for the revocation of the exemption given to the Archbishop of Glasgow, the Queen requests his Majesty to order his Ambassador in Rome, the Bishop of Bath, to refrain from preferring any such request to his Holiness, the Archbishop having been tutor to her son, the King of Scotland, and promoted to the archbishopric in reward of his loyal services. Dated March 22, [1525]. [Holograph. In Scotch-English.]

XVI. The original instructions given by King Henry to Cardinal Wolsey on his appointment as Legate to the French King, empowering him—To conclude a marriage between the Princess Mary and the Duke of Orleans as the alternative of her proposed marriage with King Francis himself, and to settle all matters connected with the Princess' dowry, &c. To amplify and extend the peace and commute the proposed war in Flanders into a contribution for the defence of Italy. To fix the place of meeting at Calais and settle all the arrangements for the same. To form, if possible, a league between the Pope, King Francis, King Henry, and the Venetians, for the defence of Italy and the restoration of the Pope to his pristine estate, and the payment of a pension of 30,000 ducats to King Henry. To treat for a universal cessation of war between all Christian Princes. To declare King Henry's ultimatum with regard to his Majesty's good offices with the Emperor for the deliverance of King Francis' children and payment of his own debt. To take effectual measures with King Francis for the prevention of the indiction of a General Council by the Emperor with a view to the deprivation of the Pope or translation of the Apostolic See from Rome or Avignon into Spain or elsewhere. The whole to be entrusted entirely to the wisdom, discretion, and fidelity of the Lord Legate. Signed at head and foot by the King. [June 1527.] [In English.]

XVII. Cardinal Wolsey to King Henry. The King's message by Master Wolman has much troubled his mind, as he fears that his Majesty has misunderstood his instructions to Master Sampson. So far from entertaining any doubt about the King's proposed divorce from Queen Katherine, he expressly stated to Master Sampson that, supposing the Queen's marriage with Prince Arthur not to have been consummated, that marriage having been performed *in facie Ecclesiæ*, and contracted *per verba de præsenti*, it must still be a bar to the legality of her marriage with the King. Feeling convinced that the Queen's obstinate assertion that her first marriage had never been consummated, and the expression of her wish to obtain the counsel of all foreign nations, France excepted, as well as of England, on the subject of the divorce, must have been at the instigation of other heads than her own, he thought it best that his Majesty should handle her

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"bothe . . . . . and doulcely" until the opinion of the Pope and King Francis should be known. This being the exact tenor of his conversation with Master Sampson, he beseeches the King to believe no report against his loyal devotion to his Majesty, and to defend him against all slanderers. Dated at York Place, July 1, [1527], and signed by Wolsey. [In English.]

XVIII. Cardinal Wolsey to King Henry. His joy at receiving the King's gracious letters of forgiveness has restored him, as it were, to life, and he is profoundly grateful for his Majesty's zealous care of his reputation. Many of his old lovers and friends have certainly given him great aid towards the building of his intended college, but not to the extent reported, nor has any portion of the money so supplied been unlawfully given or received; yet, following the King's advice, he promises to accept no such assistance in future, though he should be obliged to sell all he possesses and live in poverty. [Hampton Court, July 1528.] [Holograph. In English.]

XIX. Mr. Hennege to Cardinal Wolsey. The King sends him, with his hearty commendations, the biggest red deer that has been killed during the whole year either by his Majesty or his huntsmen. Although they had hunted from nine in the morning till seven at night, this deer was the only one that they had taken. Easthampstead, Sunday. [August 1528.] [In English.]

XX. Sir William Fitz-William, Treasurer of the King's household, to Cardinal Wolsey. Informing him that the King, while hunting in the Park of Guildford, had this day intimated his wishes to stay for two or three days at the Cardinal's manor of Hampton Court, beginning on the Saturday following or Monday at the furthest, and begging to know the Cardinal's pleasure in order that the necessary arrangements may be made for his Majesty's reception. Dated at Guildford, Wednesday, September 23, [1528]. [In English.]

XXI. Mr. Hennege to Cardinal Wolsey. The King desires him to express his gladness that the Cardinal enjoyed his hunting, and invites his Grace to repeat his visit on the following Monday, in order that his Majesty and he may have pastime together for two or three days. His Majesty will receive the Florentine Ambassador next Sunday, and appears marvellously well inclined in the matter of Hampton Court and Richmond. Dated at Oking, Friday [September 1528]. [In English.]

XXII. Queen Margaret of Scotland to King Henry, thanking him for the consideration he had shown for her interest in the peace lately concluded between the two Kingdoms, and begging him to give perfect credence to all that her messenger, Master Magnus, shall report touching the affairs of herself and her son the King. Dated at Edinburgh, February 5, [1529], and signed by the Queen. [In Scotch-English.]

XXIII. Anne Boleyn to Stephen Gardiner, thanking him for the zeal he has displayed in forwarding her affairs, and sending a present of cramp-rings for himself, Master Gregory, and Master Peter, which she begs that he will distribute as he thinks best. Dated at Greenwich, April 4, [1529], and signed by Anne Boleyn. [In English.]

XXIV. A petition to the King from John Lucas to the effect that whereas, about a year ago, he lent unto one William de la Hyde, an Irish gentlemen and student of the Inner Temple, a volume containing Glanvill's works, St. Edward's Laws, the Danish, West Saxon, and Marcher Laws, Magna Carta, the Charter of Henry I., the Observing of the Testament of William the Conqueror by William Rufus, the Transference of Sees in ancient times, divers old stories of "Kyng Kanutus," and other notable and learned works—the said De la Hyde died shortly afterwards of the "Sweating sickness," then raging, and his effects were seized by another Irish gentleman, named James Dudall, of Lincoln's Inn, who immediately departed into Ireland, carrying with him, as the petitioner verily believes, the book in question. He therefore prays that the said James Dudall may be cited to appear before the Council and committed to prison till he restore it. [1529.] [In English.]

XXV. Cuthbert Tunstall, Bishop of Durham, praying for the prosperity of the individual to whom the letter is written, in the honourable degree to which God and the King have advanced him, and renewing his suit in favour of his servant Henry Dukket, who seeks to obtain a farmhold of the King. Dated at York, January 20, and signed by Tunstall. [In English.] [The person to whom this letter was written was probably Cromwell.]

XXVI. Thomas Cranmer, Archbishop of Canterbury, to King Henry, informing his Majesty that judgment is to be given upon his "grete matier" on the ensuing Friday. Dated at Dunstaple, May 17, 1533, and signed by Cranmer. [In English.]

XXVII. Lord Mountjoy to Mr. Cromwell. The King has written to him from Greenwich, taking him to task for suffering certain persons of the "Lady Princess Dowager's" household to call her "Queen." He has good reason to remember the trouble he has had in this matter ever since its beginning, from the Cardinal's time till now, and the more he has to do with it, the greater the vexation he has to suffer, without doing the

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King any proportionate service. If the Princess' attendants persist in thus incurring his Majesty's displeasure, it is impossible for him to be "a reformer of folks tongues," neither does it become him to be an accuser of others, who he believes are really loyal servants of the King, or to vex her whom the King caused him to be sworn to serve truly to the best of his power, "she kepyng herself trewe unto the Kyng as I knowe "noon other!" He therefore begs that he may be discharged from his office of Chamberlain, and some person more fitted for the post appointed in his stead, for he had rather serve the King in any other capacity, however dangerous, than meddle farther with this. Dated at Stondon, October 10, [1533], and signed by Mountjoy. [In English.]

XXVIII. James the Fifth, King of Scotland, to King Henry, thanking him for his loving and tender letters, and assuring him that he shall always persevere to keep up the good feeling between them. Signed by the King, [June 5, 1534]. [In English.]

XXIX. This document is indorsed "Instructions to the King's Ambassador resident in "France, for answere to certain overtures made to the King by Monsieur de Bryon, "Admiral of France, being in England. Maryage of my Lady Elizabeth and Monsieur "d'Angoulesme." These instructions are to this effect. As to the Emperor's proposal for a marriage between the Dauphin and the Lady Mary, the King considers it as openly grounded in rancour and malice, both towards the French King and himself—the Emperor well knowing that his Majesty has no manner of interest in the Lady Mary—that he can only view it in the light of an attempt to break up the amity existing between himself and King Francis, after the Emperor's usual manner of dealing, which seeketh only the dishonour of all princes. His Majesty, therefore, begs the French King to "utterly surcease any further to commune on this "behaulfe." As to the Emperor's offer with regard to the Duchy of Milan, his Majesty looks upon it as having been made solely in order to "whet the French King and sharpin "him to the graunting of his desire in these marriages;" and his proposal that this and other matters should be settled by an interview between the French Queen, and the Queen of Hungary and Regent of Flanders, his Majesty considers so insulting to his brother of France, to suppose that he would suffer "his wief, a woman," to treat on matters of such importance, that he can in nowise counsel him to "amplecte and embrace" any such overtures or give any further consideration to them whatever. Having thus replied to that portion of the Admiral's message which concerned the Emperor of Austria, King Henry notices the request tendered to him on behalf of King Francis himself, to wit, that he should renounce the name and title of "King of France," so long the root of contention and variance between the two countries, receiving in compensation thereof the towns of Gravelines, Nieuport, and Dunquerque, the Duke of Vendôme's lands in Flanders, with the title also of the Duke of Lorraine to the Duchy of Brabant and the town of Antwerp. Before answering this point, his Majesty stipulates that the French King shall desire the Bishop of Rome to revoke and denounce as void and frustrate the unjust and slanderous sentence pronounced against him by the late Bishop deceased, at the same time especially cautioning King Francis to bear in mind, while treating on the subject, that his Majesty neither directly or indirectly confesses the Bishop of Rome to have any jurisdiction in princes. If King Francis will do this, and obtain the revocation of the said sentence, his Majesty promises not only to treat with him further for the renouncing of the said title, but also to commune with him upon the conclusion of a marriage between "the noble Princesse, his most entirely beloved daughter and heir, the "Lady Elizabeth," and King Francis' youngest son, the Duke of Angoulême. [March 1535.] [In English.]

XXX. This document is indorsed "A devise in French, to be confirmed by the French "King, for the adnullacion and revocacion of the Bisshop of Rome's sentence ayenst the "King's Highnes," and is in the form of a declaration to be published by Francis I., by which he engages to maintain the marriage of King Henry with Anne Boleyn to be valid and lawful, his former marriage with Catherine of Arragon null and void, and the Pope's sentence to the contrary to have been pronounced against all right, human or divine. To uphold the issue of the second marriage as legitimate, and Catherine's daughter a bastard, and incapable of succession to the throne. And to defend the King of England and his heirs from any aggressions that may be made against them in consequence. This document is simply a draft, corrected in almost every line by King Henry. [May 1535.]

XXXI. Hugh Latimer, Bishop of Worcester, to Lord Privy Seal Cromwell, expatiating on the great joy felt at the birth of the Prince in his part of the country, a rejoicing as great, he trows, as there was among his neighbours at that of John the Baptist. Dated at Hartlebury, October 19, [1537]. In a postscript, Latimer recommends Cromwell to excite the bearer, Master Evance, to be a little more hearty against the abuse of imagery. [Holograph. In English.]

No. 5.—Chronological List of Documents, &c.—*continued.*

XXXII. Miles Coverdale, Richard Grafton, and William Grey to Lord Privy Seal Cromwell, sending him, by his beloved servant Sebastian, some specimen pages of the new edition of the Bible on which they are employed at his suggestion, and explaining the meaning of certain signs used by them therein. Dated at Paris, August 9, 1538, and signed by Coverdale, Grafton, and Grey. [In English.]

XXXIII. This letter from Mr. Otwell Johnson to his brother Mr. John Johnson, Merchant of the Staple at Calais, is principally on the subject of mercantile matters, such as the purchase of wines, Malvoisie and Muscadel, for their mother, the price of White Zealand herrings, &c.; but at the end Mr. Johnson gives an account of the execution of the Queen and the Lady Rochford, of which he was an eye-witness, in the Tower of London, on the Monday before. He describes them as suffering death with great courage and patience, penitent, and earnest in their entreaties to the spectators to take warning by their well-merited doom. Dated at London, February 15, 1541[2]. [Holograph. In English.]

XXXIV. Queen Catherine to King Henry, rejoicing at the news of his Majesty's good health, and of the prosperous commencement of his operations against the enemy. The Council have ordered that the sum of 40,000*l.* is to be sent immediately to Calais for the King's use, and as much more as can be raised shall be forwarded by the end of the month. And steps have been taken to have the additional force of 4,000 men required by the King ready to sail at an hour's notice. Dated at Hampton Court, July 25, 1544. Signed, and partly written by the Queen. [In English.]

Edward VI.

XXXV. King Francis I. of France to King Edward, condoling with him on the death of his father, King Henry VIII., and expressing his satisfaction at the reappointment of Dr. Wotton as English Ambassador resident at his Court. Dated at La Muette, February 14, 1546[7], and signed by Francis. [In French.]

XXXVI. The Prince of Spain to King Edward [?]. A letter of credence in favour of Eustace Capuis, Ambassador at the Court of the Emperor Charles V., whom he has despatched to England to obtain redress for the capture of a galeon laden with oil, wine, and other merchandise, by certain of his Majesty's subjects at Domingo de Landa, near Bilbao, in the Earldom of Biscay. Dated at Madrid, February 19, 1546, signed by the Prince, and countersigned by Pedro de los Conos, Secretary. [In Spanish.] This letter has been considered to belong to the year 1547, but it appears to me to be of the previous year, when King Henry was still living. The Prince of Spain addresses the King, to whom he writes, as his "muy charo y amado tio." Such relationship could not exist between him and Edward VI., but Henry VIII. was his uncle through his marriage with Catherine of Arragon. The mistake in assigning the letter to the year 1546–7 has probably arisen from considering that the Spaniards commenced their year on the 25th of March instead of Christmas day, which, according to *L'Art de Vérifier les Dates*, was at that time the custom in Spain. This being the case, the date given in the letter itself, "February 19, 1546," should be, according to the legal computation of England, "February 19, 1545–6," and consequently the letter must have been written in the 37th year of King Henry's reign, or rather less than a year before his death.

XXXVII. Cosmo de Medici, Duke, and the Senate, of Florence, to King Edward, condoling with him on the death of his father King Henry VIII., and hoping that his Majesty will prove as firm a friend to them as the late King. Dated at Florence, March 7, 1546[7]. Signed by the Duke, and countersigned Lælius T. [In Latin.]

XXXVIII. The Princess Mary to the Lord Protector Somerset, thanking him for his attentions to her requests, and begging him to grant pensions to some of her attendants, who have grown old in her service, and have no certain means of living. Dated at Beaulieu, December 28, [1547]. [In English. Holograph.]

XXXIX. The Princess Elizabeth to the Queen Dowager, Catherine Parr, thanking her for the manifold acts of kindness received at her hands, which she feels more deeply than she expressed at parting, especially when her Majesty promised to warn her of all evil reports she should hear of her. Dated at Cheston, Saturday [December 1547]. [In English. Holograph.]

XL. Gustavus I., King of Sweden, to the Lord Protector Somerset, complaining that during the war between England and Scotland, Sweden, though utterly inoffensive and innocent of any act that can possibly be construed as aggressive, has been treated as a common enemy, and made a prey to the cupidity of both sides. He therefore adjures the Protector, "by all the laws of God and man and war," to cause restitution to be made of those ships of which his subjects have been foully despoiled. Dated at the Castle of Holm, May 20, 1548. [In Latin. Holograph.]

XLI. The Lord Seymour of Sudley, Lord High Admiral of England, to his wife the Queen Dowager, Catherine Parr. Having, when on his way to Chelsea, met one of the

No. 5.—Chronological List of Documents, &c.—*continued.*

Marquis' servants, who had told Nicholas Frogmorton, among other things, that he, Lord Seymour, was in Chelsea Fields, he had written to her Highness the preceding morning, but remembering her injunctions, he had thrown the letter into the fire. He then writes, underlining the words, "as touching my Lord's promise, I trust to make you friends, assuring you that I wait as well on him, as well as any man he hath, to creep into his favour to bring our matters well to pass." The Duchess of Somerset had told him on Friday night that she was going to Sheen the next day, and would see her Highness on her return on Tuesday, but he doubts whether her Grace will be back before Wednesday, as the Duke will be engaged all Tuesday in the Star Chamber. He therefore begs her Highness, if she finds herself in favour with the Duchess, to beg her Grace to be his "good lady;" and if, on the contrary, he finds himself to be in the better credit of the two, he promises to do the same for her. He beseeches her Highness not to imagine him ungrateful for all her kindness to him, and takes his leave of her abruptly, being sent for by his brother the Protector. Dated at Saint James [1548]. In a postscript Lord Seymour excuses himself for any fault that may exist in his letter, which is a remarkable specimen of bad writing and quaint orthography. [In English. Holograph.]

XLII. The Lady Jane Grey to the Lord High Admiral Seymour, thanking him for his "gentylle letters," and speaking in terms of deep gratitude for his great goodness to her, of which she cannot possibly repay the least part. Her letter is intended to show how far his kindness transcends her power of thanks, and to testify that like as he has been a kind and loving father to her, so she will be always ready to obey his goodly monitions. [October 1, 1548.] [In English. Holograph.]

XLIII. Otho, Duke of Brunswick and Lunenburg, to King Edward. He returns thanks for his Majesty's frank expression of gratitude for the offer of his services, and thinks it right to inform him that his dominions are coveted by "certain persons," who hope by their possession to obtain an easy entrance into those of his Majesty and his allies. Knowing that the safety of his country is a matter of great importance to the King's interests, and fearing to be dragged into war by "him who wishes alone to hold every-"thing," he advises his Majesty to subsidize a force of German soldiers for its defence. Dated at the Castle of Harburg, March 2, 1548–9, and signed by the Duke. [In Latin.]

XLIV. Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual to the Lord Chancellor Riche, for the execution of the Lord Seymour of Sudley, Lord High Admiral of England, attainted of high treason. His Majesty is pleased to remit the execution of all such parts of the sentence as relate to the offence of high treason, except that his head be smitten from his body. Dated at Westminster, March 18, 1549.

Countersigned by the Lord Protector Somerset, the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord Chancellor, the Lords St. John, Russell, Warwick, Arundell, Shrewsbury, and Southampton, Sir William Paget, Sir Anthony Wingfield, Sir William Petre, Sir J. Smith, Sir A. Denny, Sir R. Sadleyr, and Sir Edward North. [In English.]

XLV. William, Duke of Cleves, to King Edward. A letter of credence in favour of Hermann Cruser, Doctor of Laws, whom the Duke has despatched to England on business connected with his sister resident there, for the despatch of whose affairs the Duke solicits his Majesty's intervention. Dated at Cleves, March 30, 1551, and signed by the Duke. [In French.]

XLVI. Henry II., King of France, to King Edward. A letter of credence in favour of the Sieur de Chemault, Ambassador at the English Court, whom he has instructed to request that his Majesty will be pleased to deliver up and send across the sea a Scotchman named Stuart, implicated in a conspiracy against the person of his sovereign, the Queen of Scotland. Dated at Amboise, April 28, 1551. Signed by the King, and countersigned by Delaubespine, Secretary of State. [In French.]

XLVII. Sir John Masone to the Privy Council, acquainting their Lordships of the discovery of a suspected plot for the assassination of the young Queen of Scotland, by poison, headed by an archer of the guard, who has escaped into Ireland, where, however, he is supposed to have been arrested. The old Queen is said to have fallen suddenly ill on the receipt of the news of this conspiracy, which is thought to have been set afoot by some Scotch malcontents, but as the affair has only been told him as a great secret, he cannot certify their Lordships as to the exact truth of the report. The post that brought this news from Scotland was also the bearer of the intelligence, that the Lady Fleming had been brought to bed of a man child, "whereat our wemen here do not "moche rejoyse." On the preceding Monday a post had arrived at Amboise from England, since whose coming there has been a great talk of dissensions having broken out among the Nobles in England, a most evil omen in the present perilous time, and he hopes their Lordships will take such means for the safety of the State as befits their high position. He thinks that he ought to be kept informed of the progress of affairs in England, for he might then be able to silence many of the "fonde talkes" circulated by

No. 5.—Chronological List of Documents, &c.—*continued.*

mischievous and designing men; as it is, he is so completely in the dark with regard to passing events there, that the most ignorant page in the French Court knows more than he. He waits with impatience for the coming of Mr. Pickering, whose health and strength will enable him to be of much service in advancing the King's affairs. The Princess of Navarre is reported to be with child, to the great joy of the whole House of Vendôme. The King of Navarre, especially, was so delighted with the news, that he bestowed a pension of 400 franks a year in perpetuity on the courier who brought it. The Duke of Navarre is still on the frontiers with his father-in-law, and it is surmised that an attempt will be made for the recovery of Navarre, if the Emperor finds himself much encumbered by the Turks. Mr. Dudley had departed for England the day before, but a courier was sent after him with this letter, in the hope of overtaking him before he had got farther than Paris. He begs that his "dietts" may be sent over as soon as possible, for he is in great want of money, having been forced to part with his plate and everything he could possibly do without, and live on credit at great interest for the last two months. Dated at Amboise, April 29, 1551, and signed by Masone. [In English.]

XLVIII. Sir John Masone to the Privy Council, acknowledging the receipt of their Lordships' letters of the 25th of May, and detailing the means he had taken to carry out the instructions contained therein. Under colour of returning thanks on behalf of the Marquis for the courteous welcome accorded him on his arrival in France, he had had an interview with the Constable, and asked him if any account of the discussion raised by Monsieur de Senorpon as to the title of a piece of ground called Sandingfeld by the English, and Saint Engleberts by the French, had reached his ears. The Constable answered that he had heard of it, and that the King had so written his mind to M. de Senorpon, that he warranted he would meddle no farther in the matter. And upon his telling the Constable that a report existed that the King had given the said piece of ground to M. de Senorpon, and entering into particulars as to the ancient right to it possessed by the English, the Constable, after some talk "between earnest and "game," begged him to say no more, "the thing was at a point," Monsieur de Chastillon had been already despatched by the King to the frontiers, and he would take care things should go smoothly. In answer to the Constable's remarks upon the unsatisfactory progress of affairs on the Scottish Borders, he had assured him that the delay in carrying out the arrangements was due rather to the conscientious scruples of the Commissioners, than to any backwardness on their Lordships' part. Monsieur de Chastillon has this evening paid him a visit on the King's behalf, to notify the election of King Edward to the Order of St. Michael, on the preceding day at Angers, and that Monsieur de St. André had been selected to proceed to England for the investiture of his Majesty on account of his high rank and excellent qualities. M. de Chastillon is about to go into Picardy, the Emperor having resolved to visit the Low Countries. The affairs of Parma are still unsettled, no answer having yet been received from the Bishop of Rome. He is rather incredulous about the Scottish Queen's assumed hurry to return to Scotland, as he believes it to be her object to get all the forts there into the hands of the French, which she must know could never be if the Scotch Nobles were at home again. The Scot that would have poisoned the young Qneen of Scots arrived at Angers yesterday, and the King is this day departed for Châteaubriand, to which town it is also intended that the Marquis shall repair after his visit to Nantes on the Thursday or Friday following, he being by this time probably within one day's journey from Orleans. Dated at Angers, June 6, 1551. Signed and partly written by Masone. [In English.]

XLIX. Sir Richard Morysine to the Privy Council, informing them that the movements of the Court are involved in such uncertainty, that although every one expects the Emperor to be on horseback upon Thursday next, he will not believe him gone till he sees him go; first, he was to have gone yesterday, then to-day, and now two days hence. As for himself, he hopes further causes of delay may arise, as then he may be able to come by some money to enable him to accompany his Majesty. There have been rumours of a battle between Ferdinando's men and the Turks, in which the King is reported to have had the advantage; this is now changed to a report that three or four castles have been captured from Petrovitz by the Turks, who muster in such force that Castaldo dare not risk the matter by a foughten field. Last night Duke Maurice's men marched into the town from Tonnevert, the rest of the force lying there waiting for the arrival of the Danish Ambassador, the object of whose mission he cannot tell with certainty, but it may possibly be connected with the question of the bishopric of Bremen, mooted between the King of Denmark and the Duke of Brunswick. Yesterday one of the Gentlemen of the Chamber of the Bishop of Rome arrived, whose errand time will show, but he is reported to talk "very stoutelye" of the Bishop's intentions against France, and reports him to have a force of 8,000 foot in Rome and 2,000 more in Bologna. The Spanish force in Sienna, amounting to 1,500 men, is under the Emperor's orders for Parma, and is to be relieved by the Bishop of Rome's 2,000 men from Rome. In addition to this the Emperor musters about 1,500 horsemen. Fresh instructions were sent after Cardinal Verali, who must by this time be in France,

No. 5.—Chronological List of Documents, &c.—*continued.*

upon the arrival of the Bishop's Chamberlain. The Bishop is said to be negotiating a loan from the Venetians upon Imola, Faenza, Ravenna, or Cervia, which 40 years ago belonged to Venice; but it is thought that King Henry of France has made them much better terms, and offered to help them to all four towns, and more too, for less money than the Bishop asks for one of them. Those of Trent, who are trying to palm off "this their conspiracye against God and His word," for a Council General, have replied to the French King's protest, but their answer is not yet published. The Imperialists say that the Turkish navy has sailed to winter at Constantinople, but this is generally disbelieved, the season being so far advanced; it is possible, however, that some of the ships may have done so, "a fewe being able to go safe where nonne ar to annoy them." The report of the death of the young Queen of Scots has been succeeded by news of the dangerous illness of the French Queen, and the Emperor has sent one of the Gentlemen of his Chamber, named Norkerne, to visit her Majesty. The Prior of Capua is believed to have parted in earnest from the French King, alleging as his reason, that the Constable "has sought many waies to have him kilde." Mirandula is thought to be in great danger, unless the French King raise the siege, the garrison having expended all their provisions. He sends their Lordships an Italian letter containing a wonderful account of the ravages made by wolves which infest the country about Florence and Pistoria in prodigious numbers, the like never having been seen since 1525, the year that the French King was taken at Pavia, when Francisco Sforza, Duke of Milan, offered four crowns for every wolf killed, and was soon obliged to reduce the reward to a testoon on account of the numbers brought to him. He has just heard that the Duke of Saxony is ordered to march to Inspruck to-morrow with his Spaniards, and that the Emperor himself will also set forward on his journey at the same time. He transmits certain extracts from the Emperor's proclamation about the injuries received from France, with three schedules of Italian advices just come to his hand, and begs that his diets may be forwarded with all speed, as he is reduced to such straits that he cannot express them to their Lordships. Dated at Augsburg, October 20, 1551, and signed by Morysine. [In English.]

L. Sir William Pickering to Sir William Cecil, congratulating him on his "good fortune "to be found undefyled with the folly of this unfortunate Duke [of Somerset], whos "unlukky and unloked for los I lament as cherite chargithe,whos disloyall doynges I "detest as deuty drivithe; whos pernicious purpos perceaved I have good ryght and "reason to rejoyse." Dated at Paris, October 27, [1551]. [In English. Holograph.]

LI. A report made by divers Lords of the Council upon words spoken by the Earl of Arundel, prisoner in the Tower of London, confessing to conferences with the Duke of Somerset. [November 1551.]

Signed by the Duke of Northumberland, the Marquis of Northampton, the Earls of Bedford and Pembroke, and Sir Philip Hoby. [In English.]

LII. King Henry II. of France to King Edward, thanking him for the handsome present of hackneys, and gracious message sent him by his Majesty's Equerry, the Sieur de Grenadde. Dated at Fontainebleau, December 4, 1551. Signed by the King, and countersigned by De Laubespine. [In French.]

LIII. Edward, Lord Clinton, Lord High Admiral of England, to the Privy Council, informing them that he had left the French Court on the Monday week preceding and rested six days in Paris, in hopes to have recovered his health so far as to be able to present his Majesty's token to the French King, and his hearty commendations to Madame Elizabeth at Blois; but he still continues so unwell that he fears he shall scarcely be able to proceed to England. He has therefore, in pursuance of their Lordships' instructions, delivered the token and message to Sir William Pickering, who is about to set out to Blois in consequence. Ever since his arrival he has been living at the expense of the French King, who has entertained him most courteously, and he has been all the time attended by Monsieur de Geye and Monsieur de Leysyne. The present made to him by the French King consists of two small golden cups, and a service of gilt plate, amounting in the whole to the value of 3,400 crowns. The Roman Legate tarries still in Paris, waiting for the transmission of larger powers from the Bishop of Rome, to enable him to treat for peace with the French King. Being ill with a double quartain fever, he hopes their Lordships will appoint some more able man to execute the commission entrusted to him, for the arrangements of Calais and Guisnes, in his stead. Dated at St. Denis, December 15, 1551, and signed by the Admiral. [In English.]

LIV. Sir William Pickering to the Privy Council. The commission entrusted to the Lord Admiral by his Majesty being now accomplished, and his Lordship on his return to England, he will not trouble their Lordships further on that head. With reference to their letter of the 24th of October, concerning the complaints of some English merchants in Normandy, he has written to the Constable, who has replied both by letter and a message forwarded by the Baron de la Garde, promising redress, and hoping that the merchants will avoid all cause of quarrel for the future and refrain from causeless complaints. The Admiral finding his fever to increase after leaving Fontaine-

No. 5.—Chronological List of Documents, &c.—*continued.*

bleau, has written to the Constable in acknowledgment of the French King's courtesy to him, and being unable himself to visit the Lady Elizabeth, has entrusted unto him and Pickering his Majesty's token, a diamond in a ring, in order that he may act in his stead. He has also received from the Admiral a chain of the value of 300 crowns for the Secretary Laubespine. No news is expected till the return of the Legate's post from Rome, but a report is come to hand of a repulse suffered by Monsieur Vendôme before a town on the frontiers. Dated Paris, December 15, [1551], and signed by Pickering.

In a postscript Sir William adds, "My Lorde Admirall departithe Parris this day "with his doubble quartaine. God help him!" [In English.]

LV. Sir William Pickering to Sir William Cecil. He has just ordered three books to be bound for him, a small volume of Euclid with the figures, a discourse of Machiavelli, and one of Monsieur Lon, but doubts whether he will be satisfied with them. The only new work he can hear of is one out of Italy not yet published, which he will also send as soon as it comes to hand. If the logical demonstration whereof Cecil lately wrote were converted into geometrical, he should surely have cause to praise much that metamorphosis! Seeing that he is but a curse craver and a much worse beggar, reason requireth that the place should be considered, and he thinketh high time, for here all things pass *pour de l'argent comptant*, and though he has hitherto deserved nothing, yet that he sink not before he deserves, he prays Cecil either to let him have the one or rid him of the other. He has just received a letter from Cecil and Mr. Hoby touching a Scotch suit, which shall not fail to have his attention. Lord Tillebarne [Tullibardine] has requested to be furnished with a passport for himself and 10 servants, which Cecil will perhaps send by the next courier. St. Denis, December 15, [1551]. [Holograph. In English.]

LVI. Sir William Pickering to Sir William Cecil. The books whereof he wrote in his last are now converted into a *New Testament* in Greek, *Lorologe de Princes*, *La Discourse de la Guerre de Langnay* and the *Ethics of Aristotle* in Italian, which he will send him by the merchant courier. He is prevented sending others with them by the unpunctuality of the binder, and one of these is neither ruled nor washed, "God give him "the quartain!" The next time Cecil wants anything of the sort done he must give longer notice. He goes this day to Blois with the King's token, which he would have delivered before "yf yt had not bene for lak of a good shifte in comyng by crownes" to enable him to travel. Plenty have been promised him, but "*qui spe aluntur, pendunt non vivunt*," and no amount of promises will "bring a man two leages towards his next bayte in this "contre." He hopes Cecil will either recall him or enable him to live in a manner befitting the servant of such a master. He encloses the French King's letters on behalf of the two merchants whom Cecil and Hoby have already commended to him; and likewise a duplicate of the Constable's letter to him whereby Cecil may perceive the speedy despatch of the English merchant's matters. Dated at Paris, Christmas night [1551]. In a postscript, Pickering commends his "leane uncle," Sir Robert Ughtred, who will return with his next despatch, to Cecil's notice; for though the King may have "many "biggar bodyes" yet "a treuar hart" he has not in all his dominions.

If the bearer, who is the merchant's post, and "a vere knave withall" having charged six crowns for the carriage of the books in addition to his regular pay, does not arrive in proper time, he advises Cecil to hang him, and concludes with wishing Cecil a happy new year. [Holograph. In English.]

LVII. Sir William Pickering to Sir William Cecil, acknowledging the receipt of his Majesty's letters to the French King, to whom he will shortly deliver them. His own letters to the Privy Council will explain the cause of his long absence from the Court, which compels him once more to bring his suit to Cecil's remembrance. He hopes the books arrived in good time by the merchant courier, together with the French King's letter to the Queen of Scots in favour of the two English merchants. As for Euclid and Machiavelli, the binder had bound them in such a bungling manner that he has burnt them both. The French King is to return from Blois on the 22nd of January. Dated Paris, October 29, [1551].

In a postscript, Pickering speaks in high praise of Mr. Barnaby [Fitzpatrick's] good qualities, and commends the friendly letters which Cecil has written to him. As Cecil, by his previous letters, evidently takes an interest in Mr. Fitzpatrick, he earnestly begs him to advise him not to devote himself so wholly to the French language as to omit proper attention to the purity of his Latin. [Holograph. In English and Latin.]

LVIII. Sir Richard Morysine to Sir William Cecil. It can be no short letter that brings so many pieces of good news at once, and he would be ungrateful did he not acknowledge as many thanks to be due from him as he shall ever be able to repay. He well knows what it is to work men's mind, and therefore fully appreciates Cecil's labours in preparing those of the Council. He is sorry to hear that mercy has wandered out of the world, and equally glad that Bridewell will have another tenant in place of her old one. All would have been well if some Bishop had been made an inmate thereof till Parlia-

No. 5.—Chronological List of Documents, &c.—*continued.*

ment was ended, "for thys was the toppe of the spite don to me that I must owte and "then a Byshope must succede me, and now it must be kept, for Ihone Manricke." If the praises in Cecil's letters turn out true, he may perhaps end their spites, and make them less glad at his departure than he in getting rid of their company. He begs that Weston may be sent to him if he be not already gone. He would fain this feast were once at a point. "Happy, ay! thrice happy, is Peter Vannes that servith where he is "made of!" Would he could change places with him for a year or two! But being a fool, he acts like one, for friends, and great ones, are necessary to ensure fortune! He does but utter his dreams, not doubting but that Cecil is a Joseph and can interpret them; and concludes with wishes for his health and hearty commendations to Lady Cecil. Dated at Halle, February 20; 1552. [Holograph. In English and Greek.]

LIX. Mary, Queen Regent of Flanders, to King Edward. Her Majesty has given audience to Sir Philip Hoby, and paid especial attention to the proposal tendered her on behalf of the King for the continuation of amity between him and the Emperor. Her Majesty assures the King that she will continue to feel the same sincere interest that she has always shown for the maintenance of peace. Dated at Brussels, February 28, 1551[2], and signed by the Queen. [In French.]

LX. Charles du Molin, Counsellor-at-law of Paris, to King Edward, presenting his Majesty with a copy of a work [*Comm: ad edictum Henrici II. contra parvas datas et abusus Curiæ Romanæ, Lugd:* 1552. 4*to.*] written by him and dedicated to his Majesty's father-in-law, King Henry II. of France. Dated at Paris, April 12, 1552. [Holograph. In French.]

LXI. John Frederick, Duke of Saxony, to Edward VI., returning thanks for the great joy evinced by his Majesty on learning of his liberation by the Emperor, after five years' captivity, as communicated by Sir Richard Morysine and others. He still follows the Emperor's court however, the troubled state of the times preventing him from returning home in safety. He congratulates his Majesty upon the overthrow of Antichrist, and doubts not but that if any errors still remain—"as indeed in the midst of so great a "raging of the devil, all can hardly have been at once corrected"—they will be shortly reduced to the rule of doctrine laid down by the Prophets and Apostles. Dated at Villach, July 12, 1552, and signed by the Duke. [In Latin.]

LXII. Agnace d'Albiac to King Edward. He presents his Majesty with a copy of the book of Job [*de l'Imprimerie de Jean Gerard,* 1552, 8*vo.*, *now in the library of the British Museum,* (690. *a.* 6.)], recently done into French verse by him, foreseeing that his Majesty, by restoring the Gospel, will gain the same reputation as Solomon acquired by rebuilding the temple. "For in restoring by the Gospel what he restored by the Law, you work in fact to a common end." He begs the King's favour for the bearer, a poor man, who is desirous of completing his studies to the glory of God. Dated at Lausanne, August 1, 1552. [Holograph. In French.]

LXIII. Sir William Pickering to Sir William Cecil. He complains of having been misrepresented by some "panniyon frontis præfrictæ" in a matter of which he has never heard, but consoles himself with the reflection that "such bruites must menne abyde that lede this lyfe, *quæ plus aloes quam mellis habet.*" He will send the pedigrees and books which Cecil writes for as soon as he can procure them. He then writes in cipher, that he perceives that the King is quite ready to make any amends that Cecil may demand for depredations, but whether for love or fear he knows not; and concludes by begging Cecil's favour for the bearer, John Hollingworth, a servant of Dr. Briuno, who has a suit to Norroy, King of Arms. Dated at Rheims, October 2, 1552.

In a postscript, Pickering writes that on Michaelmas day, after the ceremony of the order, which was solemnly celebrated at Rheims, two Knights only, Monsieur de Canaples and the Admiral, being present thereat, the Cardinal of Lorraine had shown him the "Sainte Ampoule," or precious ointment used for consecrating the Sovereigns of France, which was sent from heaven more than 1,000 years ago, and by virtue of which the Kings heal the scrofula. "He spake of other vertus which, as I judged by "his lookes, he thought I lytle believed!" Mr. Barnaby [Fitzpatrick] wishes the Vice Chamberlain will send him "the just mesur and the manner of quiltyng." He begs Cecil will cause the accompanying packet to be safely delivered to the Venetian Ambassador, to whose colleagues he is much bound. [Holograph. In English, part in cipher deciphered.]

LXIV. A lady [one of the daughters of Sir Anthony Cooke, of Giddy Hall, Essex] to the Lady Jane Grey, presenting her with a copy of the works of Basil the Great, whom she extols as surpassing all the Bishops of his time in splendour of birth, extent of learning, and fervent zeal of piety; and the reading of whose discourses she therefore deems especially fitting for one who is herself of the noblest origin, and altogether illustrious for learning and piety. She hopes that the reading of this gift "to one "indeed looking only to the ink and paper, paltry and small, but to one well weighing "its usefulness more valuable than gold and precious stones," may be no less pleasant and enjoyable to Lady Jane than it has been to herself during all her youth. [Undated; probably 1552. In Greek.]

No. 5.—Chronological List of Documents, &c.—*continued.*

LXV. Sir William Pickering to the Privy Council. Their Lordships will be amply informed of the result of the mission entrusted to Sir Henry Sidney by Sir Henry himself, whose dexterity and discreet management thereof is sufficient warrant for the accuracy of his explanation to their Lordships. Yesterday Monsieur d'Aubry came to his lodgings with two of the four Commissioners newly appointed to enquire into the merchants' differences, and made a long speech in praise of his master, " as a most " manifest demonstracion of thamyte betwen him and the King's Highness," concluding with a panegyric on himself and the new Commissioners. The means adopted for the repairing of the English losses their Lordships will perceive by the accompanying letter, the contents of which are said to have been ordered to be communicated to them by Monsieur de Boisdaulphin, more than a fortnight ago. He also sends their Lordships certain letters received from Angers "aboute a railing freare that hathe very ludely " touched the Kinges Majesty in his commen sermons." The Constable has promised that before three days are over he shall see such punishment follow on this outrage " as " shoulde welle cause alle frears to be ware throughe his example what they spake or " preached here after of Princes." Dated at Paris, January 17, 1552, and signed by Pickering. [In English.]

LXVI. King Henry II. of France to King Edward. The anxiety he feels at the news of his Majesty's serious illness is such, that he sends Monsieur de l'Aubespine, his Secretary of State, to make inquiries after his health, and to convey his congratulations, should he find him convalescent.

King Henry adds a postscript in his own hand assuring his Majesty of the great pleasure he shall experience at hearing news of his recovery. [May 15, 1553. Postscript holograph. In French.]

LXVII. Thomas Thirlwall, Bishop of Norwich, Sir Philip Hoby, and Sir Richard Morysine, to the Council, with news of the Emperor's health. They hear from good authority that his Majesty is undoubtedly still alive, but so weak and pale that it seems unlikely he can survive much longer. "He covetethe to sytt uppe and to walke, and is " sometyme ledde betwene ij. with a staff also in his hande; but like as he desyrethe to be " thus afote, so immediately aftre he hathe beene a little uppe, he must be layed downe " againe; and feelethe so colde, as by no meane he canne attaigne any heate." The Legate here, in Brussels, has been advertised, that the Legate to the French Court was not only received in solemn state by three Cardinals, but has already twice had audience of the King, and has been so highly feasted, " that it greiveth this Legate to thinke howe " much his entertaignement here is contrary." For hitherto he has had no audience; whereby he has been obliged to keep the house, much against his will; and as for solemn receiving, feasting, or other entertainment, the only approach to anything of the sort bestowed upon him consists of two visits from Monsieur d'Arras, to beg him to have patience. This has so disgusted him, that he has told some of his visitors, with a "smiffing countenance" how he thinks himself "but homely handled." The diet appointed for the assembly of the German Princes, which they had advertised their Lordships was to be held on the 1st of August, is now postponed till the 16th of August. The Count Palatine, the three Bishops Electors, with the Commissaries of the absentees, except those of Duke Maurice, the Duke of Brunswick, and the Marquis Albert, are already in Frankfort. The Marquis is expected, as the Emperor has sent him a safe-conduct; and so are all the others, especially the Duke John Frederick, in whose favour the Emperor has given very full instructions to his agents, commanding them to follow his advice in the most important questions that will be submitted to them; and whose lodging is already prepared. It is reported by one of the officers of the Chancery of the Empire, that Duke Maurice and the Duke of Brunswick are ready to aid the Bishops against the Marquis Albert, and it is certain that a most rancorous feeling does exist between Maurice and Albert; for Albert cannot bear to hear Maurice named, and has openly denounced him as a liar and perjurer, which may be the cause of this espousal of the Bishop's cause by Maurice. Albert having lost 300 men before Forchem [Forchheim], a town belonging to the Bishop of Bamberg, has raised the siege, and fallen back upon Wynsham [Windsheim], a town of Nuremberg; so that the news of his intended march upon Augsburg appears to be untrue. They send their Lordships a copy of the league between the Emperor and the Empire, comprehending the defence of the Low Countries, in which *Ducatus Lothricia and Marchionatus Sacri Imperii*, mean Louvain and its neighbourhood, and the marquisate of Antwerp. Dated at Brussels, May 31, 1553, and signed by Thirlwall, Hoby, and Morysine. [In English.]

Prepared and examined by
(Signed) WILLIAM BASEVI SANDERS.

No. 6.—Additions, in the Year 1865, to the Lists of Calendars, Indexes, &c., of Records in the Public Record Office, annexed to the Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, and Twenty-sixth Reports of the Deputy Keeper of the Public Records.

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Chancery.

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2 & 3	Close Rolls	Calendar	12 & 13 Hen. 3. Complete.	12 Hen. 3. Printed in this Report, App. No. 3. 13 Hen. 3. Manuscript.	
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3 & 4	Inquisitions	Calendar of Heirs.	Hen. 3. and Edw. 1.	Printed	2 volumes, entitled "Calendarium Genealogicum."
4 & 5	Patent Rolls	Calendar	50 to 57 Hen. 3.	MSS., 1 vol.	
—	Petty Bag Office:—				
	Charity Commissions, Inquisitions, and Decrees.	Do.	45 Eliz. to 8 Geo. 2.	MSS.	From Petty Bag Office.
	Enrolments of Confirmations and Exonerations of Charity Decrees.	Do.	8 Jas. 1. to 16 Geo. 2.	MSS.	From Petty Bag Office.
	Exceptions, Answers, and Replications to Charity Decrees.	Do.	—	1 vol.	From Petty Bag Office.
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Page of Appendix to the Twenty-fourth Report.	Class to which the Calendars, &c. refer.	Title and Nature of Calendars, &c.	Period embraced, and whether complete or defective.	Whether in Manuscript or printed.	Remarks.
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—	Bedford Level, Decrees, &c., of Commissioners for draining.	Calendar -	16 to end of Chas. 2.	Manuscript.	From Petty Bag Office.
—	Laws and Ordinances of Sewers.	Do. -	42 Eliz. to 3 Geo. 1.	Do.	
5	Royal Letters, &c. -	Index to Calendar, Nos. 1 to 2,330.	—	MSS., 1 vol.	A Selection of Royal Letters for the Reign of Hen. 3. is published.
6	Specifications and Surrenders.	1st Calendar 2nd Calendar. 3rd Calendar. Index -	8 Anne to 1848.	MSS., 1 vol. MSS., 1 vol.	From Petty Bag Office.

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31	Recovery Rolls -	List of Awards of Inclosure Commissioners.	1762 to 1849 -	Printed in this Report, App. No. 1 c.	

Exchequer of Pleas.

36	Plea Rolls - -	List of Awards of Inclosure Commissioners.	1771 to 1832 -	Printed in this Report, App. No. 1 d.	

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37	Memoranda Rolls -	List of Awards of Inclosure Commissioners.	1817 to 1851 -	Printed in this Report, App. No. 1 e.	
40	Subsidies (Lay) -	Descriptive Slips: Salop to Sussex.	Hen. 3. to Chas. 2.	MSS., 10 vols.	

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58	Plea Rolls, Chester -	Calendar of Deeds, Inquisitions, and Writs of Dower.	Edw. 2. -	Printed in this Report, App. No. 4.	

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70	Ireland, Accounts of the Paymaster of the Forces.	Do. - -	*1823 to 1836 - Complete.	Do.	* 1823 to 1856 is printed in the 24th Report, instead of 1823 to 1836.
69	Customs' Accounts -	Do. - -	1638 to 1830 - Complete,	Do.	
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—	Clergy, Diocesan Returns, Accounts of the Receiver General of Tenths.	Do. - -	1651 to 1659 - Complete.	Do.	
—	Clergy, Diocesan Returns, Archbishops' and Bishops' Accounts of Tenths.	Do. - -	29 Hen. 8. to 10 Chas. 1. Complete.	Do.	
—	Clergy, Diocesan Returns, Archbishops' and Bishops' Accounts of Subsidies.	Do. - -	33 Hen. 8. to 2 & 3 Phil. & Mary. Complete.	Do.	
—	Army Expenditure in the West Indies, Commission of Investigation, Entry Books of Examinations and Letters.	Do. - -	1802 to 1806 - Complete.	Do.	
—	North America, Letters, &c., from Commanders-in-Chief.	Do. - -	1775 to 1784 - Complete.	Do.	
—	Commissariat and PaymasterGeneral's Departments, Statements of Receipts and Disbursements for Military Services at the Mauritius and Bourbon.	Do. - -	1812 to 1821 - Complete.	Do.	

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TO

The 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, and 27th Printed Reports

OF THE

DEPUTY KEEPER OF THE PUBLIC RECORDS;

1862—1865.

NOTE.—*An Index to the previous Reports of the Deputy Keeper of the Public Records has already been printed.*

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Prepared and examined by
(Signed) EDW. J. TABRUM.

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